

SiENBE04-925_A

Service Manual

Inverter Pair Wall Mounted Type G-Series



[Applied Models] • Inverter Pair: Heat Pump



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Heat Pump

Indoor Units FTXL20G2V1B FTXL25G2V1B FTXL35G2V1B

Outdoor Units

RXL20G2V1B RXL25G2V1B RXL35G2V1B

RXL20G2V1B9

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Introduction Safety Cautions

Cautions and Warnings

- Be sure to read the following safety cautions before conducting repair work.
- The caution items are classified into " A Warning" and " Caution". The " Warning" items are especially important since they can lead to death or serious injury if they are not followed closely. The " Caution" items can also lead to serious accidents under some conditions if they are not followed. Therefore, be sure to observe all the safety caution items described below.
- About the pictograms
 - \wedge This symbol indicates the item for which caution must be exercised.
 - The pictogram shows the item to which attention must be paid.
 - This symbol indicates the prohibited action.
 - The prohibited item or action is shown in the illustration or near the symbol.
- This symbol indicates the action that must be taken, or the instruction. The instruction is shown in the illustration or near the symbol.
- After the repair work is complete, be sure to conduct a test operation to ensure that the equipment operates normally, and explain the cautions for operating the product to the customer.

1.1.1 Cautions Regarding Safety of Workers

Warning	
Be sure to disconnect the power cable plug from the plug socket before disassembling the equipment for repair. Working on the equipment that is connected to the power supply may cause an electrical shook. If it is necessary to supply power to the equipment to conduct the repair or inspecting the circuits, do not touch any electrically charged sections of the equipment.	0 5
If the refrigerant gas is discharged during the repair work, do not touch the discharged refrigerant gas. The refrigerant gas may cause frostbite.	\bigcirc
When disconnecting the suction or discharge pipe of the compressor at the welded section, evacuate the refrigerant gas completely at a well-ventilated place first. If there is a gas remaining inside the compressor, the refrigerant gas or refrigerating machine oil discharges when the pipe is disconnected, and it may cause injury.	0
If the refrigerant gas leaks during the repair work, ventilate the area. The refrigerant gas may generate toxic gases when it contacts flames.	0
The step-up capacitor supplies high-voltage electricity to the electrical components of the outdoor unit. Be sure to discharge the capacitor completely before conducting repair work. A charged capacitor may cause an electrical shock.	A
Do not start or stop the air conditioner operation by plugging or unplugging the power cable plug. Plugging or unplugging the power cable plug to operate the equipment may cause an electrical shock or fire.	\bigcirc

I

Warning	
Be sure to wear a safety helmet, gloves, and a safety belt when working at a high place (more than 2 m). Insufficient safety measures may cause a fall accident.	\bigcirc
In case of R-410A refrigerant models, be sure to use pipes, flare nuts and tools for the exclusive use of the R-410A refrigerant. The use of materials for R-22 refrigerant models may cause a serious accident such as a damage of refrigerant cycle as well as an equipment failure.	\bigcirc

Caution	
Do not repair the electrical components with wet hands. Working on the equipment with wet hands may cause an electrical shock.	
Do not clean the air conditioner by splashing water. Washing the unit with water may cause an electrical shock.	
Be sure to provide the grounding when repairing the equipment in a humid or wet place, to avoid electrical shocks.	Ē
Be sure to turn off the power switch and unplug the power cable when cleaning the equipment. The internal fan rotates at a high speed, and cause injury.	8
Be sure to conduct repair work with appropriate tools. The use of inappropriate tools may cause injury.	0
Be sure to check that the refrigerating cycle section has cooled down enough before conducting repair work. Working on the unit when the refrigerating cycle section is hot may cause burns.	0
Use the welder in a well-ventilated place. Using the welder in an enclosed room may cause oxygen deficiency.	0

1.1.2 Cautions Regarding Safety of Users

Warning	
Be sure to use parts listed in the service parts list of the applicable model and appropriate tools to conduct repair work. Never attempt to modify the equipment. The use of inappropriate parts or tools may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	0
If the power cable and lead wires have scratches or deteriorated, be sure to replace them. Damaged cable and wires may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	
Do not use a joined power cable or extension cable, or share the same power outlet with other electrical appliances, since it may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	\bigcirc
Be sure to use an exclusive power circuit for the equipment, and follow the local technical standards related to the electrical equipment, the internal wiring regulations, and the instruction manual for installation when conducting electrical work. Insufficient power circuit capacity and improper electrical work may cause an electrical shock or fire.	•
Be sure to use the specified cable for wiring between the indoor and outdoor units. Make the connections securely and route the cable properly so that there is no force pulling the cable at the connection terminals. Improper connections may cause excessive heat generation or fire.	
When wiring between the indoor and outdoor units, make sure that the terminal cover does not lift off or dismount because of the cable. If the cover is not mounted properly, the terminal connection section may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	
Do not damage or modify the power cable. Damaged or modified power cable may cause an electrical shock or fire. Placing heavy items on the power cable, and heating or pulling the power cable may damage the cable.	\bigcirc
Do not mix air or gas other than the specified refrigerant (R-410A / R-22) in the refrigerant system. If air enters the refrigerating system, an excessively high pressure results, causing equipment damage and injury.	\bigcirc
If the refrigerant gas leaks, be sure to locate the leaking point and repair it before charging the refrigerant. After charging refrigerant, make sure that there is no refrigerant leak. If the leaking point cannot be located and the repair work must be stopped, be sure to perform pump-down and close the service valve, to prevent the refrigerant gas from leaking into the room. The refrigerant gas itself is harmless, but it may generate toxic gases when it contacts flames, such as fan and other heaters, stoves and ranges.	
When relocating the equipment, make sure that the new installation site has sufficient strength to withstand the weight of the equipment. If the installation site does not have sufficient strength and if the installation work is not conducted securely, the equipment may fall and cause injury.	0

Check to make sure that the power cable plug is not dirty or loose, then insert the plug into a power outlet securely. If the plug has dust or loose connection, it may cause an electrical shock or fire.	0
Be sure to install the product correctly by using the provided standard installation frame. Incorrect use of the installation frame and improper installation may cause the equipment to fall, resulting in injury.	For unitary type only
Be sure to install the product securely in the installation frame mounted on the window frame. If the unit is not securely mounted, it may fall and cause injury.	For unitary type only
When replacing the coin battery in the remote control, be sure to disposed of the old battery to prevent children from swallowing it. If a child swallows the coin battery, see a doctor immediately.	0

Caution	
Installation of a leakage breaker is necessary in some cases depending on the conditions of the installation site, to prevent electrical shocks.	0
Do not install the equipment in a place where there is a possibility of combustible gas leaks.	
If the combustible gas leaks and remains around the unit, it may cause a fire.	\bigcirc
Check to see if the parts and wires are mounted and connected properly, and if the connections at the soldered or crimped terminals are secure. Improper installation and connections may cause excessive heat generation, fire or an electrical shock.	
If the installation platform or frame has corroded, replace it. Corroded installation platform or frame may cause the unit to fall, resulting in injury.	0
Check the grounding, and repair it if the equipment is not properly grounded. Improper grounding may cause an electrical shock.	ļ

-	
Caution	
Be sure to measure the insulation resistance after the repair, and make sure that the resistance is 1 M Ω or higher. Faulty insulation may cause an electrical shock.	0
Be sure to check the drainage of the indoor unit after the repair. Faulty drainage may cause the water to enter the room and wet the furniture and floor.	0
Do not tilt the unit when removing it. The water inside the unit may spill and wet the furniture and floor.	\bigcirc
Be sure to install the packing and seal on the installation frame properly. If the packing and seal are not installed properly, water may enter the room and wet the furniture and floor.	For unitary type only

1.2 Used Icons

Icons are used to attract the attention of the reader to specific information. The meaning of each icon is described in the table below:

Icon	Type of Information	Description
Note:	Note	A "note" provides information that is not indispensable, but may nevertheless be valuable to the reader, such as tips and tricks.
Caution	Caution	A "caution" is used when there is danger that the reader, through incorrect manipulation, may damage equipment, loose data, get an unexpected result or has to restart (part of) a procedure.
Warning	Warning	A "warning" is used when there is danger of personal injury.
L	Reference	A "reference" guides the reader to other places in this binder or in this manual, where he/she will find additional information on a specific topic.

Part 1 List of Functions

1.	. Functions	
1.	. Functions	

1. Functions

Category	ory Functions FTXL20/2562V1B FTXL20/		Functions	FTXL20/25G2V1B RXL20/25G2V1B RXL20G2V1B9	FTXL35G2V1B RXL35G2V1B		
Basic Function	Inverter (with Inverter Power Control)	0	0	Health & Clean	Air-Purifying Filter	—	—
	Operation Limit for Cooling (°CDB)	_10 ~46	-10 ~46	-	Photocatalytic Deodorizing Filter	_	—
	Operation Limit for Heating (°CWB)	-20 ~20	-20 ~20		Air-Purifying Filter with Photocatalytic Deodorizing Function	—	—
	PAM Control	0	0		Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic	0	0
	Standby Electricity Saving	0	—		Air-Purifying Filter	Ŭ	Ŭ
Compressor	Oval Scroll Compressor	—	_		Air Filter (Prefilter)	0	0
	Swing Compressor	0	0		Wipe-Clean Flat Panel	0	0
	Rotary Compressor	—	_	_	Washable Grille	—	—
	Reluctance DC Motor	0	0		MOLD PROOF Operation	—	—
Comfortable Airflow	Power-Airflow Flap	—	_		Good-Sleep Cooling Operation	—	—
AIIIIOW	Power-Airflow Dual Flaps	0	0	Timer	WEEKLY TIMER Operation	0	0
	Power-Airflow Diffuser	—	_		24-Hour ON/OFF TIMER	0	0
	Wide-Angle Louvers	0	0	NIGHT SET Mode		0	0
	Vertical Auto-Swing (Up and Down)	0	0	Worry Free "Reliability & Durability"	Auto-Restart (after Power Failure)	0	0
	Horizontal Auto-Swing (Right and Left)	0	0	Durability	Self-Diagnosis (Digital, LED) Display	0	0
	3-D Airflow	0	0		Wiring Error Check	—	—
	COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation	0	0		Anti-Corrosion Treatment of Outdoor Heat Exchanger	0	0
Comfort	Auto Fan Speed	0	0		Drain Pan Heater	0	0
Control	Indoor Unit Quiet Operation	0	O Flexibility Multi-Split / Split Type Compatible Indoor Unit		_	—	
	NIGHT QUIET Mode (Automatic)	—			Flexible Voltage Correspondence	—	—
	OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET Operation (Manual)	0	0	_	High Ceiling Application	_	_
	2-Area INTELLIGENT EYE Operation	0	0		Chargeless	10 m	10 m
	INTELLIGENT EYE Operation	—	_		Either Side Drain (Right or Left)	0	0
	Quick Warming Function (Preheating Operation)	0	0		Power Selection	_	
	Hot-Start Function	0	0	Remote Control	5-Rooms Centralized Controller (Option)	0	0
Operation	Automatic Defrosting Automatic Operation	0	0	-	Remote Control Adapter (Normal Open Pulse Contact) (Option)	0	0
	Program Dry Operation	0	0	-	Remote Control AdapterAdapter (Normal Open Contact) (Option)	0	0
	Fan Only	0	0	-	DIII-NET Compatible (Adapter) (Option)	0	0
Lifestyle Convenience	New POWERFUL Operation (Non-Inverter)	_	_	Remote Control	Wireless	0	0
	Inverter POWERFUL Operation	0	0	1	Wired (Option)	0	0
	Priority-Room Setting	_	_	1	· · · · · · · · /	-	-
	COOL / HEAT Mode Lock	_		1			
	HOME LEAVE Operation	_		1			
	ECONO Operation	0	0	1			
	Indoor Unit ON/OFF Button	0	0	1			
	Signal Receiving Sign	0	0	1			
	Temperature Display	_	_	1			
		I	l	1		I	1

