



SET FREE SERIES FSNM(E)



Service manual

Outdoor Units: RAS-(8~12)FSNM(E)



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0. Model codes and descriptions

Unit code list

MODEL CODIFICATION

Please check by model name your air conditioner type, its abbreviation and reference number in this service manual.

| FSN(2)(E) INDOOR UNITS | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|----------|--------------|----------|-------------|----------|--------------|----------|
| 4-Way C | Cassette | 4-Way Mini | Cassette | 2-Way Cas | ssette | Ceilir | ng |
| Unit | Code | Unit | Code | Unit | Code | Unit | Code |
| RCI-1.0FSN2E | 7E400001 | RCIM-1.0FSN2 | 60278011 | RCD-1.0FSN2 | 60278029 | | |
| RCI-1.5FSN2E | 7E400002 | RCIM-1.5FSN2 | 60278013 | RCD-1.5FSN2 | 60278030 | | |
| RCI-2.0FSN2E | 7E400003 | RCIM-2.0FSN2 | 60278014 | RCD-2.0FSN2 | 60278031 | RPC-2.0FSNE | 7E440003 |
| RCI-2.5FSN2E | 7E400004 | | | RCD-2.5FSN2 | 60278032 | RPC-2.5FSN2E | 7E440004 |
| RCI-3.0FSN2E | 7E400005 | | | RCD-3.0FSN2 | 60278033 | RPC-3.0FSN2E | 7E440005 |
| RCI-4.0FSN2E | 7E400007 | | | RCD-4.0FSN2 | 60278034 | RPC-4.0FSN2E | 7E440007 |
| RCI-5.0FSN2E | 7E400008 | | | RCD-5.0FSN2 | 60278035 | RPC-5.0FSN2E | 7E440008 |
| RCI-6.0FSN2E | 7E400009 | | | | | RPC-6.0FSN2E | 7E440009 |
| | | | | | | | |
| RCI RCIM | | | RCD RPC | | | | |
| ₩ 🅸 1~ | | | | | | | |

| Meaning of model codification: | RPI | 3.0 | FS | Ν | 2 | Е |
|---|-----|-----|----|---|---|---|
| Unit Type (Indoor Unit RCI(M), RCD, RPC, RPI, RPK, RPF(I)) | | | | | | |
| Compressor power (HP) 1.0 ~ 6.0 | | | | | | |
| H-Link Set Free / System Free | | | | | | |
| R410 A refrigerant | | | | | | |
| Series | | | | | | |
| E: Made in Europe - Made in Malavsia | | | | | | |

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Model codes and decriptions

| FSN(2)(E) INDOOR UNITS | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---------------|----------|---------------|----------|-----------------|----------|------------------------------|----------|
| | Du | uct | | Wall | | Floor Enclosure | | Floor Concealed Enclosure | |
| Unit | Code | Unit | Code | Unit | Code | Unit | Code | Unit | Code |
| | | | | RPK-1.0FSNH2M | 60277942 | | | | |
| RPI-0.8FSN2E | 7E420000 | RPIM-0.8FSN2E | 7E430000 | RPK-1.5FSNH2M | 60277942 | | | | |
| RPI-1.0FSN2E | 7E420001 | RPIM-1.0FSN2E | 7E430001 | RPK-1.0FSN2M | 60277941 | RPF-1.0FSN2E | 7E450001 | RPFI-1.0FSN2E | 7E460001 |
| RPI-1.5FSN2E | 7E420002 | RPIM-1.5FSN2E | 7E430002 | RPK-1.5FSN2M | 60277942 | RPF-1.5FSN2E | 7E450002 | RPFI-1.5FSN2E | 7E460002 |
| RPI-2.0FSN2E | 7E420003 | | | RPK-2.0FSN2M | 60277943 | RPF-2.0FSN2E | 7E450003 | RPFI-2.0FSN2E | 7E460003 |
| RPI-2.5FSN2E | 7E420004 | | | RPK-2.5FSN2M | 60277944 | RPF-2.5FSN2E | 7E450004 | RPFI-2.5FSN2E | 7E460004 |
| RPI-3.0FSN2E | 7E420005 | | | RPK-3.0FSN2M | 60277945 | - | - | - | - |
| RPI-4.0FSN2E | 7E420007 | | | RPK-4.0FSN2M | 60277946 | | | | |
| RPI-5.0FSN2E | 7E420008 | | | | | | | | |
| RPI-6.0FSN2E | 7E420009 | | | | | | | | |
| RPI-8.0FSN2E | 7E420010 | | | | | | | | |
| RPI-10.0FSN2E | 7E420011 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| RF | Ы | RPIN | Л | RPK | | RPF | = | RPF | -1 |
| | ن المراجع | | | | | | | | |

| Meaning of model codification: | RPF | 2.0 | FS | N | 2 | Е |
|---|-----|-----|----|---|---|---|
| Unit Type (Indoor Unit RCI(M), RCD, RPC, RPI, RPK, RPF(I)) | | | | | | |
| Compressor power (HP) 1.0 ~ 6.0 | | | | | | |
| H-Link Set Free / System Free | | | | | | |
| R410 A refrigerant | | | | | | |
| Series | | | | | | |
| E: Made in Europe - Made in Malaysia | | | | | | |

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| FSNM(E) OUTDOOR UNITS (SET FREE SIDE FLOW TYPE) | | | | | |
|---|----------|---|--|--|--|
| Unit | Code | | | | |
| RAS-8-FSNM(E) | 60288308 | V | | | |
| RAS-10FSNM(E) | 60288309 | | | | |
| RAS-12FSNM(E) | 60288310 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| R | AS | | | | |
| 💥 🕷 | ₿ 3~ | | | | |

| Meaning of model codification: | RAS | 10 | FS | Ν | м |
|--------------------------------|-----|----|----|---|---|
| Unit Type (Outdoor Unit) | | | | | |
| Compressor power (HP) 8 -10-12 | | | | | |
| Set-Free System 2 pipes | | | | | |
| R410 A refrigerant | | | | | |
| Series (Side Flow) | | | | | |

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Complementary systems

| Name | Description | Code | Figure | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|----------|--------|--|--|--|
| KPI-502E1E | | 70600001 | | | | |
| KPI-802E1E | Energy recovery ventilation units | 70600002 | | | | |
| KPI-1002E1E | | 70600003 | | | | |
| KPI-1502E1E | | 70600004 | | | | |
| KPI-2002E1E | | 70600005 | ~ | | | |
| KPI-3002H1E | | 70600107 | | | | |
| EF-5NE | Econofresh kit | 7E774148 | | | | |

• List of accessories

| Name | Description | Code | Figure |
|-----------|----------------------------------|----------|--|
| PC-ART | Remote control switch with timer | 70510000 | HETACHE Description Descripti |
| PSC-A64S | Central control | 60291479 | |
| PSC-A16RS | Centralized ON/OFF controller | 60291484 | |
| PSC-A1T | Programmable timer | 60291482 | HINCH |



| Name | Description | Code | Figure | $\mathbf{\cap}$ |
|-----------|--|------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| PC-LH3A | Wireless remote control switch | 60291056 | | 0 |
| PC-ARH | Optional remote controller | 60291486 | 0000 1010 1010 1010 | |
| PC-ALH | Receiver kit (for RCI-FSN2E -on the panel-) | 60291464 | | |
| PC-ALHD | Receiver kit (for RCD-FSN2 [.] -on the panel-) | 60291467 | VYYYZ. | |
| PC-ALHZ | Receiver kit (for RCI, RCD, RPC, RPI, RPK, RPF(I) - (FSN2(E)) -on the wall-) | 60291473 | | |
| PC-ALHC | Receiver kit (for RCIM-FSN2 -on the panel-) | 60291476 | Image not available | |
| PSC-5HR | H-LINK relay | 60291105 | | |
| PCC-1A | Optional function connector | 60199286 | | |
| PRC-10E1 | 2-pin extension cord | 7E790211 | ~ | |
| PRC-15E1 | 2-pin extension cord | 7E790212 | | |
| PRC-20E1 | 2-pin extension cord | 7E790213 | | |
| PRC-30E1 | 2-pin extension cord | 7E790214 | | |
| THM-R2AE | Remote temperature sensor (THM4) | 7E299907 | .9 | |
| HC-A32MB | Building Management System Gateway to MODBUS systems. | NEW 7E513200 | | |
| HC-A16KNX | Building Management System Gateway to KNX systems. | NEW) 7E513300 | | |

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Model codes and decriptions Service Manual

| Name | Description | Code | Figure |
|------------------------------|---|----------|--------|
| | Buildin g Management System Gateway to LONWORKS systems. (max. 64 IU, 8 parameters) | 60290874 | |
| HARC-BXE (A) HARC-BXE (B) | Building Management System Gateway to LONWORKS systems. (max. 32 IU, 16 parameters) | 60290875 | |
| HC-A64BNP | Building Management System Gateway to BAC Net system. | 60291569 | - |
| CSNET-WEB (v3) | Control System | 7E891938 | |
| TS001 WEB SCREEN | 15-inch touch-screen display | 7E891935 | |
| PC-A-110 | Integration of teams into H-LINK | 7E519000 | |
| HC-A160SMS | SMS alarm warning device | 7E519100 | |
| DBS-26 | Drain discharge connection | 60299192 | 8 |
| P-N23WA | Air panel for RCI-FSN2E | 70530000 | |
| P-N23WAM | Air panel for RCIM-FSN2E | 60197160 | |
| P-N23DWA | Air panel for RCD-FSN2E | 60291574 | |
| P-N46DWA | Air panel for RCD-FSN2E | 60291575 | |
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Model codes and descriptions

Model codes and decriptions Service Manual



| Name | Description | Code | Figure | \mathbf{a} |
|----------|------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| B-23H4 | Adapter for deodorant filter | 60199790 | | 0 |
| F-23L4-K | Antibacteria filter | 60199791 | | |
| F-23L4-D | Deodorant filter | 60199793 | | |
| F-46L4-D | Deodorant filter | 60199794 | | |
| PDF-23C3 | Duct connection flange | 60199795 | | |
| PDF-46C3 | Duct connection flange | 60199796 | | |
| OACI-232 | Fresh-air intake kit | 60199797 | | |
| PD-75 | Fresh-air intake kit | 60199798 | | |
| PI-23LS5 | 3-way outlet parts | 60199799 | | |
| TKCI-232 | T-duct connecting kit | 60199801 | | |
| MW-102AN | | 70522001 | | |
| MW-162AN | Dranah sina | 70522002 | | |
| MW-242AN | Бтапст рре | 70522004 | | |
| MW-302AN | | 70522005 | | |
| MH-84AN | Header | 70522007 | | |
| MH-108AN | | 70522008 | JUUUTTTT | |

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Model codes and descriptions

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Model codes and decriptions Service Manual

| HIT | \C | HI |
|---------|-----------|------|
| Inspire | the | Next |

| Name | Description | Code | Figure |
|-----------------|---|----------|---|
| HR-500 | Energy exchanger for KPI (heat recovery) | 70550101 | |
| HR-800 | | 70550102 | |
| HR-1000 | | 70550103 | |
| HR-1500 | | 70550104 | |
| HR-2000 | | 70550105 | |
| STL-30-200-L600 | Sound attenuator (Heat/energy recovery) | 70550200 | TO DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER OF TH |
| STL-30-250-L600 | | 70550201 | |
| STL-30-300-L600 | | 70550202 | |
| STL-30-355-L600 | | 70550203 | |
| STL-30-450-L600 | | 70550204 | |



This chapter provides information about the procedures you must follow to install the Set-Free FSNM(E) outdoor units.

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1.1 General installation notes

warning

Install the outdoor unit with sufficient clearance around it for operation and maintenance as shown in the next pages.

Install the outdoor unit where good ventilation is available.

Do not install the outdoor unit where exists a high level of oil mist, salty air or sulphurous atmosphere.

Install the outdoor unit as far as practical (being at least 3 meters) from electromagnetic wave radiator, such as medical equipment.

Keep clearance between units of more than 50 mm, and avoid obstacles that could hamper air intake, when installing more than one unit together.

Install the outdoor unit in the shade or not exposed to direct sunshine or direct radiation from high temperature heat source.

Do not install the outdoor unit in a place where a seasonal wind directly blows into the outdoor fan.

For cleaning, use non-inflammable and nontoxic cleaning liquid. Use of inflammable agent may cause explosion or fire.

Work with sufficient ventilation, for working in an enclosed space could cause oxygen deficiency. Toxic gas may be produced when cleaning agent is heated to high temperature by, e.g., being exposed to fire.

Cleaning liquid shall be collected after cleaning.

Pay attention not to clamp cables when attaching the service cover to avoid electric shock or fire.



caution

Check the foundation to be flat, leveled and strongly enough.

Install the unit in a restricted area not accessible by the general public.

Aluminium fins have very sharp edges. Pay attention to the fins in order to avoid injury.

Do not install the indoor units in a flammable environment to avoid a fire or an explosion.

Check to ensure that the ceiling slab is strong enough. If not strong enough, the indoor unit may fall down on you.

Do not install the indoor units, outdoor unit, remote control switch and cable within approximately 3 meters from strong electromagnetic wave radiators, such as medical equipment.

Do not install the indoor units in a machinery shop or kitchen, where vapor from oil or mist flows to the indoor units. The oil will deposit on the heat exchanger, thereby reducing the indoor unit performance, and may deform. In the worst case, the oil damages the plastic parts of the indoor unit.

To avoid any corrosive action to the heat exchangers, do not install the indoor units in an acid or alkaline environment.

When lifting or moving the indoor unit, use appropriate slings to avoid damage and be careful not to damage the insulation material on units surface.

This appliances are not intended for use by people (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision and instruction concerning the use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.

Turn OFF all power switches before maintenance is performed.

Do not start the cleaning procedures before 5 minutes of the stop of the unit.



warning

Check and ensure that the accessories are packed with the indoor unit.

Do not install the indoor units outdoors. If installed outdoors, an electric hazard or electric leakage will occur.

Consider the air distribution from each indoor unit to the space of the room, and select a suitable location so that uniform air temperature in the room can be obtained. It is recommended that the indoor units be installed 2.3 to 3 meters from the floor level. If the unit is installed higher than 3 meters, it is also recommended to use a fan in order to obtain an uniform air temperature in the room.

Avoid obstacles which may hamper the air intake or the air discharge flow.

Children must be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the electrical appliances.

Before obtaining access to terminals, all supply circuits bust be disconnected.

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2

General installation notes



 Note

 Hitachi indoor units are designed for free air discharge (Static Pressure, Pst=0), except ducted indoor units as RPIM, which require to be connected to discharge air ducts. For these units see flow-static pressure chart.

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1.2. Transportation and handling

Transport the product as close to installation location as practical before unpacking.

| | CAUTION |
|---------|------------------------------------|
| - Do no | t put any material on the product. |

1.2.1. Hanging method

When hanging the unit, ensure a balance of the unit, check safety and lift up smoothly.

For transportation

- Do not remove any packing materials.
- Hang the unit without removing the packaging with ropes through each square hole and apply the splints or corrugated
 paper for unit protection



When manually lifting the unit using the handles, pay attention to the following points.

- 1 Do not remove the wooden base from outdoor unit.
- 2 To prevent the unit from overturning, pay attention to the center of gravity as shown in the below figure.
- 3 Two or more personnel should be used to move the unit.

| Model | Unit gross weight (kg) |
|---------------|------------------------|
| RAS-8FSNM(E) | 179 |
| RAS-10FSNM(E) | |
| RAS-12FSNM(E) | 182 |

1.2.2. Center of gravity

The figure shows the location of the center of gravity

4



1.3. Outdoor units installation

| Δ | |
|---|---|
| A | WARNING |
| - | Install the outdoor unit with sufficient clearance around it for operation and maintenance as shown in the next figures. |
| - | Install the outdoor unit where good ventilation is available |
| - | Do not install the outdoor unit where is a high level of oil mist, salty air or sulphurous atmosphere. |
| - | Install the outdoor unit as far as practical (being at least 3 meters) from electromagnetic wave radiator (such as medical equipment). |
| - | Keep clearance between the units of more than 50 mm, and avoid obstacles that may hamper air intake, when installing more than one units together. |
| - | Install the outdoor unit in the shade or not exposed to direct sunshine or direct radiation from high temperature heat source. |
| | |
| | CAUTION |
| _ | Check to ensure that the foundation is flat, level and sufficiently strong. |
| - | Install the unit in a restricted area not accessible by the general public |
| - | Aluminum fins have very sharp edges. Pay attention to the fins to avoid injury. |
| | |
| | CAUTION |
| | Pay attention to the followings to run through the cables under the unit using conduit for piping and wiring works. (The pipe cover is required to remove before performing piping and wiring works.) |
| | 1. Attach the pipe cover to avoid entering rats or other small animals into the unit. |
| | 2. Completely seal the conduit inlet with sealing materials. |
| | 3. Make a drain hole at the lowest part of the conduit. |
| | |

1.3.1. Before installation

Before installation work, check the availability of the following parts that are packed inside the outdoor unit

| Accessory | Quantity | Purpose |
|--|----------|---------|
| Pipe with flare nut for refrigerant piping | 1 | |

Direction of Strong Wind

1.3.2. Installation location

Installation place

- Install the outdoor unit where good ventilation is available, and where it is dry.
- Install the outdoor unit where the sound or the discharge air from the outdoor unit does not affect neighbors or surrounding vegetation. The operating sound at the rear or right/left sides is higher than the value in the catalog at the front side.
- Check to ensure that the foundation is flat, level and sufficiently strong.
- Do not install the outdoor unit where there is a high level of oil mist, salty air or harmful gases such as sulphur.
- Do not install the outdoor unit where the electromagnetic wave is directly radiated to the electrical box.
- Install the outdoor unit as far as practical, being at least 3 meters from the electromagnetic wave radiator.
- When installing the outdoor unit in snow-covered areas, mount the field-supplied hoods at the discharge side of the outdoor unit and the inlet side of the heat exchanger.
- Install the outdoor unit where it is in the shade or it will not be exposed to direct sunshine or direct radiation from high temperature heat source.
- Do not install the outdoor unit where dust or other contamination could block the outdoor heat exchanger.
- Install the outdoor unit in a space with limited access to general public.
- Do not install the outdoor unit in a space where a seasonal wind directly blows to the outdoor heat exchanger or a wind from a building space directly blows to the outdoor fan
- Direction of Air Discharge
- In case of installation in the open spaces unavoidably where there is no buildings or surrounding structures, adopt the wind guard set or install near the wall to avoid facing the wind directly. Ensure that the service space should be secured.



service space



Aluminum fins have very sharp edges.

6

Using wind guard

ב

(*i*)

damaged.

•

Wind guard set (optional) Model WSP-335A (2 pcs.)

Strong wind

NOTE

CAUTION

If the extreme strong wind blows directly against the air discharge portion, the fan may rotate reversely and be

If the unit is installed on the roof or the place forced directly against strong wind such as storm, fix the unit securely with wire ropes as shown in the figure.

Pay attention to the fins to avoid any injury.

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Outdoor units installation





1.3.3. Service space

Install the outdoor unit with a sufficient space around the outdoor unit for operation and maintenance as shown below.

Obstacles on inlet side

- Upper side is open



- Obstacles in above





Obstacles on discharge side

- Upper side is open



Obstacles in right and left

- Upper side is open

- Obstacles in above



| NOTE | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| If L is higher than H, mount the units on a base so that H is greater or equal to I | L | A |
| H: Unit Height (1650mm) + Base Concrete Height | 0 < L ≤ 0.5H | 600 or more |
| In this situation ensure that the base is closed and does not allow the | 0.5H < L ≤ H | 1400 or more |
| airflow to short circuit. In each case, install the outdoor unit so that the discharge flow is not short-circuited. | | |

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Multi-row and multiple installations



Keep a distance of more than 100mm between other units and do not put obstacles on the right and left sides. Dimension B is as shown beside.

| L | А | В | |
|--------------|--------------|-------------|--|
| 0 < L ≤ 0.5H | 600 or more | 300 or more | |
| 0.5H < L ≤ H | 1400 or more | 350 or more | |

 NOTE

 If L is larger than H, mount the units on a base o that H is greater or equal to L.

 In this situation ensure that the base is closed and does not allow the airflow to short circuit..

4-Ø16x23.5 hole

for anchor bolt

1.3.4. Foundations

- Secure the outdoor unit with the anchor bolts.
- Fix the outdoor unit to the anchor bolts by special washer of factory-supplied accessory.



120

*170

 When installing the outdoor unit, fix the unit by anchor bolts. Refer to figure regarding the location of fixing holes.

When the mark * dimension is secured, piping work from bottom side is easy without interference of foundation.

Example of fixing outdoor unit by anchor bolts.



100

9

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10

Outdoor units installation

 (4) Fix the outdoor unit firmly so that declining, making noise, and falling down by strong wind or earthquake is avoided.

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- When installing the unit on a roof or a veranda, drain water sometimes turns to ice in a cold morning. Therefore, avoid draining in an area where people often use because it is slippery.
- In case of the drain piping is necessary for the outdoor unit, use the drain-kit (DBS-26: Optional Parts)

 The whole of the base of the outdoor unit should be installed on a foundation. When using vibration-proof mat, it should also be positioned the same way.

When installing the outdoor unit on a field supplied frame, use metal plates to adjust the frame width for stable installation as shown in the figure.

Recommended Metal Plate Size (Field-Supplied) Material: Hot-Rolled Mild Steel Plate (SPHC) Plate Thickness: 4.5T



2. Piping installation

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2.1. Piping work considerations

2.1.1 Copper pipes and sizes

- 1. Prepare locally-supplied copper pipes.
- 2. Select the piping size with the correct thickness and correct material which can have sufficient pressure strength. Use the table below to select the required pipe.

| Nominal D | Diameter | Thickness | Copper type |
|-----------|----------|-----------|-------------|
| (mm) | (in) | (mm) | |
| 6.35 | 1/4 | 0.80 | Roll |
| 9.53 | 3/8 | 0.80 | Roll |
| 12.70 | 1/2 | 0.80 | Roll |
| 15.88 | 5/8 | 1.00 | Roll |
| 19.05 | 3/4 | 1.00 | Pipe |
| 22.23 | 7/8 | 1.00 | Pipe |
| 25.40 | 1 | 1.00 | Pipe |
| 28.60 | 1 1/8 | 1.00 | Pipe |
| 31.75 | 1 1/4 | 1.10 | Pipe |
| 34.93 | 1 3/8 | 1.25 | Pipe |
| 38.10 | 1 1/2 | 1.35 | Pipe |
| 41.28 | 1 5/8 | 1.20 | Pipe |
| 44.45 | 1 3/4 | 1.55 | Pipe |

i

Note

- In case of using copper pipes for piping sections bigger than \emptyset 19.05 mm (3/4 inches), flaring work cannot be performed. If necessary, use a joint adapter.

- 3. Select clean copper pipes. Make sure there is not dust and moisture inside. Blow the inside of the pipes with oxygen free nitrogen to remove any dust and foreign materials before connecting the pipes.
- 4. After connecting the refrigerant piping, seal the open space between Knockout hole and refrigerant pipes by using insulation material as shown below:



- Do not use a saw and a grindstone or other tools which cause copper powder.
- When cutting pipes, secure the part for brazing in accordance with both national and local regulations.
- Use security glasses and gloves for cutting or welding works.

Piping Connection

When connecting liquid piping for units with piping longer than 15 meters, apply a piping size of Ø9.53 mm (3/8 inches). Fix the connecting pipe as shown in the following figure using the insulation attached to the Indoor Unit.



i

Note

- A system with no moisture or oil contamination will give maximum performance and lifecycle compared to a poorly prepared system. Take particular care to ensure that all copper piping is clean and dry internally.
- To ensure this, blow oxygen-free nitrogen through the pipes.

| _ | _ | _ | _ | |
|---|---|---|---|--|

caution

- When inserting a pipe through any hole protect the end with a cap.
- Do not put pipes on the ground directly without a cap or vinyl tape at the end of the pipe
- If the piping installation is not completed until the next day or even over a longer period of time, braze off the ends of the piping and charge the pipe with oxygen-free nitrogen through a Schrader-valve-type access-fitting, to prevent moisture and particle contamination entering.
- Do not use insulation material that contents NH3. NH3 can damage the cooper pipe material and can be a source of future leakages



Insulation

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Attach the pipe insulation to each branch using vinyl tape. Attach also insulation to field supplied pipes in order to prevent the capacity decrease according to the ambient air conditions and dewing on the low pressure pipe surface.



| | Note |
|----------|---|
| - When p | polyethylene foam is applied, it is recommended the usage of a wall thickness of 10 mm for the liquid |
| piping a | and 15 mm to 20 mm for the gas piping. |



caution

- Perform the insulation work after the pipe surface temperature decreases to the room temperature, if not the insulation material may melt.
- If the ends of the piping system are open after ending the piping work, attach caps or vinyl bags securely to the ends of the piping, avoiding moisture and dust entering.

2.1.2 Three principles on refrigerant piping work

In case of using refrigerant R410A in the refrigeration cycle, the refrigeration oil should be of a synthetic type one. In order to avoid oxidation, pay much careful attention to basic piping work control to avoid infiltration of moisture or dust during the refrigerant piping work.

| Three principles | Cause of failure | Presumable failure | Preventive action |
|--|--|---|--|
| 1. Dry Keep good dryness | Water infiltration due to insufficient protection at pipe ends Dewing inside of pipes Insufficient vacuum pumping time | Icing inside tube at ex. valve (Water choking) + Generation of hydration and oxidation of oil ↓ Clogged Strainer, etc., insulation failure and compressor failure | Pipe protection 1 Pinching 2 Taping ↓ Flushing ↓ Vacuum Drying - One gram of water turns into gas (approx. 1000 lrs) at 1 Torr - Therefore, it takes long time to vacuum-pump by a small vacuum pump |
| 2. Clean No dust Inside of pipes | Infiltration of dust or other through the pipe ends Oxidation film during brazing without blowing nitrogen Insufficient flushing by nitrogen after brazing | Clogging of expansion valve, capillary tube and filter | Pipe Protection 1 Mounting Caps 2 Taping 3 Pinching ↓ Flushing |
| 3. No leakage No leakage shall exist | Brazing failure Failed flaring work and insufficient torque of squeezing flare Insufficient torque of squeezing flanges | Refrigerant shortage Performance decrease Oxidation of oil Overheating of compressor ↓ Insufficient cooling or heating compressor failure | Careful Basic Brazing Work ↓ Basic Flaring Work ↓ Basic Flange Connecting Work ↓ Air Tight Test ↓ Holding of Vacuum |

2.1.3 Suspension of refrigerant piping

Suspend the refrigerant piping at certain points and prevent the refrigerant piping from touching weak parts of the building such as walls, ceiling, etc. (If touched, abnormal noises may occur due to the vibration of the piping. Pay special attention in case of short piping length).

In order to fix the piping to wall or ceilings use suspension

and clamping systems as shown in the following figure.







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Piping work considerations

2.1.4. Tightening torque

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1. Flaring connections (smaller than a diameter of Ø19.05) are generally used. However, if incorrect flaring is performed, it will cause serious refrigerant leakage.

2. Shape after Flaring, it should be rectangular and flat, and no uneven thickness, cracks and scratches should exist.

| Nomina | al diameter Ød | Dimension | 90° ±2° |
|----------|----------------|-----------------|----------|
| (inches) | (mm) | A+0.0/-0.4 (mm) | 45° ±2° |
| 1/4 | 6.35 | 9.1 | |
| 3/8 | 9.53 | 13.2 | 0.4~0.8R |
| 1/2 | 12.70 | 16.6 | |
| 5/8 | 15.88 | 19.7 | |
| 3/4 | 19.05 | (*) | |

(*) It is impossible to perform the flaring work. In this case, use a joint selected from the table in point 3. When tightening the flare nuts, use two spanners, as shown in the figure.

| Pipe diameter (mm) | Size B (R410A) | Tightening torque (Nm) | B |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------------|---|
| Ø6.35 | 17 | 20 | |
| Ø9.53 | 22 | 40 | |
| Ø12.70 | 26 | 60 | |
| Ø15.88 | 29 | 80 | |
| Ø19.05 | 36 | 100 | |

Stop valve FSNM(E)

Gas valve



i Note

- 1 This valve is a ball valve.
- The stem is turned to arrow direction for valve open and close as below.
- 2 Use adjustable wrench for the stem operation. Turn the stem until contact to the pin.
- 3 Attach the ring securely after the stem operation.
- 4 Do not leave the stem at half opening position.