Note: O : Holding Functions

— : No Functions

Part 2 Specifications

1.	Specifications	1
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1. Specifications

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240V

	Indoor Units		FTXL20	G2V1B	FTXL20	G2V1B
Models	Outdaan Unite		RXL20	G2V1B	RXL20G	32V1B9
	Outdoor Units		Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
	•	kW	2.0 (1.4 ~ 4.0)	2.7 (1.4 ~ 5.2)	2.0 (1.4 ~ 4.0)	2.7 (1.4 ~ 5.2)
Capacity	Max	Btu/h	6,800 (4,800 ~ 13,600)	9,200 (4,800 ~ 17,700)	6,800 (4,800 ~ 13,600)	9,200 (4,800 ~ 17,700
Rated (Min. ~ I	wax.)	kcal/h	1,720 (1,200 ~ 3,440)	2,320 (1,200 ~ 4,470)	1,720 (1,200 ~ 3,440)	2,320 (1,200 ~ 4,470
loisture Remo	oval	L/h	0.9		0.9	
Running Curre		A	2.5 - 2.4 - 2.3	3.1 - 3.0 - 2.9	2.5 - 2.4 - 2.3	3.1 - 3.0 - 2.9
Power Consun Rated (Min. ~ I	nption	W	450 (350 ~ 1,190)	590 (340 ~ 1,460)	450 (350 ~ 1,190)	590 (340 ~ 1,460)
Power Factor	wax.)	%	81.8 - 81.5 - 81.5	86.5 - 85.5 - 84.8	81.8 - 81.5 - 81.5	86.5 - 85.5 - 84.8
OP (Rated)		W/W	4.44 (4.00 ~ 3.36)	4.58 (4.12 ~ 3.56)	4.44 (4.00 ~ 3.36)	4.58 (4.12 ~ 3.56)
	Liquid	mm	φ 6	6.4	¢6	.4
iping	Gas	mm	φ 9		¢ 9	
connections	Drain	mm	¢1		¢18	
leat Insulatior			Both Liquid a		Both Liquid an	
	Piping Length	m	2		20	
	Height Difference	m	1		15	
Chargeless		m	1		10	
<u> </u>	litional Obanna of	m			10	J
Refrigerant	litional Charge of	g/m	2		20	-
ndoor Units			FTXL20		FTXL20	
Front Panel Co	olor		Wł		Wh	
		Н	10.4 (367)	10.6 (374)	10.4 (367)	10.6 (374)
Airflow Rate	m³/min	М	7.7 (270)	8.5 (302)	7.7 (270)	8.5 (302)
annow Aale	(cfm)	L	4.8 (170)	6.4 (226)	4.8 (170)	6.4 (226)
		SL	3.5 (125)	5.4 (191)	3.5 (125)	5.4 (191)
	Туре	·	Cross F	low Fan	Cross Fl	ow Fan
an	Motor Output	W	2	3	23	3
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, C	Quiet. Auto	5 Steps, Q	uiet. Auto
Air Direction C	ontrol		Right, Left, Horiz	,	Right, Left, Horizo	
Air Filter			Removable / Wash	,	Removable / Washa	,
Running Curre	ant (Rated)	A	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11	0.13 - 0.13 - 0.12	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11	0.13 - 0.13 - 0.12
•	nption (Rated)	W	26 - 26 - 26	28 - 28 - 28	26 - 26 - 26	28 - 28 - 28
Power Factor	ilplion (Naleu)	%	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5	97.9 - 93.6 - 97.2	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5	97.9 - 93.6 - 97.2
	2 - unit and	70				
Cemperature C		1			Microcompu	
Dimensions (H	/	mm	295 × 800 × 215		295 × 80	
0	ensions (H × W × D)	mm	274 × 870 × 366		274 × 870 × 366	
Neight		kg	1	-	10	
				4	14	1
Gross Weight		kg	1			•
Operation	H/M/L/SL	kg dBA	42 / 34 / 26 / 23	42 / 36 / 29 / 26	42 / 34 / 26 / 23	42 / 36 / 29 / 26
Dperation Sound	H/M/L/SL			42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58	-	-
Operation Sound Sound Power		dBA	42 / 34 / 26 / 23	58	42 / 34 / 26 / 23	42 / 36 / 29 / 26
Operation Sound Sound Power Outdoor Units		dBA	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58	58 G2V1B	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 2V1B9
Operation Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units		dBA	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20	58 G2V1B White	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 52V1B9 White
Operation Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color	6	dBA	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 32V1B9 White Iled Swing Type
Operation Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color	s Type Model	dBA	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type BAFXD	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 32V1B9 White Iled Swing Type AEXD
Operation Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor	Type Model Motor Output	dBA dBA	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sec 1YC23 60	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type BAFXD 00	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23. 60	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 52V1B9 White Iled Swing Type AEXD 0
Operation Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant	Type Model Motor Output Type	dBA dBA W	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type 3AFXD 30 50K	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23. 60 FVC3	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 32V1B9 White Iled Swing Type AEXD 0 50K
Operation Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge	dBA dBA	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type BAFXD 00 50K 50K	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC3 0.3	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 32V1B9 White Ided Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75
Deperation Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type	dBA dBA W	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23 66 FVC 0.3 R-4	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type 3AFXD 00 550K 375 10A	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC2 0.3 R-41	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 32V1B9 White Ided Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 10A
Deperation Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge	dBA dBA W L kg	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type AAFXD 00 550K 575 10A 2	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23, 60 FVCC 0.3 R-41	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 32V1B9 Nhite Ided Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 10A 2
Deperation Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m³/min	dBA dBA W L kg H	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272)	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type 3AFXD 30 50K 550K 10A 2 30.2 (1,066)	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23, 60 FVCC 0.3 R-41 1.3 36.0 (1,272)	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 32V1B9 White Ited Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 10A 2 30.6 (1,080)
Deperation Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m³/min (cfm)	dBA dBA W L kg	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sec 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109)	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type BAFXD 30 50K 75 10A 2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798)	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23, 60 FVC2 0.33 R-41 1.3 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153)	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 32V1B9 White Ided Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 10A 2 30.6 (1,080) 28.5 (1,005)
Deperation Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant sirflow Rate	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type	dBA dBA W L kg H SL	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sec 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Prop	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type BAFXD 00 50K 775 10A .2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) weller	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC2 0.3 R-41 1. 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Propu	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 58 52V1B9 White led Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 50K 75 10A 2 30.6 (1,080) 28.5 (1,005) eller
Deperation Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Arrigerant	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output	dBA dBA W L L Kg H SL W	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sec 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Frop 5	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type BAFXD 00 50K 575 10A 2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) weller 0	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC3 0.3 R-41 1.3 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Prop	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 52V1B9 White led Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 50K 75 10A 2 30.6 (1,080) 28.5 (1,005) eller 3
Deperation Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dill Refrigerant Arfigow Rate San Running Curre	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m³/min (cfm) Type Motor Output mt (Rated)	dBA dBA W U L Kg H SL W A	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sec 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Prop 5 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type 3AFXD 300 500K 775 10A .2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) weller 0 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC3 0.3 R-41 1. 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Prop 23 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 58 52V1B9 White Lied Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 10A 2 30.6 (1,080) 28.5 (1,005) eller 3 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78
operation ound Power Jutdoor Units asing Color compressor tefrigerant inflow Rate an tunning Curre ower Consun	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output	dBA dBA W U L Kg H SL SL W A W	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Prop 5 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type 3AFXD 300 50K 775 10A .2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) weller 0 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 - 562	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC3 0.3 R-41 1.1 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Prope 22 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 58 52V1B9 White Idel Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 10A 2 30.6 (1,080) 28.5 (1,005) eller 3 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 - 562
Operation Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Aurning Rate Running Curre Power Consun Power Factor	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output mt (Rated) mption (Rated)	dBA dBA W U L Kg H SL SL W A W W A W	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Prop 5 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type 3AFXD 500 500K 775 10A 2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) weller 0 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC3 0.3 R-41 1.3 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Prop 22 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 58 52V1B9 White Ided Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 10A 2 30.6 (1,080) 28.5 (1,005) eller 3 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2
Deperation Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Running Curre Cower Consun Dower Factor Starting Currer	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output mot (Rated) mption (Rated)	dBA dBA W U L Kg H SL SL W A W	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Prop 5 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type 3AFXD 500 500K 775 10A 2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) weller 0 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC3 0.3 R-41 1.1 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Prope 22 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 58 52V1B9 White Ided Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 10A 2 30.6 (1,080) 28.5 (1,005) eller 3 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2
Deperation Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Dation Units Dation Units Dation Units Dation Units Compressor Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Di Di Refrigerant Di Refrigerant Di Refri	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output mot (Rated) mption (Rated)	dBA dBA W U L Kg H SL SL W A W W A W	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Prop 5 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type 3AFXD 30 50K 75 10A 2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) weller 0 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2 .8	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC3 0.3 R-41 1.3 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Prop 22 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 58 52V1B9 White Ided Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 10A 2 30.6 (1,080) 28.5 (1,005) eller 3 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2 8
Deperation Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Cower Consun Power Consun Power Factor Starting Currer Dimensions (H	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output mot (Rated) mption (Rated)	dBA dBA W U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23 66 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Prop 5 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7 4.	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type 3AFXD 30 250K 75 10A .2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) veller 0 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2 .8 35 × 285	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC2 0.3 R-41 1. 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Prop 23 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7 4.1	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 58 58 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50
Deperation Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Running Currer Dower Factor Starting Currer Dimensions (H Packaged Dim	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output mt (Rated) mtion	dBA dBA W U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23 66 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Prop 5 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7 4 550 × 76	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type BAFXD 30 250K 775 10A 2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) veller 0 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2 .8 35 × 285 36 × 364	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC2 0.3 R-41 1. 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Prop 23 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7 4. 550 × 76	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 58 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50
Deperation Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Running Currer Starting C	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output mt (Rated) mtion	dBA dBA W U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sec 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Prop 5 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7 4 550 × 76 612 × 90	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type 3AFXD 00 :50K :75 10A .2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) veller 0 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2 .8 55 × 285 06 × 364 4	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory M Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC2 0.3 R-41 1.3 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Prope 23 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7 4.4 550 × 76 612 × 90	$\begin{array}{r} 42 / 36 / 29 / 26 \\ \hline 58 \\ \hline 58 \\ \hline 50 \\ \hline 50 \\ \hline 50 \\ \hline 60 \\ \hline 50 \\ \hline 50 \\ \hline 75 \\ \hline 100 \\ \hline 2 \\ \hline 30.6 (1,080) \\ \hline 28.5 (1,005) \\ \hline 61 \\ \hline 2 \\ \hline 3 \\ \hline 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 \\ \hline 562 - 562 \\ \hline 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 5 \times 285 \\ \hline 6 \times 364 \\ \hline 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$
Deperation Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dill Refrigerant Airflow Rate Case Cower Consun Power Factor Dimensions (H Packaged Dim Veight Sross Weight Deperation	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output mt (Rated) mtion	dBA dBA W U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sec 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Prop 5 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7 4 550 × 77 612 × 90 3	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type 3AFXD 00 :50K :75 10A .2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) veller 0 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2 .8 55 × 285 06 × 364 4	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory V Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC3 0.3 R-41 1.3 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Prop 23 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7 4.1 550 × 76 612 × 90 34	$\begin{array}{r} 42 / 36 / 29 / 26 \\ \hline 58 \\ \hline 58 \\ \hline 50 \\ \hline 50 \\ \hline 50 \\ \hline 60 \\ \hline 50 \\ \hline 50 \\ \hline 75 \\ \hline 100 \\ \hline 2 \\ \hline 30.6 (1,080) \\ \hline 28.5 (1,005) \\ \hline 61 \\ \hline 2 \\ \hline 3 \\ \hline 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 \\ \hline 562 - 562 \\ \hline 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 5 \times 285 \\ \hline 6 \times 364 \\ \hline 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$
Operation Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Running Curre Fower Consum Power Consum Power Consum Power Consum	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output int (Rated) mption (Rated) nt I × W × D) mensions (H × W × D)	dBA dBA W U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20 Ivory Hermetically Sec 1YC23 60 FVC 0.3 R-4 1. 36.0 (1,272) 31.4 (1,109) Prop 52.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7 4 550 × 76 612 × 90 33 4	58 G2V1B White aled Swing Type BAFXD 30 250K 375 10A 2 30.2 (1,066) 22.6 (798) veller 0 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2 .8 35 × 285 06 × 364 4 0	42 / 34 / 26 / 23 58 RXL20G Ivory M Hermetically Sea 1YC23 60 FVC2 0.3 R-41 1.1 36.0 (1,272) 32.7 (1,153) Prope 23 2.38 - 2.28 - 2.19 424 - 424 - 424 81.0 - 80.9 - 80.7 4.1 550 × 76 612 × 90 34 350	42 / 36 / 29 / 26 58 58 52V1B9 White Ided Swing Type AEXD 0 50K 75 10A 2 30.6 (1,080) 28.5 (1,005) eller 3 2.97 - 2.87 - 2.78 562 - 562 86.0 - 85.1 - 84.2 8 5 × 285 6 × 364 4 3

Note:

The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

The data are based on the co	Conversion Formu	ulae		
Cooling	Heating	Piping Length	$kcal/h = kW \times 86$	30
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB / 6°CWB	5 m	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Btu/h} = \text{kW} \times 341 \\ \text{cfm} = \text{m}^3/\text{min} \times 35 \end{array}$	12