16

Liquid valve



the flare nut.

2.1.5. Brazing work

The most important work in the refrigerant piping installation work is the brazing of the pipes. If it accidentally occurs a leakage due to a careless brazing process, it will cause clogged capillary pipes or serious compressor failure. In order to guarantee a proper brazing neck between different pipes surfaces, accurate pipe dimensions after the expansion process (see the table below):

It is important to control the clearance of the pipe fitting portion as shown below. In the case that a cooper tube expansion jig is used, following dimensions should be secured.

| Copper pipe size | Ød1 | Gap | а | Copper pipe size | Ød1 | Gap | а |
|---------------------|-------|------|----|---------------------|--------|------|----|
| +0.08 | +0.1 | 0.33 | | +0.09 | +0.1 | 0.39 | |
| Ø6.35 | Ø6.5 | | 6 | Ø22.22 | Ø22.42 | | 10 |
| -0.08 | 0 | 0.07 | | -0.09 | 0 | 0.11 | |
| +0.08 | +0.1 | 0.35 | | +0.12 | +0.1 | 0.42 | |
| Ø9.53 | Ø9.7 | 0.00 | 8 | Ø25.4 | Ø25.6 | | 12 |
| -0.08 | 0 | 0.09 | | -0.12 | 0 | 0.08 | |
| +0.08 | +0.1 | 0.38 | | +0.12 | +0.1 | 0.42 | |
| Ø12.7 | Ø12.9 | | 8 | Ø28.58 | Ø28.78 | | 12 |
| -0.08 | 0 | 0.19 | | -0.12 | 0 | 0.08 | |
| +0.09 | +0.1 | 0.41 | | +0.12 | +0.1 | 0.47 | |
| Ø15.88 | Ø16.1 | | 8 | Ø31.75 | Ø32.0 | | 12 |
| -0.09 | 0 | 0.13 | | -0.12 | 0 | 0.13 | |
| +0.09 | +0.1 | 0.44 | | +0.12 | +0.1 | 0.52 | |
| Ø19.05 | Ø19.3 | | 10 | Ø38.1 | Ø38.3 | | 14 |
| -0.09 | 0 | 0.16 | | -0.12 | 0 | 0.18 | |

A basic brazing method is shown below.

- 1 Pre-heat the outer tube for better flowing of the filler metal
- 2 Heat inner side tube evenly
- 3 Rubber plug

Y

- Packless valve
- High pressure hose
- 6 0.03 to 0.05 MPa (0.3 to 0.5 Kg/cm² G)
- Reducer valve: open this valve only when the gas is needed
- 8 Nitrogen gas flow 0.05m³/h or smaller



- Use nitrogen gas for blowing during pipe brazing. If oxygen, acetylene or fluorocarbon gas is used, it will cause an explosion or poisonous gas.
- During the brazing work, a lot of oxidation film will be generated inside of the pipes if no oxygen-free nitrogen gas is blown through the pipes. This film will be flecked off after operation and will circulate in the refrigeration cycle, resulting in clogged expansion valves, etc. This coud origin problems in the compressor.
- Use a reducer valve when nitrogen gas blowing is performed during brazing. The gas pressure should be maintained within 0.03 to 0.05 MPa. If an excessively high pressure is applied to a pipe, it could origin an explosion.

3. Electrical wiring

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3.1. General check

| | DANGER |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Before the ind stoppe | installing the electrical wiring or before performing a periodical check, turn OFF the main switch to loor unit and the outdoor unit. For safety reasons, be sure that the indoor fan and the outdoor fan have d. |
| Prever inside | nt the wires from touching the refrigerant pipes, the plate or cutting edges and the electrical components the unit, to prevent them getting damaged. In worst cases, a fire may occur. |
| Tightly | secure the wires with the cord clamp inside the indoor unit. |
| | |
| i | NOTE |

- In case of performing a test run operation take especially care because some security features are disabled: the units will operate during 2 hours without Thermo-OFF, and the 3-minute guard for compressor protection will not be effective during the test.
- Fix rubber bushes with an adhesive on the panel when the conduit pipes to the outdoor unit are not used.
- In forced stopped compressor mode, the compressor operation is OFF.
- 1. Make sure that the field-selected electrical components (main switches, circuit breakers, wires, conduit connectors and wire terminals) have been properly selected according to the electrical specifications in this service manual. Make sure that the electrical components comply with the National Electrical Code (NEC).
- 2. Following the Council Directive 89/336/EEC and its amendments 92/31/EEC and 93/68/EEC, relating to electromagnetic compatibility, next table indicates maximum permissible system impedance Zmax at the interface point of the user's supply, in accordance with EN61000-3-11

| MODEL | Zmax (Ω) |
|------------|-----------------|
| RAS-8FSN2 | |
| RAS-10FSN2 | |
| RAS-12FSN2 | |

- 3. Make sure that the power supply voltage is within ±10% of the rated voltage.
- 4. Check the capacity of the electrical wires. If the power source capacity is too low, you cannot start the system due to the voltage drop.
- 5. Make sure that the ground wire is connected.
- 6. Main Switch

Install a multi-pole main switch with a distance of 3.5 mm or more between each phase.

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3.2. Electrical wiring for the outdoor unit

3.2.1.Electrical wiring connection for outdoor unit

FSNM(E)

The electrical wiring connection for the outdoor unit is shown beside.

- Connect the power supply wires to L1, L2, L3 and N (for 400V\50Hz) for the three-phase power source on the terminal board. Connect the ground wires to the terminals in the electrical box.
- 2. Connect the control cables between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit to the terminals 1 and 2 on the terminal board.
- Do not run the wires in front of the fixing screw of the service access panel. If you do so, you cannot remove the fixing screw.





CAUTION

Fix the shielded operation wires between the indoor unit and outdoor unit with a cord band at only one point. You must connect the shielded operation wires to the earth of the indoor unit only.

4. Before turning ON the main switch, check the item below. If the nominal voltage for the outdoor unit is 415V, change the connector CN4 to CN5 of the transformer TF in the electrical box as shown in the figure below.

•



21

General check

3.2.2. Setting the DIP switches for the outdoor unit

Quantity and location of DIP switches

Push switch PSW1: manual defrost

Push switches PSW2, PSW3: Ckecking by 7-segment



Ì

NOTE

The mark "∎" indicates position of dips switches. Figures show setting before shipment or after selection. Not mark "∎" indicates pin position is not affecting



Dip switches setting

DSW1: Test operation and service setting 1
 Setting is required, for test operation and operating the compressor)

| | DSW1 |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Setting before shipment | ON 1 2 3 4 |
| Test cooling operation | ON 1 2 3 4 |
| Test heating operation | ON 1 2 3 4 |
| Compressor forced stop | ON 1 2 3 4 |

Number 3 pin should be remained at OFF position

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- DSW2: Optional function setting

Setting is required, when optional functions are required

| Setting before shipment | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Function setting | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 |
| External input/output selection | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 |

DSW3: Capacity setting

No setting is required

| RAS-8FSNM(E) | ON 1 2 3 4 |
|---------------|---------------|
| RAS-10FSNM(E) | ON 1 2 3 4 |
| RAS-12FSNM(E) | ON 1 2 3 4 |

 DSW4 and RSW1: Refrigerant cycle number setting Setting is required.

| Setting for the tenth digit (first digit) | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 |
|---|-------------------|
| Seting for the units digit (last digit) Set by inserting slotted screwdriver into the grove | |

- DSW5: End terminal resistance

No setting is required

|--|

- DSW6: Height difference

Setting is required

| Setting before shipment | ON 1 2 3 |
|--|-------------|
| The indoor unit is located higher than outdoor unit (20 to 30 m) | ON 1 2 3 |
| Fine-tuning of heating capacity | ON 1 2 3 |

- JP1~6: Jumper cable

| Power supply JP1 JP2 JP3 JP4 JP5 JP6 | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 380-415V 50Hz O O X X O O | | | | | | | | |
| O: with jumper cable X: without jumper cable | | | | | | | | |

- Setting for transmitting

It is required to set the refrigerant cycle numbers and end terminal resistance for this H-LINK or H-LINKII system.

– Setting of Refrigerant Cycle No.

In the same refrigerant cycle, set the same refrigerant cycle number for the outdoor unit and the indoor units as shown below.

As for setting indoor unit refrigerant cycle number, set the RSW2 and DSW5 on the indoor unit PCB.

| | Setting switch | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|------|--|
| | ten digit unit digit | | |
| | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 | | |
| Outdoor unit | DSW4 | RSW1 | |
| Indoor unit (H-LINK II) | DSW5 | RSW2 | |
| | 1 | | |
| | | | |

| Example in case of setting refrigerant cycle number 25 | ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 | |
|--|-------------------|--|
|--|-------------------|--|

DSW and RSW setting before shipment is 0.

Maximum in setting refrigerant cycle number is 63

Service Manual

3.3. Common wiring

3.3.1. Electrical wiring between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit



- Connect the electrical cables between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit as shown in the wiring diagram.
- Make sure that the terminals for the power supply wiring and the terminals for the intermediate wires between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit coincide correctly. The terminals for the power supply wiring are "L1" to "L1", "L2" to "L2", "L3" to "L3" and "N" to "N" of each terminal board. For the operating line, the terminals for the intermediate wires are "1 and 2" to "1 and 2" of each terminal board for DC 5V. Otherwise, you may damage some components.
- When you are installing the electrical wiring, follow the local codes and the local regulations.
- Connect the operation wiring to the units in the same refrigerant cycle. (You should connect the refrigerant piping and the control wiring to the same indoor units). If you connect the refrigerant piping and the control wiring to the units in the different refrigerant cycle, an abnormal operation may occur.
- You must connect the shielded part to earth only in one cable side.
- Do not use more than three cores for the operation wiring (H-LINK II). Select the core sizes according to the national regulations.
- If there are multiple outdoor units that are connected to one power supply wire, open a hole near the connection hole for the power supply wiring.

The recommended breaker sizes are shown in the table of electrical data and recommended wiring.

- If a conduit tube for the field wiring is not used, fix the rubber bushes on the panel with adhesive.
- All the field wiring and the equipment must comply with the local codes and the international codes.
- Make sure that the power source voltage is correct.
- An incorrect wiring may cause a breakdown of the transformer PSC-5HR or the units
- Especially, DO NOT connect the power source to the terminal board for transmission.
- DO NOT install the H-LINK II wires along the power supply wire, other signal wires, and others. If you install the H-LINK II wires along those wires, there may be a malfunction due to the electrical noise. If you need to install the H-LINK II wires near those wires, provide a distance of 15cm or more. Or alternatively, insert the wires into the steel pipe and ground one end of the pipe.



Electrical wiring connection



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3.4. Wire size

Electrical wiring connection. Field minimum wire sizes for power source.

- Indoor units

| | | Maximum Power Source | | Source Cable Size | | ing Cable Size | |
|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------|--|--------------------|
| Model | Power Source | Current (A) | EN60 335-1 🛈 | MLFC 0 | EN60 335-1 🛈 | Shielded Twist Pair Cable | |
| All indoor units | 1. 220)//5011- | 5.0 | 0.75 mm ² | 0.75 | 0.75mm ² | 0.75 mm ² 0.75 mm ² 0.5mm ² | 0.5 |
| RPI-(8.0/10.0)FSN2E | 1~230V/50HZ | 10.0 | 1.5 mm ² | - 0.75 mm ² 0.75 mm ² | 0.75 mm ² | | U.5mm ⁻ |

- Outdoor units

| | | Maximum | Power Source Cable Size Transmitting | | ng Cable Size | |
|------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Model | Power Source | Current (A) | EN60 335-1 O | MLFC 🛛 | EN60 335-1 0 | Shielded Twist Pair Cable |
| RAS-8FSN2 | | 14.0 | 2.5 mm ² | 2.0 mm ² | | |
| RAS-10FSN2 | 3~380-415V/50Hz | 18.0 | 4.0 mm ² | 3.5 mm ² | 0.75mm ² | 0.75mm ² |
| RAS-12FSN2 | | 23.0 | 4.0 mm ² | 3.5 mm ² | | |

Refer the notes for selection of the power source cable size in next page

i NOTES:

- 1. Follow local codes and regulations when selecting field wires.
- 2. The wire sizes marked with ① in the table of this page are selected at the maximum current of the unit according to the European Standard, EN60 335-1. Use the wires which are not lighter than the ordinary tough rubber sheathed flexible cord (code designation H05RN-F) or ordinary polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord (code designation H05RN-F).
- 3. The wire sizes marked with ② in the table of this page are selected at the maximum current of the unit according to the wire, MLFC (Flame Retardant Polyflex Wire) manufactured by Hitachi Cable Ltd., Japan.
- 4. Use a shielded cable for the transmitting circuit and connect it to ground.
- 5. In the case that power cables are connected in series, add each unit maximum current and select wires below.
- 6. The earth cable size complied with local code: IEC 245, N° 571.

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| Selection according to EN60 335-1 | | Selection according to MLFC (at cable temp. of 60 °C) | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Current i (A) | Wire Size (mm ²) | Current i (A) | Wire Size (mm ²) | | | |
| I ≤ 6 | 0.75 | l ≤ 15 | 0.5 | | | |
| 6 < i ≤ 10 | 1 | 15 < i ≤ 18 | 0.75 | | | |
| 10 < i ≤ 16 | 1.5 | $18 < i \leq 24$ | 1.25 | | | |
| 16 < i ≤ 25 | 2.5 | $24 < i \leq 34$ | 2 | | | |
| 25 < i ≤ 32 | 4 | $34 < i \leq 47$ | 3.5 | | | |
| 32 < i ≤ 40 | 6 | $47 < i \leq 62$ | 5.5 | | | |
| 40 < i ≤ 63 | 10 | $62 < i \leq 78$ | 8 | | | |
| 63 < i | 8 | 78 < i ≤ 112 | 14 | | | |
| | | 112 < i ≤ 147 | 22 | | | |
| In the case that current exceeds 63A, use MLFC cables, and do not connect cables in series. | | | | | | |

- Install a multi-pole main switch with a space of 3.5 mm or more between each phase.
- Use shielded wires for transmission wires between the indoor and the outdoor units, and connect the shielded part to the earth screw in the electrical box of the indoor unit as shown below.



Earth screw

Select the Main Switches in accordance with the following table:

- Indoor units

| Model | Power Source | Maximum Running Current (A) | CB(A) | ELB no. poles/A/mA |
|---------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| All indoor units | 1. 220)//5011- | 5.0 | 6 | 2/40/20 |
| RPI-(8.0/10.0)FSN2E | 1~2300/5002 | 10.0 | 16 | 2/40/30 |

- Outdoor units

| Model | Power Source | Maximum Running Current (A) | CB(A) | ELB no. poles/A/mA |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| RAS-8FSNM | 3~380-415V/50Hz | 14.0 | 20 | 4/20/30 |
| RAS-10FSNM | | 18.0 | 30 | 4/30/30 |
| RAS-12FSNM | | 23.0 | 30 | 4/30/30 |

ELB: Earthleakage Breaker; CB: Circuit Breaker

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4



This chapter presents the control system flowcharts for the Set-FREE FSNM(E) Outdoor Units series

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4.1. Device control system

4.1.1. RAS-8~10FSNM(E) refrigerant cycle control

| Control subject | Cooling process Heating process | | Defrost operation | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| | Purpose | Contents | Purpose | Contents | Contents |
| Inverter frequency of the compressor | Total operation capacity of the indoor unit Connection according to piping length Discharge Pre. Pd | 8Hz/I.U. HP 10 Hz/I.U. HP (setting DSW6 for piping length setting) Pd ≥ 1,0MPa | Total operation capacity of the indoor unit Connection according to piping length Pd | 8Hz/I.U. HP 10 Hz/I.U. HP (setting DSW6 for piping length setting) Pd ≥ 1,0MPa | All compressors are operated |
| Opening degree of expansion valve for the outdoor heat exchanger | Capacity control Changeover of total indoor unit capacity | Fully open (unused heat exchanger: fully close) | Discharge gas super-heat (TdSH) control | Td0 = Tc + 30 ≤ 90 | Fully open |
| Opening degree of expansion valve for indoor | For controlling temp. of discharge gas super-heat (TdSH) For controlling the temperature difference between the gas pipe and the liquid pipe of the indoor heat exchanger For balancing the temperature differences between the gas pipe and the liquid pipe of each indoor unit | Tdo=Tc+30≤95 Temperature difference between the gas pipe and the liquid pipe of each indoor unit = 4 deg | For controlling temp. difference between air outlet and air inlet of I.U For balancing the temp. difference between air outlet and air inlet of I.U | Air outlet temp air inlet temp. ≤ 24 °C | Opening degree is fixed |
| Outdoor fan | Fan controlling discharge pressure (Pd) | 2,5≤Pd≤2,9MPa PWM control by DC motor + constant speed fan motor | Fan controlling outdoor air temp. | Outdor air temp. PWM control by DC fan motor + constant speed fan motor | Stop |
| Solenoid valve equalized pressure (SVA) | 1. For equalizing the pressure of the inverter compressor during the stop | In case of stopping inverter comp. after operation | For controlling inner pressure of stopag comp. | In case of stopping inverter comp. after operation | _ |
| Solenoid valve for the oil return (SVF) | For controlling temp. oil circulation volume from the oil separator to each compressor | Turn ON in comp. operation Turn OFF in comp. stoppage | For controlling temp. oil circulation volume from the oil separator to each compresso | Turn ON in comp. operation Turn OFF in comp. stoppage | Same as cooling/ heating operation |

I.U.: Tc / Te: Indoor Unit

Condensing Temperature / Evaporating Temperature Discharge Temperature

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Td:

Liquid Temperature Gas Temperature TI:

Tg:

Capacity

Cap: Temp.: Temperature

Compressor comp.:

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The figure below shows the outline of the control system

Example: RAS-10FSNM(E) + Indoor unit



| Symbol | Name | |
|--------|---|--|
| MC1 | DC Motor (for Inverter Compressor) | |
| MOF1 | DC Motor (for Outdoor Fan) | |
| MOF2, | AC Motor (for Outdoor Fan) | |
| MIF | Motor (for Indoor Fan) | |
| MS | Motor (for Auto-Louver) | |
| MV | Electronic Expansion Valve (for Indoor Unit) | |
| MV1 | Electronic Expansion Valve (for Outdoor Unit) | |
| CMC1 | Magnetic Contactor for Compressor | |

| Symbol | Name |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| SVA | Solenoid Valve |
| SVF | Solenoid Valve |
| RVR | Reversing Valve |
| PSH | High Pressure Switch |
| Ps | Suction Gas Pressure Sensor |
| Pd | Discharge Gas Pressure Sensor |
| CTu, v | Current Sensor |
| СН | Crankcase Heater |

4.2. Outdoor Units PCB

4.2.1. RAS-8~12FSNM(E)

PCB drawing



| No. | Part Name | Contents of functions |
|-----|------------------|---|
| 1 | DSW1 | Test running for cooling or heating. The outdoor unit can be run for testing. When testing has been finished, reset the function. Forced stoppage of compressor. When performing test running or inspection, compressors can be forcedly stopped to ensure safety. |
| 2 | DSW2 | Setting of optional functions |
| 3 | DSW3 | Setting of capacity code |
| 4 | DSW4 and RSW1 | Setting of outdoor unit number |
| 5 | DSW5 | Setting of transmitting |

| No. | Part Name | Contents of functions |
|-----|--------------|--|
| 6 | DSW6 | Setting of height difference |
| 7 | PSW1 | Manual defrosting switch. The defrosting operation is manually available under the forced defrosting area. |
| 8 | PSW2 | Checking switch push PSW2 for 3 seconds or more, to start/finish the check mode. Push PSW2, check mode function is indicated to forward. |
| 9 | PSW3 | Checking switch push PSW3, check mode function is indicated to backward. |
| 13 | SEG1 SEG2 | These indicate the following: "alarm", "protective safety device has tripped" or "checking items". |

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5. Available optional functions

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5.1. Outdoor units

5.1.1. Setting of external input and output functions

On the outdoor unit printed circuit board, there are three input terminals to receive external signals and two output terminals to send signals outwards. These signals are available by setting as shown below.

| Control Function No. (SEG1) | Input | Output |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Fixing Heating Operation Mode | Operation Signal |
| 2 | Fixing Cooling Opeation Mode | Alarm Signal |
| 3 | Demand Stoppage | Compressor ON Signal |
| 4 | Snow Sensor (Outdoor fan ON/OFF) | Defrosting Signal |
| 5 | Forced Stoppage | |
| 6 | Demand Current Control 60% | |
| 7 | Demand Current Control 70% | |
| 8 | Demand Current Control 80% | |
| 9 | Demand Current Control 100% | |

Each input terminal and output terminal setting as shown below.

| Input/Output Terminal Indication (SEG2) | Connector (Pin No.) | Setting Function (Control Function No.) |
|--|------------------------|---|
| Input 1 | CN17 (1-2) | Fixed Heating Operation Mode (1) * |
| Input 2 | CN1 (1-2) | Fixed Cooling Operation Mode (2) * |
| Input 3 | CN1 (2-3) CN2 (1-2) | Demand Stoppage (3) * Snow Sensor (Outdoor fan ON/OFF) (4) Forced Stoppage (5) Demand Current Control (6 to 9) |
| Output 1 | CN16 (1-2) | Operation Signal (1) * |
| Output 2 | CN7 (1-2) CN7 (1-3) | Alarm Signal (2) * Compressor ON Signal (3) Defrosting Signal (4) |

*: Setting before Shipment

| Available optional | HITACHI |
|--------------------|------------------|
| | Inspire the Next |
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In the case that the setting change (only with the mark (*) of the table in the previous page) is required at site, perform the following procedures.

- 1 Set DSW2-#6 of the outdoor PCB at the "ON" side while the main power to the outdoor unit is being supplied. By setting, function selection mode is available and the following appears on the 7-segment display.
- (The setting should be performed during the outdoor unit stoppage. Also, set DSW1-#4 of outdoor unit PCB at the "ON" side before performing in order to prevent the malfunction of compressor.)



This display indicates that the control function No. 1 (Fixed Heating Operation Mode) is set at input 1.

2 By pressing the push-switches PSW2 and PSW3, input/output terminal indication is changed. The following shows the display changes when PSW2 and PSW3 are pushed.



3 After the input/output terminal indication is selected, select your required control function No. by pushing PSW2 or PSW3 while PSW1 is being pushed.



This number is increased by 1 by pushing PSW2 while PSW1 is being pushed. This number is decreased by 1 by pushing PSW3 while PSW1 is being pushed.

4 After selecting the function No., return No. 6 pin at the "OFF" side on the DSW2. The selected contents are memorized in the outdoor unit printed circuit board and the function selection mode is stopped. The memorized data is maintained even power source lines are disconnected. The connecting details of each function are described, and the required parts are also indicated in the table.

5.1.2. Description of external input signals

■ Input 1 – Fixing heating operation mode (Control function No.1),

■ Input 2 – Fixing cooling operation mode (Control function No.2)

In the case that the fixing input terminals of the operation mode on the outdoor unit PCB1 are short-circuited, the operation mode can be fixed at the cooling or heating mode.

Short-circuit between Terminals 1 and 2 of CN1: Fixed Heating Operation Mode

Short-circuit between Terminals 2 and 3 of CN1: Fixed Cooling Operation Mode

During this fixed heating (or cooling) mode, no cooling (or heating) operation is available. The indoor units under the cooling or dry operation (or heating operation) will be changed to the Thermo-OFF condition during this mode, and stoppage code No. "20" is given.

- Setting Example

Fixing Heating Operation at Input 1 (between 1 and 2 pins of CN1)

Fixing Cooling Operation at Input 2 (between 3 and 2 pins of CN1)



Wiring diagram example of fixing operation mode

Input 3 – Demand stoppage (Control function No.3)

In the case that the demand input terminals on the outdoor unit PCB1 are short-circuited, compressor(s) is stopped. (In this case, the indoor unit(s) is put under Thermo-OFF condition. Cooling operation: Air-flow setting, Heating operation: Lo setting)

The stoppage code No. "10" is given. By disconnecting the demand switch contact, restarting is available.

Setting Example

Demand Stoppage at Input 3 (between 1 and 2 pins of CN2)





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Input 3 – Snow sensor (Control function No.4)

In the case that the input terminals of the snow sensor on the outdoor unit PCB1 are short-circuited during compressor stoppage, all the outdoor fan motors are operated at the full speed. However, if the compressor is called for compressor operation, the fan operation is changed to the normal operation. If the input terminal is opened, the fan(s) is stopped. This function protects the outdoor units from a condition covered with snow.

- Setting Example

Snow Sensor at Input 3 (between 1 and 2 pins of CN2)



Wiring diagram example of snow sensor

Input 3 – Forced stoppage (Control function No.5)

The compressor is stopped and the indoor fan motor is stopped when the forced stoppage input terminals on the outdoor unit PCB1 is short-circuited during running. However, the remote control switch display remains at the same mode with the stoppage code No. "10".

In this case, if the input terminals are opened, operation is resumed.

- Setting Example

Forced Stoppage at Input 3 (between 1 and 2 pins of CN2)



Wiring diagram example of forced stoppage

Input 3 – Demand current control (Control function No.6 to 9)

In the case that the demand input terminals on the outdoor unit PCB1 are short-circuited, the compressor frequency is controlled that the maximum limit of the outdoor running current is set 100%, 80%, 70% and 60%.

(The maximum limit of the outdoor unit running current can be selected according to the item "Setting of external input and output functions".)

If the outdoor unit running current decreases beyond the maximum limit, the indoor unit is put under thermo-OFF condition. The stoppage code No. "10" is given. When the input terminal is opened during the demand current control, its control is reset.

- Setting Example

Demand Current Control at Input 3 (between 1 and 2 pins of CN2)



Wiring diagram example of demand current control

Table 5.1 Specifications of required main parts

| Parts | | Specifications | Remarks |
|------------------------------|-----------|---|--|
| Auxiliary Relay (X1, X2) | | Mini-Power Relay, MY1F (or 2F) made by OMRON | 220V/240V |
| Changeover Switch (SS2, SS3) | | Manual Switch | 220V/240V |
| 3 Pin Connector Cord | | PCC-1A (Connected to JST Connector, XARP-3) | Five Cords with Connectors as One Set |
| Cord | Low Volt. | 0.3mm ² | lower than 24V |
| (Inside of Unit) 220/240V | | 0.5 to 0.75mm ² | |
| Cord Low Volt. | | 0.5 to 0.75mm ² | lower than 24V |
| (Outside of Unit) 220/240V | | 2mm ² | |

1. Make the wire to the terminals as short as possible.

2. Do not run the wires along high voltage cable. (crossing is applicable.)

If necessary to run wires along high voltage cable, insert the low voltage cable(s) into metal tube and ground it at one end. If sealed wires are used at the low voltage wire side, ground it at one end of shield wires. The maximum length should be 70m.

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5.1.3. Description of external output signals

The following signals can be picked up from the outdoor PCB.

Refer to the table 5.2 for the required main parts.

Output 1 – Operating signal (Control function No.1)

Auxiliary relay contacting (RYa) is closed during the operation. Operating signal will be sent when the indoor units are operating. (Even when one (1) indoor unit is operating, the signal will be sent.) This function can be used for circulator or humidifier operation.

Setting Example

Operation Signal at Output 1 (between 1 and 2 pins of CN7)



Wiring diagram example of operation signal

Output 2 – Alarm signal (Control function No.2)

Auxiliary relay contacting (RYa) is closed when the alarm occurs. Alarm signal will be sent when the alarm occurs from the indoor units. (The signal will be sent even when the alarm occurs from one (1) indoor unit.)

- Setting Example

Alarm Signal at Output 2 (between 1 and 3 pins of CN7)



Wiring diagram example of alarm signal



Output 2 – Compressor ON signal (Control function No.3)

Auxiliary relay contacting (RYa) is closed during the compressor operation.

Setting Example

Compressor ON Signal at Output 2 (between 1 and 3 pins of CN7)



Wiring diagram example of compressor ON signal

Output 2 – Defrosting signal (Control function No.4)

Auxiliary relay contacting (RYa) is closed during the defrosting.

- Setting Example

Defrosting Stoppage at Output 2 (between 1 and 3 pins of CN7)



Wiring diagram example of defrosting signal

Table 5.2 Specifications of required main parts

| Parts | Specifications |
|-------------------|---|
| Auxiliary Relay * | High-Power Relay, LY2F DC12V made by OMRON |

- * Do not use the relay with diode built-in.
- * Refer to the table 5.1 for the connector parts.

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5.1.4. Optional functions

Function Setting from PCB

- 1 Set DSW1-#4 of outdoor PCB at the "ON" side for the prevent of the compressor activation by operation mistake.
- 2 Set DSW2-#5 of the outdoor PCB at the "ON" side while the main power to the outdoor unit is being supplied. (during outdoor unit stoppage)
- 3 By setting, function selection mode is available and the following appears on the 7-segment display.

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Outdoor units



C

Circulator function at heating thermo-OFF

Press "RSW1" and select the setting condition "1" at the circulator function at heating thermo-OFF " F # ".

In case that the fan speed is changed to "LOW" at heating Thermo-OFF, there is a case that the room air temperature is too high at heating Thermo-OFF.

In this case, the circulator function at heating thermo-OFF is recommended, and its function explains below.

The indoor fan operates for 2 minutes and stops for 6 minutes as a cycle when the activation conditions are satisfied.



Night-Shift (Low noise)

Press "PSW1" and select the setting condition "1" at the night shift (low noise) "n ". Then, this function can be set. The outdoor fan operation is controlled by fan controller as shown below.

The night shift operation shall be applied in case that the cooling capacity has the margin to be allowed for the capacity decrease and the low sound operation is required especially in the nighttime.

Outdoor Fan



i

NOTE

The maximum rotation is always 100% (rotation ratio) for the standard unit. (No limitation of the outdoor temperature)

Frequency range (Cooling operation)

| | Outdoor Unit Capacity (HP) | Minimum Frequency (Hz) | Maximum Frequency (Hz) | Conditions |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | 8 | 15 | 68 | |
| When night shift is not set | 10 | | 85 | Except for the conditions on the right |
| | 12 | | 100 | |

| | Outdoor Unit Capacity (HP) | Minimum Frequency (Hz) | Maximum Frequency (Hz) | Conditions |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | 8 | 15 | 60 | |
| When night shift is set | 10 | | 60 | (1) ni=1 (2) Outdoor fan: Below 70% |
| | 12 | | 60 | |

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Cancellation of outdoor ambient temperature limit of heating

Press "PSW1" and select the setting condition "1" at the cancellation of outdoor ambient temp. limit of heating "LH". Then, this function can be set.

The heating operation is continued under a high outdoor temperature.



| | Note |
|---------------------------------|---|
| The operation may be cancelled. | e OFF due to high outdoor temperature protection control, since protection control is not |

Cancellation of outdoor ambient temperature limit of cooling

Press "PSW1" and select the setting condition "1" at the cancellation of outdoor ambient temp. limit of cooling " \mathcal{LL} ". Then, this function can be set.

The cooling operation is continued under a low temperature.





Note

The operation may be OFF due to low outdoor temperature protection control since protection control is not cancelled.

Change of defrost condition

Press "PSW1" and select the setting condition "1" at the change of defrost condition " μa ".

| Setting condition | Standard Specifications | Cold area specification | |
|--|---|---|--|
| | When change of defrost condition is NOT set | When change of defrost condition is set | |
| Temperature conditions under defrosting operation | Outdoor evaporating temperature (°C) (Pipe) -15 -10 -5 0 56 10 15 Outdoor temperature (°C) -2 -15 -10 -5 0 56 10 15 Outdoor temperature (°C) -2 -6 0 -10 Defrosting operation start area | Defrosting operation stop area | |

SLo defrost setting

Press "PSW1" and select the setting condition "1" at the slow defrost setting "buf".

Indoor fan operation is stopped during the defrost operation. However, this function can be operated the indoor fan at low speed during the defrosting operation.

Long piping setting

Press "PSW1" and select the setting condition "1" at the long piping setting "nht".

If cooling capacity or heating capacity is not enough under the long-distance piping condition, this function can be set the target compressor frequency higher than normal target value.

Low noise setting

Press "PSW1" and select the setting condition "1", so the low noise setting " d^2b " can be set.

The outdoor fan maximum rotation is set lower than normal setting regardless of outdoor temperature.

However, continuous operation can not be operated under the condition below.

- a) Outdoor temperature is over 40 °C.
- b) Total combination horsepower is over 100%.

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Fixing of demand function

Press "PSW1" and select the setting condition "1", so that the fixing of demand function "dE" can be set.

However, it is not necessary to short-circuit the demand input terminals on the outdoor unit PCB. (Refer to the item "Input 3 – Demand Current Control")

The table below is the limit of the running current for this function.

| Control Function No. * | Demand Running Current Control |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 to 5 | 100% |
| 6 | 60% |
| 7 | 70% |
| 8 | 80% |
| 9 | 100% |

* This function can be activated when demand function is selected at one of the input terminal indications if, if and if.

In case that multiple demand functions are set at the input terminal indications i, j and i, the demand running current is selected as below.

(Control Function No.)

* Demand Control

Adopting self-demand function which drastically decreases power consumption has largely improved energy-saving.



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| Available optional | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| functions | HI IACHI Inspire the Next |
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Wave function setting

Press "PSW1" and select the setting condition "1", so that the wave function setting "UE".

While this function is activated, the maximum limit of running current is changed from 60% to 100% as shown in the figure.

* Wave function cannot be available when the setting condition "1" at the fixing of demand function "dE" is selected and the demand current control from the external input signal is set.



* Wave function can be activated when demand function is selected at one of the input terminal indications $i = 1, \quad d^2$ and i = 3.

The minimum limit of running current control is according to the set value of the demand function.

If demand function is not set at the input terminal indication, this function can not be activated.

Cold draft protection 1

Press PSW1 and select the setting condition "1" at the cold draft protection 1 "Fb", so the cold draft protection can be set. When the minimum Indoor unit discharge air temperature falls down to 12 °C and below at cooling operation, outdoor fan stops and compressor frequency forcibly decreases to prevent a drop in discharge air temperature.

Cold draft protection 2

Press PSW1 and select the setting condition "1" at the cold draft protection 2 " $\mathcal{F} c$ ", so this function can be set. When Indoor unit minimum discharge air temperature falls down to 10 °C and below at cooling operation, the compressor stops. In this case, stoppage code number "28" is given.

6. Test run

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6.1. Checking procedure before the test run

Test run should be performed according to the Table 6.2. And use the Table 6.1 for recording test run .

A WARNING

- Do not operate the system until all the check points have been cleared .
 - A) Check to ensure that the refrigerant piping and transmission between outdoor unit and indoor units are connected to the same refrigerant cycle. If not, it will cause an abnormal operation and a serious accident.
 - B) Check to ensure that the electrical resistance is more than 1 megohm, by measuring the resistance between ground and the terminal of the electrical parts. If not, do not operate the system until the electrical leakage is found and repaired.
 - C) Check to ensure that the stop valves of the outdoor unit are fully opened, and then start the system .
 - D) Check to ensure that the switch on the main power source has been ON for more than 12 hours, to warm the compressor oil by the oil heater .
 - E) Check that the refrigerant piping and the electrical wiring conform to the same system, and check that the dip switch setting of the refrigerant cycle No. (DSW1 & RSW1 [O.U.], DSW5 & RSW2 [I.U.]) and the unit number (RSW) for the indoor units apply to the system.

Confirm that the dip switch setting on the printed circuit board of the indoor units and the outdoor units are correct .

Especially, pay attention to the setting of lift between indoor units and outdoor unit, the refrigerant No. and the end terminal resistance. Refer to the chapter "6. Electrical Wiring".

F) Check to ensure that the electrical resistance is more than 1 megohm, by measuring the resistance between ground and the terminal of the electrical parts. If not, do not operate the system until the electrical leakage is found and repaired. Do not impress the voltage on the terminals for transmission 1 and 2.

G) Check to ensure that each wire, L1, L2, L3 and N (R, S and T) is correctly connected at the power source .

If incorrectly connected, the unit will not operate and the remote control switch will indicate the alarm code "05". In this case, check and change the phase of the power source according to the attached seat on the reverse side of the service cover.

H) Check to ensure that switch on the main power source has been ON for more than 12 hours, to warm the compressor oil by the oil heater .

FSN2 series outdoor units does not operate within 4 hours after power supply (Stoppage Code d1-22) .

In case of operating within 4 hours, release the protection control as follows:

- 1. Supply power to the outdoor unit and indoor units .
- 2. Wait for 30 seconds .
- 3. Push PSW1 on PCB more than 3 seconds .

Pay attention to the following items while the system is running.

- A) Do not touch any of the parts by hand at the discharge gas side, since the compressor chamber and the pipes at the discharge side are heated higher than 90°C.
- B) DO NOT PUSH THE BUTTON OF THE MAGNETIC SWITCH(ES). It will cause a serious accident .

Do not touch any electrical components for at least 3 minutes after turning OFF the main switch .

Check that the refrigerant piping setting and electrical wiring setting are for the same system, by operating the indoor unit one by

Service Manual



Caution for Insulation Resistance

If total unit insulation resistance is lower than 1 megohm, the compressor insulation resistance may be low due to retained refrigerant in the compressor. This may occur if the unit has not been used for long periods .

- 1. Disconnect the cables to the compressor and measure the insulation resistance of the compressor itself. If the resistance value is over 1 megohm, then insulation failure has occurred of other electrical parts .
- 2. If the insulation resistance is less than 1 megohm, disconnect the compressor cable from the inverter PCB. Then, turn on the main power to apply current to the crankcase heater .

After applying current for more than 3 hours, measure insulation resistance again. (Depending on the air conditions, pipe length or refrigerant conditions, it may be necessary to apply the current for a longer period of time.) Check the insulation resistance and reconnect the compressor.

If the leakage breaker is activated, check the recommended size shown in Table 6.1 .

i notes

- 1. Confirm that field-supplied electrical components (main switch fuse, fuse-free breaker, earth leakage breakers, wires, conduit connectors and wire terminals) have been properly selected according to the electrical data given in this Technical Catalog of the unit and ensure that the components comply with national and local codes.
- 2. Use shielded wires (≥0.75mm2) for field wiring to protect electrically noise obstacle. (Total length of shielded wire shall be less then 1000m, and size of shielded wire shall comply with local codes.)
- 3. Check to ensure that the terminal for power source wiring (terminals "L1" to "L1" and "N" to "N" of each terminal board: AC 380-415V, terminals "R" to "L1" and "S" to "L2" of each terminal board: AC 220V).

If not, some component will be damaged .

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6.2. Test run procedure from the outdoor unit side

The test run procedure from the outdoor unit side is shown below. You can set this DIP switch while the power source is ON

| Setting of D | ip Sw | vitch (before shipment) | |
|--------------|-------|--------------------------|--------------|
| | | DSW1 | A . |
| | 1 | Test run | |
| | | COOL/HEAT setting | — – <i>L</i> |
| | 2 | (ON: Heating operation) | a |
| | | (OFF: Cooling operation) | <i>г</i> |
| | 3 | OFF (mixed) | |
| 1234 | | | 0 |
| | 4 | Manual compressor OFF | - 5 |
| | | | tl |

Warning:

- Do not touch any other electrical components while you are setting the switches on the PCB.
- Do not attach or detach the service access panel when the power source for the outdoor unit is ON and the outdoor unit is operating.
- Set all the DIP switches of DSW1 to OFF after completing the test run.

| | Dip switch seting | Operation | Remarks |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|
| Test run | 1. Setting operation mode Cooling: Set DSW1-2 OFF ON 1 2 3 4 Heating: SET DSW1-2 ON ON 1 2 3 4 Starting the test run: Set DSW1-1 at ON. The operation starts after 20 s. In case of heating process, leave DSW1-2 at ON ON 1 2 3 4 | The indoor unit automatically starts to operate when the test run of the outdoor unit is set. You can perform the ON/OFF operation from the remote control switch or the DSW1-1 of the outdoor unit. Continuous operation during 2 hours is performed without the Thermo-OFF condition. | Make sure that the indoor units start to operate in accord with the test run of the outdoor unit. If you start the test run from the outdoor unit and you stop the test run from the remote control switch, the test run function of the remote control switch is cancelled. However, the test run function of the outdoor unit is not cancelled. Check to ensure that the DSW1-1 of the outdoor unit PCB is turned OFF In case that more than one indoor units are connected with one remote control switch, perform the test run operation at each refrigerant system one by one. Then, make sure to turn the power source OFF for the indoor units at other refrigerant system not to operate test run. |
| Manual compressor OFF | Setting the compressor manually OFF: Set DSW1-4 at ON ON 1 2 3 4 ON: Set DSW1-4 at OFF | When DSW1-4 is ON during the compressor operation, the compressor stops operating immediately and the indoor unit is under the Thermo-OFF condition. When DSW1-4 is OFF, the compressor starts to operate after the cancellation of the 3-minute guard. | Do not turn ON and OFF the compressor frequently |
| Manual defrost | Manual defrost operation starts. Press the PSW1 for more than three seconds during the heating process. The defrost operation starts after two minutes. This function is available once the heating process has been running for five minutes. Manual defrost operation finishes. The defrost operation automatically finishes and the heating process starts. | The defrost operation is available regardless of the frosting conditions and the total time of the heating process. The defrost operation is not performed when the temperature of the outdoor heat exchanger is higher than 10°C, the high pressure is higher than 2.0 Mpa or under the Thermo-OFF condition. | Do not repeat the defrost operation frequently. When the PSW1 accepts the manual defrost operation, the remaining time before starting the defrost operation is displayed at the 7-segment display on the PCB. If III Remaining time (every 4 seconds) |

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6.3. Check list

Check list on test run

| Client: | | | Installer: | | Date: | | | |
|------------------------|--------|------------------------------|------------|----------|-------|--|--|--|
| Outdoor unit m | nodel: | el: Outdoor unit serial No.: | | Checker: | | | | |
| Indoor unit model: | | | | | | | | |
| Indoor unit serial No. | | | | | | | | |

| Piping lenght [m] | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Additional refrigerant charge [kg] | |

1. General

| No. | Check item | Result |
|-----|--|--------|
| 1 | Was the DIP switch DSW6 for the piping length in the outdoor unit set? | |
| 2 | Are the power supply wires of the transmission cable making contacts on the piping? | |
| 3 | Was a ground wire connected? | |
| 4 | Is there any short circuit? | |
| 5 | Is there any voltage malfunction among the different phases (L1-L2, L2-L3, L3-L1, L1-N)? | |

2. Refrigerant cycle

a. Cooling/heating process

| No. | Check item | Result |
|-----|---|--------|
| 1 | Operate all the indoor units. (TEST RUN mode). | |
| 2 | Operate all the indoor units at the "HIGH" speed. | |

b. Sampling data (cooling/heating process: if the indoor temperature is between 21°C and 30°C)

| No. | Check item | Result |
|-----|--|--------|
| 1 | After operating for more than 20 minutes. | |
| 2 | Check Pd. and Td. Is TdSH 15 to 45 degrees? | |
| 3 | Is Ps 0.2 to 1.1? | |
| 4 | Is Pd 1.0 to 3.5? (If the outdoor temperature is high, the Pd. becomes high.) | |

3. Check item after sampling data

| a. Cooling process (if the outdoor temperature is higher th | an 15 °C) |
|---|-----------|
|---|-----------|

| No. | Check item | Standard | Causes | Result |
|-----|--|---|---|--------|
| 1 | Is <u>H1</u> (compressor frequency) abnormally low or high? (It is applicable when the inlet air temperature is three degrees higher than the setting temperature). | Running horsepower of the indoor units X 8Hz. | Low: excessive refrigerant; High: insufficient refrigerant; DSW for capacity of indoor units: Incorrect setting. | |
| 2 | Is the fan actually running when Fo (airflow rate of fan) is other than "0"? | - | Failure of the fan motor; Failure of the PCB1; Failure of the condenser. | |
| 3 | Is the total of <u>iE</u> (indoor expansion valves opening) abnormally low or high? | Total % of iE: horsepower of the outdoor unit X (0.7 to 1.5). | Low: excessive refrigerant; High: insufficient refrigerant, excessive pipe resistance. | |
| 4 | Is \underline{TL} (liquid pipe temperature of the heat exchanger of the indoor unit) lower than \underline{Ti} (air inlet temperature of the indoor unit)? | lt is normal when TL-Ti < -5 deg. | Failure of the TL thermistor; Fully closed expansion valve; Short circuit. | |
| 5 | Is <u>TG</u> (gas pipe temperature of the heat exchanger of the indoor unit) lower than Ti (air inlet temperature of the indoor unit.)? | It is normal when TG-Ti < -5 deg. | Failure of the TG thermistor; Fully closed expansion valve or slightly open expansion valve; Short circuit. | |
| 6 | Is there any excessive difference among indoor units at SH(<u>TG-TL</u>) of the heat exchanger of the indoor units? (It is applicable when the inlet air temperature is three degrees higher than the setting temperature.) | It is normal if the difference among units is within 3 - 7 deg. lower than other units. | Failure of the TL/TG thermistor; Fully open expansion valve, slightly open expansion valve or fully closed expansion valve. | |
| 7 | Is there any excessive different among indoor units at SH (<u>TG-TL</u>) of the heat exchanger of the indoor units and is iE lower than $\lceil 7 \rfloor$? (It is applicable when intake air temp. is 3 deg. higher than setting temp. | It is normal if SH is within 3 deg. lower than other units. | Expansion valve locked in fully open position; The refrigerant cycle number does not match; Mismatched between wiring and piping. | |
| 8 | Is there any indoor unit with SH (TG- TL) excessively lower than the value of other units, under the condition of IE (indoor unit expansion valve) 100]? | It is normal if SH is within 3 deg. higher than other units. | Expansion valve locked in slightly open position or closed expansion valve; The refrigerant cycle number does not match; Mismatched between wiring and piping. | |
| 9 | Is the difference between the discharge air temperature and the inlet air temperature more than 7 deg.? * The temperature difference between I.U. means the following: b3 (Discharge Air Temp.) - b2 (Intake Air Temp.) indicated on the remote control switch by check mode. | _ | _ | |

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b. Heating process (if the outdoor temperature is higher than 0 °C)

| No. | Check item | Standard | Causes | Result |
|-----|--|---|--|--------|
| 1 | Is oE (outdoor unit expansion valves opening) abnormally low or high when TdSH is 15 to 45 degrees? | Total of oE: total frequency of compressor x 0.2 to 0.6 | Low: excessive refrigerant; High: insufficient refrigerant. | |
| 2 | Is $Pd [1.6]$ to $[3.5]$? (Pd is high when the indoor temperature is high). | | Low: leakage of the SVA (solenoid valve); High: excessive gas pipe resistance. | |
| 3 | Is H1 (compressor frequency) abnormally low or high? (The lower the room temperature and the outdoor temperature, the higher the above value). | | Low: excessive refrigerant; High: insufficient refrigerant, excessive pipe resistance. | |
| 4 | Is Ps[0.2] to [1.1]? (Only under the condition that the electrical expansion valve (SVA) is OFF). | | Low: short circuit of the indoor unit; Low/High: failure of the following components: outdoor unit fan motor or outdoor ambient thermistor. | |
| 5 | Is the temperature difference among the indoor units* more than 10 degrees when iE (indoor unit expansion valve) is "100"? *The temperature difference among the indoor units means the following: b3 (Discharge Gas Temperature) - b2 (air inlet temperature) that is displayed on the remote control switch by means of the check mode. However, this is applicable only when b2 (Air Inlet Temperature) - b1 (setting temperature) is higher than three degrees. | | Failure of components such as the PCB, the wiring, the coil, the valve; Excessive pipe resistance; Failure of the thermistor for the discharge air temperature. | |

i NOTE:

1. The symbol with an underline indicates a check item. The mark [] indicates the checking data.

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6.4. Judgement system for refrigerant amount

You can check the excess or the deficiency of the refrigerant by means of the data that is provided by the check mode of the 7-segment display. The following checking procedure is useful during the test run and the maintenance.

- Before the checking procedure:
 - 1. Operate all the indoor units at the TEST RUN mode and operate all the indoor units at the HIGH speed.
 - 2. Check the following items in order to make sure that the refrigerant cycle is stable.
 - 1) The continuous operation lasts more than 20 minutes.
 - 2) Td·SH is 25 to 45 °C in cooling or 15 to 45 °C in heating
 - 3) Ps is 0.4 to 1.1 MPa in cooling or 0.2 to 1.1 MPa in heating
 - 4) Pd is 2.0 to 3.5 MPa in cooling or 1.6 to 3.5 MPa in heating
 - Td SH: Discharge gas temperature superheat
 - Ps: Suction pressure, Pd: Discharge pressure
 - 3. Collect the checking data that is provided by the check mode of the 7-segment display.
 - 4. Perform the checking according to the following procedure.

Judge according to the following target value:

| Cooling | Refrigerant flow charge is controlled by indoor unit expansion valve |
|---------|---|
| Heating | Refrigerant flow charge is controlled by outdoor unit expansion valve |

Applicable air temperatures for the checking procedure:

| Cooling | Room temperature: 20°C~30°C (DB) |
|----------|--|
| Cooling | Outdoor temperature: 15°C (DB) or more |
| Lipoting | Room temperature: 20°C~30°C (DB) |
| Heating | Outdoor temperature: 0°C~15°C (DB) |

- Checking procedures for cooling
- Process
 - 1. Convert iE (indoor unit expansion valve opening) with the following table:

| Indoor Unit HP | Conversion |
|----------------|------------|
| 0.8 to 6 HP | iE |
| 8 and 10 HP | iE × 2.0 |

- 2. Sum up the converted values of iE.
- 3. Calculate the total frequency (=H1(Inverter frequency))
- Judgement ۵
 - If total of converted iE/Total frequency < 0.7 = Insufficient refrigerant
 - If total of converted iE/Total frequency > 1.6 = Excessive refrigerant





- Checking procedures for heating
- Process
 - 1. Detect oE (total outdoor unit expansion valve opening)
 - 2. Calculate the total frequency (=H1(Inverter frequency)).
- Judgement
 - If total oE/Total frequency < 0.8 x Target value = Insufficient refrigerant

- If total oE/Total frequency > 1.2 x Target value = Excessive refrigerant

Refer to the following table to use the target value in heating.



- Examples
- Cooling process

| | Indoor units | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| | 2HP | 2HP | 2HP | 2HP | 2HP | |
| iE (%) (from the checking data) | 32 | 38 | 30 | 20 | 18 | |
| Calculate value of iE | 32 | 38 | 30 | 20 | 18 | |
| | (Hold) | (Hold) | (Hold) | (Hold) | (Hold) | |
| Total of <u>iE</u> (a) | 138 (32+38+30+20+18) | | | | | |
| Total frequency (b) | 90 | | | | | |
| Judgement | OK: 0.7 ≤ (a) / (b) ≤ 1.6 | | | | | |

Heating process

| | | Indoor units | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | 2HP | 2HP | 2HP | 2HP | 2HP | 10HP |
| Ti (indoor suction temperature) | 26 | 27 | 23 | 23 | 25 | _ |
| To (outdoor temperature) (°C) | | | | | | 7 |
| Total of oE (a) | _ | | | | | 42 |
| Total of frequency (b) | 100 | | | | | |
| Judgement | OK: (a) / (b) ≈± 20% of target value | | | | | |
7. Troubleshooting

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7.1. Initial troubleshooting

Checking by means of the 7-segment display

Simple checking procedure by means of the 7-segment display

- 1. Turn on all the indoor units which are connected to the outdoor unit.
- 2. Turn on the outdoor unit
- 3. Auto-addressing starts. (Outdoor unit printed circuit board PCB 1)

During the auto-addressing, you can check the following items by means of the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit.

- Disconnection of the power supply to the Indoor Unit.
- Duplication of the Indoor Unit number.

Normal case:

The 7-segment display of the outdoor unit is not indicated.

Abnormal case:

If there is something wrong, the 7-segment display of the outdoor unit displays the following indications:

| Cause | Indication | Remarks |
|---|------------|--------------------------------------|
| a. The indoor units are not supplied with power. | EI | continues to flash after 30 seconds. |
| b. Disconnection of the operating line between the outdoor units and the indoor units. | EI | continues to flash after 30 seconds. |
| c. Duplicated settings of the indoor unit number on the rotary switch RSW (Refer to the section "Troubleshooting by means of the Alarm Code" for the description of the alarm code "35"). | | |

7.1.1. Emergency operation

Method of collecting refrigerant (In case that compressor does not operate)

Perform only when collecting refrigerant of outdoor unit is required.

(Perform the replacing compressor and oil return circuit if necessary.)

| Process No. | Procedure | Remarks |
|----------------|---|--|
| 1 | Turn OFF the main switch of O.U. | |
| 2 | Connect manifold to the check joint* at low and high pressure sides of O.U. | * Not the check joint of liquid/gas stop valves. |
| 3 | Close the liquid and gas stop valve completely. | To improve the performance of vacuuming. |
| 4 | Collecting refrigerant in O.U.) Collect the refrigerant from <u>check joint at high and low</u> <u>pressure sides</u> using the collector. | The discharge of the refrigerant in the atmosphere is strictly forbidden. Make sure that the refrigerant is collected by the collector. Measure the quantity of the collected refrigerant |
| 5 | Remove charge hose at the low and high pressure sides check joint, so that the low pressure side of the refrigerant cycle will be the atmosphere pressure. Disconnect the charge hose at charge port of return oil circuit. | Make sure that there is no pressure increase of the low pressure side after collecting the refrigerant. Make sure that the refrigerant cycle is the atmosphere pressure. Otherwise, problems such as the blowing of gas and the suction of the cutting material may occur when removing the comp. |
| 6 | Perform replacing comp., return oil circuit and electrical parts. | Removing electrical box may be required. |
| 7 | With the electrical box mounted, check the wrings by contacting (except the power line for comp.) For the power line for comp., insulate the wiring terminal with vinyl tape. | |
| 8 | Turn ON the main switch of O.U. | This process is before removing and mounting electrical box. |
| 9 | Set DSW4-#4 to ON side (O.U. PCB1). | |
| 10 | Perform the vacuuming from the check joint at low and high pressure side. | |
| 11 | Turn OFF the main switch of O.U. | |
| 12 | Set DSW1-#4, back to the original setting. | Refer to Process No. 9. |
| 13 | Check that the power line for comp. and wiring are connected correctly. | |
| 14 | Recharge the collected refrigerant (Process No.4) from the check joint at high pressure side. For the remained quantity: Open the liquid and gas stop valve completely and set DSW4-#1 to ON side (O.U. PCB1). Then recharge it from the liquid stop valve check joint during cooling operation. | |
| 15 | Check the liquid and gas stop valves are open completely. | |
| 0.U.: 0 | utdoor Unit | |

0.0.: I.U.: 7-Seg.: Comp.: Indoor Unit 7-Segment

Compressor

7.1.2. Failure of the power supply to the indoor unit and the remote control switch

The LED and the LCD are not indicated.