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240V

	Indoor Units		FTXL25	G2V1B	FTXL35G2V1B		
Models	Outdoor Units		RXL25	G2V1B	RXL35	G2V1B	
	Outdoor Units		Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	
		kW	2.5 (1.7 ~ 5.0)	3.4 (1.7 ~ 6.0)	3.5 (1.7 ~ 5.3)	4.0 (1.7 ~ 6.6)	
Capacity Rated (Min. ∼∣	Max)	Btu/h	8,500 (5,800 ~ 17,100)	11,600 (5,800 ~ 20,500)	11,900 (5,800 ~ 18,100)	13,600 (5,800 ~ 22,500	
Nateu (IVIIII. ~	wax.)	kcal/h	2,150 (1,460 ~ 4,300)	2,920 (1,460 ~ 5,160)	3,010 (1,460 ~ 4,560)	3,440 (1,460 ~ 5,680)	
Moisture Remo	oval	L/h	1.2	_	1.9	_	
Running Curre	ent (Rated)	A	3.1 - 3.0 - 2.9	4.3 - 4.1 - 3.9	4.1 - 3.9 - 3.7	4.3 - 4.1 - 3.9	
Power Consur	nption	10/	FF0 (440 - 0.000)	770 (400 4 000)	070 (440 4 040)	000 (400 0.040)	
Rated (Min. ~	Max.)	W	550 (440 ~ 2,230)	770 (400 ~ 1,980)	870 (440 ~ 1,810)	920 (400 ~ 2,010)	
Power Factor		%	80.6 - 79.7 - 79.0	81.3 - 81.7 - 82.3	96.4 - 96.9 - 97.9	97.2 - 97.5 - 98.2	
COP (Rated)		W/W	4.55 (3.86 ~ 2.24)	4.42 (4.25 ~ 3.03)	4.02 (3.86 ~ 2.93)	4.35 (4.25 ~ 3.30)	
	Liquid	mm	φ θ	5.4	φ 6	6.4	
Piping Connections	Gas	mm	φ 9	9.5	φ 1	2.7	
Johnections	Drain	mm	φ1	8.0	¢ 1	8.0	
leat Insulatior	n	·	Both Liquid a	nd Gas Pipes	Both Liquid a	nd Gas Pipes	
Aax. Interunit	Piping Length	m	2	0	2	0	
	Height Difference	m		5	1	5	
Chargeless		m		0		0	
	ditional Charge of	+ +		-			
Refrigerant	anional onalye of	g/m	2	0	2	0	
ndoor Units			FTXL2	G2V1B	FTXL35	G2V1B	
Front Panel Co	olor			nite	Wh		
		Н	9.1 (321)	11.2 (395)	10.2 (360)	11.0 (388)	
	m ³ /min	M	7.7 (273)	9.4 (333)	8.6 (305)	9.3 (330)	
Airflow Rate	m³/min (cfm)	L	6.3 (221)	7.7 (271)	7.0 (246)	7.6 (267)	
	(5.11)	L SL		6.8 (240)	. (/	6.7 (236)	
	T	SL	5.4 (190)	(,	6.0 (212)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Туре	1		low Fan		low Fan	
an	Motor Output	W		3	23		
	Speed	Steps		Quiet, Auto		Quiet, Auto	
Air Direction C	Control		0, ,	ontal, Downward	0, ,	ontal, Downward	
Air Filter				able / Mildew Proof		able / Mildew Proof	
Running Curre	()	A	0.11 - 0.11 - 0.10	0.14 - 0.14 - 0.13	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11	0.15 - 0.14 - 0.14	
	mption (Rated)	W	24 - 24 - 24	30 - 30 - 30	26 - 26 - 26	32 - 32 - 32	
Power Factor		%	99.2 - 94.9 - 100.0	97.4 - 93.2 - 96.2	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5	97.0 - 99.4 - 95.2	
Cemperature C	Control		Microcomp	uter Control	Microcompu	uter Control	
Dimensions (H	H × W × D)	mm	295 × 800 × 215		295 × 80	00 × 215	
Packaged Dim	nensions (H × W × D)	mm	274 × 870 × 366		274 × 870 × 366		
Veight		kg	10		10		
Gross Weight		kg	1	4	1	4	
Operation	H/M/L/SL		42/22/22/20	42/22/22/20	42/20/24/24	44 / 20 / 24 / 24	
2 DEI GUOLI	H/W/L/SL	dBA	42 / 38 / 33 / 30	42 / 38 / 33 / 30	43 / 39 / 34 / 31	44 / 39 / 34 / 31	
				58	59		
Sound		dBA	58	50	RXL35G2V1B		
Sound Sound Power	s	dBA		G2V1B	RXL35	60 G2V1B	
ound Sound Power Outdoor Units	s	dBA	RXL25		RXL35	G2V1B	
Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Unit s	s Type	dBA	RXL25 Ivory	G2V1B White	lvory	G2V1B White	
Sound Sound Power Outdoor Units Casing Color	•	dBA	RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Se	G2V1B	lvory	G2V1B White aled Swing Type	
Sound Sound Power Outdoor Units Casing Color	Type Model	dBA	RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Se 2YC3	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD	lvory Hermetically Sea 2YC3	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD	
Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor	Type Model Motor Output		RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Se 2YC3 1,1	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 100	
Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant	Type Model		RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Se 2YC3 1,1 FVC	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD	lvory Hermetically Sec 2YC3 1,1 FVC	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD	
Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge		RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Se 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0.	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 50K 65	lvory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0.	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 250K 65	
Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type	W	RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Se 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 50K 65 10A	lvory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0.1 R-4	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 250K 65 10A	
Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge	W L kg	RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Se 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 1	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 50K 65 10A .3	Ivory Hermetically Sec 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0,1 R-4	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 350K 65 10A .7	
Sound Sound Power Dutdoor Units Dasing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Charge m³/min	W L kg H	RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Sec 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 37.3 (1,317)	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 550K 65 10A .3 31.3 (1,107)	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0.1 R-4 1 50.9 (1,797)	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 550K 65 10A .7 45.0 (1,589)	
Sound Power Dutdoor Units Dasing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Charge m ³ /min (cfm)	W L kg	RXL25 lvory Hermetically Sec 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079)	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 :50K 65 10A .3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959)	lvory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0.1 R-4 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727)	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 250K 65 10A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522)	
Sound Power Dutdoor Units Dataloor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type	W L kg H SL	RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Sec. 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 1 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079)	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 :50K 65 10A 3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) veller	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0,1 R-4 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 250K 65 10A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) peller	
Sound Power Dutdoor Units Dating Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output	W L kg H SL W	RXL25 lvory Hermetically Sec. 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079) Prop 5	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 250K 65 10A .3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) weller 0	lvory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0,1 R-4 1, 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop 5	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 550K 65 10A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) beller .3	
ound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Lirflow Rate Can Running Curre	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output ent (Rated)	W L Kg H SL W A	RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Second 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079) Prop 5 2.99 - 2.89 - 2.80	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 00 50K 65 10A .3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) veller 0 4.16 - 3.96 - 3.77	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0,1 R-4 1. 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop 5 3.98 - 3.78 - 3.59	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 000 550K 65 10A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) beller 3 4.15 - 3.96 - 3.76	
ound Power DataGor Units Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant irflow Rate an Running Curre Power Consum	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output	W L Kg H SL W A W	RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Se 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079) Prop 5 2.99 - 2.89 - 2.80 526 - 526 - 526	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 550K 65 10A .3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) weller 0 4.16 - 3.96 - 3.77 740 - 740 - 740	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0,1 R-4 1. 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop 5 3.98 - 3.78 - 3.59 844 - 844 - 844	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 000 550K 65 10A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) veller 3 4.15 - 3.96 - 3.76 888 - 888	
Sound Power Sound Power Datdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Running Currer Power Consum Power Factor	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	W L H SL W A W W %	RXL25 Ivory Hermetically Se 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079) Prop 5 2.99 - 2.89 - 2.80 526 - 526 80.0 - 79.1 - 78.3	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 50K 65 10A .3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) veller 0 4.16 - 3.96 - 3.77 740 - 740 80.9 - 81.2 - 81.8	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0,1 R-4 1. 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop 5 3.98 - 3.78 - 3.59 844 - 844 - 844 96.4 - 97.1 - 98.0	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 000 550K 65 10A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) veller .3 4.15 - 3.96 - 3.76 888 - 888 - 888 97.3 - 97.5 - 98.4	
Sound Power Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Running Current Power Consum Power Factor Starting Current	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	W L Kg H SL W A W	RXL25 lvory Hermetically Se. 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-44 1 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079) Prop 5 2.99 - 2.89 - 2.80 526 - 526 - 526 80.0 - 79.1 - 78.3 7	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 :50K 665 10A .3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) veller 0 4.16 - 3.96 - 3.77 740 - 740 80.9 - 81.2 - 81.8 4	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0.1 R-4 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop 5 3.98 - 3.78 - 3.59 844 - 844 - 844 96.4 - 97.1 - 98.0	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 6BXD 100 550K 65 100A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) veller .3 4.15 - 3.96 - 3.76 888 - 888 - 888 97.3 - 97.5 - 98.4 .3 3	
Sound Power Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Cower Consum Power Factor Starting Currer Dimensions (H	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated) nt H × W × D)	W L H SL W A W W %	RXL25 lvory Hermetically Sec 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 1 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079) Prop 5 2.99 - 2.89 - 2.80 526 - 526 80.0 - 79.1 - 78.3 7 550 × 76	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 :50K 65 10A .3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) veller 0 4.16 - 3.96 - 3.77 740 - 740 80.9 - 81.2 - 81.8 .4 35 × 285	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0.1 R-4 1 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop 5 3.98 - 3.78 - 3.59 844 - 844 - 844 96.4 - 97.1 - 98.0 7 735 × 82	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 000 250K 65 10A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) veller .3 4.15 - 3.96 - 3.76 .888 - 888 - 888 .97.3 - 97.5 - 98.4 .3 25 × 300	
Sound Power Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Cower Consum Power Factor Starting Currer Dimensions (H	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	W L H SL W A W W A A W	RXL25 lvory Hermetically Sec 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 1 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079) Prop 5 2.99 - 2.89 - 2.80 526 - 526 80.0 - 79.1 - 78.3 7 550 × 76	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 :50K 665 10A .3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) veller 0 4.16 - 3.96 - 3.77 740 - 740 80.9 - 81.2 - 81.8 4	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0.1 R-4 1 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop 5 3.98 - 3.78 - 3.59 844 - 844 - 844 96.4 - 97.1 - 98.0 7 735 × 82	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 6BXD 100 550K 65 100A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) veller .3 4.15 - 3.96 - 3.76 888 - 888 - 888 97.3 - 97.5 - 98.4 .3 3	
Sound Power Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Running Curre Fower Consum Power Factor Starting Curren Dimensions (H Packaged Dim	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated) nt H × W × D)	W L H SL W A W % A M W	RXL25 lvory Hermetically Sec 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 1 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079) Prop 5 2.99 - 2.89 - 2.80 526 - 526 80.0 - 79.1 - 78.3 7 550 × 76 612 × 90	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 :50K 65 10A .3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) veller 0 4.16 - 3.96 - 3.77 740 - 740 80.9 - 81.2 - 81.8 .4 35 × 285	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0,1 R-4 1 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop 5 3.98 - 3.78 - 3.59 844 - 844 - 844 96.4 - 97.1 - 98.0 7 735 × 82 797 × 96	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 000 250K 65 10A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) veller .3 4.15 - 3.96 - 3.76 .888 - 888 - 888 .97.3 - 97.5 - 98.4 .3 25 × 300	
Sound Power Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Running Currer Power Consun Power Consun Starting Currer Starting Currer Dimensions (H Packaged Dim Neight	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output ant (Rated) mption (Rated) nt + × W × D) rensions (H × W × D)	W L Kg H SL W A W A W W A A M W Kg	RXL25 lvory Hermetically Sec. 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 1 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079) Prop 526 - 526 80.0 - 79.1 - 78.3 7 550 × 70 612 × 90 3	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 655 10A 3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) veller 0 4.16 - 3.96 - 3.77 740 - 740 - 740 80.9 - 81.2 - 81.8 .4 35 × 285 .06 × 364 364	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0,1 R-4 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop 5 3.98 - 3.78 - 3.59 844 - 844 96.4 - 97.1 - 98.0 7,7 735 × 82 797 × 96 4	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 250K 65 10A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) veller .3 4.15 - 3.96 - 3.76 888 - 888 - 888 97.3 - 97.5 - 98.4 .3 25 × 300 60 × 390	
Sound Power Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Running Curree Power Consum Power Factor Starting Curree Dimensions (H Packaged Dim Weight Sross Weight Diperation	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge m³/min (cfm) Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated) nt + × W × D) rensions (H × W × D)	W L Kg H SL W A W W A A W % A A mm	RXL25 lvory Hermetically Sec. 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 1 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079) Prop 526 - 526 80.0 - 79.1 - 78.3 7 550 × 70 612 × 90 3	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 00 :50K 65 10A .3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) :99) veller 0 4.16 - 3.96 - 3.77 :740 - 740 80.9 - 81.2 - 81.8 :4 55 × 285 :06 × 364 9 :500	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0,1 R-4 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop 5 3.98 - 3.78 - 3.59 844 - 844 96.4 - 97.1 - 98.0 7,7 735 × 82 797 × 96 4	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 000 050K 65 10A .7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) beller 3 4.15 - 3.96 - 3.76 888 - 888 - 888 97.3 - 97.5 - 98.4 .3 25 × 300 50 × 390 8	
Sound Sound Power Sound Power Dutdoor Units Casing Color Compressor Compressor Refrigerant Dil Refrigerant Airflow Rate Fan Running Curre Power Consum Ower Factor Starting Curre Dimensions (H	Type Model Motor Output Type Charge Type Charge m ³ /min (cfm) Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mt + × W × D) hensions (H × W × D) H / SL	W L Kg H SL W A W A W W A A M M M Kg kg	RXL25 lvory Hermetically Sec 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0. R-4 1 37.3 (1,317) 30.6 (1,079) Prop 526 - 526 80.0 - 79.1 - 78.3 7 550 × 76 612 × 90 3 4	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 00 655 10A .3 31.3 (1,107) 27.2 (959) veller 0 4.16 - 3.96 - 3.77 740 - 740 - 740 80.9 - 81.2 - 81.8 .4 35 × 285 .06 × 364 9	Ivory Hermetically Sea 2YC3 1,1 FVC 0,1 R-4 1 50.9 (1,797) 48.9 (1,727) Prop 5 3.98 - 3.78 - 3.59 844 - 844 - 844 96.4 - 97.1 - 98.0 7 735 × 82 797 × 96 4 5	G2V1B White aled Swing Type 6BXD 600 000 550K 65 100 7 45.0 (1,589) 43.1 (1,522) veller 3 4.15 - 3.96 - 3.76 888 - 888 - 888 97.3 - 97.5 - 98.4 .3 25 × 300 60 × 390 8 .3 3	