Not operated

If the fuses are blown out or a breaker is activated, investigate the cause of the overcurrent and take the necessary action.

| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Power failure or | power is not ON | Measure the voltage by means of the voltmeter | Supply the power | |
| | Short circuit supplied between the wires | Check for any uncovered part of the wires | Remove the cause of the short circuit and replace the fuse | |
| Disum out fuse or activation of | Short circuit of the wires to earth | Measure the insulation resistance | Remove the cause of the short circuit and replace the fuse | |
| the breaker at the power source | Failure of indoor unit fan motor | Measure resistance between wires and insulation resistance | Replace AC chopper for indoor unit fan, fan motor and fuse | |
| | Failure of AC chopper for indoor fan | | Replace AC chopper for indoor unit fan and fuse | |
| | Short circuit supplied between the wires | Check for any uncovered part of the wires | Remove the cause of the short circuit and replace the fuse | |
| Blown out fuse at the control | Short circuit of the control circuit to earth | Measure the insulation resistance | Remove the cause of the short circuit and replace the fuse | |
| circuit | Failure of indoor unit fan motor | Measure resistance between wires and insulation resistance | Replace AC chopper for indoor unit fan, fan motor and fuse | |
| | Failure of AC chopper for indoor fan | | Replace AC chopper for indoor unit fan and fuse | |
| Failure of the transformer at the indoor unit side | | Measure the voltage at the secondary side | Replace the transformer | |
| Disconnected cable of the | he remote control switch | Connect the cable | Replace the cable or repair the cable | |
| Insufficient contacting at the | Insufficient connection or incorrect connection of the indoor unit PCB | | | |
| connectors of the remote control switch | Insufficient connection or incorrect connection of the indoor unit PCB in the remote control switch | Check the connectors | Correctly connect the connector | |
| Failure of the remote control switch | | Check the remote control switch by means of the self-check mode *1) | Replace the remote control switch if it failed | |
| Eailure of DCP | Unconnected wires to PCB | Check the connectors | Correctly connect the wires | |
| | Failure of PCB | Check PCB by means of the self- check mode *2) | Replace PCB if it failed | |
| Incorrect wiri | ng connection | Take action according to the "TEST | procedure that is displayed in RUN" | |

*1): Refer to section "Self-checking of remote control switch".

*2): Refer to section "Self-checking of PCB using remote control switch".

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7.1.3. Abnormal transmission between the remote control switch and the indoor unit

RUN LED on the remote control switch:

Flickering every 2 seconds.

| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|---|--------------------------|---|--|
| Disconnection or insufficient contacting of the remote control cable | | Check the cable and the connections | Repair the cable or connect the cable |
| Incorrect wiring connection (incorrect polarity) | | Check the wiring and the connections | Repairing |
| Failure of the remote control switch | | Check the remote control switch by means of the self-check mode *1) | Replace the remote control switch if the remote control switch is faulty |
| Failure of PCB (in the indoor unit | Disconnected wire to PCB | | Correctly connect the wires |
| and the remote control switch) | Failure of PCB | Check PCB by means of the self- check mode *2) | Replace PCB if it failed |

*1): Refer to section "Self-checking of remote control switch".

*2): Refer to section "Self-checking of PCB using remote control switch".

7.1.4. Abnormal operation of the devices

In the case that no abnormality (Alarm Code) is indicated on the remote control switch, and normal operation is not available, take necessary action according to the procedures mentioned below.

| Phenomenon | Ca | use | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|--|---|-----------------------------|--|--|
| | Failure of the indoor unit | Disconnected coil | Measure the coil resistance by means of the tester | Replace the Indoor unit |
| | fan motor | Burnt-out coil | Measure the insulation resistance | fan motor |
| | Failure of the outdoor unit | Disconnected coil | Measure the coil resistance by means of the tester | Replace the outdoor unit |
| | fan motor | Burnt-out coil | Measure the insulation resistance | fan motor |
| RUN LED is ON and the LCD is indicated However, the system does not operate (For example, the indoor fan, the outdoor fan or the compressor does not operate) | Failure of the magnetic switch for the outdoor unit fan motor | Insufficient contacting | Measure the voltage between the contacting parts | Replace PCB for the outdoor unit |
| | Failure of the comp. motor | | Measure the resistance between two wires | Dealers the communication |
| | Failure of the comp. | | Check for an abnormal sound from the Comp. | Replace the compressor |
| | Failure of the magnetic switch for comp. | Insufficient contacting | Check that the magnetic switch activates correctly or not | Replace the magnetic switch |
| | | Disconnected wiring to PCB | Check the connections | Correctly connect the wiring |
| | | Failure of PCB | Check PCB by means of the self-check mode *1) | Replace PCB if it failed |
| The Comp. does not stop or start even if the setting temperature on the LCD changes to *3) | Failure of air inlet | Failure of thermistor | | Deploce or correctly |
| | thermistor | Disconnection of thermistor | Check it by self-checking *2) Check it by self-checking *2 | connect the wires if Abnormal Operation exists |
| | Abnormal operation of the | remote control switch cord | | |
| | Failure of the ir | ndoor unit PCB | Check PCB by means of the self-check mode *1) | Replace PCB if it failed |

Abnormal operation of the devices (Cont.)

| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|--|--------------------------------|---|---|
| The Comp. does not stop or start even if the setting temperature on LCD is changed *3) | Incorrect optional setting | Check the setting condition of "thermistor of remote control switch." by means of the optional setting Setting and control: "00": Control by means of the indoor thermistor for the suction air "01": Control by means of the thermostat of the remote control switch "02": Control by means of the average value of the indoor thermistor for the suction air and the thermostat of the remote control switch | If the thermostat of the remote control switch is not used, set at "00" |
| | Incorrect Input/Output Setting | Check Setting Condition of "i1" and "i2" by Input/Output Setting * Setting and Control "01": Room Thermostat (Cooling) "02": Room Thermostat (Heating) | In case that room thermostat is not used, set for input signal actually used. If no signal is used, set at "00". |

*1): Refer to section "Self-checking of PCB using remote control switch".

- *2): Refer to section "Troubleshooting in check mode by remote control switch".
- *3): Even if the remote control switches are normal, the compressor does not operate under the following conditions:
 - Indoor temp. is lower than 21°C or outdoor temp. Is lower than -5°C during the cooling process (DB).
 - Indoor temp. is higher than 27°C (DB) or outdoor temp. is higher than 15°C (WB) during the heating process.
 - When a cooling (or heating) process signal is given to the outdoor unit and a different mode as heating (or cooling) process signal is given to the indoor units.
 - -. When an emergency stop signal is given to outdoor unit.



Abnormal operation of the devices (Cont.)

| Phenomenon | Ca | use | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Failure of the Discharge | Failure of the Thermistor | Check the Thermistor by | Replace or Correctly |
| | Air Temp. Thermistor | Disconnected Wire of the Thermistor | self-check mode *2) | it is abnormal |
| Indoor fan speed does not change | Failure of the Rem | note Control Switch | Check it by means of the | Replace if it failed |
| | Failure of PCB for | or the indoor unit | self-check mode *1) | Replace if PCB fails |
| | Failure of AC chp | per for indoor unit | Check the indoor unit stoppage when the remote control switch is swicthed OFF | Replace if AC chpper is failed |
| | Failure of thermistor for | Failure of thermistor | Replace or correctly connect when it is abnormal | |
| | during heating | Disconnected wire of thermistor | | |
| | Failure of 4-way valve | Disconnected 4-way valve coil | Measure the resistance of coil | Deplace the 4 way value |
| No defrost operation | | Incorrect activation of 4-way valve | Enforced power supply | Replace the 4-way valve |
| mode is available during the heating process or the defrost operation | Disconnected control wires between indoor unit, CH unit and outdoor unit | | Check the connectors | Correctly connect the wiring |
| continues | Failure of the outdoor units of PCB | Disconnected wiring to PCB | Check the connectors | Correctly connect the wiring |
| | | Failure of PCB | Check PCB by means of the self-check mode *1) | Replace PCB when the check mode is not available |
| | Failure of the Indoor Unit | Disconnected wiring to PCB | Check the connectors | Correctly connect the wiring |
| | of PCB | Failure of PCB | Check DCD by magna | |
| The LED and the LCD on the remote control switch remain ON | h Failure of PCB in the indoor unit or the remote control switch | | of the self-check mode *1) | Replace if PCB fails |

*1): Refer to section "Self checking of PCB using remote control switch".

*2): Refer to section "Troubleshooting in check mode by remote control switch".



Abnormal operation of the devices (Cont.)

| Phenomenon | Ca | use | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|--|
| | Indoor heat load is greate | Indoor heat load is greater than the cooling capacity | | Use a bigger unit |
| | | Gas leakage or shortage of refrigerant | Measure superheat | Correctly charge the refrigerant after repairing the gas leakage |
| | | Excessively small diameter tube or long piping field-supplied | Measure and check the field-supplied pipes | Use the correct pipes |
| | | Incorrect activation of the check valve of the outdoor unit | Check whether or not the temp. difference exists before/after the check valve | Replace the check valve for the outdoor unit |
| | | | Check for clogging | Remove the clogging |
| Insufficient cooling process | | | Check the connection cord and the connector | Replace the connector |
| | | Failure or malfunction of the expansion valve | Is there an operation sound from the coil? | Replace the coil |
| | Excessively low suction | | Is the thermistor on the compressor normal? | Replace the thermistor |
| | pressure | | Is the thermistor installed correctly on compressor? | Correctly install the thermistor |
| | | Clogged strainer in the indoor unit; clogging at the low pressure piping | Check the temp. difference at the inlet and the outlet of the strainer | Replace the strainer in the indoor unit |
| | | Clogging at the low pressure piping | Check the temp. difference | Remove the clogging |
| | | Insufficient air flow to | Check for clogged air filter | Clean the air filter |
| | | exchanger | Check for an obstacle at the inlet or the outlet | Remove the obstacles |
| | | Excessively low air temp. | Insufficient speed of the indoor unit fan motor? | Replace the fan motor |
| | | exchanger | Short-circuited indoor unit air? | Remove the cause of the short-circuited air |



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Abnormal operation of the devices (Cont.)

| Phenomenon | Ca | JSe | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|------------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| | | | Check clogging of the outdoor unit heat exchanger? | Remove the clogging |
| | | Insufficient air flow to the outdoor unit heat | Obstacles at inlet or the outlet of outdoor unit heat exchanger? | Remove the obstacles |
| | | cionangen | Is the service area for the outdoor unit sufficient? | Secure the service area |
| | | | Correct fan speed? | Replace the fan motor |
| | | Excessively high air temp. | Short-circuited air to the outdoor unit? | Remove the cause of the short-circuited air |
| | | exchanger | Any other heat load near the outdoor unit? | Remove the heat source |
| | Excessively high discharge pressure | Excessively charged refrigerant | Check Expansion valve opening | Correctly charge the refrigerant |
| | | Non-condensate gas in cycle | Check each temp. and each pressure | Charge the refrigerant after the vacuum pumping |
| | | Clogging of the discharge piping | Check for clogging | Remove the clogging |
| Insufficient cooling process | | Failure or malfunction of the expansion valve | Check for clogging | Remove the clogging |
| | | | Check the connection cord and the connector | Replace the connector |
| | | | Is there an operation sound from the coil? | Replace the coil |
| | | | Is the thermistor on the compressor normal? | Replace the thermistor |
| | | | Is the thermistor installed correctly on the compressor? | Correctly install the thermistor |
| | Malfunction or internal leakage of the 4-way valve | | Check the temp. difference at the inlet and the outlet of the 4-way valve | Replace the 4-way valve |
| | Excessively low suction pressure | Failure of bypass solenoide valve | Checking for leakage of solenoid valve | Replace solenoid valve |
| | | Malfunction or internal leakage of the 4-way valve | Check the Temp. Difference between the Inlet and the Outlet of 4-Way Valve | Replace the 4-way valve |
| | Discharge temp. of the | indoor unit is unstable | Check the expansion valve of the indoor unit in the same system | Replace the failed expansion valve of the indoor unit |

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Abnormal operation of the devices (Cont.)

| Phenomenon | Cause | | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Indoor heat load is greate | r than the heating capacity | Calculate the heat load | Replace the unit with a bigger unit |
| | | Gas leakage or insufficient refrigerant charge | Measure superheat | Correctly charge the refrigerant after the gas leakage check and repairing |
| | | Excessively small diameter or long piping | Measure the field- supplied piping | Use the specified pipes |
| | | | Check for clogging | Remove the clogging |
| | | | Check the connection cord and the connector | Replace the connector |
| | | Failure or malfunction of the expansion valve | Is there an operation sound from the coil? | Replace the coil |
| | Excessively low suction pressure | | Is the thermistor on the compressor normal? | Replace the thermistor |
| | | | Is the thermistor installed correctly on compressor? | Correctly install the thermistor |
| Insufficient heating process | | Clogging of I.U./O.U./CH- Unit strainer | Check the temp. difference between the inlet and the outlet of strainer | Replace the strainer for the outdoor unit or the indoor unit |
| | | Clogging of suction piping | Check the temp. difference of each part | Remove the clogging |
| | | Insufficient air flow through the outdoor unit | Is the outdoor unit heat exchanger clogged? | Remove the clogging |
| | | | Are there any obstacles at the inlet or the outlet of outdoor unit? | Remove the obstacles |
| | | heat exchanger | Is the service area for the outdoor unit sufficient? | Secure a sufficient service area |
| | | | Check the speed of the outdoor unit fan | Replace the fan motor |
| | | Excessively low air temp. through the outdoor unit heat exchanger | Check for any short- circuited air to the outdoor unit | Remove the cause of the short-circuited air |
| | | Defrosting is insufficiently completed | Check the thermistor for the defrost operation | Replace the thermistor for the defrost operation |



Abnormal operation of the devices (Cont.)

| Phenomenon | Ca | use | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | | | Check the filter for a clogging | Remove the clogging |
| | | Insufficient air flow to the indoor unit heat exchanger | Check for any obstacles at the inlet or the outlet of the indoor unit | Remove the obstacles |
| | | | Check the indoor fan speed | Replace the fan motor |
| | Excessively high | Excessively high air temp. to the indoor unit heat exchanger | Check whether or not the short-circuited air exists | Remove the cause of the short-circuited air |
| | discharge pressure | Excessively charged refrigerant | Check expansion valve opening. | Correctly charge the refrigerant |
| Insufficient heating process | | Non-condensate gas in ref. cycle | Check the refrigerant quantity *1) | Recharge the refrigerant after the vacuum pumping |
| | | Clogging of the discharge pr. piping | Check for clogging | Remove the clogging |
| | Malfunction or internal leakage of the 4-way valve | | Check the temp. difference at the inlet and the outlet of the 4-way valve | Replace the 4-way valve |
| | Malfunction of the check valve of the outdoor unit | | Check the temp. difference at the inlet and the outlet of the check valve | Replace the check valve |
| | Excessively high suction pressure | Failure of the bypass solenoid valve | Check for leakage of the solenoid valve | Replace the solenoid valve |
| | | Malfunction or internal leakage of 4-way valve | Check the temp. difference at the inlet and the outlet of the 4-way valve | Replace the 4-way valve |
| | Discharge temp. of the | e indoor unit is unstable | Check the expansion valve of the indoor unit in the same system | Replace the failed expansion valve of the indoor unit |

*1): Refer to chapter 7 of TC.

Abnormal operation of the devices (Cont.)

| Phenomenon | Cause | | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| | Foreign particles inside of the fan casing | | Visually inspect it | Remove the foreign particles |
| | Indoor unit fan runner is hitting the casing | | Visually inspect it | Adjust the position of the fan runner |
| | Outdoor unit propeller | fan is hitting the shroud | Visually inspect it | Adjust the position of the propeller fan |
| | | Faulty Installation | Check that each part is tightly fixed | Tightly fix each part |
| Cooling or heating process with an abnormal sound | Abnormal sound from the | Liquid ref. compression | Check expansion valve opening | Ensure superheat |
| Sound | compressor | Wear or breakage of the internal comp. parts | Abnormal Sound from the Inside of the Compressor | Replace the compressor |
| | | No heating by the oil heater | Check the Resistance (Oil Heater, Fuse) | Replace the oil heater or the fuse |
| | Humming sound from the magnetic conductor | | Check the surface of the contacts | Replace the magnetic switch |
| | Abnormal vibration of the cabinets | | Check each fixing screw | Tightly fix each screw |
| Outdoor fan does not | Obstacle at the outdoor fan | | Check the obstacles | Remove the obstacles |
| compressor operates | Watching condition for the heating process | | Wait for the switching of the 4-Way Valve (1 ~ 3 minutes) | If the 4-Way Valve does not switch, check for insufficient refrigerant |
| Indoor fan does not operate when the compressor operates | Discharge pressure does not increase higher than 2.2 MPa due to the insufficient refrigerant | | Check the operation pressure *1) | Add the refrigerant |
| | Disconnected Wiring for the Indoor Fan | | Check the wiring | Connect the wiring correctly |
| | Failure of AC chopper | | Check AC chopper | Replace AC chopper |

*1): Refer to chapter 10 of TC.

7.2. Troubleshooting procedure

7.2.1. Alarm code indication of remote control switch

If the RUN LED flickers for 2 seconds, there is a failure in the transmission between the Indoor Unit and the Remote Control Switch.

Possible causes are:

- Broken remote cable
- Contact failure in the remote control cable
- Defective IC or defective microcomputer

In any case, ask your retailer for service

If the RUN LED flickers 5 times (5 seconds) with the unit number and the alarm code displayed, make a note of the alarm code (refer to the table below) and ask your retailer for service.



Alarm code table

| Code No. | Category | Content of Abnormality | Leading Cause |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| 01 | Indoor Unit | Activation of Protection Device | Failure of Fan Motor, Drain Discharge, Clogging, PCB, Relay. |
| 02 | Outdoor Unit | Activation of Protection Device | Activation of PSH, pipe clogging, excessive refrigerant, inert gas mixing. |
| 03 | | Abnormality between Indoor (or Outdoor) and Outdoor (or Indoor) | Incorrect Wiring. Failure of PCB. Tripping of Fuse. Power Supply OFF |
| 04 | Transmission | Abnormality between Inverter PCB and Outdoor PCB. Abnormality between Fan Controller and Outdoor PCB | Transmission Failure (Loose Connector), If only fan controller is failed, indications are as follows: Number 1 Fan Controller Failure - F1 04 Number 2 Fan Controller Failure - F2 04 |
| 05 | Supply phase | Abnormality of Power Source Wiring | Reverse Phase Incorrect Wiring. |
| 06 | Voltage | Abnormal Inverter Voltage | Outdoor Voltage Drop, Insufficient Power Capacity, If voltage drop cause by fan controller is detected, indications are as follows: No. 1 Fan Controller Failure - F1 06 No. 2 Fan Controller Failure - F2 06 |
| 07 | Circle | Decrease in Discharge Gas Superheat | Excessive Refrigerant Charge. Expansion Valve Open Lock. |
| 08 | Cycle | Increase in Discharge Gas Temperature | Insufficient Refrigerant. Ref. Leakage, Clogging or Expansion Valve Close Lock |
| 09 | n/a | | _ |
| 11 | | Inlet Air Thermistor | |
| 12 | Sensor on | Outlet Air Thermistor | Incorrect Wiring Disconnecting Wiring |
| 13 | Indoor Unit | Freeze Protection Thermistor | |
| 14 | | Gas Piping Thermistor | |
| 16 | n/a | | |
| 17 | 174 | | |
| 19 | Fan motor | Tripping of Protection Device for Fan Motor | Failure of Fan Motor |
| 21 | | High Pressure Sensor | |
| 22 | C = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = | Outdoor Air Thermistor | |
| 23 | Outdoor Unit | Discharge Gas Thermistor on Comp. | Incorrect Wiring, Disconnecting Wiring |
| 24 | | Evaporating Thermistor | |
| 29 | | Low Pressure Sensor | |

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| Code No. | Category | Content of Abnormality | Leading Cause |
|-------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 31 | | Incorrect Setting of Outdoor and Indoor Unit | Incorrect Setting of Capacity Code. |
| 35 | System | Incorrect Setting in Indoor Unit No. | Existence of the same Indoor Unit No. in the same Refrigerant Cycle |
| 38 | | Abnormality of Protective Circuit in Outdoor Unit | Failure of Indoor Unit PCB. Incorrect wiring. Connection to PCB in Indoor Unit. |
| 39 | n/a | | |
| 43 | | Pressure Ratio Decrease Protection Activating | Failure of Compressor, Inverter |
| 44 | | Low Pressure Increase Protection Activating | Overload to Indoor in Cooling. High Temperature of Outdoor Air In Heating Expansion Valve Open Lock |
| 45 | device | High Pressure Increase Protection Activating | Overload Operation. Excessive Refrigerant. Clogging of Heat Exchanger |
| 47 | | Low Pressure Decrease Protection Activating | Insufficient refrigerant . |
| 48 | | Activation of inverter overcurrent protection device | Overload operation, compressor failure |
| 51 | Sensor | Abnormal Current Sensor | Current sensor failure |
| 53 | | Inverter Error Signal Detection | Driver IC Error Signal Detection (Protection for Overcurrent, Low Voltage, Short-Circuit) |
| 54 | Inverter | Increase in Inverter Fin Temperature | Abnormal Inverter Fin Thermistor. Abnormal Outdoor Fan |
| 57 | Outdoor fan motor | Abnormality of fan motor | Disconnecting Wiring or Incorrect Wiring between Control PCB (PCB1) and Fan Relay PCB (PCB3, PCB5), Failure of Fan Motor |
| EE | Compressor | Compressor protection alarm | Failure of compressor |
| b1 | Outdor unit number setting | Incorrect outdoor unit number setting | Over 64 No. is set for address of refriogerant cycle |
| b5 | Indoor unit number setting | Incorrect indoor unit number setting | More than 17 non-corresponding to H-LINKII units are connected to one system |

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Troubleshooting

Service Manual

7.2.2. Troubleshooting by alarm code

| Alarm code | Description |
|--|---|
| | Activation of the safety device in the indoor unit |
| The RUN LED flic The unit number, The unit number a This alarm cod the cooling pro | ckers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1. The is displayed when the contact between #1 and #2 of CN14 is not closed over 120 seconds during access, the heating process or the fan operation. |



| Phenomenon | Cause | | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--|---|
| Activation of the float switch | High Drain Level | Clogging of the drainage | Check the drain pan | Remove the clogged foreign particles |
| | Faulty float switch | Fault | Check the continuity when the drain level is low | Replace the float switch if faulty |
| | | Faulty contacting | Measure the resistance by means of the tester | Fix the looseness and Replace the connector |
| | | Faulty connection | Check the connections | Repair the connection |
| Faulty indoor unit PCB | | Check PCB by self checking | Replace PCB if faulty | |

Outdoor unit PCB display indication:

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| Service Manual | |
| Alarm code | Description |
| | Activation of the safety device in the outdoor unit |

The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch.
 The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are indicated on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.
 This alarm is indicated when one of safety devices is activated during compressor running.





| Phenomenon | Cause | | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|--|--|---------------------------|--|--|
| | Insufficient air flow to the heat exchanger (Outdoor heat exchanger during the cooling process or indoor heat exchanger during the heating process) | | Check the heat exchanger for dust or for clogging | Remove the dust or the clogging |
| | | | Check the air filter for dust | Remove the dust |
| | | | Check for any obstacles at the inlet or the outlet of the heat exchanger | Remove the obstacles |
| | | | Check the service area | Secure service area |
| | | | Check the speed (Outdoor Fan: Cooling / Indoor Fan: Heating) | Replace the fan motor if faulty |
| | Malfunction of the expansion valve | | Disconnected of the Connector | Fix the looseness or reconnect the connector |
| Activation of the high- | | | Fully closed and locked | Replace the expansion valve |
| pressure switch due to the excessively high discharge pressure | Excessively high temp. air to the Indoor Unit Heat Exchanger | | Calculate the heat load | Reduce the heat load or use a bigger unit |
| | | | Check for hot air near the ceiling (Heating) | Provide good circulation |
| | | | Check for short-circuited air (Heating) | Remove the short-circuited air |
| | | | | Remove the heat source |
| | Faulty high-pressure switch | Faulty pressure switch | Measure the discharge pressure. Check the continuity after the decrease of the pressure | Replace the pressure switch if faulty |
| | | Insufficient contacting | Measure the resistance by means of the tester | Fix the looseness. Replace the connector |
| | | Incorrect connection | Check the connections | Repair the connections |

1

| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|---|---|--|---|
| | | Check for clogging | Remove the clogging |
| | Faulty or malfunction of the expansion valve | Check the connect wiring and the connectors | Replace the connector |
| | | Check the operation sound from the coil | Replace the coil |
| | | Check the discharge gas thermistor | Replace the thermistor |
| | | Check the attaching state of the discharge gas thermistor | Reattach the thermistor |
| Activation of the high-pressure switch due to the excessively high discharge pressure | Faulty gas bypass solenoid valve | Check for clogging | Replace the gas bypass solenoid valve |
| | Overcharged refrigerant | Check the cycle operation temp. | Charge the refrigerant correctly |
| | Mixture of the non-condensate gas in the refrigerant cycle | Check the air temp. and the pressure | Recharge the refrigerant after the vacuum pumping |
| | Clogging of the discharge piping | Check for clogging | Remove the clogging |
| | Liquid line stop valve or gas line stop valve is not in operation | Check the stop valves | Fully Open the stop valves |
| | Clogging of the check valve | Check for clogging | Replace the check valve |

Alarm code Description Image: Alarm code Description

■ The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch.

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- The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.
 - This alarm is displayed when an abnormal operation is maintained for three minutes after the normal transmission between the indoor units and the outdoor unit. Also, an abnormal operation is maintained for 30 seconds after the micro-computer is automatically reset.
 - The alarm is displayed when the abnormal transmission is maintained for 30 seconds from the starting of the outdoor unit.
 - Investigate the cause of the overcurrent and take the necessary action when the fuses are blown out or the breaker for the outdoor unit is activated.



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*1): In case that terminal resistance (DSW5-1P) is OFF when H-Link Connection is performed.

Set the terminal resistance to ON when CN2 is removed. Set the terminal resistance to OFF when CN2 is reconnected.

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| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|--|--|--|---|
| Power failure or no power supply | | Measure the voltage by means of the tester | Supply the power |
| | Short circuit between wires | Check the insulation material for breaks | Remove the short circuit and replace the fuse |
| Blown out fuse for the power | Short-circuited wire to ground | Measure the insulation resistance | Remove the short circuit to ground and replace the fuse |
| source or activation of the outdoor unit breaker | Faulty comp. motor | Measure the resistance between the wires and the insulation resistance | Replace the comp. and the fuse |
| | Faulty outdoor unit fan motor | Measure the resistance between the wires and the insulation resistance | Replace the outdoor unit fan motor and the fuse |
| | Short circuit between wires | Check the insulation material for breaks | Remove the short circuit and replace the fuse |
| Blown out fuse for control circuit | Short circuit of the control circuit (to ground) | Measure the insulation resistance | Remove the short circuit and replace the fuse |
| or activation of outdoor unit breaker | Faulty solenoid coil for the magnetic switch for the comp. motor | Measure the resistance of coil | Replace the magnetic switch and the fuse |
| | Failure of the outdoor unit fan motor | Measure the resistance between the wires and the insulation resistance | Replace the outdoor unit fan motor and fuse |
| PCB1 power circuit failure | | Measure PCB1 output voltage *2) | Replace PCB1 |
| Disconnected wires insufficient | Between outdoor unit and indoor unit | Check the continuity of the wires. Check for looseness of the | Replacing wires |
| contacting or incorrect connection | Power source wiring for the outdoor unit | connection screws. Check the terminal Nos. | screws and the correct wiring |
| Faulty PCB (outdoor unit, indoor unit) | Disconnected wires to PCB | Check the connections | Correctly connect the wires |
| | Faulty PCB | - | Replace PCB if faulty |
| | Disconnected wire; insufficient contacting | Check the continuity and the looseness of connection screws | Replacing wires, repairing and tightening the screws |
| incorrect winny | Incorrect wiring | Check the terminal Nos. | Correctly connect the wires |

| 2): | VCC12~GND2: | 12VDC |
|-----|--------------|-------|
| | VCC05~GND1: | 5VDC |
| | VCC12~GND1: | 12VDC |
| | VCC15~GND1: | 15VDC |
| | VCC24~GND1: | 24VDC |
| | VCC12T~GND1: | 12VDC |
| | | |

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| Alarm code | Description |

| <u> </u> |
|----------|
| |

Abnormal transmission between Inverter PCB and Outdoor Unit PCB

- The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch.
- The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.
 - This alarm is displayed when the abnormal operation is maintained for 30 seconds after the normal transmission between the outdoor unit PCB1 and PCB2 and also abnormality is maintained for 30 seconds after the microcomputer is automatically reset. The alarm is displayed when the abnormal transmission is maintained for 30 seconds from the starting of the outdoor unit.
 - Alarm code "04." is indicated when transmission between inverter and fan controller is abnormal.



| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Disconnected wires, insufficient Between control PCB1, PCB and fan controller | | Check the continuity of wires. Check for looseness of the | Replacing wires, repairing, | |
| contacting or incorrect connection | Power source wiring for the outdoor unit | connection screws. Check the connection No. | wiring | |
| Faulty PCB (PCB1 and PCB2) | Disconnected wires to PCB | Check the connections | Repair the wiring connections | |
| | Faulty PCB | _ | Replace PCB if faulty | |
| Incorrect wiring | Disconnected wires; insufficient contacting | Check the continuity. Check for looseness of connection screws | Replacing wires, repairing, tightening screws | |
| | Incorrect wiring | Check the connection Nos. | Correctly connect the wires | |

Position of Surge Absorber (SA)



(380-415V)

When the unit is applied the excessive surge current due to lighting or other causes, it is indicated this alarm code "04" or the inverter stoppage code (ITC) "11" and the unit can not be operated. In this case, check to ensure the surge absorber (SA) on the noise filter (NF1). If the inside of the surge absorber is normal, turn OFF the power once and wait for PCB2's LED OFF and turn ON again.