Note:

The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Heating	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB / 6°CWB	5 m

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW × 860 Btu/h = kW × 3412 cfm = m³/min × 35.3

Part 3 Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram

1.	Print	ed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram	8
		Indoor Unit	
	1.2	Outdoor Unit	11

1. Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram 1.1 Indoor Unit

Connectors	and
Other Parts	

PCB (1): Control PCB

1) S1	Connector for DC fan motor
2	2) S21	Connector for centralized control (HA)
3	3) S25	Connector for INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB
4) S32	Connector for indoor heat exchanger thermistor
5	5) S41	Connector for swing motors
6	6) S46	Connector for display PCB
7	') S47	Connector for signal receiver PCB
8	3) H1, H2, H3, FG	Connector for terminal board
9)) JA	Address setting jumper
		* Refer to page 268 for detail.
	JB	Fan speed setting when compressor stops for thermostat OFF
	JC	Power failure recovery function (auto-restart)
		* Refer to page 270 for detail.
1	0) LED A	LED for service monitor (green)
1	1) FU1 (F1U)	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
1	2) V1	Varistor
7 8 9 1 1	 7) S47 8) H1, H2, H3, FG 9) JA JB JC 10) LED A 11) FU1 (F1U) 	Connector for signal receiver PCB Connector for terminal board Address setting jumper * Refer to page 268 for detail. Fan speed setting when compressor stops for thermostat OF Power failure recovery function (auto-restart) * Refer to page 270 for detail. LED for service monitor (green) Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)

PCB (2): Signal Receiver PCB

1)	S48	Connector for	control	PCB
• /	010		001101	. 00

PCB (3): Display PCB

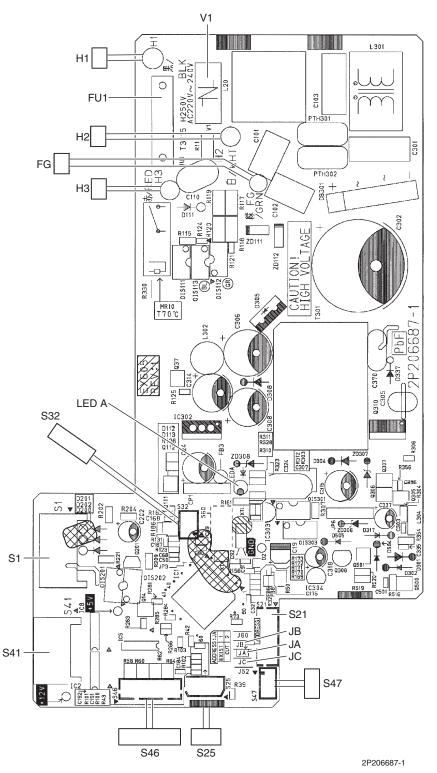
1)	S49	Connector for control PCB
2)	SW1 (S1W)	Forced operation ON / OFF button
3)	LED1 (H1P)	LED for operation (green)
4)	LED2 (H2P)	LED for timer (yellow)
5)	LED3 (H3P)	LED for INTELLIGENT EYE (green)
6)	RTH1 (R1T)	Room temperature thermistor

PCB (4): INTELLIGENT EYE Sensor PCB

1) S26 Connector for control PCB





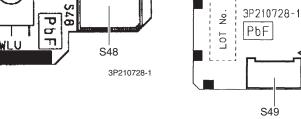


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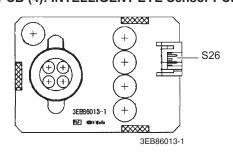
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PCB (2): Signal Receiver PCB PCB (3): Display PCB



PCB (4): INTELLIGENT EYE Sensor PCB



1.2Outdoor Unit1.2.1RXL20G2V1B

Connectors and Other Parts

PCB (1): Filter PCB

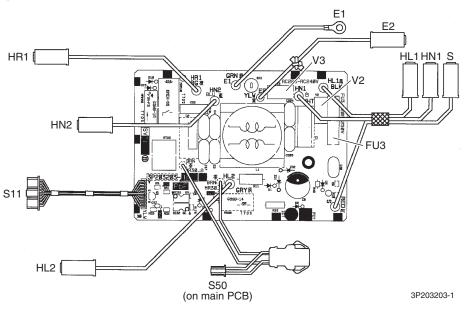
1) S11	Connector for main PCB
2) HL1, HN1, S	Connector for terminal board
3) E1	Terminal for earth
4) E2	Connector for terminal board (earth)
 5) HL2, HN2 6) HR1 7) FU3 8) V2, V3 	Connector for main PCB Connector for reactor Fuse (20 A, 250 V) Varistor

PCB (2): Main PCB

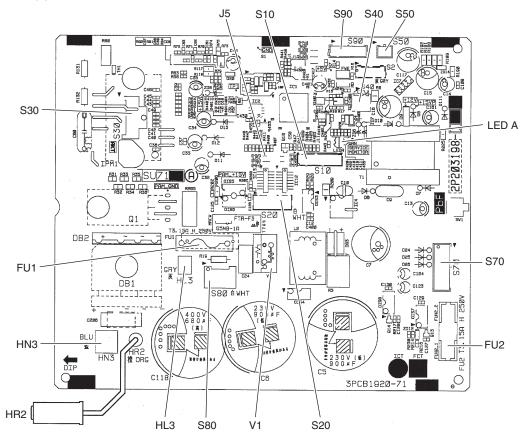
()	
1) S10	Connector for filter PCB
2) S20	Connector for electronic expansion valve coil
3) S30	Connector for compressor
4) S40	Connector for overload protector
5) S50	Connector for magnetic relay
6) S70	Connector for fan motor
7) S80	Connector for four way valve coil
8) S90	Connector for thermistors
	(outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe)
9) HL3, HN3	Connector for filter PCB
10) HR2	Connector for reactor
11) FU1, FU2	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
12) LED A	LED for service monitor (green)
13) V1	Varistor
14) J5	Jumper for improvement of defrost performance
	 Refer to page 270 for detail.

PCB Detail

PCB (1): Filter PCB



PCB (2): Main PCB



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1.2.2 RXL20G2V1B9

Connectors	and
Other Parts	

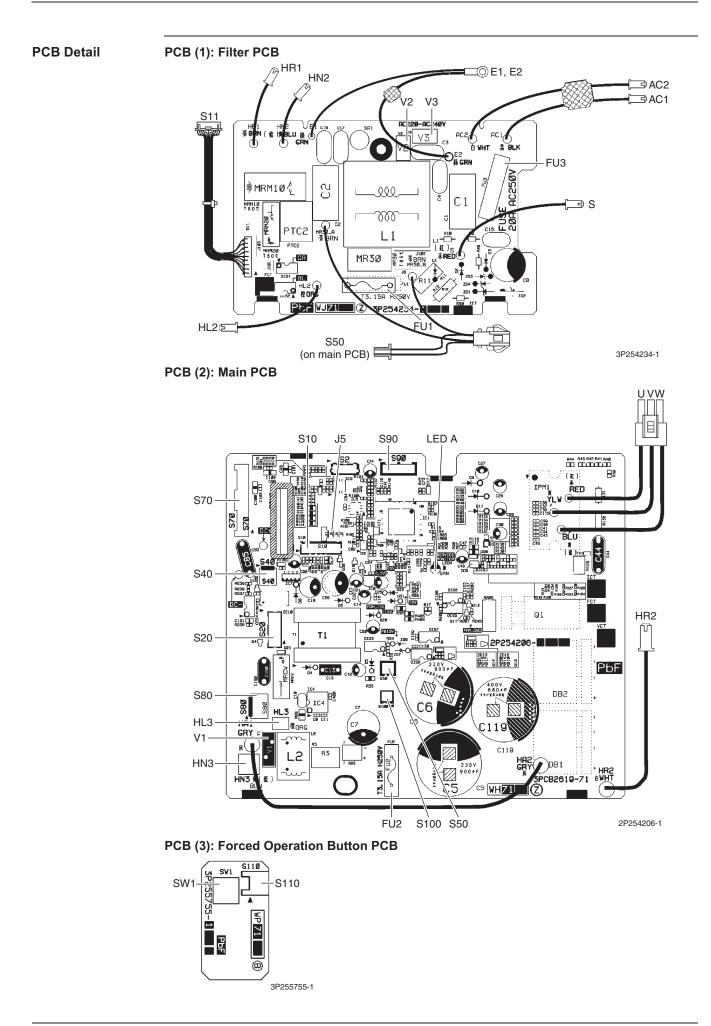
PCB (1): Filter PCB

1)	S11	Connector for main PCB
2)	AC1, AC2, S	Connector for terminal board
3)	E1, E2	Terminal for earth
4)	HL2, HN2	Connector for main PCB
5)	HR1	Connector for reactor
6)	FU1	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
7)	FU3	Fuse (20 A, 250 V)
8)	V2, V3	Varistor
PC	B (2): Main PCB	
1)	S10	Connector for filter PCB
2)	S20	Connector for electronic expansion valve coil
3)	S40	Connector for overload protector
4)	S50	Connector for magnetic relay
5)	S70	Connector for fan motor
6)	S80	Connector for four way valve coil
7)	S90	Connector for thermistors
		(outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe)
8)	S100	Connector for forced operation button PCB
9)	HL3, HN3	Connector for filter PCB
10) HR2	Connector for reactor
11) U, V, W	Connector for compressor
12) FU2	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
13) LED A	LED for service monitor (green)
14) V1	Varistor
15) J5	Jumper for improvement of defrost performance
		* Refer to page 270 for detail.

PCB (3): Forced Operation Button PCB

1)	S110	Connector for main PCB
2)	S\//1	Earcod aparation ON/OEE but

2) SW1 Forced operation ON/OFF button



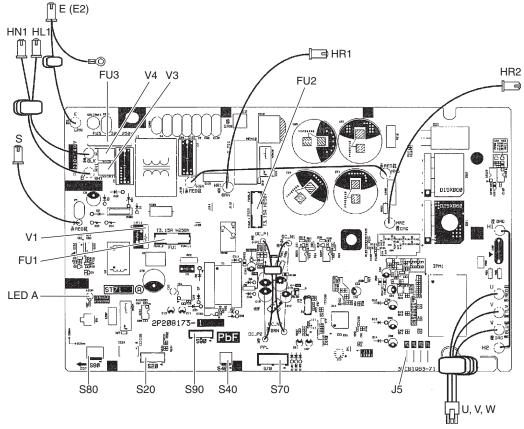
1.2.3 RXL25G2V1B

Connectors and
Other Parts

PCB (1): Control PCB		
1)	S20	Connector for electronic expansion valve coil
2)	S40	Connector for overload protector
3)	S70	Connector for fan motor
4)	S80	Connector for four way valve coil
5)	S90	Connector for thermistors
		(outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe)
6)	U, V, W	Connector for compressor
7)	HL1, HN1, S	Connector for terminal board
8)	E (E2)	Connector for earth
9)	HR1, HR2	Connector for reactor
10)	LED A	LED for service monitor (green)
11)	FU1, FU2	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
12)	FU3	Fuse (30 A, 250 V)
13)	J5	Jumper for improvement of defrost performance * Refer to page 270 for detail.
14)	V1, V3, V4	Varistor



PCB (1): Control PCB



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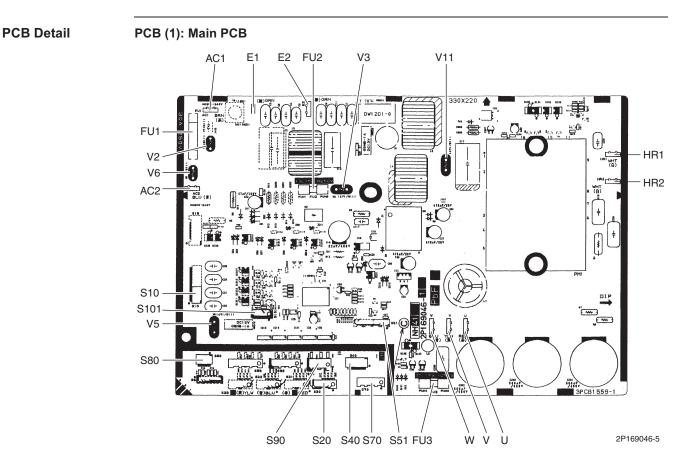
1.2.4 RXL35G2V1B

Connectors	and
Other Parts	

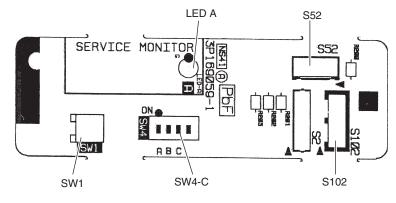
PCB (1): Main PCB	
1) S10	Connector for terminal board (indoor-outdoor transmission)
2) S20	Connector for electronic expansion valve coil
3) S40	Connector for overload protector
4) S51, S101	Connector for service monitor PCB
5) S70	Connector for fan motor
6) S80	Connector for four way valve coil
7) S90	Connector for thermistors
	(outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe)
8) AC1, AC2	Connector for terminal board (power supply)
9) E1, E2	Connector for earth
10) HR1, HR2	Connector for reactor
11) U, V, W	Connector for compressor
12) FU1	Fuse (30 A, 250 V)
13) FU2, FU3	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
14) V2, V3, V5 V6, V11	Varistor

PCB (2): Service Monitor PCB

1)	S52, S102	Connector for main PCB
2)	LED A	LED for service monitor (green)
3)	SW1	Forced operation ON/OFF switch
4)	SW4-C	Switch for improvement of defrost performance
		* Refer to page 270 for detail.



PCB (2): Service Monitor PCB



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Part 4 Function and Control

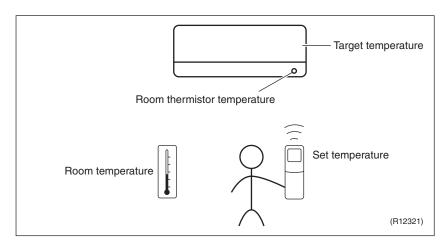
1.	Mair	Princtions	20
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1. Main Functions



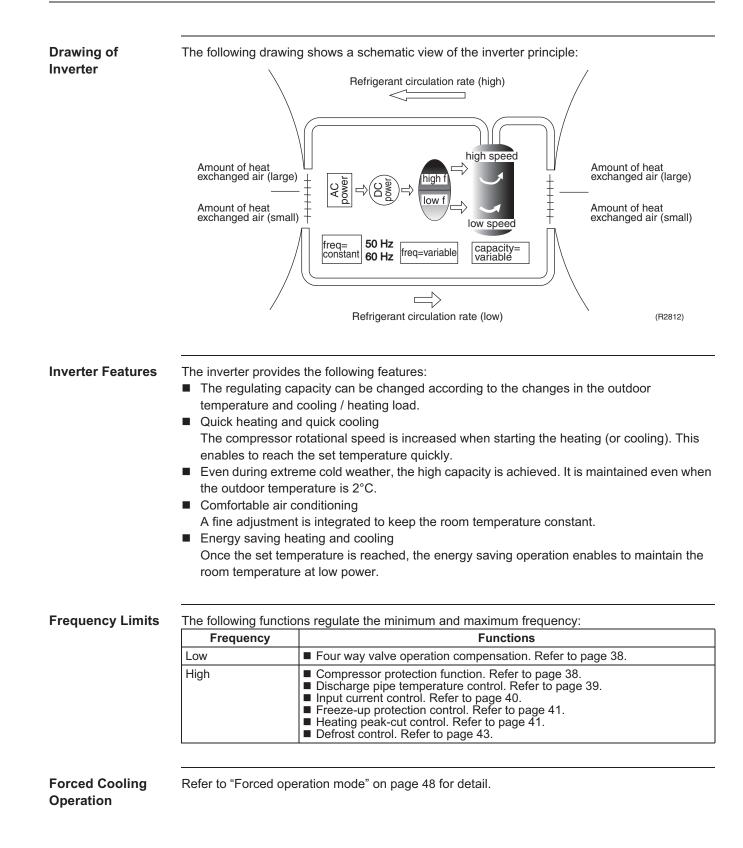
The definitions of temperatures are classified as following.

- · Room temperature: temperature of the lower part of the room
- Set temperature: temperature set by remote control
- Room thermistor temperature: temperature detected by room temperature thermistor
- Target temperature: temperature determined by microcomputer



1.1 Frequency Principle

Main Control Parameters	 The compressor is frequency-controlled during normal operation. The target frequency is set by the following 2 parameters coming from the operating indoor unit: The load condition of the operating indoor unit The difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature 	
Additional Control Parameters	 The target frequency is adapted by additional parameters in the following cases: Frequency restrictions Initial settings Forced cooling operation 	
Inverter Principle	To regulate the capacity, a frequency control is needed. The inverter makes it possible to vary the rotation speed of the compressor. The following table explains the conversion principle:	
	Phase	Description
	1	The supplied AC power source is converted into the DC power source for the present.
	2	 The DC power source is reconverted into the three phase AC power source with variable frequency. When the frequency increases, the rotation speed of the compressor increases resulting in an increased refrigerant circulation. This leads to a higher amount of the heat exchange per unit. When the frequency decreases, the rotation speed of the compressor decreases resulting in a decreased refrigerant circulation. This leads to a lower amount of the heat exchange per unit.



1.2 Airflow Direction Control

Power-AirflowThe large flaps send a large volume of air downwards to the floor and provide an optimumDual Flapscontrol in cooling, dry, and heating mode.

Cooling / Dry Mode

During cooling or dry mode, the flap retracts into the indoor unit. Then, cool air can be blown far and pervaded all over the room.

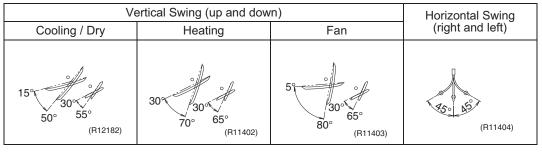
Heating Mode

During heating mode, the large flap directs airflow downwards to spread the warm air to the entire room.

Wide-AngleThe louvers, made of elastic synthetic resin, provide a wide range of airflow that guarantees a
comfortable air distribution.

Auto-Swing

The following table explains the auto swing process for cooling, dry, heating, and fan :



3-D Airflow

Alternative repetition of vertical and horizontal swing motions enables uniform air-conditioning of the entire room. This function is effective for starting the air conditioner.

When the horizontal swing and vertical swing are both set to auto mode, the airflow becomes 3-D airflow and the horizontal swing and vertical swing motions are alternated. The order of swing motion is such that it turns counterclockwise, starting from the right upper point as viewed from the front side of the indoor unit.



 COMFORT
AIRFLOW
Operation
 The vertical swing flap is controlled not to blow the air directly on the person in the room.

 Cooling
 Heating

 5°
 //

 (R11665)
 80°

 (R12181)

1.3 Fan Speed Control for Indoor Units

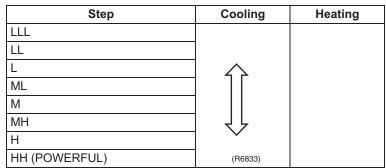
Outline

Phase control and fan speed control contains 9 steps: LLL, LL, SL, L, ML, M, MH, H, and HH. The airflow rate can be automatically controlled depending on the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature. This is done through phase control and Hall IC control.

For more information about Hall IC, refer to the troubleshooting for fan motor on page 79.

Automatic Fan Speed Control

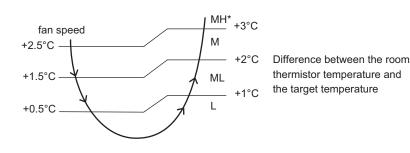
In automatic fan speed operation, the step "SL" is not available.



= The airflow rate is automatically controlled within this range when the FAN setting button is set to <u>automatic</u>.

<Cooling>

The following drawing explains the principle of fan speed control for cooling.



(R12317)

*In automatic fan speed operation, upper limit is at M tap in 30 minutes from the operation start.

<Heating>

On heating mode, the fan speed is regulated according to the indoor heat exchanger temperature and the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature.



- 1. During POWERFUL operation, fan rotates at H tap + 50 rpm.
- 2. Fan stops during defrost operation.
- In time of thermostat OFF, the fan rotates at the following speed. Cooling: The fan keeps rotating at the set tap. Heating: The fan stops.

COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation

- The fan speed is controlled automatically within the following steps. Cooling: L tap – MH tap (same as AUTOMATIC) Heating: ML tap – Equivalent to ML tap – MH tap
- The latest command has the priority between POWERFUL and COMFORT AIRFLOW.

1.4 Program Dry Operation

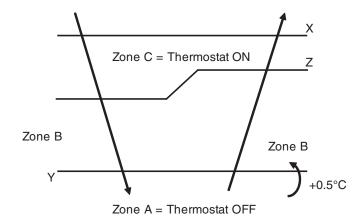
Outline

Program dry operation removes humidity while preventing the room temperature from lowering. Since the microcomputer controls both the temperature and airflow rate, the temperature adjustment and fan adjustment buttons are inoperable in this mode.

Detail

The microcomputer automatically sets the temperature and airflow rate. The difference between the room thermistor temperature at start-up and the target temperature is divided into two zones. Then, the unit operates in the dry mode with an appropriate capacity for each zone to maintain the temperature and humidity at a comfortable level.

	-		
Room thermistor temperature at start-up	Target temperature X	Thermostat OFF point Y	Thermostat ON point Z
24°C or more	Room thermistor	X – 2.5°C	X – 0.5°C or Y + 0.5°C (zone B) continues for 10 min.
23.5℃ ≀ 18℃	temperature at start-up	X – 2.0°C	X – 0.5°C or Y + 0.5°C (zone B) continues for 10 min.
17.5℃ ≀	18ºC	X – 2.0°C	X – 0.5°C = 17.5°C or Y + 0.5°C (zone B) continues for 10 min.



(R11581)

1.5 Automatic Operation

Outline

Automatic Cooling / Heating Function

When the AUTO mode is selected with the remote control, the microcomputer automatically determines the operation mode as cooling or heating according to the room temperature and the set temperature at start-up, and automatically operates in that mode. The unit automatically switches the operation mode to maintain the room temperature at the set temperature.

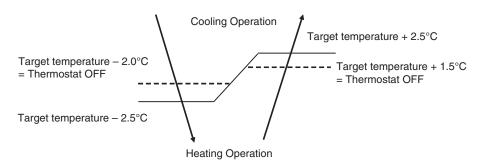
Detail

Ts: set temperature (set by remote control) Tt: target temperature (determined by microcomputer) Tr: room thermistor temperature (detected by room temperature thermistor) C: correction value

- The set temperature (Ts) determines the target temperature (Tt). (Ts = 18 ~ 30°C).
- 2. The target temperature (Tt) is calculated as; Tt = Ts + C

where C is the correction value. $C = 0^{\circ}C$

- 3. Thermostat ON/OFF point and mode switching point are as follows.
 - Tr means the room thermistor temperature.
 - 1 Heating \rightarrow Cooling switching point:
 - $Tr \ge Tt + 2.5^{\circ}C$
 - 2 Cooling \rightarrow Heating switching point: Tr < Tt - 2.5°C
 - 3 Thermostat ON/OFF point is the same as the ON/OFF point of cooling or heating operation.
- 4. During initial operation
 - $Tr \ge Ts$: Cooling operation
 - Tr < Ts: Heating operation



(R11893)

Ex: When the target temperature is 25°C

Cooling \rightarrow 23°C: Thermostat OFF \rightarrow 22°C: Switch to heating Heating \rightarrow 26.5°C: Thermostat OFF \rightarrow 27.5°C: Switch to cooling

1.6 Thermostat Control

Thermostat control is based on the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature.

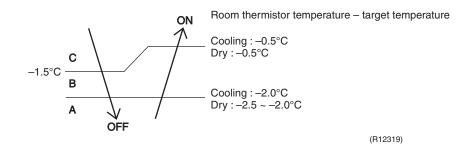
Thermostat OFF Condition

• The temperature difference is in the zone A.

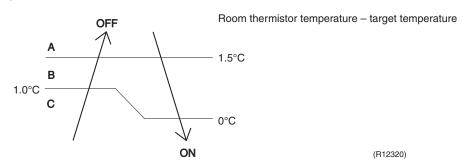
Thermostat ON Condition

- The temperature difference returns to the zone C after being in the zone A.
- The system resumes from defrost control in any zones except A.
- The operation turns on in any zones except A.
- The monitoring time has passed while the temperature difference is in the zone B. (Cooling / Dry : 10 minutes, Heating : 10 seconds)

Cooling / Dry



Heating



1.7 NIGHT SET Mode

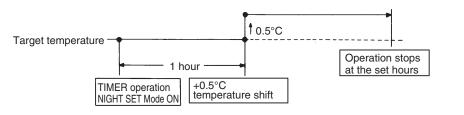
Outline

When the OFF timer is set, the NIGHT SET Mode is automatically activated. The NIGHT SET Mode keeps the airflow rate setting.