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| Alarm code | Description |
|------------------|---|
| <u>[</u>]5 | Abnormality of picking up phase signal |
| The RUN LED flic | kers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. |
| The unit number, | the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit |

number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.

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- This alarm is displayed when the main power source phase is reversely connected or one phase is not connected.



| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Activation of reverse phase | Reverse or single phase | Check it according to the electrical wiring | Replacing wires, repair, tightening screws or correct wiring |
| | Faulty outdoor unit PCB1 | _ | Replace PCB1 if faulty |

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|--|--|--|--|---|
| Alarm code | | Description | | |
| <u>85</u> | | Excessively low or high volta | age for the inv | verter |
| This alarm coor insufficient and times, retry is p | le is displayed w I the alarm has performed. | when the voltage between terminal "P" and three occurrences in 30 minutes. In the cas | "N" of transistor m se that the occurre | nodule (IPM) is ence is smaller than two |
| Restart the ope | eration | PCB1: PCB: | Outdoor unit prin Indoor unit printe | ted circuit board d circuit board |
| Is the power supp voltage ±10% of th nominal voltage? | ly le | No | ↑ | Check the wiring and th cable capacity |
| Is the voltage over 323 | V during the | No | | |



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| Decrease of discharge gas superheat | |
|-------------------------------------|--|

The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch.

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- The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.
 - If the discharge gas superheat is below 10 °C at the top of the compressor for 30 minutes, the retry operation is
 performed. However, if the alarm occurs twice in addition to the first occurrence within two hours, this alarm code is
 displayed.



Troubleshooting procedure

Characteristics of thermistor

Characteristics of thermistor



| Phenomenon | Cause | | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|---|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Ref. cycle is di electrica Overcharge Faulty E | Ref. cycle is different from the electrical system | | Check the ref. cycle and the electrical system | Repair the wiring |
| | Overcharged refrigerant | | Measure the pressure. (Refer to "Test Run of SM".) | Correctly charge the refrigerant |
| | Ex. valve | Check expansion valve (refer to procedure of checking other main parts) | Replace the ex. valve if faulty | |
| Deense of the discharge see | | Fault | Replace PCB1 and check the operation | Replace PCB1 if faulty |
| Superheat Faulty P | Faulty PCB | Disconnected wires for the Ex. valve control | Check the connections | Repair the wiring connection |
| | | Fault | Check thermistor | Replace the thermistor if faulty |
| Faulty discharge gas thermistor | Incorrect mounting | Check the mounting state (Refer to Alarm code 07) | Correctly mount the thermistor | |
| | Incorrect connection | Check the connections | Remove looseness. Replace the connector or repair the connections | |

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Characteristics of thermistor

Thermistor characteristics



| Phenomenon | Cause | | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Ref. cycle is differ electrical s Undercharged | fferent from the I system | Check the ref. cycle and the electrical system | Repair the wiring | |
| | ed refrigerant | Check pressures | Correctly charge the refrigerant | |
| | Faulty E | x. valve | Check expansion valve (refer to procedure of checking other main parts) | Replace the ex. valve if faulty |
| Excessively high discharge | | Fault | Replace PCB1 and check the operation | Replace PCB1 if faulty |
| gas temperature (at top of Faulty P compressor) | Faulty PCB1 | Disconnected wires for the Ex. valve control | Check the connections | Repair the wiring connection |
| | | Fault | Measure the resistance of thermistor | Replace the thermistor if faulty |
| Faulty discharge gas thermistor | Faulty discharge gas thermistor | Incorrect mounting | Check the mounting state | Correctly mount the thermistor |
| | Incorrect connection | Check the connections | Remove looseness. Replace the connector or repair the connections | |

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| Alarm code | Description |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
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Abnormal operation of the thermistor for the indoor discharge air temperature (air outlet thermistor)

PCB1: Control PCB in Outdoor Unit

■ The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch.

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The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.

 This alarm code is displayed when the thermistor is short-circuited (less than 0.24 kΩ) or cut (greater than 840 kΩ) during the cooling process or the heating process. The system is automatically restarted when the fault is removed.



| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|---|-------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Foulty or outlet thermister | Fault | Check the resistance | Replace the thermistor if faulty |
| Faulty air outlet thermistor Incorrect connection | | Check the connection | Repair the wiring and connections |
| Faulty PCB | | Replace PCB and check the operation | Replace PCB if faulty |

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■ The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch.

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The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.

- This alarm code is displayed when the thermistor is short-circuited (less than 0.24 k Ω) or cut (greater than 840 k Ω) during the cooling process or the heating process. The system is automatically restarted when the fault is removed.



| Phenomenon Cause | | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|--------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Faulty freeze protection | Fault | Check the resistance | Replace the thermistor if faulty |
| thermistor | Incorrect connection | Check the wiring to PCB | Connect wiring correctly |
| Faulty PCB | | Replace PCB and check the operation | Replace PCB if faulty |

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| Alarm code | Description | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| {}-{ | Abnormal operation of the thermistor for the indoor unit heat exchanger gas refrigerant pipe temperature (gas piping thermistor) | | | | |
| The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. | | | | | |
| The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the displayed for the outdoor unit DCD4. | | | | | |

- This alarm code is displayed when the thermistor is short-circuited (less than 0.24 k Ω) or cut (greater than 840 k Ω) during the cooling process or the heating process. The system is automatically restarted when the fault is removed.



| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Foulty goo piping thermister | Fault | Check the resistance | Replace the thermistor if faulty |
| Faulty gas piping mermision | Incorrect connection | Check the wiring to PCB | Connect wiring correctly |
| Fault | / PCB | Replace PCB and check the operation | Replace PCB if faulty |



- The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch.
- The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section, and the alarm code is indicated on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.
 - This alarm code is indicated when the following condition occurs thre times in 30 minutes:

Indoor fan rotates less than 70 rpm for 5 seconds during operation.

Inspire the Next

When the cause is checked by means of this flow chart, confirm that fan speed setting is Hi



PCN15

-#2

PCN1

PCN7

RCI-Model

Electrical Box

sec. to perform the above operation "H".
(*4): With PCN15 on PCB connected, if a few volts are applied between VDC and PC4-#2 terminal on PCB, the PCB is normal. (Note) Even when the operation is stopped, 0.2V (Approx.) may be applied.

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| Troubleshooting | HITACHI Inspire the Next |
|------------------|--|
| Alarm code | Description |
| 17 | Activation of the protection device for the indoor fan motor (RPK) |
| The RUN LED flic | kers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. |

The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.

This alarm code is indicated when the following conditions occurs three times in 30 minutes.

* Indoor fan rotates less than 70rpm for 5 seconds during operation

Set air flow volume "Hi" before starting this check





| Phenomenon | Cause | | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---|---|
| | Faulty indoor unit fan motor | | Measure the coil resistance and the insulation resistance | Replace the motor if faulty |
| Activation of the internal | Faulty internal thermostat | Fault | Check the continuity after the fan motor temperature decreases to room temp | Replace the fan motor if there is no continuity |
| unit fan motor | | Insufficient contacting | Measure the resistance by means of the tester | Correct looseness. Replace the connectors |
| | | Incorrect connection | Check the connections | Repair the connections |

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| Troubleshooting | HITACHI Inspire the Next |
|-----------------|---|
| Alarm code | Description |
| 21 | Abnormal operation of the high-pressure sensor for the outdoor unit |
| | |

The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch.
 The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.
 This alarm code is displayed when the high pressure senser voltage decreases lower than 0.1 V or increases.





| Phenomenon Cause Check item | | Action (Turn OFF Main Switch) | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Faulty high processing concor | Fault | Check that the output voltage is correct | Replace the pressure sensor if faulty |
| Faulty high-pressure sensor | Incorrect connection | Check the connections | Repair the wiring and the connections |
| Faulty PCB1 | | Replace PCB1 and check the operation | Replace PCB1 if faulty |
| Indicated pressure value is excessively high or low | Malfunction of the pressure sensor due to a faulty check joint | Check the check joint for clogging | Replace the check joint |

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The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.

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This alarm code is displayed when the thermistor is short-circuited (less than 0.2 kΩ) or cut (greater than 500 kΩ) during the operation.



| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF Main Switch) |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Faulty thermistor for the outdoor | Fault | Check resistance | Replace thermistor if faulty |
| unit ambient | Incorrect connection | Check wiring to PCB1 | Repair wiring and connections |
| Faulty PCB1 | | Replace PCB1 and check operation | Replace PCB1 if faulty |

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| Alarm code | Description | |
|--|---|--|
| ĒĒ | Abnormal operation of thermistor for discharge gas temperature on the top of compressor chamber | |
| The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. | | |

The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.

- This alarm code is displayed when the thermistor is short-circuited (less than 0.9 kΩ) for one second or cut (greater than 5946 k Ω) during the operation. If you find an abnormal operation of the thermistor, check all the thermistors as shown below.







| Phenomenon Cause | | Check item | Action (Turn OFF Main Switch) |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Faulty thermistor for the | Fault | Check resistance | Replace thermistor if faulty |
| discharge gas | Incorrect connection | Check wiring to PCB1 | Repair wiring and connections |
| Faulty PCB1 | | Replace PCB1 and check operation | Replace PCB1 if faulty |
| Incorrect setting of DSW2 on PCB1 | | Check the setting of DSW2 on PCB1 | Correctly set DSW2 on PCB1 |

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Troubleshooting procedure

| Alarm code | Description |
|------------|--|
| | Abnormal operation of the thermistor for the evaporating temperature during the heating process (outdoor unit) |

■ The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch.

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- The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.
 - If you find an abnormal operation of the thermistor, check all the thermistors as shown below.
 - This alarm is indicated when the thermistor is shortcircuited (less than 0.2 k Ω) or cut (greater than 500 k Ω) during running.



| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF the main switch) |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Faulty thermistor for the | Fault | Check the resistance | Replace the thermistor if faulty |
| heating | Incorrect Connection | Check the wiring to PCB1 | Repair the wiring and the connections |
| Faulty PCB1 | | Replace PCB1 and check the operation | Replace PCB1 if faulty |

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| 29 | Abnormal operation of the low-pressure sensor for the outdoor unit |
|-----------------|--|
| Alarm code | Description |
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| Troubleshooting | ΗΙΤΑCΗΙ |
| | |

■ The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch.

The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.

- This alarm code is displayed when the low-pressure sensor voltage decreases lower than 0.1 V or increases higher than 4.9V during the operation



| Phenomenon | Cause Check item | | Action (Turn OFF Main Switch) |
|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Faulty low prossure concer | Fault | Check that the output voltage is correct | Replace the pressure sensor if faulty |
| Faulty low-pressure sensor | Incorrect connection | Check the connections | Repair the wiring and the connections |
| Faulty PCB1 | | Replace PCB1 and check the operation | Replace PCB1 if faulty |
| Indicated pressure value is excessively high or low | Malfunction of the pressure sensor due to a faulty check joint | Check the check joint for clogging | Replace the check joint |

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Troubleshooting procedure



| Phenomenon Cause | | Check item | Action (Turn OFF Main Switch) |
|--|--|--|---|
| Incorrect capacity setting of Indoor Unit | | Check combination of indoor units and capacity setting on PCB. | Correctly set dip switch, DSW3. |
| Incorrect capacity setting of Outdoor Unit | | Check capacity setting on outdoor unit PCB1. | Correctly set dip switch, DSW3 |
| Total Indoor Unit capacity connected to the Outdoor Unit is beyond the permissible range | | Check outdoor unit model by calculating total indoor units capacity. | Ensure that total indoor unit capacity is from 50% to 130%. |
| Refrigerant cycle setting of the outdoor unit and the indoor unit is different | | Check the refrigerant cycle setting on outdoor unit PCB1 and indoor unit PCB | Set them correctly. |

Refrigerant Cycle No. Setting

| Setting Switch | | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|
| 10 digit | 1 digit | | |
| ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 | Setting Position Set by inserting slotted screwdriver into the groove. | | |
| DSW4 | RSW1 | | |
| DSW5 | RSW2 | | |
| | Settin 10 digit 1 2 3 4 5 6 DSW4 DSW5 | | |

Ex.: In Case of Setting Refrigerant Cycle No. 25

)~; ~;



Turn ON No. 2 pin. Set Dial No.5. DSW and RSW setting before shipment is 0. Maximum in setting refrigerant cycle No. is 63.

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| Alarm code | Description | |
|---|--|--|
| 35 | Incorrect indoor number setting | |
| The RUN LED flid The unit number, number and the a This alarm coor connected to th Mote: In the case of DSW5 and RS | ckers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1. le is indicated 5 minutes after power is supplied to the outdoor unit when the indoor unit No. he outdoor unit is duplicated by setting of DSW and RSW H-LINK System, this alarm code is indicated when DSW4 and RSW1 of the outdoor unit PCB1 and W2 of the indoor unit PCB are incorrectly set. | |
| In this case, se refrigerant nun "35" may go O | et them correctly after turning OFF the main switch, and again turn ON the main switch. When the nber setting of outdoor unit (H-LINK II) and the one of outdoor unit (H-LINK) are duplicated, the alarm N and OFF repeatedly. | |
| | | |

PCB1: Control PCB in Outdoor Unit



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The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.

- This alarm code is indicated when AC 220V or 240V is not detected during inverter compressor stoppage.



| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF Main Switch) |
|-------------|-------|------------|----------------------------------|
| Faulty PCB1 | | | Replace PCB1 |

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| Alarm code | Description | |
|---|---|--|
| E P | Activation for protecting the system from the low compression ratio | |
| The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. | | |
| The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1. | | |

- This alarm code is displayed when a compression ratio , $\varepsilon = \{(Pd + 0.1) / (Ps + 0.06)\}$ is calculated from a discharge pressure (Pd MPa) and a suction pressure (Ps MPa), and the condition which is lower than $\varepsilon = 1.8$ occurs three or more than three times in one hour.



| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF Main Switch) |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| | Inverter is not functioning | Check the inverter | Repair the faulty part |
| | Compressor is not operating | Check the compressor | Replace the comp. if faulty |
| Excessively low compression ratio | Valve stoppage at medium position of 4-way valve | Measure the suction pipe temp. of the 4-way valve | Replace the 4-way valve if faulty |
| | Abnormal operation of the high-pressure sensor or the low-pressure sensor | Check the connector for PCB1, the power source and the pressure indication | Replace the sensor if faulty |
| | Excessively low air inlet temperature of the indoor unit | Check the indoor unit and the outdoor unit air temp. thermistor | Replace the thermistor if faulty |
| | Leakage of the solenoid valve (outdoor unit) | Check the solenoid valve | Replace SVA if leaking |

| Alarm code | Description | |
|---|--|--|
| ·_; ·_; | Activation for protecting the system from excessively low suction pressure | |
| The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. | | |
| The unit number the clarge and the unit and are alternately displayed on the act terms return certian. The unit | | |

The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.

 In case that compressor is operated under the condition that is higher than 1.5MPa of suction pressure (Ps) for 1 minute, all compressors are stopped and retry operation is started after 3 minutes. However the alarm code is indicated when same phenomenon is occurred at two times within the next 30 minutes.



| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF Main Switch) |
|----------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Excessively low suction pressure | Leakage of solenoid valve (SVA) | Check the outlet pipe temp of (SVA) | Check the connect wires. Replace (SVA) if faulty |
| | Valve stoppage at the medium position of the 4-way valve | Measure the suction gas temp. of 4-way valve | Replace the 4-way valve if faulty |
| | Abnormal suction pressure sensor | Check the connectors of PCB1 and the power source | Replace the sensor if faulty |
| | Excessively high indoor unit and outdoor unit suction air temperature | Check the indoor unit and the outdoor unit suction air temp. thermistor | Replace the thermistor if faulty |

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| Alarm code | Description | |
|---|---|--|
| 45 | Activation for protecting the system from excessively high discharge pressure | |
| The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. | | |

The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1.

 In case that compressor is operated under the condition that is higher than 3.8MPa of suction pressure (Pd) for 1 minute, all compressors are stopped and retry operation is started after 3 minutes. However the alarm code is indicated when same phenomenon is occurred at two times within the next 30 minutes.



| Phenomenon | Cause | Check item | Action (Turn OFF Main Switch) |
|--|--|--|--|
| | Leakage of SVA (outdoor unit) | Check the outlet temp. of SVA | Check the connection. Replace SVA if faulty |
| | Closed stop valve | Check the stop valve | Open the stop valve |
| Excessively high discharge pressure | Abnormal high-pressure sensor Check the connectors for PCB | | Replace the pressure sensor if faulty |
| | Excessively high air inlet temp. of the indoor unit and the outdoor unit | Check the thermistor for inlet air temp. of the indoor unit and the outdoor unit | Replace the thermistor if faulty |
| | Incorrect connection between indoor unit and outdoor unit | Check electrical system and ref. cycle | Correctly connect |
| | Locked Ex. valve with fully closed opening | Check the connector for PCB1 | Repair connector for PCB or ex. valve. Replace it if faulty |
| Stoppage of the indoor fan (wall type 1.0 to 3.0 only) | Blown out fuses | Check the continuity of fuses | Replace the fuses |
| | Faulty PCB | Replace PCB and check the operation | Replace PCB if faulty |

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Troubleshooting procedure

| Alarm code | Description | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| | Activation for protecting the system from excessively low suction pressure (protection from the vacuum operation) | | | |
| The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1. This alarm code is displayed when a suction pressure is lower than 0.09 MPa for over 12 minutes and the alarm occurs two or more times in one hour. | | | | |
| | | PCB1: Control PCB in Outdoor Unit PCB: Indoor Unit PCB | | |
| Is the amoun corr | t of refrigerant Yes rect? | Correctly charge the refrigerant | | |
| | No | | | |
| Is the outdoor op | unit stop valve No en? | Open the stop valve | | |
| | Yes | | | |
| Is the refrige | erant leaking? Yes | Repair the leaks | | |
| | No | | | |
| Is the suction por | mal? | Replace the suction pressure sensor if faulty | | |
| Are the electr fully closed | Yes onic ex. valves and locked? | Check the connection of the connectors and the circuit board. Replace the electronic ex. valves if faulty | | |
| | No | Note: In the case of H-LINK connection, check the refrigerant cycle setting on the outdoor unit PCB1 and the indoor unit PCB. | | |
| | during the cooling process and the indoor electronic expansion valve during the heating process | heck whether the connections of the electric riring and the refrigerant piping between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit are wrong | | |

| | | | • | |
|--|---|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Phenomenon | Cause | | Check item | Action (Turn OFF Main Switch) |
| | Shortage of refrigerant. | | Check the volume of charged refrigerant or check for leakage | Repair the leakage and correctly charge |
| | Closed stop valve | | Check the stop valve | Open the stop valve |
| Excessively low suction pressure | Abnormal low or high-pressure sensor | | Check the connector for PCB1 | Replace the pressure sensor if faulty |
| | Incorrect connection between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit | | Check the electrical system and the ref. cycle | Correctly connect between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit |
| | Locked Ex. valve | | Check the connector for PCB | Repair or replace the connector of PCB or the ex. valve |
| | Closed Ex disconnecting | x. valve by I Td thermistor | Check Td thermistors for compressors and measure Td thermistor resistance. | Repair or replace Td thermistor |
| | Faulty outdoor fan motor | | Measure the coil resistance and the insulation resistance | Replace the outdoor fan motor if faulty |
| Internal Thermostat for Outdoor Fan is Activated in Heating | | Fault | Check for the conduction after the temperature of the outdoor fan motor is decreased | Replace the outdoor fan motor |
| process | Faulty internal thermostat | Incorrect contact | Measure the resistance by means of the tester | Remove looseness and replace the connector |
| | | Incorrect | Check the connection | Connect correctly |

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| Troubleshooting | |

| Alarm code | Description | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| 48 | Activation of inverter overcurrent protection device (1) | | |
| The RUN LED flickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. The unit number, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1. The alarm code is indicated when inverter electronic thermal protection is activated at six times within 30 minutes. (Retry operation is performed up to five times.) Conditions of Activation: Inverter current with 105% of the rated current runs for 30 seconds continuously, or Inverter current runs intermittently and the accumulated time reaches up to 3 minutes, in 10 minutes. | | | |
| | P | CB1: Control PCB in Outdoor Unit CB2: Inverter PCB | |
| Is the cause of of troubleshootin display " | stoppage ", <i>FE</i> " ng by 7-segments 2" or "4"? | ► Refer to next page | |
| Restart | operation | ► Is discharge pressure high? | |
| Is the compress than activatio | sor current larger Yes | Check pressure and refrigeration cycle. | |
| | No | exchanger. | |
| | Smaller than activation current | Check the fan motor. | |
| Check the dio | bde module *2) Abnormal | Replace the diode module | |
| | Normal ▼ | | |
| Check the inver (PCB2) cor | Abnormal Abnormal | Connect it correctly | |
| | Normal | Transistor module (IPM) is faulty. Replace it | |

*1): Regarding the setting value of activation current, refer to the item "Specifications of inverter"
*2): Regarding replacing or the checking diode module, refer to the item "Procedure of checking other main parts".

*3): Regarding replacing or the checking method for inverter parts, refer to the item "Procedure of checking other main parts".

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| Alarm code | Description |
|---|--|
| 48 | Activation of inverter overcurrent protection device (2) |
| The RUN LED flicThe unit number, | kers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit |

number and the alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1. The alarm code is indicated when instantaneous overcurrent trip occurs at six times within 30 minutes. (Retry operation is performed up to five times.)

Conditions of Activation: Inverter current with 150% of the rated current.

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- other main parts".
- *2): Before checking of diode module, refer to the item "Procedure of checking other main parts".
- *3): Regarding the setting value of activation current, refer to the item "Specifications of inverter"

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| Alarm code | Description | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| 51 | Abnormality of current transformer | | |
| The RUN LED flig The unit number, number and the a In case that th abnormality or occurrence. | ckers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit larm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1. e abnormality of alarm code 51 or 54 occurs three times within 30 secons. the alarm code of curred for the thirs time is indicated. Retry operation is performed up to second time of abnormality | | |
| Condition of A When the fi absolute va | ctivation: equency of the compressor is maintained at 15~18Hz after the compressor is started, one of the lues of the running current at each phase U+, U-, V+ and V- is less than 1.5A (including 1.5A). | | |
| | PCB1: Control PCB in Outdoor Unit PCB2: Inverter PCB | | |
| Restart the operation | Current sensor is not passed through the power line of the compressor. Perform rewiring correctly. | | |
| How is the compl operation when res | essor tarted? | | |
| | Compressor does not operate. P17 is displayed on the 7-segment display on the Outdoor Unit PCB1 | | |
| | | | |
| | Is the coil resistance of the comp. normal? Ves | | |
| | Is output of PCB2 correct? *1) | | |
| | Is output of voltage between U-V, V-W, and W-V normal? Yes | | |
| | Replace PCB2 *2). | | |

*1: Perform the high voltage discharge work by referring to the item "*Procedure of checking other main parts*" before checking and replacing the inverter parts.



*1): Regarding replacing or checking method for the inverter components, refer to item "Procedure of checking other main parts".
 *2): Before the checking of inverter components, refer to item "Procedure of checking other main parts" regarding electrical discharge.

*3): Turn ON the No.1 switch of the dip switch DSW1 on PCB2 when restarting with disconnecting the terminals of the compressor. After troubleshooting, turn OFF the No.1 switch of the dip switch DSW1 on PCB2.

*4): Use the silicon grease provided as accessory (Service Parts No.: P22760).

Position of Surge Absorber (SA) (380~415V)

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When the unit is applied the excessive surge current due to lighting or other causes, it is indicated this alarm code "04" or the inverter stoppage code (ITC) "11" and the unit can not be operated. In this case, check to ensure the surge absorber (SA) on the noise filter (NF1). If the inside of the surge absorber is normal, turn OFF the power once and wait for PCB2's LED OFF and turn ON again.

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| Alarm code | Description |
|---|---|
| 54 | Increase in the inverter fin temperature |
| The RUN LED flic The unit number, number and the a In case that the abnormality oc occurrence. Conditions: Thi than 100 °C. | kers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit larm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB. e abnormality of alarm code 51 or 54 occurs three times within 30 seconds, the alarm code of curred for the third time is indicated. Retry operation is performed up to second time of abnormality is alarm is indicated when the temperature of the internal thermostat for transistor module is higher |



1*): Refer to section "*Procedure of checking other main parts*" for the replacing procedure and the checking procedure for the PCB2.





*1): Regarding replacing or checking method for the inverter components, refer to item "Procedure of checking other main parts".

*2): Before the checking of inverter components, refer to item "*Procedure of checking other main parts*". regarding electrical discharge.
*3): Turn ON the No.1 switch of the dip switch DSW1 on PCB2 when restarting with disconnecting the terminals of the compressor. After troubleshooting, turn OFF the No.1 switch of the dip switch DSW1 on PCB2.

*4): Use the silicon grease provided as accessory (Service Parts No.: P22760).

Position of Surge Absorber (SA) (380~415V)

Inspire the Next



When the unit is applied the excessive surge current due to lighting or other causes, it is indicated this alarm code "04" or the inverter stoppage code (ITC) "11" and the unit can not be operated. In this case, check to ensure the surge absorber (SA) on the noise filter (NF1). If the inside of the surge absorber is normal, turn OFF the power once and wait for PCB2's LED OFF and turn ON again.

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| Alarm code | Description | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 57 | Abnormal operation of DC fan motor protection | | |
| The RUN LED The unit number number and the — The fan mot seconds fror After that, if The abnorm | lickers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. r, the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temper alarm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1. or is stopped when the revolution pulse out put from the DC fan motor is 10 min in the fan operation starting. t occurs more than 9 times in 5 minutes, this alarm is indicated. ality occurs when the DC fan motor is stopped. | rature section. The unit n-1 or less after 10 | |
| Restar | operation PCB1: Control PC PCB2: Inverter PC | B in Outdoor Unit B | |
| Does the I | Yes C motor run? No Alarm code is not indicated | This alarm is indicated due to detected overcurrent by the contrary wind. This is normal. | |
| Does the fan a | Yes | Remove the foreign matter. | |
| Are the conne | Faulty Ctors abnormal? Good Restart operation | Connect it correctly. | |
| | Good Restart operation Yes | | |
| | No | This is normal | |
| Replace the | DC fan motor | | |
| Restar | ♥ operation | | |
| Does the I | Yes C motor run? Yes | This is normal | |
| | No Alarm code is not indicated | Replace the PCB1 or the fan controller | |
| | In the case that the fan PCB1 is replaced, repla | motor does not run even the ice the PCB2 | |
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| Alarm code | Description |
|------------|-----------------------|
| EE | Compressor protection |
| | |

■ This alarm code is displayed when one of the following alarms occurs three times within six hours. If the outdoor unit operates continuously without removing the cause of the alarm, the compressor may be seriously damaged.

| Alarm Code: | Content of Abnormality |
|-------------|---|
| 50 | Tripping of the protection device in the outdoor unit |
| רם | Decrease in the discharge gas superheat |
| 08 | Increase in the discharge gas temperature |
| ЧЭ | Pressure ratio decrease protection activating |
| ЧЧ | Low pressure increase protection activating |
| 45 | High pressure increase protection activating |
| 47 | Low pressure decrease protection activating |
| | · |

You can check these alarms by means of the check mode 1. Follow the action that is indicated in each alarm chart. You can clear these alarms only by turning OFF the main switch to the system. However, pay careful attention before starting, because there is a possibility of causing serious damages to the compressors.

| Alarm code Description | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 65 | Incorrect indoor unit setting | | | | | | |
| The RUN LED flic The unit number, number and the a ("35" is indicated if This alarm is in Turn OFF the p Conditions: Measurement: | kers and "ALARM" is displayed on the remote control switch. the alarm code and the unit code are alternately displayed on the set temperature section. The unit larm code are displayed on the display of the outdoor unit PCB1. n the disply of the remote control switch) idicated under the following conditions. power supply and check the setting of DSW and RSW. More than 17 non-FSN2 Series Indoor Unit (H-LINK) are connected to one system. Non-FSN2 Series Indoor Unit (H-LINK) should be 16 or less | | | | | | |

7.2.3. Troubleshooting in check mode

Use the 'OK' switch of the remote control in the following cases: 1. When the RUN LED is flickering.