Detail

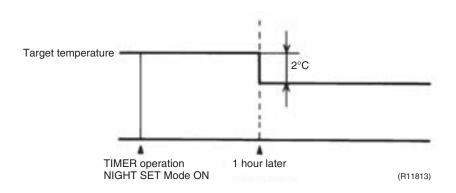
The NIGHT SET Mode continues operation at the target temperature for the first one hour, then automatically raises the target temperature slightly in the case of cooling, or lowers it slightly in the case of heating. This prevents excessive cooling in summer and excessive heating in winter to ensure comfortable sleeping conditions, and also conserves electricity.

Cooling



(R10870)

Heating



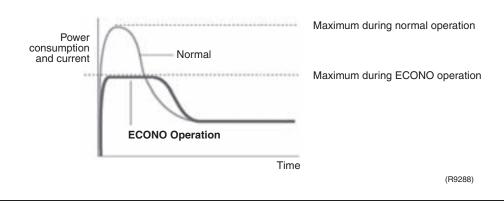
1.8 ECONO Operation

Outline

The "ECONO operation" reduces the maximum operating current and the power consumption. This operation is particularly convenient for energy-saving-oriented users. It is also a major bonus for those whose breaker capacities do not allow the use of multiple electrical devices and air conditioners.

It is easily activated from the infrared remote control by pushing the ECONO button.

- When this function is activated, the maximum capacity also decreases.
- The remote control can send the ECONO command when the unit is in COOL, HEAT, DRY, or AUTO operation. This function can only be set when the unit is running. Pressing the ON/ OFF button on the remote control cancels the function.
- This function and POWERFUL operation cannot be used at the same time. The latest command has the priority.



Detail

When the ECONO command is valid, the input current has upper limit. (Refer to "Input current control" on page 40.)

1.9 2-Area INTELLIGENT EYE Operation

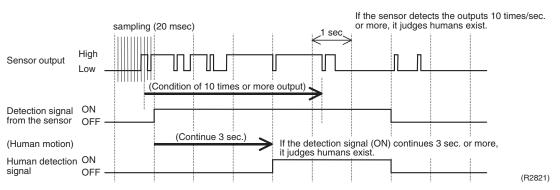
Outline

The following functions can be performed by a motion sensor (INTELLIGENT EYE).

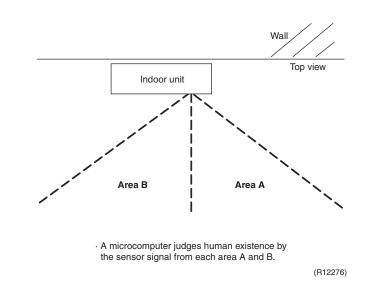
- 1. Reduction of the capacity when there is nobody in the room in order to save electricity (energy saving operation)
- 2. Dividing the room into plural areas and detecting existence of humans in each area. Moving the airflow direction to the area with no human automatically to avoid direct airflow on humans.

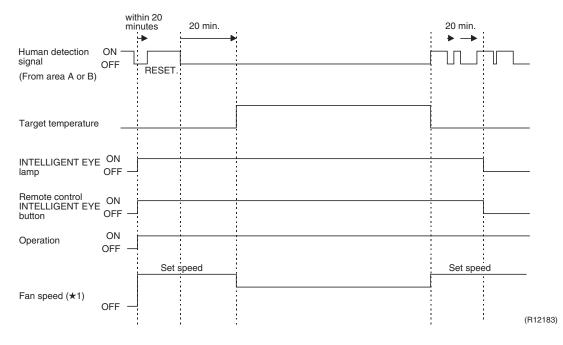
Detail

1. Detection method of INTELLIGENT EYE



- This sensor detects human motion by receiving infrared rays and displays the pulse wave output.
- The microcomputer in the indoor unit carries out a sampling every 20 msec. and if it detects 10 cycles of the wave in one second in total (corresponding to 20 msec.× 10 = 200 msec.), and when the ON signal continues 3 sec., it judges human is in the room as the motion signal is ON
- 2-area INTELLIGENT EYE sensor is divided into 2 areas and detects humans in each area.
- Image of 2-area INTELLIGENT EYE



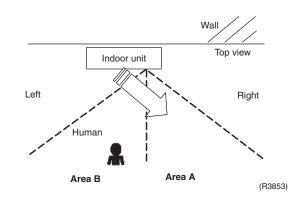


2. Motions (for example: in cooling)

- When the microcomputer does not have a signal from the sensor in 20 minutes, it judges that nobody is in the room and operates the unit in temperature shifted from the target temperature. (Cooling / Dry : 2°C higher, Heating : 2°C lower, Auto : according to the operation mode at that time.)
- ★1 In case of FAN mode, the fan speed reduces by 60 rpm.

3. Airflow direction in 2-area INTELLIGENT EYE operation

Detection method: The opposite area of detected area is set as the target direction.



- 1. Detection signal ON in both area A and B: Shift the airflow direction to area B (left side)
- 2. Detection signal ON in area A: Shift the airflow direction to area B (left side)
- 3. Detection signal ON in area B: Shift the airflow direction to area A (right side)
- 4. Detection signal OFF in both area A and B: No change
- * When the detection signal is OFF for 20 minutes in both area A and B, the unit starts energy saving operation.

Others

For dry operation, you cannot set the temperature with remote control, but internally the target temperature is shifted by 2°C.

1.10 Inverter POWERFUL Operation

Outline

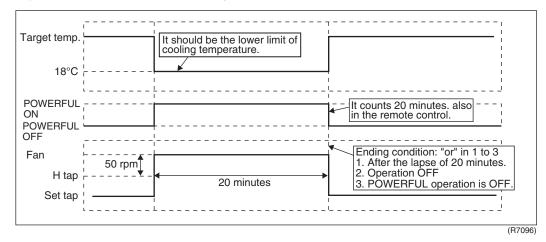
In order to exploit the cooling and heating capacity to full extent, operate the air conditioner by increasing the indoor fan rotating speed and the compressor frequency.

Detail

When POWERFUL button is pressed, the fan speed and target temperature are converted to the following states for 20 minutes.

Operation mode	Fan speed	Target temperature
COOL	H tap + 50 rpm	18°C
DRY	Dry rotating speed + 50 rpm	Lowered by 2.5°C
HEAT	H tap + 50 rpm	31°C
FAN	H tap + 50 rpm	—
AUTO	Same as cooling / heating in POWERFUL operation	The target temperature is kept unchanged.

Ex.) : POWERFUL operation in cooling mode.



1.11 Other Functions

1.11.1 Hot-Start Function

In order to prevent the cold air blast that normally comes when heating operation is started, the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is detected, and either the airflow is stopped or is made very weak thereby carrying out comfortable heating of the room.

*The cold air blast is also prevented using a similar control when the defrosting operation is started or when the thermostat is turned ON.

1.11.2 Signal Receiving Sign

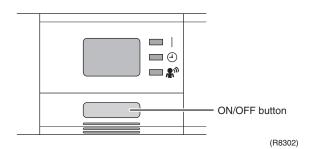
When the indoor unit receives a signal from the remote control, the unit emits a signal receiving sound.

1.11.3 Indoor Unit ON/OFF Button

An ON/OFF button is provided on the display of the unit.

- Press this button once to start operation. Press once again to stop it.
- This button is useful when the remote control is missing or the battery has run out.
- The operation mode refers to the following table.

Mode	Temperature setting	Airflow rate
AUTO	25°C	Automatic



<Forced operation mode>

Forced operation mode can be started by pressing the ON/OFF button for 5 to 9 seconds while the unit is not operating.

Refer to "Forced operation mode" on page 48 for detail.



e: When the ON/OFF button is pressed for 10 seconds or more, the forced operation is stopped.

1.11.4 Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter

This filter combines the Air-Purifying Filter and Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Deodorizing Filter as a single highly effective filter. The filter traps microscopic particles, decompose odors and even deactivates bacteria and viruses. It lasts for 3 years without replacement if washed about once every 6 months.

1.11.5 Auto-restart Function

Even if a power failure (including one for just a moment) occurs during the operation, the operation restarts automatically when the power is restored in the same condition as before the power failure.



e: It takes 3 minutes to restart the operation because the 3-minute standby function is activated.

1.11.6 WEEKLY TIMER Operation

Up to 4 timer settings can be saved for each day of the week (up to 28 settings in total). Those 3 items of "ON/OFF", "temperature" and "time" can be set.



Refer to "WEEKLY TIMER Operation" on page 63 for detail.

2. Function of Thermistor

	A C Four way valve B Compressor (R11582)
A Outdoor Heat Exchanger Thermistor	 The outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for controlling target discharge pipe temperature. The system sets the target discharge pipe temperature according to the outdoor and indoor heat exchanger temperature, and controls the electronic expansion valve opening so that the target discharge pipe temperature can be obtained. In cooling operation, the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor. When the discharge pipe temperature becomes lower than the outdoor heat exchanger temperature, the discharge pipe thermistor is judged as disconnected. In cooling operation, the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for high pressure protection.
B Discharge Pipe Thermistor	 The discharge pipe thermistor is used for controlling discharge pipe temperature. If the discharge pipe temperature (used in place of the inner temperature of the compressor) rises abnormally, the operating frequency becomes lower or the operation halts. The discharge pipe thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor.
C Indoor Heat Exchanger Thermistor	 The indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for controlling target discharge pipe temperature. The system sets the target discharge pipe temperature according to the outdoor and indoor heat exchanger temperature, and controls the electronic expansion valve opening so that the target discharge pipe temperature can be obtained. In cooling operation, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for freeze-up protection control. If the indoor heat exchanger temperature drops abnormally, the operating frequency becomes lower or the operation halts. In heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor. When the discharge pipe temperature becomes lower than the indoor heat exchanger temperature, the discharge pipe thermistor is judged as disconnected.

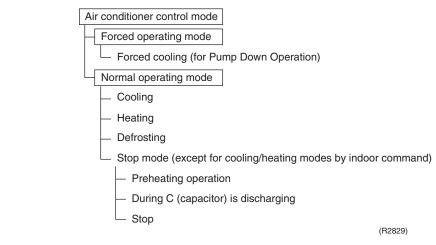
3. Control Specification3.1 Mode Hierarchy

Outline

There are two modes; the one is the normal operation mode and the other is the forced operation mode for installation and providing service.

Detail

There are following modes; stop, cooling (includes drying), heating (include defrosting)





ote: Unless specified otherwise, an indoor dry operation command is regarded as cooling operation.

3.2 Frequency Control

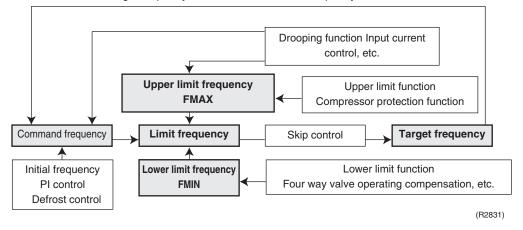
Outline

Frequency is determined according to the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature.

The function is explained as follows.

- 1. How to determine frequency
- 2. Frequency command from the indoor unit (Difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature)
- 3. Frequency initial setting
- 4. PI control

When the shift of the frequency is less than zero (Δ F<0) by PI control, the target frequency is used as the command frequency.



Detail

How to Determine Frequency

The compressor's frequency is determined by taking the following steps.

1. Determine command frequency

- · Command frequency is determined in the following order of priority.
- 1. Limiting defrost control time
- 2. Forced cooling
- 3. Indoor frequency command

2. Determine upper limit frequency

 The minimum value is set as an upper limit frequency among the frequency upper limits of the following functions:

Compressor protection, input current, discharge pipe temperature, heating peak-cut, freezeup protection, defrost.

3. Determine lower limit frequency

 The maximum value is set as an lower limit frequency among the frequency lower limits of the following functions:

Four way valve operation compensation, draft prevention, pressure difference upkeep.

4. Determine prohibited frequency

There is a certain prohibited frequency such as a power supply frequency.

Indoor Frequency Command (ΔD signal)

The difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature is taken as the " ΔD signal" and is used for frequency command.

Temperature difference	∆D signal	Temperature difference	∆D signal	Temperature difference	∆D signal	Temperature difference	∆D signal
-2.0	*Th OFF	0	4	2.0	8	4.0	С
-1.5	1	0.5	5	2.5	9	4.5	D
-1.0	2	1.0	6	3.0	Α	5.0	E
-0.5	3	1.5	7	3.5	В	5.5	F

*Th OFF = Thermostat OFF

Frequency Initial Setting

<Outline>

When starting the compressor, the frequency is initialized according to the ΔD value and the Q value of the indoor unit.

Q value: Indoor unit output determined from indoor unit volume, airflow rate and other factors.

PI Control (Determine Frequency Up / Down by ΔD Signal)

1. P control

The ΔD value is calculated in each sampling time (15 ~ 20 seconds), and the frequency is adjusted according to its difference from the frequency previously calculated.

2. I control

If the operating frequency does not change for more than a certain fixed time, the frequency is adjusted according to the ΔD value.

When the ΔD value is small, the frequency is lowered.

When the ΔD value is large, the frequency is increased.

3. Frequency management when other controls are functioning

- When frequency is drooping;
- Frequency management is carried out only when the frequency droops.
- For limiting lower limit

Frequency management is carried out only when the frequency rises.

4. Upper and lower limit of frequency by PI control

The frequency upper and lower limits are set according to the command on indoor unit. When the indoor or outdoor unit quiet operation command comes from the indoor unit, the upper limit frequency is lowered than the usual setting.

3.3 Controls at Mode Changing / Start-up

3.3.1 Preheating Operation

Outline

The inverter operation in open phase starts with the conditions of the preheating command from the indoor unit, the outdoor temperature, and the discharge pipe temperature.

Detail

RXL20/25G2V1B

ON Condition

 When the discharge pipe temperature is below 10°C, the inverter operation in open phase starts.

OFF Condition

• When the discharge pipe temperature is higher than 12°C, the inverter operation in open phase stops.

RXL20G2V1B9

Outdoor temperature \ge 7°C \rightarrow Control A Outdoor temperature < 7°C \rightarrow Control B

Control A

- ON condition Discharge pipe temperature < 10°C
- OFF condition
 Discharge pipe temperature > 12°C
 Radiation fin temperature ≥ 90°C

Control B

ON condition

Discharge pipe temperature < 20°C

OFF condition
 Discharge pipe temperature > 22°C
 Radiation fin temperature ≥ 90°C

RXL35G2V1B

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Outdoor temperature} \geq 10^{\circ} \mbox{C} \rightarrow \mbox{Control A} \\ \mbox{Outdoor temperature} < 10^{\circ} \mbox{C} \rightarrow \mbox{Control B} \\ \end{array}$

Control A

- ON condition Discharge pipe temperature < 6°C
- OFF condition
 Discharge pipe temperature > 8°C
 Radiation fin temperature ≥ 90°C

Control B

- ON condition
 - Discharge pipe temperature < 10.5°C
- OFF condition Discharge pipe temperature > 12°C Radiation fin temperature ≥ 90°C

3.3.2 Four Way Valve Switching

Outline In heating operation, current is conducted, and in cooling and defrosting, current is not conducted. In order to eliminate the switching sound when the heating is stopped, as the four way valve coil switches from ON to OFF, the OFF delay switch of the four way valve is carried out after the operation stopped.

Detail

OFF delay switch of four way valve:

The four way valve coil is energized for 150 ~ 160 seconds after the operation is stopped.

3.3.3 Four Way Valve Operation Compensation

Outline

At the beginning of the operation as the four way valve is switched, the differential pressure to activate the four way valve is acquired by having output frequency which is more than a certain fixed frequency, for a certain fixed time.

Detail

Starting Conditions

- 1. When starting compressor for heating.
- 2. When the operation mode changes to cooling from heating.
- 3. When starting compressor for defrosting or resetting.
- 4. When starting compressor for the first time after the reset with the power is ON.
- 5. When starting compressor for heating next to the suspension of defrosting.
- 6. When starting compressor next to the fault of switching over cooling / heating.

Set the lower limit frequency A Hz for B seconds with any conditions 1 through 6 above.

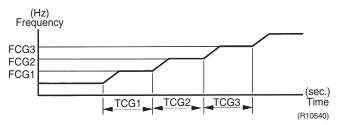
	20 class		25 class		35 class	
	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
人 (Hz)	68	66	48	54	48	48
B (seconds)	4	5	6	0	7	0

3.3.4 3-minute Standby

Turning on the compressor is prohibited for 3 minutes after turning it off. (Except when defrosting.)

3.3.5 Compressor Protection Function

When turning the compressor from OFF to ON, the upper limit of frequency is set as follows. (The function is not activated when defrosting.)



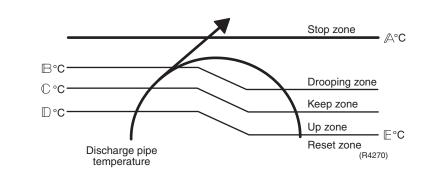
	20 class	25 class	35 class	Unit
FCG 1	48	55	55	
FCG 2	64	70	70	Hz
FCG 3	88	85	85	
TCG 1	240	150	120	
TCG 2	360	180	200	seconds
TCG 3	180	300	470	

3.4 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

Outline

The discharge pipe temperature is used as the internal temperature of the compressor. If the discharge pipe temperature rises above a certain level, the upper limit of frequency is set to keep this temperature from going up further.

Detail



Zone	Control
Stop zone	When the temperature reaches the stop zone, the compressor stops.
Drooping zone	The timer starts, and the frequency is drooping.
Keep zone	The upper limit of frequency is kept.
Up zone	The upper limit of frequency is increased.
Reset zone	The upper limit of frequency is canceled.

	20 class	25 class	35 class
(°C) ∧	110	110	110
B (°C)	105	103	103
(°C) ∬	101	102	101.5
□ (°C)	99	100	100
E (°C)	97	95	95

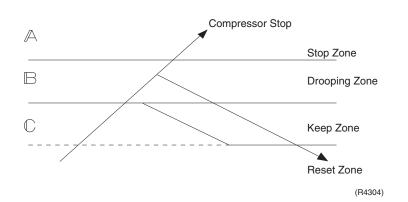
3.5 Input Current Control

Outline

The microcomputer calculates the input current during the compressor is running, and sets the frequency upper limit from the input current.

In case of heat pump model, this control which is the upper limit control of the frequency takes priority to the lower limit of control of four way valve operation compensation.

Detail



Frequency control in each zone Stop zone

• After 2.5 seconds in this zone, the compressor is stopped.

Drooping zone

- The upper limit of the compressor frequency is defined as operation frequency 2 Hz.
- After this, the output frequency is pulled down by 2 Hz every second until it reaches the keep zone.

Keep zone

• The present maximum frequency goes on.

Reset zone

• Limit of the frequency is canceled.

RXL20-35G2V1B

		20 class		25 class		35 class	
			Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
🛆 (A)		9.25		14.25		20.0	
B (A)	Normal mode	7.25	8.25	10.0	10.5	10.0	15.0
	ECONO mode	3.25		4	.5	7.0	10.5
C (A)	Normal mode	6.5	7.5	9.0	9.5	9.0	14.0
	ECONO mode	2.	.5	3.	.5	6.0	9.5

RXL20G2V1B9

		Cooling	Heating
(A) ∖		9.25	
B (A)	Normal mode	8.2	25
	ECONO mode	3.2	25
C (A)	Normal mode	7	.5
	ECONO mode	2.	5

Limitation of current drooping and stop value according to the outdoor temperature

 The current droops when outdoor temperature becomes higher than a certain level (depending on the model).

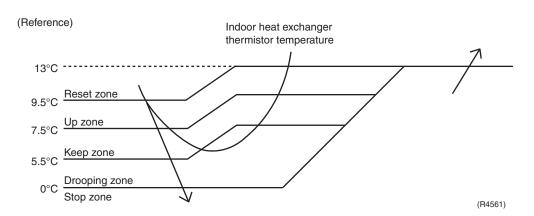
3.6 Freeze-up Protection Control

Outline

During cooling operation, the signal sent from the indoor unit controls the operating frequency limitation and prevents freezing of the indoor heat exchanger. (The signal from the indoor unit is divided into zones.)

Detail

The operating frequency limitation is judged with the indoor heat exchanger temperature.

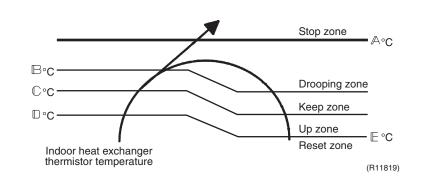


3.7 Heating Peak-cut Control

Outline

During heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature determines the frequency upper limit to prevent abnormal high pressure.

Detail



Zone	Control
Stop zone	When the temperature reaches the stop zone, the compressor stops.
Drooping zone	The timer starts, and the frequency is drooping.
Keep zone	The upper limit of frequency is kept.
Up zone	The upper limit of frequency is increased.
Reset zone	The upper limit of frequency is canceled.

	20 class	25 class	35 class
_∧ (°C)	65	65	65
B (°C)	56	55	56
C (°C)	53	54	55
□ (°C)	51	52	53
E (°C)	46	50	51

3.8 Outdoor Fan Control

1. Fan OFF delay when stopped

The outdoor fan is turned OFF 60 seconds after the compressor stops.

2. Fan ON control to cool down the electrical box

The outdoor fan is turned ON when the electrical box temperature is high while the compressor is OFF.

3. Fan OFF control while defrosting

The outdoor fan is turned OFF while defrosting.

4. Fan ON/OFF control when operation starts / stops

The outdoor fan is turned ON when the operation starts. The outdoor fan is turned OFF when the operation stops.

5. Fan control while forced operation

The outdoor fan is controlled as well as normal operation while the forced operation.

6. Fan speed control while indoor / outdoor quiet operation

The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is reduced by the command of the indoor/outdoor quiet operation.

7. Fan control for POWERFUL operation

The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is increased while the POWERFUL operation.

8. Fan speed control for pressure difference upkeep

The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is controlled for keeping the pressure difference while cooling with low outdoor temperature.

- When the pressure difference is small, the rotation speed of the outdoor fan is reduced.
- When the pressure difference is large, the rotation speed of the outdoor fan is increased.

3.9 Liquid Compression Protection Function

Outline

In order to obtain the dependability of the compressor, the compressor is stopped according to the outdoor temperature and temperature of the outdoor heat exchanger.

Detail

■ Operation stops depending on the outdoor temperature Compressor turns off under the conditions that the system is in cooling operation and outdoor temperature is below -12°C.

3.10 Defrost Control

Outline

Defrosting is carried out by the cooling cycle (reverse cycle). The defrosting time or outdoor heat exchanger temperature must be more than a certain value to finish.

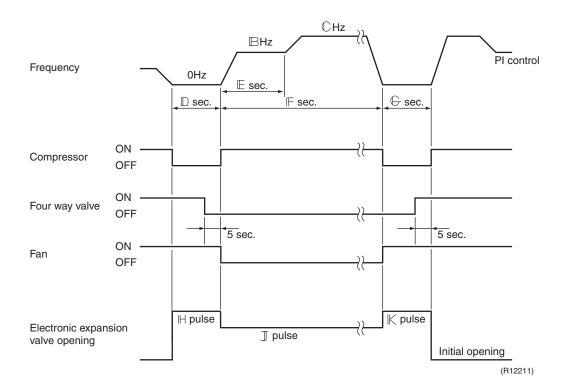
Detail

Conditions for Starting Defrost

- The starting conditions is determined with the outdoor temperature and the outdoor heat exchanger temperature.
- The system is in heating operation.
- The compressor operates for 6 minutes.
- More than A minutes of accumulated time pass since the start of the operation, or ending the previous defrosting.

Conditions for Canceling Defrost

The judgment is made with outdoor heat exchanger temperature. (4°C ~ 18°C)



	20 class	25 class	35 class
	28	30	44
B (Hz)	76	48	55
C (Hz)	86	70	90
D (seconds)	50	60	60
E (seconds)	60	120	120
	600	650	460
G (seconds)	60	30	30
ℍ (pulse)	450	450	450
J (pulse)	350	350	450
K (pulse)	450	450	450

3.11 Electronic Expansion Valve Control

Outline	The following items are included in the electronic expansion valve control.
	Electronic expansion valve is fully closed
	1. Electronic expansion valve is fully closed when turning on the power.
	2. Pressure equalizing control
	Open Control

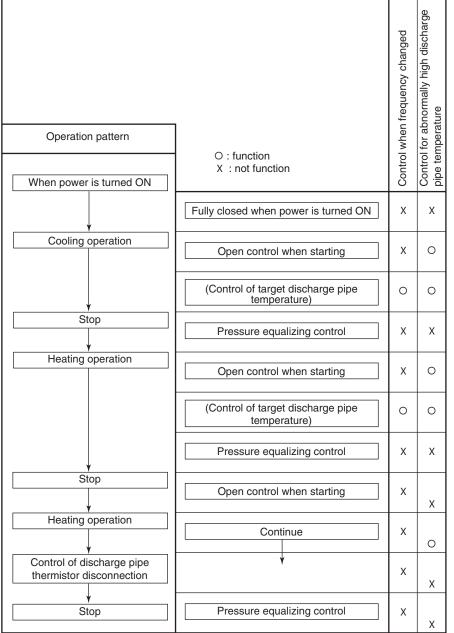
- 1. Electronic expansion valve control when starting operation
- 2. Electronic expansion valve control when frequency changed
- 3. Electronic expansion valve control for defrosting
- 4. Electronic expansion valve control when the discharge pipe temperature is abnormally high
- 5. Electronic expansion valve control when the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected

Feedback Control

1. Discharge pipe temperature control

Detail

The followings are the examples of control which function in each mode by the electronic expansion valve control.



(R2833)

3.11.1 Fully Closing with Power ON

The electronic expansion valve is initialized when turning on the power. The opening position is set and the pressure equalization is developed.