- 2. To trace back the cause of the malfunction after restarting from the stoppage while the RUN LED is flickering.
- 3. To check during the normal operation or during the stoppage.
- 4. To monitor the inlet air temperature and the discharge air temperature.



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DRY A/C

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Although the wireless controller is used for the wall type indoor unit with the built-in receiver part, you can check the alarm code by connecting the PC-ART.



i NOTES:

- 1. The unit does not operate by pressing the operation switch.
- 2. The above function is available only when the alarm occurs.
- 3. The PCB check by means of the remote control switch is not available.
- 4. The indication is the data when you are connecting PC-ART. The indication is not the data before the alarm occurs.

Contents of the Check mode 1

The next indication is shown if you press the part " \triangle " of the TEMP switch.

If you press the part " \bigtriangledown " of the TEMP switch, the previous indication is shown.



Indication of micro-computer input/output



| PCB Relay | Part name |
|----------------|--|
| H2 | Relay for drain pump (MD) and/or dew heater (EHW). |
| 52H | Relay for electric heater (CEH) |
| Y211 | Relay for 4-way valve |
| Y52C1 | Relay for compressor |
| Y20A | Relay for Selonoid Valve (SVA2) |
| Y20B | Relay for Selonoid Valve (SVA1) |
| Y20F | Relay for Selonoid Valve (SVF) |
| Outdoor Fan | Relay for Outdoor Fan. |
| YCH | Relay for Cranckcase heater |

Indication of unit stoppage cause

 \downarrow

| | | | | - | | | |
|-------------------|---|-------------|-------|-----|----------------------------|--|---|
| | | | | | 00 | Operation OFF, Power OFF | |
| 11 | Cause of stoppage | | | | 01 | Inermo - OFF (Note 1) | |
| 14 | Cause of stoppage | | | | 02 | Alarm (Note 2) | |
| | | | | | 03 | Freeze protection, overheating protection | |
| | Ļ | | | | 05 | Instantaneous power failure at outdoor unit, reset (Note 3) | |
| | • | | | | 05 | Instantaneous power failure at indoor unit, reset (Note 4) | |
| | | | | | 07 | Stoppage of cooling process due to low outdoor temperature, stoppage of heating | |
| | | | | | | process due to high outdoor temperature | |
| | | | | | 08 | Compressor quantity changeover, stoppage (HP ³ 8) | |
| | | | | | 09 | Demand of 4-way valve changeover stoppage (FX only) | |
| | | | | | П | Demand, enforced stoppage | |
| | | | | | 11 | Retry due to pressure ratio decrease | |
| | | | | | 12 | Retry due to low pressure increase | |
| | | | | | 17 | Retry due to high pressure increase | |
| | | | | | 13 | Relividue to high pressure increase | |
| | | | | | 19 | Retry due to abnormal current of constant speed compressor (HP>12) | |
| | | | | | 15 | Retry due to abnormal high temperature of discharge gas, excessive low suction pres- | |
| | | | | | | sure | |
| | | | | | 16 | Retry due to decrease of discharge gas superneat | |
| | | | | | ריו | Retry due to inverter tripping | |
| | | | | | 18 | Retry due to voltage decrease | |
| | | | | | 19 | Expansion valve opening change protection | |
| | | | | | 20 | Operation mode changeover of indoor unit (Note 5) | |
| | | | | | | P (Enforced Thermo-OFF | |
| | | | | | | 22 Enforced Thermo-OEE hot start control at crankcase heater preheating | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Abno 15 | Abnormal operation occu Abnormal operation occurrence counter ↓ Instantaneous power failure occurrence | Irrence col | unter |] | 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. | Explanation of Terms Explanation of Terms Thermo-ON: A condition where an indoor unit is requesting the compressor to operate. Thermo-OFF: A condition where an indoor unit is not requesting the compressor to operate. Even if stoppage is caused by "Alarm", "02" is not always displayed. If the transmission between the inverter printed circuit board and the control printed circuit board is not performed during 30 seconds, the stoppage cause is d1-05 and the alarm code "04" may be displayed. If the transmission between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit is not performed during three minutes, the Indoor Units are stopped. In this case, the stoppage cause is d1-06 and the alarm code "03" may be displayed. In the system "20" will be indicated at the diference between indoor units. | 7 |
| | counter in indoor unit | /_ /_ | | | | | |
| L | | | | 」 | Coun | table up to 99. | |
| | \downarrow | | | | Ovor | 00 times "00" is always displayed | |
| 17 | Transmission error occurrence counter between remote control switch and indoor unit | EB | | | | NOTE: If a transmission error continues for three minutes, one is added to the occurrence counter. | |
| | * | 1 | | - I | ~ | | |
| 18 | Abnormal operation occurrence counter on inverter | EЧ | | | 2. | The memorized data can be cancelled by the method which is explained in section 7.3.1 "Self-checking Procedure of PCB by means of the Remote Control Switch". | |
| | \downarrow | | | | | | |
| Indic | ation of automatic lo | ouver cond | ition | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | | | |
| 19 | Louver sensor | F { | | | | | |

Compressor pressure/frequency indication



Indoor unit capacity indication



Expansion opening indication





Estimated electric current indication



Returns to Temperature indication

The capacity of the indoor unit is indicated as shown in the table below.

| Indication code | Equivalent capacity (HP) |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 06 | 0.8 |
| 08 | 1.0 |
| 10 | 1.3 |
| 13 | 1.5 |
| 14 | 1.8 |
| 16 | 2.0 |
| 18 | 2.3 |
| 20 | 2.5 |
| 22 | 2.8 |
| 26 | 3.0/3.5 |
| 32 | 4.0 |
| 40 | 5.0 |
| 48 | 6.0 |
| 64 | 8.0 |
| 80 | 10.0 |

"n" indicates the total number of Indoor Units:

| l~₽ | R | Ь | Ľ | đ | Ε | F | Ľ |
|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1~9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |

J3: 01 ~ 16 (01: when shipment (DSW5), Decimal indication

J4: 00 ~ 0F (00: when shipment (DSW5), Indication with 16 numbers

In case of models without the expansion valve (MV2), the same figure is displayed

The total current is displayed when several compressors are running. In case of the inverter compressor, the running current of the primary side of the inverter is displayed.

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Contents of the Check mode 2

When more than three indoor units are connected to one remote control switch, the latest data of only the first three indoor units that are connected serially are displayed.

If you press the part " \odot " of the TEMP switch, the next display appears. If you press the part " \odot " of the TEMP switch, the previous display appears.



The average temperature of running compressors is indicated

Compressor pressure/frequency indication



Estimated electric current indication

expansion valve opening (%)

14

92

99

 15
 Compressor running current (A)
 Image: Compressor running current (A)
 Image: Compressor running current (A)

Returns to temperature indication

120

7.2.4. Troubleshooting by means of the 7 segment display

Simple checking by 7-segment display

| 1 | Turn ON all Indoor Inits connected to the Outdoor Unit |
|---|--|
| 2 | Turn ON the Outdoor Unit |
| 3 | Auto-addressing starts |

Outdoor Unit, Circuit Board, PCB1

During auto-addressing, the following items can be checked using the outdoor unit's on-board 7-segment LED display:

- 1 Disconnection of power supply to the indoor unit.
- 2 Reverse connection of the operating line between the outdoor and indoor units.
- 3 Duplication of indoor unit number.

Checking method by 7-segment display

Operating conditions and each part of refrigeration cycle can be checked by 7-segment display and push switches (PSW) on the PCB1 in the Outdoor Unit. During checking data, do not touch the electric parts except for the indicated switches because 220-240V is applied to them. Pay attention not to contact the tools with electrical parts. If contacted, electrical parts will be damaged

PSW switches



Checking procedure:

- To start checking, press PSW2 switch for more than three seconds.
- To proceed checking (forward), press the PSW2 switch for less than two seconds.
- To go back to the previous item (backward), press the PSW3 switch for less than two seconds.
- To cancel this checking, press the PSW2 switch for more than 3 seconds. The dfisplay will change to the indication one step before. Then press the PSW2 switch once again for more than three seconds.

SEG2 SEG1

7-segments display



Make sure that the checking mode is cancelled after the checking. Otherwise you may cause a malfunction.

| No. | ltem | Indication | | | Data | Values | Units | |
|-----|--------------------------------|------------|-----|--|--------------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| 01 | Output state of micro-computer | | 5 E | | (see figure below) | (see table below) | | • |



| PCB Relay | Part name | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Y20A1~A5 | Relay for solenoid valve (SVA1~5) | | | | |
| Y20B Y20C Y20G Y20CHG Y20F1 | Relay for solenoid valve (SVB/C/G/CHG/F1) | | | | |
| Y52C1~5 | Relay for compressor | | | | |
| Y211 Y212 | Relay for 4-way valve | | | | |
| YCH1 | Relay for crankcase heater | | | | |
| DC FAN1, 2 | Relay for 1st and 3rd fan at inverter speed | | | | |
| YMFC3, 4 | Relay for 2nd and 4th fan at constant speed | | | | |

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Note: Shadowed items are applicable only to FSN2 series

| No. | Item | Indicat | ion | | Data | | | Values | Units |
|-----|---|------------|-----|---|------|---|---|--------------|---------------|
| 02 | Total of Thermo-ON indoor unit capacity | | ā | F | E | Ē | Ω | 0 ~ 9999 | x1/8 HP |
| 03 | Running frequency of inverter compressor MC1 | | Н | 1 | | ŗ | 4 | 0 ~ 115 | Hz |
| 04 | Number of running compressors | | Ľ | Ľ | | | 5 | 0~5 | |
| 05 | Air flow rate | | F | ū | | { | 5 | 0 ~ 16 | (Fan step) |
| 06 | Outdoor expansion valve MV1 opening | ā | E | { | | 4 | Ę | 0 ~ 100 | % |
| 07 | Outdoor expansion valve MV2 opening (for 14 to 48HP) | ā | E | Ę | | 4 | Ę | 0 ~ 100 | % |
| 08 | Outdoor expansion valve MV3 opening (for 26 to 48HP) | ۵ | E | Ξ | | 4 | Ę | 0 ~ 100 | % |
| 09 | Outdoor expansion valve MV4 opening (for 44 to 48HP) | ٩ | E | 4 | | 4 | Ę | 0 ~ 100 | % |
| 10 | Outdoor expansion valve MVB opening | ۵ | E | 5 | | 1 | E | 0 ~ 100 | % |
| 11 | Discharge pressure (high) | | F | đ | Ē. | 8 | | -0.55 ~ 5.52 | MPa |
| 12 | Suction pressure (low) | | F | 5 | ₽. | 5 | | -0.22 ~ 2.21 | MPa |
| 13 | Discharge gas temp. on the top of compressor MC1 (TD1) | ;- | đ | 1 | | B | Ę | 1 ~ 142 | °C |
| 14 | Discharge gas temp. on the top of compressor MC2 (TD2) (for 14 to 48HP) | ,- | đ | Ē | | 8 | 5 | 1 ~ 142 | °C |
| 15 | Discharge gas temp. on the top of compressor MC3 (TD3) (for 18 to 48HP) | ,- | đ | Ξ | | 8 | | 1 ~ 142 | °C |
| 16 | Discharge gas temp. on the top of compressor MC4 (TD4) (for 30 to 48HP) | , - | đ | 4 | | 8 | 2 | 1 ~ 142 | °C |

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| No. | Item | Indication | | Data | | | Values | Units | |
|-----|---|------------|----|------|--|------|--------|--|----|
| 17 | Discharge gas temp. on the top of compressor MC5 (TD5) (for 38 to 48HP) | ,- | đ | 5 | | 8 | 4 | 1 ~ 142 | °C |
| 18 | Evaporating temperature TE1 at heating | , | E | 1 | | | ק | -46 ~ 80 (-127 = Open circuited) (127 = Short circuited) | °C |
| 19 | Evaporating temperature TE2 at heating (for 14 to 48HP) | , | Ę | Ę | | | ק | -46 ~ 80 (-127 = Open circuited) (127 = Short circuited) | °C |
| 20 | Evaporating temperature TE3 at heating (for 26 to 48HP) | , | E | FT | | | Ē | -46 ~ 80 (-127 = Open circuited) (127 = Short circuited) | °C |
| 21 | Evaporating temperature TE4 at heating (for 44 to 48HP) | ,- | E | Ч | | | Ę | -46 ~ 80 (-127 = Open circuited) (127 = Short circuited) | °C |
| 22 | Ambient temperature (Ta) | | ,- | ā | | | ŗ | -46 ~ 80 (-127 = Open circuited) (127 = Short circuited) | °C |
| 23 | Auto-Charge temperature | ;- | Ľ | Н | | Ξ | | -46 ~ 80 (-127 = Open circuited) (127 = Short circuited) | °C |
| 24 | Supercooling temperature | ,- | 5 | Ľ | | 1 | 5 | -46 ~ 80 (-127 = Open circuited) (127 = Short circuited) | °C |
| 25 | Estimated running current of compressor MC1 | | R | { | | יבֿי | Π | 000 ~ 255 | А |
| 26 | Estimated running current of compressor MC2 (for 14 to 48HP) | | R | Ę | | E | 1 | 000 ~ 255 | А |
| 27 | Estimated running current of compressor MC3 (for 18 to 48HP) | | R | F | | Ξ | 1 | 000 ~ 255 | А |
| 28 | Estimated running current of compressor MC4 (for 30 to 48HP) | | R | 4 | | E | 1 | 000 ~ 255 | А |
| 29 | Estimated running current of compressor MC5 (for 38 to 48HP) | | R | 5 | | Ξ | 1 | 000 ~ 255 | A |
| | | | E | 00 | | Ч | 5 | | |
| 30 | opening (from 0 to 63) | | ~ | | | ~ | | 0 ~ 100 | % |
| | | • | E | 53 | | | בֿי | | |

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| No. | Item | Indication Data | | Values | Units | | | |
|-----|---|-----------------|--------|--------|----------------|---|--|--------|
| | Indoor unit heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature (freeze protection) (from 0 to 63) | | Ļ | 00 | E | 5 | | |
| 31 | | | ~ | 63 | Ē | 5 | -62 ~ 127 | °C |
| | Indoor unit heat exchanger gas | ;- | 5 | 00 | 5 | Π | | |
| 32 | pipe temperature. (from 0 to 63) | ;- | Ē | 53 | - 4 | 8 | -62 ~ 127 | °C |
| | Indoor unit air inlet | ;- | , | 00 | Ē | | | |
| 33 | 33 temperature. (from 0 to 63) | | ~ | 53 | ~ , | | -62 ~ 127 | °C |
| | | | Þ | 00 | 4 | | | |
| 34 | 34 temperature. (from 0 to63) | <i>,</i> - | ~ | 63 | Ĩ | | -62 ~ 127 | °C |
| | | | R | 00 | E | Ē | (No.0 Unit) 6 ~ 160 | |
| 35 | Indoor unit capacity setting. (from 0 to 63) | ŗ | - R | 53 | ~ | 5 | (No. 63 Unit) 6 ~ 160 | x1/8HP |
| | | đ | 1 | 00 | | | (No.0 Unit) 0 ~ 99 | |
| 36 | 36 Indoor unit cause of stoppage. (from 0 to 63) | | ~ | 53 | ~ | { | (No. 63 Unit) 0 ~ 99 | |
| 37 | Pressure ratio fall protection degeneration control | ŗ | 1 | 1 | | | 0: not in operation 1: in operation | |
| 38 | High pressure rise protection degeneration control | Ľ | 1 | F | | { | 0: not in operation 1: in operation | |
| 39 | Inverter fin temperature increase protection degeneration control | Ľ | { | 4 | | | 0: not in operation 1: in operation | |

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| No. | Item | Indicat | ion | | Data | | | Values | Units |
|-----|--|---------|-----|------|------|---|---|--|--------------------|
| 40 | Discharge gas temp. decrease protection degeneration control | Ľ | { | ы | | | | 0: not in operation 1: in operation | |
| 41 | Discharge gas temp. increase protection degeneration control | ľ | { | 8 | | | Ω | 0: not in operation 1: in operation | |
| 42 | Current protection degeneration control | ľ | { | 7 | | | Ω | 0: not in operation 1: in operation | |
| 43 | Total accumulated hours of compressor MC1 | Ľ | Ļ | 1 | л, | 1 | 9 | 0 ~ 9999 | x10 times hours |
| 44 | Total accumulated hours of compressor MC2 (for 14 to 48HP) | L | ŗ | ไป | л, | 1 | 9 | 0 ~ 9999 | x10 times hours |
| 45 | Total accumulated hours of compressor MC3 (for 18 to 48HP) | L | | | ЙJ | 1 | 9 | 0 ~ 9999 | x10 times hours |
| 46 | Total accumulated hours of compressor MC4 (for 26 to 48HP) | L | | L. | ГЦ | { | 9 | 0 ~ 9999 | x10 times hours |
| 47 | Total accumulated hours of compressor MC5 (for 44 to 48HP) | Ц | L. | ក្រា | Ц. | 1 | 9 | 0 ~ 9999 | x10 times hours |
| 48 | Total accumulated hours of compressor MC1 | ELI | | 1 | | { | 9 | 0 ~ 9999 | x10 times hours |
| 49 | Total accumulated hours of compressor MC2 (for 14 to 48HP) | ELI | | Ŀ | Ē | { | 9 | 0 ~ 9999 | x10 times hours |
| 50 | Total accumulated hours of compressor MC3 (for 18 to 48HP) | ELI | 1 | FT | ΓĽ | { | 9 | 0 ~ 9999 | x10 times hours |
| 51 | Total accumulated hours of compressor MC4 (for 26 to 48HP) | ELI | | 4 | ľ. | { | 9 | 0 ~ 9999 | x10 times hours |
| 52 | Total accumulated hours of compressor MC5 (for 44 to 48HP) | ELI | ļ | 5 | ľ | 1 | 9 | 0 ~ 9999 | x10 times hours |
| 53 | The latest alarm code cause of stoppage at outdoor unit | | R | Ľ | | | { | 0 ~ 99 | |
| 54 | Cause code of stoppage at inverter | , | ;- | Ľ | | | Ē | 0 ~ 16 | |
| 55 | Cause code of stoppage at fan motor controller 1 | F | , | Γι | | | | 0~16 | |
| 56 | Cause code of stoppage at fan motor controller 2 | F | ;- | 52 | | 1 | { | 0 ~ 16 | |

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Troubleshooting procedure

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| No. Item | | Indication | | | Data | | | Values | Units | ; | |
|---|---------|--|---|---|------|----------------|----------|----------|--|-----|-------------------------|
| | | (Hystory No. 1) The latest failure | ī | ū | 01 | | ٦ י | 7 | Integrated hours at alarm in indicated | - | ched in |
| 57 Fa his | Failure | (Hystory No. 2) | Ē | Q | 02 | Ŗ | | 48 | Cause of stoppage | | atically swit second |
| | history | | | ~ | | 1 | , | יבי | ITC indication | | on is autom every 1 |
| | | (Hystory No. 15) The oldest failure | Ĺ | Ū | 15 | F | { | | FTC indication | | Indicatio |
| 58 Total capacity setting of indoor unit | | | Ľ | P | FT | 5 | | 0 ~ 9999 | x1/8 | ЗНР | |
| 59 Total quantity of combined indoor unit | | 9 Total quantity of combined indoor unit | | R | R | | | B | 0 ~ 64 | ur | iits |
| 60 Address of refrigerant system | | | 5 | R | | | | 0 ~ 63 | | | |
| | | | | | | Returr "SC" | n to Sta | art | | | |

Reset for accumulated operation time of compressor 1-5 after maintenance (cUJ1-cUJ5)

Procedure

Press PSW1 for 5 seconds while the accumulated operation time of compressor data is displayed.

Example of compressor 1

 $\mathsf{PSW2} \uparrow \downarrow \mathsf{PSW3}$



PSW2 ↑↓ PSW3



↓

The indication will be changed to "0" (The accumulated operation time of compressor 1 is "0"



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■ Inverter primary current

The inverter primary current is estimated from the running current of the compressor MC1 displayed on the 7 segment display, as chart.



Displayed running current of the compressor MC2, MC3, MC4, MC5 The running current of the compressor MC2, MC3, MC4, MC5 is detected by the current sensor. (CT2 ~ CT5)

Cause code of stoppage for the inverter (content of check item " J L")

| Code | Cause | Cause of stoppage | Remark | | |
|------|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--|
| | | for correspondign unit | Indication during retry | Alarm code | |
| 1 | Automatic stoppage of the transistor module (IPM Error) (overcurrent, decrease voltage, increase temperature) | ריו | רו ק | 53 | |
| Ę | Instantaneous overcurrent | ריו | P 17 | 48 | |
| Ξ | Abnormal inverter fin thermistor | ריו | P 17 | 54 | |
| Ч | Electronic thermal activation | ריו | P 17 | 48 | |
| 5 | Inverter voltage decrease (Insufficient Voltage) | 18 | P (8 | 06 | |
| 5 | Voltage increase | 18 | P (8 | 06 | |
| 7 | Abnormal inverter transmission | - | - | ŪЧ | |
| 8 | Abnormal current sensor | ריו | רו ק | 51 | |
| 9 | Instantaneous power failure detection | 18 | - | - | |
| 11 | Reset of micro-computer for inverter | 18 | - | 53 | |
| 12 | Earth fault detection for compressor (only starting) | ריו | P 17 | <u>04,53</u> | |
| El | Abnormal power source phase | 18 | - | - | |
| 15 | Inverter retry | 18 | P (8 | 55 | |

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Cause code of stoppage for Fan Controller (content of check item "Fr L")

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| Code | Cause |
|------|---|
| 1 | Automatic stoppage of the transistor module (IPM Error) (overcurrent, decrease voltage, increase temperature) |
| Ę | Instantaneous overcurrent |
| 3 | Abnormal inverter fin thermistor |
| Ч | Electronic thermal activation |
| 5 | Inverter voltage decrease (Insufficient Voltage) |
| 5 | Voltage increase |
| 7 | Abnormal Inverter transmission |
| 11 | Reset of micro-computer for inverter |
| 13 | Abnormal power source phase |
| 14 | Abnormality of detection for fan motor position |
| 15 | Fan controller retry |

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7.2.6. Protection control code on the 7-segment display

- 1. Protection control code is displayed on 7-segment when a protection control is activated.
- 2. Protection control code is displayed while function is working, and goes out when released.
- 3. When several protection control are activated, code number with higher priority will be indicated (see below for the priority order).
 - Higher priority is given to protection control related to frequency control than the other.

| Priority | Protection control |
|----------|---|
| 1 | Pressure ratio control |
| 2 | High-pressure rise protection |
| 3 | Current protection |
| 4 | Inverter fan temperature rise protection |
| 5 | Discharge gas temperature rise protection |

| Priority | Protection control |
|----------|--|
| 6 | Low-pressure decrease protection |
| 7 | 4-way valve switching control |
| 8 | Low-pressure increase protection |
| 9 | Demand current control (running current limit control) |

 In relation to retry control, the latest retrial will be indicated unless a protection control related to frequency control is indicated.

| Code | Protection control |
|------|---|
| P0 (| Pressure ratio control (*) |
| P02 | High pressure rise protection (*) |
| POB | Inverter current protection (*) |
| POY | Inverter fin temp rise protection |
| POS | Discharge gas temperature increase protection (*) |
| P06 | Low pressure decrease protection |
| P09 | High pressure decrease protection |
| РОЯ | Demand current control (Running current limit control) |
| POd | Low pressure increase protection (*) |

| Code | Protection control |
|-------|---|
| P ((| Pressure ratio decrease retry |
| P 12 | Low pressure increase retry |
| P (3 | High pressure increase retry |
| P 15 | Vacuum/discharge gas temperature increase retry |
| P 15 | Discharge gas SUPERHEAT decrease retry |
| רי ק | Inverter trip retry |
| P 18 | Insuffcient voltage/excessive voltage retry |
| P26 | Hifh pressure decrease retry |

- The retry indication continues for 30 minutes unless a protection control is displayed.
- The retry indication disappears if the stop signal comes from all the rooms.

i

The protection control code that is displayed on the 7 segment display changes to an alarm code when the abnormal operation occurs. Also, the same alarm code is displayed on the remote control switch.

In the case that degeneration control is activated, \varPi is indicated instead of \varPi (* mark)

7.2.7. Activating condition of the protection control code

To monitor the conditions such as the temperature change and others, the control of the frequency and other controls are performed by the protection control in order to prevent the abnormal operations. The activating conditions of the protection control are shown in the table below:

i Note:

Shadowed items are applicable only to FSN2 series

| Code | Protection control | Activating condition | Remarks | |
|------|--|---|--|-----|
| P0 (| Pressure ratio control | Compression ratio $\ge 9 \rightarrow$ Frequency decrease (Pd+0.1(Ps+0.06)) $\le 2.2 \rightarrow$ Frequency increase | Ps: Suction pressure of compressor [Mpa] Pd: Discharge pressure of compressor [Mpa] | |
| P02 | High-pressure increase protection | Pd ≥ 3.6 Mpa (36kgf/cm ² G) \rightarrow Frequency decrease | | |
| PD3 | Inverter current protection | Inverter output current \ge 23.5A (380-415V) \rightarrow Frequency decrease | - | |
| РОЧ | Inverter fin temp. increase protection | Inverter fin temp. \ge 89°C \rightarrow Frequency decrease | - | |
| РОЧ. | Fan motor controller fin temperature increase protection | Fan motor controller fin temperature ≥ 100 °C | | |
| POS | Discharge gas temperature increase protection | Temperature at the top of compressor is high \rightarrow Frequency decrease (Maximum temperature is different depending on the frequency) | - | |
| P05 | Low-pressure decrease protection | Low-pressure is excessively low→ Frequency decrease (Minimum pressure is different depending on the ambient temperature) | - | |
| РОЛ | Reversing valve switching control | When switching ΔP <1.0MPa \rightarrow Frequency increase ΔP >1.3MPa \rightarrow Frequency decrease | ΔP = Pd - Ps | |
| P08 | Oil return control | Frequency less than (a) is maintained for more than 1 hour \rightarrow Frequency \geq (a) | | (a) |
| | | | Cooling operation | 75 |
| | | | Heating operation | 84 |
| P09 | High-pressure decrease protection | Discharge pressure of compressor decrease \rightarrow Frequency increase | | |
| PDR | Demand current control (Running current imit control) | Compressor run current ≥ Demand setting value → Frequency decrease | Demand current setting value: Upper limit of total running current is set to 80%, 70%, 60% at normal operation using input on PCB1 | |
| POE | Discharge gas SUPERHEAT decrease protection | Temperature of discharge gas is low (Td1 < Pd saturation temperature + 15 °C) \rightarrow Frequency increase (Frequency is different depending on temperature of discharge gas) | | |
| POd | Low-pressure increase protection | Low pressure \ge 1.3MPa \rightarrow Frequency increase | | |
| P | Pressure ratio decrease retry | Compression ratio (Pd+0.1/(Ps+0.06)≤1.8) | When it activates three times in 30 minutes, the alarm code "43" is displayed | |
| P 12 | Low-pressure increase retry | Ps>1.5MPa | When it activates three times in 30 minutes, the alarm code "44" is displayed | |
| P 13 | High-pressure increase retry | Pd>3.8MPa | When it activates three times in 30 minutes, the alarm code "45" is displayed | |
| P IH | Overcurrent retry of constant speed compressor | Current ≥ Maximum value (*1), or Current<1.0A | When it activates three times in 30 minutes, the alarm code "39" is displayed | |
1

| Code | Protection control | Activating condition | Remarks | |
|--------|---|---|--|--|
| P (5 | Vacuum/discharge gas temperature increase retry | In Case of Ps<0.09MPa for over 12 minutes, or discharge gas temperature ≥ 132°C for over ten minutes or discharge gas temperature ≥ 140 °C for over five seconds | When it activates three times in one hour, the alarm codes "47" (Ps) or "08" (Discharge gas) are displayed | |
| P 15 | Discharge gas SUPERHEAT decrease retry | Discharge gas SUPERHEAT less than ten (10) degrees is maintained for 30 minutes | When it activates three times in two hours, the alarm code "07" is displayed | |
| רי ק | Inverter trip retry | Automatic stoppage of transistor module, activation of electronic thermal or abnormal current sensor | When activating three times in 30 minutes, "48", "51" and "53" alarm is indicated | |
| רי די. | Fan motor controller trip retry | Automatic stoppage of fan controller (Electronic thermal activation or Micro-computer reset) | | |
| P 18 | Insufficient voltage/ excessive voltage retry | Insufficient/excessive voltage at the inverter circuit or CB connector part | When it activates three times in 30 minutes, the alarm code "06" is displayed | |
| P26 | High pressure decrease retry | Pd < 1.00MPa for 1 hour | No alarm | |
| PZT | AC fan motor protection device retry | Activation of internal thermostat of outdoor AC fan motor | When it activates three times in 30 minutes, the alarm code "09" is displayed | |

Ps: Suction pressure of compressor Pd: Discharge pressure of compressor

8. Spare parts

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| 8. | Spa | re parts | 133 |
|----|------|--|-----|
| | 8.1. | RAS-8~12FSNM(E) Structural and cycle parts | 134 |
| | 8.2. | RAS-8~12FSNM(E) Electrical parts | 136 |

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| No. | Part Name | Remarks |
|------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | Cabinet Panel | Shroud |
| 2 | Bell Mouse | |
| 3 | Air Grille | Air Outlet |
| 4 | Handle | |
| 5 | Cabinet Panel | Service Cover |
| 6 | Cabinet Panel | Lower Service Cover |
| 7 | Cabinet Panel | Upper Cover |
| 8 | Protection Net | |
| 9 | Cabinet Panel | Rear Cover |
| 10 | Piping Cover | Rear Piping Cover |
| 11 | H-Cover | |
| 12 | Screw | SUS, M5 |
| 13 | | |
| 14 | Motor Clamp | |
| 15 | Fan Motor | DC Fan Motor, MOF1 / DC170W, 8P |
| 16 | Fan Motor | AC Fan Motor, MOF2 / AC101W, 6P |
| 17 | Fan Motor | AC Fan Motor, MOF2 / AC115W, 6P |
| 18 | Fan Motor | AC Fan Motor, MOF2 / AC183W, 6P |
| 19 | Screw | SUS, M6 |
| 20 | Screw | SUS, M8 |
| 21 | Propeller Fan | f544 |
| 22 | Closing Nut | |
| 23 | Washer | |
| 24 | Piping Cover | Bottom Piping Cover |
| 25 | Cabinet Panel | Side Cover |
| 26 | Compressor | E656DHD-65D2 |
| 27 | Vibration Absorber | |
| 28 | Vibration Absorber | |
| 29 | Nut | |
| 30 | Oil Heater | 40.8W |
| 31 | Soundproof Cover | |
| 32 | Rubber Cap | |
| 33 | Heat Exchanger | Lower Side |
| 34 | Heat Exchanger | Lower Side |
| 35 | Heat Exchanger | Upper Side |
| 36 | Heat Exchanger | Upper Side |
| 37 | Partition Plate | Assy |
| 38 | Accumulator | |
| 39 | EVO Assy | Assy |
| 39-1 | Expansion Valve | MV: Saginimiya, UKV-32D28 |
| 39-2 | Coil | for MV: Saginimiya, UKV-U029E |
| 39-3 | Strainer | |
| 40 | Piping Assy | |
| 41 | Piping Assy | |

| No. | Part Name | Remarks | |
|------|---------------------------|--|--|
| 42 | Reversing Valve | Saginomiya, STF-0712G | |
| 43 | Coil | RVR: Saginomiya, STF- 01AJ502D1 | |
| 44 | Check Valve | Nichiden Kougyou, ZGY-S55B-A | |
| 45 | Pressure Switch | PSH (High): Saginomiya. ACB- 1UB34 | |
| 46 | Solenoid Valve | SVA: Nichiden Kougyou, SR10D | |
| 47 | Coil | for SVA: Nichiden Kougyou, SR10PA | |
| 48 | Strainer | | |
| 49 | PGC Joint | | |
| 50 | Pressure Sensor | Saginomiya, NSK-BD050F-102 (for Discharge Side) | |
| 51 | Check Joint | | |
| 52 | Oil Separator | | |
| 53 | Stop Valve | for Liquid Line | |
| 54 | Stop Valve | for Liquid Line | |
| 55 | Stop Valve | for Gas Line | |
| 56 | Valve Stay | | |
| 57 | Screw | M5 | |
| 58 | Solenoid Valve Assy | SVF Assy | |
| 58-1 | Solenoid Valve | SVF: Nichden Kougyou, SR10D | |
| 58-2 | Coil | for SVF: Nichiden Kougyou, SR10PA | |
| 58-3 | Capillary Tube Assy | | |
| 58-4 | Strainer | | |
| 59 | Piping Assy | S-Pipe Assy | |
| 59-1 | Strainer | | |
| 59-2 | PGC Joint | | |
| 59-3 | Pressure Sensor | Saginomiya, NSK-BD020F-102 (for Suction Side) | |
| 60 | Thermo Attaching Plate | | |
| 61 | Screw | SUS, M5 | |
| 62 | HITACHI Label | | |
| 63 | Thermistor | ТА | |
| 64 | Thermistor | TE | |
| 65 | Thermistor | TD | |
| 66 | Accessory Pipe | | |
| 67 | Accessory Pipe | | |
| 68 | Accessory Pipe | | |

8

8.2. RAS-8~12FSNM(E) Electrical parts









| HITACHI |
|------------------|
| Inspire the Next |

| No. | Part Name | Remarks |
|-----|---------------------------|--|
| 1 | Attaching P-Plate Assy | |
| 2 | Attaching P-Plate Assy | |
| 3 | Attaching P-Plate Assy | |
| 4 | Attaching P-Plate | |
| 5 | Printed Circuit Board | PO081-S |
| 6 | Printed Circuit Board | PO084 |
| 7 | Printed Circuit Board | P0083-S |
| 8 | Plastic Material | Spacer |
| 9 | Plastic Material | Spacer |
| 10 | Transformer | |
| 11 | Terminal Board | 4P, M5, 600VAC 50A for Power Source |
| 12 | Terminal Board | 4P, M4, 250VAC 20A for Transmitting |
| 13 | Capacitor | 440VAC, 7µF |
| 14 | Capacitor | 440VAC, 8µF |
| 15 | Capacitor | 440VAC, 10µF |
| 16 | Noise Filter | |
| 17 | Plastic Material | Holder |
| 18 | Fuse Holder | |
| 19 | Fuse | 40A |

| No. | Part Name | Remarks |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| 20 | Power Plate Assy | |
| 21 | Power Plate | |
| 22 | Radiation Fin | |
| 23 | Diode Module | |
| 24 | Transistor Module | |
| 25 | Printed Circuit Board | PV041-S for Inverter |
| 26 | Plastic Material | Collar |
| 27 | Plastic Material | Bush |
| 28 | Plastic Material | Spacer |
| 29 | Mag. Contactor | CMC1: Fuji Electric Co. Ltd, FC-0/ SP |
| 30 | Resistor | RS1, RS2 |
| 31 | Reactor | DCL |
| 32 | Capacitor | 400VAC□4700µF |
| 33 | Saddle | |
| 34 | Fin Cover | |
| 35 | Thermistor | Fin Thermistor |
| 36 | Resistor | R1 |
| 37 | Resistor | R2 |
| 38 | Screw | |
| 39 | Stay | |
| 40 | Capacitor Assy | Herness PC301 (CS1, CS2) |
| 41 | Noise Suppressor | ZNR Assy |

Spare parts



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9.1. Outdoor Unit FSNM(E)

Remove the main parts according to the following procedures.

To reassemble, perform the procedures in reverse.

To prevent contamination of the refrigerant with water or foreign particles, do not expose to the atmosphere for long periods. If necessary, seal pipe ends using caps or tape.

9.1.1. Removing service cover

Remove the five (5) fixing screws, slide the service cover downward and remove.

Pay attention not to fall off the service cover.

Pay attention not to be injured by the edge of the cover.



9.1.2. Removing air outlet grille Remove the eight (8) fixing screws of the shroud.

9.1.3. Removing upper cover

Remove eleven (11) screws fixing the upper cover and remove the upper cover upward.

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| | |

9.1.4. Removing the lower part of service cover and rear cover

- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item "Removing service cover".
- 2 Remove five (5) screws fixing the lower part of service cover and remove the lower part of service cover by pulling towards front side.
- 3 Remove the upper cover according to the item "Removing upper cover".
- 4 Remove fourteen (14) screws fixing the rear cover and remove the rear cover by pulling towards rear side. (Air inlet grille, electrical box, valve stay)



9.1.5. Removing outdoor fan motor

- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item "Removing service cover".
- 2 Remove the air outlet grille according to the item "Removing air outlet grille".
- 3 Remove the upper cover according to the item "Removing upper cover".
- 4 Remove the propeller fan by removing the cap nuts and washers fixing the propeller fan onto the motor shaft. (If it is difficult to remove the fan, use puller.)
- 5 Remove the DC fan motor connector from the PCB5: PCN203 (white) and CN201 (white) and AC fan motor connector from the PCB3: PCN404 (white) at the electrical box.

Cut off the plastic tie for fan motor lead wire fixing at the motor clamp with a nipper.

Remove four (4) M8 screws with spacer fixing the motor.



i NOTES:

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- 1 Fix the motor wire with the plastic tie or the cord clamp. If not, it may cause the disconnection to the fan.
- 2 Mount the rubber bush at the partition plate when inserting the motor wire through the partition plate. If not, it may cause the disconnection to the fan motor lead wire.
- 3 When mounting the motor, ensure the cables point directly downward. Fix the protection tube edge downward to ensure the water may not keep in it.

(Adjust the clearance between shroud and propeller fan so that they do not contact.)

- 4 Fix the motor wires onto the motor clamp with a plastic tie to prevent them obstructing the propeller fans.
- 5 Mounting Propeller Fan

Insert the skidding protection part of fan boss in accordance with the cutting part of the motor shaft, and fix the screw after exserting screw part of the shaft. (Tightening Torque of 20 N•m)

- 6 When connecting the motor wire, check to ensure that the colors of the connectors on the PCB3 and PCB5 are matched with wires.
- 7 Firmly fix the air outlet grille to the shroud.



9.1.6. Removing Electrical Box

- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item 2.1 "Removing Service Cover".
- 2 Remove the upper cover according to the item 2.3 "Removing Upper Cover"
- 3 Remove six (6) fixing screws for electrical box.
- 4 Lift the electrical box and remove it.

i NOTES:

The wiring disconnecting works are required as follows when removing the electrical box.

- 1 Remove reversing valve coil according to the item "Removing Reversing Valve Coil and Solenoid Valve Coil".
- 2 Remove electronic expansion valve coil according to the item "Removing Electronic Expansion Valve Coil".
- 3 Remove solenoid valve coil according to the item "Removing Reversing Valve Coil and Solenoid Valve Coil".
- 4 Disconnect the faston terminal of the high pressure switch.
- 5 Disconnect the connectors on the PCB1 as follows.
 - THM7 (Thermistor for Ambient Temperature)
 - THM8 (Thermistor for Heating Evaporation Temperature)
 - THM9 (Discharge Gas Thermistor)
 - PCN5 (Oil Heater)
 - CN4 (High Pressure Switch)
 - CN9 (Low Pressure Sensor)
- 6 Disconnect the connectors on the PCB3 and PCB5 as follows

- PCB5: PCN203, CN201 (for DC Fan Motor)
- PCB3: PCN404 (for AC Fan Motor)
- 7 Disconnect the compressor wires from the compressor terminal box.
- 8 Reassemble the electrical box in the reverse order of removing procedures.





9.1.7. Removing compressor

- 1 Remove the service cover and the lower part of the service cover according to the item "Removing service cover" and the item "Removing the lower part of service cover and rear cover". In case that the outdoor unit is installed to the wall closely, remove the outdoor unit from the wall.
- 2 Collect the refrigerant from the check joint. Collect the refrigerant from the liquid stop valve, gas stop valve and check joint at piping.
- 3 Open the soundproof cover wrapping around the compressor and remove the terminal box cover at the compressor. Disconnect the compressor wires in the terminal box and remove the soundproof cover.

i NOTE:

Check to ensure each terminal Nos. and indications. If wires are connected in incorrect order at reassembling, it will lead to compressor failure.

- 4 Remove the holder for Td thermistor and the thermistor on the top of the compressor according to the figure on the next page.
- 5 Remove the oil heater.



Sound-proof cover Cut part

Direction to remove the cover

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- 6 Remove the suction pipe and discharge pipe from the compressor.
- Isolate the wires and electrical components to protect from the burner flame at brazing.
- 7 Remove two (2) nuts fixing the compressor and remove the compressor from the unit by lifting in the condition of slightly inclining forward.
- 8 When brazing the replaced compressor, quickly perform the brazing while the compressor side piping is cooled with wet cloth in order to avoid the brazing material from entering the compressor.

If the brazing material enters the compressor, it will lead to compressor failure.

- 9 Reassemble the parts in the reverse order of removing procedures.
 - Tighten the screws (U, V and W) for compressor wires with 2.5N•m.
 - Fix the lead wire firmly.
 - Attach the oil heater firmly to the compressor and fix it with spring as shown in the figure.

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| Compressor position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Vibration-proof rubber A | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vibration-proof rubber B | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| Nut | 0 | 0 | - | - |

i NOTES:

- 1. The compressor is connected by brazing. Check to ensure whether there are flammable things around or not when using a burner for pipe connections. If not, oil existing pipe inside may ignite.
- 2. Do not expose the refrigerant cycle to the atmosphere for a long period in order to avoid mixing the water and foreign particles into the refrigerant cycle. After removing compressor, replace it quickly. If exposed for a long period, seal the suction pipe and discharge pipe.
- 3. Remove the cap for the compressor just before replacing the compressor. Before mounting the compressor, seal the suction pipe and discharge pipe with a tape to protect the compressor from foreign particles. Remove the tape at pipe connection.
- 4. Match the terminal No. with the mark band No. when reassembling. If the wiring is connected incorrectly, the compressor may be damaged due to reverse rotation.
- 5. Fix the lead wire for the compressor firmly not to contact with metal sheet edge and high temperature piping.
- 6. If there is a clearance between the oil heater and the compressor due to wire overlapping, excessive heat is generated there. Then oil heater is failed due to overheating. When mounting the reassembled oil heater, this point should be taken into account.
- 7. If the oil heater lead wire is caught on the spring, the lead wire may be cut due to vibration.

When reassembling, attention should be paid to the lead wire.

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9.1.8. Removing high pressure switch

- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item "Removing Service Cover".
- 2 Collect the refrigerant from the check joint according to the item "Removing Compressor".
- 3 Pull out the fasten terminals.

Remove the high pressure switch from the brazing part of the discharge pipe.



Check to ensure whether there are flammable things around or not when using a burner. And remove the insulations before brazing work. If not, fire may occur.







High pressure switch

9.1.9. Removing high pressure sensor and low pressure sensor

1 Remove the connector for the pressure sensor wiring from PCB1

i NOTE:

Inspire the Next

Remove the connector firstly. If not, the wiring may be damaged.

2 Remove the refrigerant piping for the high pressure sensor or low pressure sensor by use of two spanners.



9.1.10 Opening electrical box (Power plate)

- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item "Removing service cover".
- 2 Remove five (5) screws fixing the electrical box. Open the power plate by rotating 90 degrees to the left. Check to ensure the LED201 (Red) of the inverter PCB (PCB2) is OFF when opening the power plate.

i NOTE:

Do NOT touch the electrical components when the LED201 (Red) is ON to avoid electrical shock.



Servicing

Service Manual

${\it 9.1.11.} Removing reversing valve coil and solenoid valve coil (SVA, SVF)$

- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item "Removing service cover".
- 2 Open the power plate according to the item "Opening electrical box (Power plate)". Check to ensure the LED201 (Red) of the inverter PCB (PCB2) is OFF.

i NOTE:

Do NOT touch the electrical components when the LED201 (Red) is ON to avoid electrical shock.

- 3 Remove the connectors (PCN12, PCN7, PCN6) on the control PCB (PCB1) of the electrical box.
- 4 Remove the reversing valve coil and solenoid valve coils by removing one (1) screw fixing each coil.





Enlarged view fo PCB1

9.1.12. Removing electronic expansion valve coil

- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item "Removing service cover".
- 2 Open the power plate according to the item "Opening electrical box (Power plate)". Check to ensure the LED201 (Red) on the inverter PCB (PCB2) is OFF.

i NOTE:

Do NOT touch the electrical components when the LED201 (Red) on the inverter PCB (PCB2) is ON to avoid electrical shock.

- 3 Remove the CN5A connector on the control PCB (PCB1) of the electrical box.
- 4 Hold the electronic expansion valve coil, slightly rotate, and then pull it up. Refer to the figure below and replace the electronic expansion valve coil. The lock mechanism is equipped with the electronic expansion valve coil. Check to ensure that the electronic expansion valve coil is locked.



Electronic expansion valve coil

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9.1.13. Removing reversing valve

- 1 Remove the service cover and rear service cover according to the item "Removing service cover" and the item "Removing lower part of service cover and rear cover".
- 2 Collect the refrigerant from the check joint according to the item "Removing compressor".
- 3 Remove the reversing valve coil according to the item "Removing reversing valve coil and solenoid valve coil".
- 4 Remove the electrical box according to the item "Removing electrical box".
- 5 Remove two (2) fixing screw for valve stay.
- 6 Remove the stop valves from the valve stay by removing four (4) screws.
- 7 Remove the reversing valve assemblies from the designated positions. (4 brazing parts)
 Remove the brazing of the reversing valve and the stop valve at gas side by cooling with wet cloth.
 Protect the connecting wires and pipe insulation from brazing work.
- 8 Remove the reversing valves from the assemblies (4 portions with (*) mark in the figure below). Perform the brazing to remove and reassemble the reversing valve by cooling with wet cloth.
- 9 Reassemble the parts in the reverse order of removing procedures. When SVF (solenoid valve) is removed, fix it according to the item "Removing solenoid valve".



9.1.14. Removing electronic expansion valve

- 1 Remove the service cover and rear cover according to the item "Removing service cover" and the item "Removing the lower part of service cover and rear cover".
- 2 Collect the refrigerant from the check joint according to the item "Removing compressor".
- 3 Remove the coil according to the item "Removing electronic expansion valve coil".
- 4 Remove the brazing as shown in the figure below.
 - Electronic Expansion Valve (EV0): 2 brazing parts.
 - Perform the brazing to remove and reassemble the electronic expansion valve by cooling with wet cloth.
 - Protect the connecting wires and pipe insulation from brazing work.
- 5 Reassemble the parts in the reverse order of removing procedures.





9.1.15. Removing solenoid valve

- 1 Remove the service cover and rear cover according to the item "Removing service cover" and the item "Removing the lower part of service cover and rear cover".
- 2 Collect the refrigerant from the check joint according to the item "Removing compressor".
- 3 Remove the solenoid valve coil according to the item "Removing reversing valve coil and solenoid valve coil".
- 4 Remove the brazing and flare nuts as shown in the figure below.

Solenoid Valve (SVA): 2 brazing parts

Solenoid Valve (SVF): 2 flare nuts

- Perform the brazing to remove and reassemble the solenoid valve by cooling with wet cloth.
- Protect the connecting wires and pipe insulation from brazing flame.
- Remove the flare nuts with two spanners to avoid twisting.
- 5 Reassemble the parts in the reverse order of removing order.



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9.1.16. Remove the control PCB (PCB1)

- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item "Removing service cover".
- 2 Disconnect all the wires connected with the control PCB (PCB1).
- 3 Clamp the hook of the four (4) holders by long-nose pliers and remove by sliding toward front side.

i NOTES:

- 1. Use the long-nose pliers when disconnecting faston terminal (R1, N1, R2, T2, S2).
- 2. In case of replacing the control PCB (PCB1), set all the dip switches and jumper cables as the same position before replacing. If not, malfunction pay occur.

9.1.17. Removing Relay PCB (PCB3, PCB5)

- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item "Removing service cover".
- 2 Disconnect all the wires connected with the relay PCB (PCB3, PCB5).
- 3 Clamp the hook of the four (4) holders by long-nose pliers and remove by sliding toward front side.



9.1.18. Removing inverter components

A Danger

Do not touch the electrical parts when LED201 (Red) on the PCB2 is ON to avoid an electrical shock.



- 1. When replacing the transistor module (IPM) and diode module (DM) on heat radiation fin, slightly apply the heat conducting silicon grease (Manufacturer: Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd, Product No.: G-746) over the fin contact surface. Use the silicon grease provided as accessory (Service Parts No.: P22760).
- 2. Identify the terminal Nos. with the mark band Nos. when reassembling. If connected incorrectly, malfunction or electrical component damage will occur.
- 3. Correctly insert two wires of U and V phases for the power cable of inverter compressor into the current sensor, CTU and CTV on PCB2. Connect Phase U power cable with the current sensor Phase U (CTU) and Phase V power line with current sensor Phase V (CTV). If connected incorrectly, malfunction or electrical component damage will occur.
- 4. When mounting PCB and the sheet metal part for PCB, pay attention not to clamp the electrical wiring together.
- 5. Screws, bushes and collars are used for fixing inverter PCB. Check to ensure that the bushes and collars are used for PCB remounting. If not used, it may cause malfunction.
- 6. In case of replacing control PCB, set all the dip switches as the same position before replacing. If not, malfunction may occur.
- 7. Do not apply strong force to the electric components and PCBs to avoid damage.
- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item "Removing service cover".
- 2 Open the power plate by rotating 90 degrees to the left according to the item "Opening electrical box (Power plate)". Check to ensure that LED201 (Red) of the PCB2 is OFF.

Removing PCB2

- Disconnect the wirings of connectors C, CN2, CN206 and PCN301 on the PCB2
- Disconnect the wirings of U and V on the transistor module.
- After removing three (3) M3 screws, remove the bushes and the collars from the PCB2.
 When remounting, attach those bushes and collars.

Removing Diode Module

Disconnect all the wirings connected to the diode module as shown below.

- Disconnect the wirings of terminal +, -, U, V, W on the diode module.
- Remove two (2) M5 fixing screws on the diode module.
- Remove the diode module from the electrical box.

Removing Transistor Module

Disconnect all the wirings connected to the transistor module as shown below.

- Disconnect the wirings of connectors C, CN2, CN206 and PCN301 on the PCB2
- Disconnect the wirings of P, N, U, V, W on the transistor module.
- Remove the four (4) M3 screws for the PCB2 and then remove the PCB2 from the transistor module.
- Remove four (4) M4 fixing screws on the transistor module.
- Remove the transistor module from the electrical box.

i NOTES:

- Identify the terminal Nos. with the mark band numbers when reassembling. If incorrectly connected, malfunction or damage will occur.
- Check to ensure that the electrical wires will not be caught between the mounting electrical components and the mounting plates when the PCB2 is remounted.
- Apply silicon grease evenly on the whole rear side of the diode module and the transistor module when mounting. Silicon grease is available as a field-supplied accessory.



PCB2 and IPM (Transistor module)



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9.1.19. Removing other inverter components

A Danger

Do not touch the electrical parts when LED201 (Red) on the PCB2 is ON to avoid an electrical shock.

- 1 Remove the service cover according to the item "Removing service cover".
- 2 Open the power plate according to the item "Opening electrical box (Power plate).

Check to ensure the LED201 (Red) of the inverter PCB (PCB2) is OFF when opening power plate.

- Disconnect all the wires connected with the capacitor (CB, CB1, CB2).

The wire has the polar characters. Identify the wire mark band and the indication on the capacitor when wire connecting.

Remove two (2) screws fixing the capacitor and remove the capacitor.

- Disconnect all the wires connecting with the magnetic contactor (CMC1).
 Remove two (2) screws fixing the magnetic contactor and remove the magnetic contactor.
- Remove four (4) screws fixing the reactor and remove the reactor (DCL).
- Disconnect all the wires connected with the noise filter (NF1).

Remove the noise filter by clamping the top of the holder (6 portions) with a pincher (In case of 220V) as shown in the figure.

i NOTES:

- Identify terminal numbers with the mark band numbers when reassembling to avoid incorrect wiring.
- For the DSW setting after replacing PCB, refer to "Rotary switch and dip switch setting".





Enlarged view of "Q"





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10. Main parts

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10.1. Inverter

10.1.1.Specifications of inverter

| · | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Aplicable model | RAS-(8~12)FSNM(E) | |
| Aplicable power source | 3 Phase. 380V, 415V 50 Hz | |
| Output voltage | 380-415V | |
| Output current | 25A | |
| Time rating | Continuous | |
| Control Method | Vector PWM Control | |
| Range Output Frequency | 10~100HZ | |
| Accuracy of Frequency | 0,01 | |
| Accuracy of output voltage | 0,01 Hz at Applicable frequency range | |





i Note

Characteristics are fluctuated by the current minimize control.



Main parts

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10.1.2. Inverter time chart



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Inverter



10.1.3. Protective Function

1. Excessive High or Low Voltage for Inverter

- a) Level of Detection
 - When the voltage of direct current is greater than 750 V, abnormalities are detected.
 - When the voltage of direct current is smaller than 350 V, abnormalities are detected.
- b) Function

When abnormalities are detected, the inverter compressor is stopped and transmit the signal code of stoppage cause to PCB1.

c) Cancellation of Protection Function

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is cancelled when a stopping order is given or main power source is cut off.

- 2. Abnormality of Current Sensor
 - a) Level of Detection

When current of the inverter compressor decreases lower than 1.5A, an abnormality is detected...

b) Function

When abnormalities are detected, the inverter compressor is stopped, and transmit the signal code of stoppage cause to PCB1.

c) Cancellation of Protection Function

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is cancelled when a stopping order is issued or main power source is cut off.

- 3. Overcurrent Protection for Inverter
 - a) Level of Detection

When the current detected by current sensor reaches 150% of the rated current, overcurrent is detected. (Instantaneous Overcurrent)

When the current detected by current sensor exceeds 105% of the rated current continuously for 30 seconds or for 3 minutes in total during a 10 minutes period, overcurrent is detected. (Electric Thermal Relay)

b) Function

When abnormalities are detected, the inverter compressor is stopped and transmit the signal code of stoppage cause to PCB1.

c) Cancellation of Protection Function

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is canceled by stopping order is issued or main power source is cut off.

- 4. Protection of transistor module and IPM
 - a) Level of Detection

When some of the output terminals between "U" and "V", "V" and "W", "W" and "U" of transistor module or IPM are short-circuited, an abnormality is detected.

When the running current of transistor module or IPM reaches (Maximum Rated Current x 105%), an abnormality is detected.

When an internal temperature is measured by internal thermistor of transistor module or IPM, an abnormality is detected.

When the control voltage of transistor module or IPM decreases, an abnormality is detected.

b) Function

When abnormalities are detected, the inverter compressor is stopped and the signal code of stoppage cause is transmitted to PCB1.

c) Cancellation of Protection Function

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is canceled when a stopping order is issued or main power source is cut off.

- 5. Fin Temperature Increase
 - a) Level of Detection

When the temperature of internal thermistor exceeds more than 100 °C, an abnormality is detected.

b) Function

When abnormalities are detected, the inverter compressor is stopped and the signal code of stoppage cause is transmitted to PCB1.

c) Cancellation of Protection Function

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is canceled when a stopping order is issued or main power source is cut off.

- 6. Earth Detection
 - a) Level of Detection

When the starting current of the compressor reaches 80% of the overcurrent protection value, an abnormality is detected.

b) Function

When abnormalities are detected, the inverter compressor is stopped and the signal code of stoppage cause is transmitted to PCB1.

c) Cancellation of Protection Function

Transmission for signal code of stoppage cause is canceled when a stopping order is issued or main power source is cut off.

10.1.4. Overload Control

a) Level of Detection

When the output current exceeds 105% of the maximum output current, an abnormality is detected.

b) Function

An overload signal is issued when output current exceeds 105% of the maximum output current, and the frequency decreases.

For 10 seconds after the output current decreases lower than 88% of the rated current, the operation is performed with the compressor frequency limited to the upper level frequency when the output current decreases lower than 88% of the rated one.

However, if the frequency order is smaller than the maximum value, the operation is performed according to the order.

c) Cancellation of Protection Function

After the operation described in the above item (b) is performed for 10 seconds, this control is canceled



10.2. Thermistor

10.2.1. Position of thermistor



10.2.2. Resistance value of the thermistor

- Thermistor for upper part temperature of compressor (for prevention of discharge gas overheating)
 - a. There is a thermistor that checks the temperature of the upper part of the compressor in order to prevent the discharge gas from overheating. If the discharge gas temperature increases excessively, the deterioration of the lubrication oil and its lubrication properties will occur. This will cause a shorter compressor life.
 - b. If the discharge gas temperature increases excessively, the compressor temperature increases. In the worst case, the winding of the compressor motor will burn out.
 - c When the temperature of the upper part of the compressor increases during the heating process, the unit is controlled according to the following method:
 - An electronic expansion valve of the liquid bypass opens and the high-pressure refrigerant returns to the compressor through the accumulator. This decreases the compressor temperature.



- If the compressor upper part temperature increases exceeding 132 °C even if an electronic expansion valve opens, the compressor is stopped, in order to protect the compressor.
- d. If the temperature of the upper part of the compressor exceeds 132 °C for 10 minutes during the cooling process, the compressor will stop according to the following method.

| Operation | Upper part temperature of compressor | Defecting period |
|------------|---|---------------------------|
| Cooling | Over 132°C | 10 minutes (continuously) |
| | Over 140°C | 5 seconds (continuously) |
| Heating | Over 132°C | 10 minutes (continuously) |
| | Over 140°C | 5 seconds (continuously) |
| Defrosting | Over 132°C | 5 seonds (continuously) |

Thermistor for the outdoor temperature (THM7)

The thermistor resistance characteristics are shown in the figure below.

Thermistor for Evaporating Temperature of Outdoor Unit in Heating Operation (For Defrosting) The characteristics for the thermistor is the same with the value of outdoor ambient temperature thermistor as about in the figure below.

shown in the figure below.


10.3. Electronic expansion valve

10.3.1. Electronic expansion valve for the outdoor unit





| Items | Specifications |
|---|--|
| Applicable to the models | For the main cycle of: RAS-8~12FSNM(E) |
| Туре | UKV Series |
| Refrigerant | R410A |
| Working temperature range | -30°C \sim 65°C (Operation time of the coil: less than 50%) |
| Mounting direction | Drive shaft in vertical direction within an angle of 45° as maximum |
| Flow direction | Reversible |
| Drive method | 4-Phase canned motor method |
| Rated voltage | DC12V±1.8V |
| Drive condition | 80±5PPS (Pulse width at ON: 36mm sec, OFF: 60mm sec) 1,2 Phase excitation |
| Coil resistance (each phase) | $46\Omega \pm 3\Omega$ (at 20°C) |
| Wiring diagram, Drive circuit and activation mode | Image: Wing diagram of the prive of the |

10.4. Pressure sensor

High-pressure control

A high-pressure sensor detects the high pressure during the heating process. The PID control with the operation capacity of the indoor units controls the compressor frequencies. This way the high pressure is controlled within an appropriate range. The output of the highpressure sensor during the heating process performs the protective control and the control of the gas bypass valve.

Low-pressure control

A low-pressure sensor detects the suction pressure during the cooling process. The PID control with the operation capacity of the indoor units controls the compressor frequencies. This way the suction pressure is controlled within an appropriate range.

If the suction pressure becomes excessively low, the cooling action may be insufficient and the parts in the refrigerant cycle may be damaged. Therefore, if the output of the low-pressure sensor indicates vacuum and the valve remains in the same position for 12 minutes or longer, the compressor will stop in order to avoid damage.



Pressure sensor

10.5. Scroll compressor

10.5.1. Reliable mechanism for low vibrating and low sound

- 1. The rotating direction is definite.
- 2. The pressure inside of the chamber is high pressure, and the surface temperature of the chamber is 60 °C to 110 °C.
- 10.5.2. Principle of compression





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11. Field work instruction

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11.1. Checking the power source and the wiring connection

| No. | Check item | Procedure | | |
|-----|---|--|--|--|
| 1 | Is the breaker of the fuse cut out? | Check the secondary voltage of the breaker and the fuse by means of a tester. | | |
| 2 | Is the secondary power source on the transformer correct? | Disconnect the secondary side of the transformer and check the voltage by means of a tester. | | |
| | | Primary side 220 V or 240 V U | | |
| 3 | Is the wiring loosened or incorrectly | Check the wiring connection on the PCB. – Thermistor connectors | | |
| | connected? | Connector of the remote control cable | | |
| | | Connector of the transformer | | |
| | | Each connector in a high-voltage circuit | | |
| | | Check the connectors according to the Electrical Wiring diagram. | | |

Check the following items in the case of abnormal operation:

11.2. Burnt-out compressor due to an insufficient refrigerant charge

Question and answer for the field work

| Example 1: Burnt-out compressor due to an insufficient refrigerant charge | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Phenomenon | After commissioning, the alarm code "08" sometimes occurred and the compressors were burnt out after operating for two months. | | |
| Cause | The refrigerant piping work was performed during the summer season. The additional refrigerant was not sufficiently charged from the discharge gas side. This insufficient refrigerant charge resulted in the overheating of the discharge gas and the oil deterioration, which was finally due to the separated operation despite the alarm code "08". | | |
| Countermeasure | 1. The compressor was replaced with a new compressor. | | |
| | 2. The correct refrigerant amount was charged according to the refrigerant piping length and the connected indoor units. | | |
| Remarks | Additional refrigerant charge: Open the liquid stop valves slightly when you charge the additional refrigerant from the check joint of the liquid stop valves (the discharge gas side) during the cooling process. If the liquid stop valve is fully open, it is difficult to charge the additional refrigerant. Do not charge the refrigerant from the gas stop valve. | | |

11.3. Insufficient cooling performance when a long piping is applied

Question and answer for the field work

| | Example 2: Insufficient cooling performance when a long piping is applied | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|
| Phenomenon | Sufficient cooling was not available for an indoor unit that was located at the farthest position. | | |
| Cause | If the location of an outdoor unit is 20 meters lower than the location of the indoor units, resetting of the DIP switch DSW6 is required. However, no setting was performed. Therefore, the largest discharge pressure was not increased. This resulted in an insufficient cooling performance for the indoor unit. | | |
| | Indoor units | | |
| | Insufficient cooling | | |
| Countermeasure | The setting of the DSW6 was changed. | | |
| Remarks | Pay a special attention to the size of the liquid pipe if the lift between the indoor units and the outdoor units is higher than 20 meters. Refer to "Piping Work in TC" for details. | | |

11.4. Alarm Code "31"

| Question | and | answer | for | the | field | work |
|---------------|-----|----------|-----|-----|-------|------|
| a a o o a o n | | 41101101 | | | | |

| | Example 4: Alarm code "31" | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|
| Phenomenon | Alarm code "31" sometimes occurred and the system stopped. | | |
| Cause | Alarm code "31" sometimes occurred and the system stopped. The combination of the indoor units and the outdoor unit was the following. Power source | | |
| | This system was used in a tenant building. One of tenant's customers turned off the main switch for the indoor unit while other indoor units are running. This results in a different setting of the total indoor unit capacity in the same refrigerant cycle. | | |
| Countermeasure | All the main switches for the indoor units were always ON. | | |

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11.5. Not cooling well due to insufficient installation space for the outdoor unit

Question and answer for the field work

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| Exam | ple 5: Not Cooling Well due to Ins | sufficient Installation Space fo | r Outdoor Unit | |
|----------------|---|--|--|--|
| Phenomenon | Cooling operation was well perform operation was not well available | rmed through the intermediate so when the outdoor temperature w | eason. However, the cooling as higher than 35°C. | |
| Cause | As the outdoor units were installed without a sufficient installation space, the hot discharge air from other outdoor units was circulated. In this case, though the outdoor temperature was 35°C, the actual suction air temperature was nearly 50°C and Protection System from Excessively High Suction Pressure was activated, the frequency of the compressor was decreased and the cooling capacity was also decreased accordingly. As the outdoor units in-line were installed back to back with a distance of 600 mm between each outdoor unit's back, the hot discharged air from other outdoor units was circulated. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | L | А | В | |
| | 0 < L < 1/2H | 600 or more | 300 or more | |
| | 1/2H < L < H 1400 or more 350 or more | | | |
| | If L is larger than H, mount the In this situation ensure that the | e units on a base so that H is gre e base is closed and does not al | ater or equal to L. low the airflow to short circuit. | |
| Countermeasure | To protect the unit from a short ci | rcuit, fences were mounted at th | e discharge air side as shown | |

11.6. Guideline for selecting the drain pipe for the indoor unit

Method for selecting the drain pipe diameter

1. Calculation of the Drain Flow Volume

Calculate that the drain flow volume is approximately 3 (I/hr) per 1HP of the nominal capacity of the indoor unit.

For Example:

| Common drain pipe for four 2.5HP indoor units. | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Total horsepower of the indoor unit | 4 × 2,5 =10HP | |
| Total drain flow volume | 10HP× 3 (l/hr × HP) = 30 (l/hr) | |

2. Select the drain pipe from the Table A and the Table B

| VP 20 for the above example |
|-----------------------------|
| |
| VP 25 for the above example |
| |

Table A. Permissible drain flow volume of the horizontal vinyl pipe

| | Inner diameter (mm) | Permissible flow volume (I/hr] | | |
|------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--|
| JIS Symbol | | Slope=1/50 | Slope=1/100 | |
| VP20 | 20 | 39 | 27 | |
| VP25 | 25 | 70 | 50 | |
| VP30 | 31 | 125 | 88 | |
| VP40 | 40 | 247 | 175 | |
| VP50 | 51 | 472 | 334 | |

i NOTE:

VP20 and VP25: Not Applicable to the Common Pipe VP30, VP40 and VP50: Applicable to the Common Pipe

Table B. Permissible drain flow volume of the vertical vinyl pipe

| JIS symbol | Inner diameter (mm) | Permissible flow volume (l/hr] |
|------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| VP20 | 20 | 220 |
| VP25 | 25 | 410 |
| VP30 | 31 | 730 |
| VP40 | 40 | 1400 |
| VP50 | 51 | 2760 |
| VP65 | 67 | 5710 |
| VP75 | 77 | 8280 |

i NOTE:

VP20, VP25 and VP30: Not applicable to the common pipe VP40, VP50, VP65 and VP75: Applicable to the common pipe



Caution with the refrigerant leakage

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Field work instruction

11.7. Caution with the refrigerant leakage

The designers and the installers have the responsibility to follow the local codes and the local regulations that specify the safety requirements against the refrigerant leakage.

11.7.1. Maximum permissible concentration of the HCFC Gas

The refrigerant R410A, which is charged in the SET-FREE FSN system, is an incombustible non-toxic gas. However, if the leakage occurs and the gas fills a room, the gas may cause suffocation.

The maximum permissible concentration of the HCFC gas and the R410A in the air is 0.3 kg/m³, according to the refrigeration and air conditioning system standard (KHK S 0010) by the KHK (High-Pressure Gas Protection Association) Japan. Therefore, you must take some effective measures in order to lower the R410A concentration in the air below 0.3 kg/m³, if there is a leakage.

11.7.2. Calculation of the refrigerant concentration

- 1. Calculate the total quantity of refrigerant R (kg) that is charged in the system that connects all the indoor units of the rooms that need air conditioning systems.
- 2. Calculate the room volume V (m³) of each room.
- 3. Calculate the refrigerant concentration C (kg/m³) of the room according to the following equation:

| R — = C V | R: Total quantity of charged refrigerant (kg) V: Room volume (m³) C: Refrigerant concentration (≤0.3* kg/m³ for the R410A) | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| * Use this value only for reference because this value is not fixed yet. | | | | | | |

11.7.3. Countermeasure for the refrigerant leakage according to the KHK standard

According to the KHK standards, you should arrange the facility as follows so that the refrigerant concentration will be bellow 0.3 kg/m³.

- 1. Provide a shutterless opening that will allow the fresh air to circulate into the room.
- 2. Provide a doorless opening with a size of 0.15% or more to the floor area.
- 3. Provide a ventilator, which must be linked with a gas leak detector, with a ventilating capacity of 0.5 m³/min or more per Japanese Refrigeration Ton (=compressor displacement m³/h/5.7 of the air conditioning system which uses the refrigerant).

| O.U. model | Ton |
|---------------|------|
| RAS-8FSNM(E) | |
| RAS-10FSNM(E) | 4.11 |
| RAS-12FSNM(E) | |

4. Pay a special attention to the place, such as a basement and others, where the refrigerant may stay, because the refrigerant is heavier than the air.

| Room | R (kg) | V (m³) | C (kg/m³) | Countermeasure |
|------|--------|--------|-----------|---|
| Α | 50 | 300 | 0.17 | - |
| В | 110 | 1000 | 0.11 | - |
| С | 60 | 175 | 0.34 | 0.06 m ² Opening |
| D | 60 | 175 | 0.34 | 0.06 m ² Opening |
| C+D | 60 | 350 | 0.171 | - |
| E | 60 | 100 | 0.6 | 2m³/min Ventilator linked with gas leak detector |

If local codes or regulations are specified, follow them.

Example

European Standard, EN378

R410A Commercial Office Building Class D Occupancy

MR = C5V

MR: Maximum Charge or Leakage of Refrigerant (kg)

C: Maximum Allowable Concentration = 0.17 (kg/m³)

V: Volume of Space (m3)

System A Outdoor unit System B Outdoor unit 16HP 20HP System B System A Refrigerant: 50 kg rigerant: 60 5 5 4 5 3 D С в Floor 00 20 00 Floor 70m² 400m² 120m 0m² 70m Gas leak detecto Opening 0.06m Ventilator 2m³/min



11.8. Maintenance work

For the indoor unit and the outdoor unit

- 1. Fan and fan motor
 - Lubrication: All the fan motors are prelubricated and sealed at the factory. Therefore, no lubrication maintenance is required.

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- Sound and vibration: Check for abnormal sounds and vibrations.
- Rotation: Check the clockwise rotation and the rotating speed.
- Insulation: Check the electrical insulation resistance.

2. Heat exchanger

 Clog: Inspect the heat exchanger at regular intervals and remove any accumulated dirt and any accumulated dust from the heat exchanger. You should also remove from the outdoor units other obstacles, such as the growing grass and the pieces of paper, which might restrict the airflow.

3. Piping connection

- Leakage: Check for the refrigerant leakage at the piping connection.
- 4. Cabinet
 - Stain and Lubrication: Check for any stain and any lubrication. Remove the stain and the lubrication.
 - Fixing Screw: Check for any loosened screw or any lost screw. Fix the loosened screws and the lost screws. Insulation Material: Check for any peeled thermal insulator on the cabinet. Repair the thermal insulator.
- 5. Electrical equipment
 - Activation: Check for an abnormal activation of the magnetic contactor, the auxiliary relay, the PCB and others.
 - Line condition: Pay attention to the working voltage, the working amperage and the working phase balance. Check
 for any faulty contact that is caused by the loosened terminal connections, the oxidized contacts, the foreign matter,
 and other items. Check the electrical insulation resistance.
- 6. Control device and protection device
- Setting: Do not readjust the setting in the field unless the setting is maintained at a point that is different from the point that is listed in the section "5.5. Protection and Safety Control" of this Service Manual.

For the indoor unit

- 1. Air filter
 - Cleaning: Check for any accumulated dirt and any accumulated dust. Remove the dirt and the dust.
- 2. Drain pan, drain-up mechanism and drain pipe
 - Drain line: Check and clean the condensate drain pipe at least twice a year.
 - Drain-up mechanism: Check the activation of the drain-up mechanism.
- 3. Float switch
 - Activation: Check the activation of the float switch.

For the outdoor unit

- 1. Compressor
 - Sound and vibration: Check for abnormal sounds and vibrations.
 - Activation: Check that the voltage drop of the power supply line is within 15% at the start and within 2% during the operation.
- 2. Reverse valve
 - Activation: Check for any abnormal activation sound.
- 3. Strainer
 - Clog: Check that there is no temperature difference between both ends.
- 4. Ground wire
 - Ground line: Check for the continuity to earth.
- 5. Oil heater
 - Activation: You should activate the oil heater at least twelve hours before the start-up by turning ON the main switch.

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11.9. Service and maintenance record

| No. | Check item | Action | Judgement | | | |
|-----|---|---|-----------|---------------|--|--|
| 1 | Is the service area sufficient? | | Yes | No | | |
| 2 | Is there a short circuit of the discharged air? | | Yes | No | | |
| 3 | Any heat influence? | | Yes | No | | |
| 4 | Is the ground wire connected? | | Yes | No | | |
| 5 | Refrigerant piping | | Good | Not good | | |
| 6 | Fixing the units | | Good | Not good | | |
| 7 | Is there any damage on the outer surface or the internal surface? | | Yes | No | | |
| 8 | Checking the screw and the bolts | Tighten if loosened. | Tightened | Not tightened | | |
| 9 | Tightening the Terminal Screws | Tighten all the terminal screws with a Phillips screwdriver. | Tightened | Not tightened | | |
| 10 | Are the compressor terminals tightly fixed? | Push all the terminals. | Pushed | Not pushed | | |
| 11 | Insulation resistance | Measure the insulation resistance with an insulation resistance meter. Comp. and fan motor: greater than 3MΩ Others: greater than 3MΩ | Good | Not good | | |
| 12 | Does the drain water flow smoothly? | Check the smooth flow by pouring some water. | Good | Not good | | |
| 13 | Check for a leakage in the compressor. | Check for any leakage. | Good | Not good | | |
| 14 | Check for a leakage in the outdoor heat exchanger. | ditto | Good | Not good | | |
| 15 | Check for a leakage in the indoor heat exchanger. | ditto | Good | Not good | | |
| 16 | Check for a leakage in the 4-way valve. | ditto | Good | Not good | | |
| 17 | Check for a leakage in the check valve. | ditto | Good | Not good | | |
| 18 | Check for a leakage in the accumulator. | ditto | Good | Not good | | |
| 19 | Check for a leakage in the strainer. | ditto | Good | Not good | | |
| 20 | Check for a leakage in the electronic expansion valve. | ditto | Good | Not good | | |
| 21 | Check for a leakage in the piping. | ditto | Good | Not good | | |
| 22 | Check the direction of the fans. | By viewing the airflow volume | Good | Not good | | |
| 23 | Voltage among each phase | Higher than AC220V | Good | Not good | | |
| 24 | Vibration and sound | Check the fan, the compressor, the piping, and others. | Good | Not good | | |
| 25 | Activation of each operation mode | Check the activation of the COOL switch, the HEAT switch, the STOP switch and the TEMP switch. | Good | Not good | | |
| 26 | High-pressure cut-out switch | Check the actual activation value. | Good | Not good | | |
| 27 | Check the activation of the drain-up mechanism. | Check the activation during the cooling process. | Good | Not good | | |
| 28 | Air inlet temperature of the indoor unit DB/WB | | (°C)DB | (°C)WB | | |
| 29 | Air outlet temperature of the indoor unit DB/WB | | (°C)DB | (°C)WB | | |
| 30 | Air inlet temperature of the outdoor unit DB/WB | | (°C)DB | (°C)WB | | |
| 31 | Air outlet temperature of the outdoor unit DB/WB | | (°C)DB | (°C)WB | | |
| 32 | High-pressure switch | | kg/c | :m²G | | |
| 33 | Low-pressure switch | | kg/c | m²G | | |
| 34 | Operating voltage | | \` | V | | |
| 35 | Operating current | | · · · | ۹ | | |
| 36 | Instructions to the client for cleaning the air filter | | Done | Not yet | | |
| 37 | Instructions to the client about the cleaning method | | Done | Not yet | | |
| 38 | Instructions to the client about the operation | | Done | Not yet | | |

11.10. Service and maintenance record by means of the 7-segment display

11.10.1. Data Sheet for Checking by 7-Segment Display

FSNM

Customer's Name:

Date:

| Outdoor Unit Model (Serial No. | | | | RAS- (Serial No.) | | |) | RAS- (Serial No.) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-----|------------------|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|--------------------|----|-----|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|
| 1 | Operation mode | | | | | | | | | / | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 2 Test Run Start Time | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 3 | Data Collect Start Time | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | |
| 4 | Read Out Data from 7-Segment in Outdoor Unit | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | Protection control code | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | DC | AC | | | | | | | DC | AC | | | | | |
| | Outdoor Microcomputer Output | SC | 52C ₁ | Fan | Fan | 20A | 20F | 21 | СН | 208 | 52C ₁ | Fan | Fan | 20A | 20F | 21 | СН | 208 |
| | Indoor Total Operating Capacity | oP | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Inverter frequency | H1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Compressor Running Quantity | CC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Outdoor Fan Step | Fo | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Outdoor Unit Expansion Valve Opening | oE1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Discharge presure [MPa] | Pd | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Suction pressure [MPa] | Ps | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Discharge gas temperature | Td1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature | TE1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Outdoor temperature | То | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Compressor running current | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Indoor Unit (Unit number:) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Expansion valve opening | iE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Heat exchanger liquid temp. | TL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Heat exchanger gas temp. | TG | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Intake air temp. | Ti | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Outlet air temp. | То | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Capacity (x 1/8HP) | CA | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| | Indoor Unit stoppage caude code | d1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Restricted control for prevention of compresion ratio decrease | c11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Restricted control for prevention of high pressure increase | c13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Restricted control for prevention of the temperature increase of the inverter fan | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Restricted control for prevention of discharge gas temperature increase | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Restricted control for prevention of TdSH decrease | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Restricted control for prevention of overcurent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Accumulated operation time of comp. 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Outdoor alarm code | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Inverter stoppage cause code | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total Indoor unit capacity (x 1/8HP) | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total Indoor unit quantity | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Refrigerant system address | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

11.10.2. Pump-down method for replacing the compressor

| No. | Procedure | Remarks | | | | | |
|-----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Turn off the main switch of the outdoor unit. | | | | | | |
| 2 | Remove the covers, the thermistor, the crankcase heater, the power wirings, and other items according to the chapter "Removing the Parts of the Oudoor Unit". | Make sure that the terminal part of the detached power supply wires is not exposed by the winding insulation tape and other items. | | | | | |
| 3 | Attach the manifold to the check joint of the high- pressure side and the low-pressure side of the outdoor unit. | | | | | | |
| 4 | Turn on the main switch of the outdoor unit. | | | | | | |
| 5 | Set the exclusion of the compressor by setting the DSW so that a broken compressor will not work. You can set the exclusion of the compressor by setting the DSW5-1~DSW5-6 of the PCB1. | DSW5-1 ON: Compressor No.1 (52C1: Inverter compressor), DSW5-2 ON: Compressor No.2 (52C2), DSW5-3 ON: Compressor No.3 (52C3), and the others. | | | | | |
| 6 | Pre-Pump-Down by means of the Cooling Process: Start the test run of the cooling process. (DSW4-1 ON). The test run should run for approximately 20 minutes (until the test run reaches PS>0.3Mpa, Td>75 °C, as a rough target). Display of Ps in seven seconds of the outdoor | After closing the gas stop valve, the decrease of Ps is fast. To guarantee the reliability of the compressor, make sure that the decrease does not reach PS< 0.1Mpa when you perform the enforced stoppage. | | | | | |
| | PCB. Close the gas stop valve quickly. Then, perform the enforced stoppage (DSW4-4 ON) when Ps < 0.2Mpa. Set the DSW4-1 to OFF in order to cancel the test performed by and the DSW4 4 to OFF in order to cancel the test performed by a statement of the section. | | | | | | |
| | to cancel the enforced stoppage. | | | | | | |
| 7 | The compressor replacing mode is performed: The DSW4-6 on the outdoor unit PCB→ ON (The cooling is run). | This operation is performed for up to a maximum of ten minutes. If the inverter compressor is excluded, the operation starts after three minutes. | | | | | |
| 8 | The operation finishes when one of the following conditions occurs:1) Ten minutes have passed and STP is displayed in seven segments. | The operation may finished when any of the conditions 1) to 3) occurs. | | | | | |
| | 2) "08" is displayed in seven segments. | | | | | | |
| | When Ps< 0.1MPa is continued for one minute, in ten minutes STP is displayed in seven seconds and the operation finishes. | | | | | | |
| 9 | Close the liquid stop valve completely. | To avoid the spillage of all the refrigerant if the check valve is broken. | | | | | |

| No. | Procedure | Remarks | | | | | | |
|-----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 10 | Check for a leakage of the check valve on the discharge gas side: DSW4-4 (Enforced stoppage of the compressor) → ON, so that the compressor will not run although the running command is sent from the remote control switch. | When you stop the compressor for replacing: You can check the leakage of the check valve by means of the Ps variation because the SVA opens so that the discharge gas side of the inverter compressor can connect to the low-pressure side. | | | | | | |
| | Check that variation of Ps on the outdoor unit PCB is 17 seconds. Make sure that the Ps increase | 0.03 Mpa / 2 minutes is within the permissible limits for the check valve on the discharge gas side. | | | | | | |
| | is within 0.03 Mpa in two minutes after the Ps increase at the stoppage (during approximately five minutes). Also make sure that Pd>Ps. | The leakage of the check valve may cause an incorrect brazing, due to the gas pressure at the brazing of the discharge piping. | | | | | | |
| | Ps 0.03 MPa or 2 minutes | If the compressor-replacing mode is performed again, set the DSW4-4 to OFF and keep the DSW4-4 at the OFF side during ten minutes. Then, start according to the procedure No. 6. | | | | | | |
| 11 | Collect the refrigerant by means of the refrigerant collection: - Perform either A or B, depending on the process | The discharge of the refrigerant in the atmosphere is strictly forbidden. Make sure that the refrigerant is collected by the collector. | | | | | | |
| | 10. A: The leak rate at the process 10 is within the specification → Collect the refrigerant only at the low-pressure side. | Keep a note of the quantity of the collected refrigerant. | | | | | | |
| | B: The leak rate at the process 10 is greater than the specification → Collect all the refrigerant of the outdoor unit side by means of the machine. | | | | | | | |
| 12 | After collecting the refrigerant, remove the change hose (collector side) of the low-pressure side, so that the low-pressure side of the refrigerant cycle will be the atmosphere pressure. | Make sure that there is no pressure increase of the low-pressure sides after collecting the refrigerant. Make sure that the refrigerant cycle is the atmosphere pressure. Otherwise, problems such as the blowing of gas and the suction of the cutting material) may occur where you are pressure as pressing the approximation. | | | | | | |
| 13 | Turn OFF the main switch of the outdoor unit | when you are removing the compressors. | | | | | | |
| 14 | Perform the replacement of the compressor and the change of the refrigerant oil according to the section "Replacing the Compressor". | Make sure that you follow the instructions. | | | | | | |
| 15 | Perform the vacuum from the check joint of the low- pressure side. | If you collect the refrigerant only on the low-pressure side (A in 11). You cannot perform the vacuum of the refrigerant from the check joint of the high-pressure side. | | | | | | |
| 16 | Open the liquid stop valve and the gas stop valve completely when you finish the vacuum. | | | | | | | |
| 17 | Make sure that the power is turned OFF and attach the following items: the power supply wire, the thermistor, the crankcase heater, the 63H wiring, the panel and the nut). | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Set the DSW back to the original setting. Make sure that all the wirings to the compressor are connected correctly. | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Recharge the refrigerant that is collected in the process by the stop valve of the liquid side during the cooling at the TEST RUN mode. | If the replacement of the compressor takes more than two hours, an additional change of the refrigerant is necessary. Additional Change = (Replacing Time – 2 hours) x 0.5kg. | | | | | | |

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