3.11.2 Pressure Equalization Control

When the compressor is stopped, the pressure equalization control is activated. The electronic expansion valve opens, and develops the pressure equalization.

3.11.3 Opening Limit

Outline

A maximum and minimum opening of the electronic expansion valve are limited.

Detail

	20 class	25 class	35 class
Maximum opening (pulse)	480	450	480
Minimum opening (pulse)	52	60	54

The electronic expansion valve is fully closed when cooling operation stops, and is opened at fixed degree during defrosting.

3.11.4 Starting Operation Control

The electronic expansion valve opening is controlled when the operation starts, and prevents the superheating or liquid compression.

3.11.5 High Discharge Pipe Temperature

When the compressor is operating, if the discharge pipe temperature exceeds a certain value, the electronic expansion valve opens and the refrigerant runs to the low pressure side. This procedure lowers the discharge pipe temperature.

3.11.6 Disconnection of the Discharge Pipe Thermistor

Outline

The disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor is detected by comparing the discharge pipe temperature with the condensation temperature. If the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected, the electronic expansion valve opens according to the outdoor temperature and the operation frequency, and operates for a specified time, and then stops.

After 3 minutes of waiting, the operation restarts and checks if the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected. If the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected, the system stops after operating for a specified time.

If the disconnection is detected 4 \sim 5 times (depending on the model) in succession, then the system is shut down. When the compressor runs for 60 minutes without any error, the error counter is reset.

Detail When the starting control (cooling : \triangle seconds, heating : \square seconds) finishes, the detection timer for disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor (\mathbb{C} seconds) starts. When the timer is over, the following adjustment is made.

1. When the operation mode is cooling

- When the following condition is fulfilled, the discharge pipe thermistor disconnection is ascertained.
 - Discharge pipe temperature + 6°C < outdoor heat exchanger temperature
- 2. When the operation mode is heating

When the following condition is fulfilled, the discharge pipe thermistor disconnection is ascertained.

Discharge pipe temperature + 6°C < indoor heat exchanger temperature

	20 class	25 class	35 class
	10	10	10
B (seconds)	120	30	30
$\mathbb C$ (seconds)	810	630	630

Adjustment when the thermistor is disconnected

When the disconnection is ascertained, the compressor continues operation for 9 minutes and then stops.

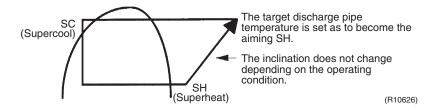
When the compressor stops repeatedly, the system is shut down.

3.11.7 Control when frequency is changed

When the target discharge pipe temperature control is active, if the target frequency is changed for a specified value in a certain time period, the target discharge pipe temperature control is canceled and the target opening of the electronic expansion value is changed according to the shift.

3.11.8 Target Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

The target discharge pipe temperature is obtained from the indoor and outdoor heat exchanger temperature, and the electronic expansion valve opening is adjusted so that the actual discharge pipe temperature becomes close to the target discharge pipe temperature. (Indirect SH (superheating) control using the discharge pipe temperature)



The electronic expansion valve opening and the target discharge pipe temperature are adjusted every 20 seconds. The target discharge pipe temperature is controlled by indoor heat exchanger temperature and outdoor heat exchanger temperature. The opening degree of the electronic expansion valve is controlled by followings.

- Target discharge pipe temperature
- Actual discharge pipe temperature
- Previous discharge pipe temperature

3.12 Malfunctions

3.12.1 Sensor Malfunction Detection

Sensor malfunction may occur in the thermistor.

- **Relating to Thermistor Malfunction**
- 1. Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor
- 2. Discharge pipe thermistor
- 3. Radiation fin thermistor
- 4. Outdoor temperature thermistor

3.12.2 Detection of Overcurrent and Overload

Outline

An excessive output current is detected and, the OL temperature is observed to protect the compressor.

Detail

- If the OL (compressor head) temperature exceeds 120 ~ 130°C (depending on the model), the system shuts down the compressor.
- If the inverter current exceeds 9.25 ~ 20 A (depending on the model), the system shuts down the compressor.

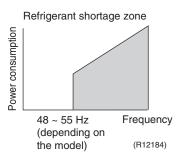
3.12.3 Refrigerant Shortage Control

Outline

I Detecting by power consumption

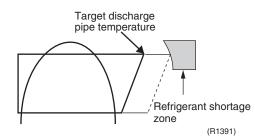
If the power consumption is below the specified value and the frequency is higher than the specified frequency, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.

The power consumption is small comparing with that in the normal operation when refrigerant is insufficient, and refrigerant shortage is detected by checking a power consumption.



II Detecting by discharge pipe temperature

If the discharge pipe temperature is higher than the target discharge pipe temperature, and the electronic expansion valve is fully open for more than the specified time, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.



III Detecting by the difference of temperature

If the difference between suction and discharge temperature is smaller than the specified value, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.



Refer to "Refrigerant shortage" on page 112 for detail.

3.13 Forced Operation Mode

Outline

Forced operation mode includes only forced cooling.

Detail

Item	Forced Cooling
Conditions	1) The outdoor unit is not abnormal and not in the 3-minute standby mode.
	2) The outdoor unit is not operating.
	The forced operation is allowed when the above both conditions are met.
Start	1) Press the forced operation ON/OFF button (SW1) on the indoor unit for 5 seconds.
	2) Press the forced operation ON/OFF button (SW1) on the outdoor unit.
Command frequency	RXL20G2V1B: 68 Hz RXL20G2V1B9: 58 Hz RXL25G2V1B: 47 Hz RXL35G2V1B: 66 Hz
End	1) The operation ends automatically after 15 minutes.
	2) Press the forced operation ON/OFF button (SW1) on the indoor unit again.
	3) Press the ON/OFF button on the remote control.
	4) Press the forced operation ON/OFF button (SW1) on the outdoor unit.
Others	The protection functions are prior to all others in the forced operation.

3.14 Standby Electricity Saving

20/25 Class Only

This function turns power supply OFF to the outdoor unit and sets the indoor unit into energysaving mode, thus reducing the power consumption of the air conditioner.

For 20 class models, field setting is required for turning ON the function.



Refer to "Standby Electricity Saving" on page 269 for detail.

Part 5 Operation Manual

1.	Syst	em Configuration	50
	-	ration Manual	
		Auto Dry Cool Heat Fan Operation	
	2.2	Adjusting the Airflow Direction	
	2.3	COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE Operation	56
		POWERFUL Operation	
	2.5	OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET Operation	60
	2.6	ECONO Operation	61
		TIMER Operation	
		WEEKLY TIMER Operation	
		-	

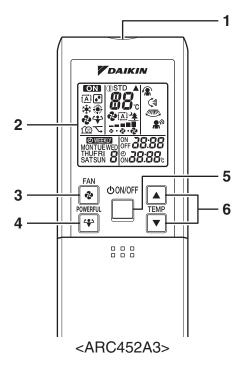
1. System Configuration

After the installation and test operation of the room air conditioner have been completed, it should be operated and handled as described below. Every user would like to know the correct method of operation of the room air conditioner, to check if it is capable of cooling (or heating) well, and to know a clever method of using it.

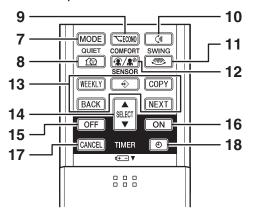
In order to meet this expectation of the users, giving sufficient explanations taking enough time can be said to reduce about 80% of the requests for servicing. However good the installation work is and however good the functions are, the customer may blame either the room air conditioner or its installation work because of improper handling. The installation work and handing over of the unit can only be considered to have been completed when its handling has been explained to the user without using technical terms but giving full knowledge of the equipment.

2. Operation Manual

- 2.1 Remote Control
- Remote Control



<Open the front cover>



- 1. Signal transmitter:
 - It sends signals to the indoor unit.
- 2. Display:
 - It displays the current settings. (In this illustration, each section is shown with all its displays ON for the purpose of explanation.)
- 3. FAN setting button:
 - It selects the airflow rate setting.
- 4. POWERFUL button: POWERFUL operation
- 5. ON/OFF button:
 - Press this button once to start operation.

Press once again to stop it.

- 6. TEMPERATURE adjustment buttons:It changes the temperature setting.
- 7. MODE selector button
 - It selects the operation mode.
 (AUTO/DRY/COOL/HEAT/FAN)
- 8. QUIET button: OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation

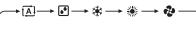
- 9. ECONO button:
 - ECONO operation
- 10. SWING button:
- Horizontal blades (flaps)
- 11.SWING button:
 - Louvers (vertical blades)
- 12.COMFORT/SENSOR button:
 - COMFORT AIRFLOW and
 INTELLIGENT EYE operation
- 13.WEEKLY/PROGRAM/COPY/BACK/ NEXT button:
 - WEEKLY TIMER operation
- 14. SELECT button:
 - It changes the ON/OFF TIMER and WEEKLY TIMER settings.
- 15.OFF TIMER button
- 16.ON TIMER button
- 17. TIMER CANCEL button:
 - It cancels the timer setting.
 - It cannot be used for the WEEKLY
 TIMER operation
- 18. CLOCK button

2.2 Auto Dry Cool Heat Fan Operation

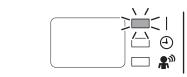
The air conditioner operates with the operation mode of your choice. From the next time on, the air conditioner will operate with the same operation mode.

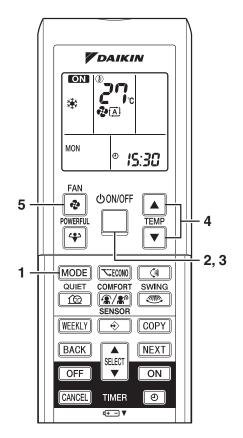
To start operation

- 1. Press "MODE selector button" and select a operation mode.
 - Each pressing of the button advances the mode setting in sequence.
 - i∄ : AUTO
 - C:DRY
 - * : COOL
 - : HEAT
 - 📽 : FAN



- 2. Press "ON/OFF button" .
 - "ON" is displayed on the LCD.
 - The OPERATION lamp lights up.





To stop operation

- 3. Press "ON/OFF button" again.
 - "ON" disappears from the LCD.
- 4. Then OPERATION lamp goes off.

To change the temperature setting

5. Press "TEMPERATURE adjustment button".

DRY or FAN mode	AUTO or COOL or HEAT mode
The temperature setting is not variable.	Press " ▲ " to raise the temperature and press " ▼ " to lower the temperature.
	Set to the temperature you like
	*27 .

To change the airflow rate setting

6. Press "FAN setting button".

DRY mode	AUTO or COOL or HEAT or FAN mode	
The airflow rate setting is not variable.	Five levels of airflow rate setting from " o " to " o " plus " ⊡ " " 注 " are available.	
	₽ 	

• Indoor unit quiet operation

When the air flow is set to " \triangleq ", the noise from the indoor unit will become quieter. Use this when making the noise quieter.

NOTE

Note on HEAT operation

- Since this air conditioner heats the room by taking heat from outdoor air to indoors, the heating capacity becomes smaller in lower outdoor temperatures. If the heating effect is insufficient, it is recommended to use another heating appliance in combination with the air conditioner.
- The heat pump system heats the room by circulating hot air around all parts of the room. After the start of HEAT operation, it takes some time before the room gets warmer.
- In heating operation, frost may occur on the outdoor unit and lower the heating capacity. In that case, the system switches into defrosting operation to take away the frost.
- During defrosting operation, hot air does not flow out of indoor unit.
- A pinging sound may be heard during defrosting operation, which, however does not mean that the air conditioner has failures.

Note on COOL operation

- This air conditioner cools the room by blowing the hot air in the room outside, so if the outside temperature is high, the performance of the air conditioner drops.
- Note on DRY operation
 - The computer chip works to rid the room of humidity while maintaining the temperature as much as possible. It automatically controls temperature and airflow rate, so manual adjustment of these functions is unavailable.

Note on AUTO operation

- In AUTO operation, the system selects a temperature setting and an appropriate operation mode (COOL or HEAT) based on the room temperature at the start of the operation.
- The system automatically reselects setting at a regular interval to bring the room temperature to user-setting level.
- If you do not like AUTO operation, manually change the set temperature..

Note on FAN operation

- This mode is valid for fan only.
- Note on airflow rate setting
 - At smaller airflow rates, the cooling (heating) effect is also smaller.

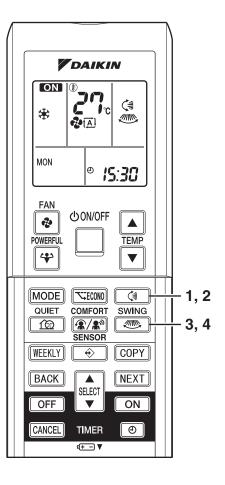
2.3 Adjusting the Airflow Direction

You can adjust the airflow direction to increase your comfort.

- To adjust the horizontal blades (flaps)
 - 1. Press "SWING button () ".
 - " (ﷺ is displayed on the LCD and the flaps will begin to swing.
 - When the flaps have reached the desired position, press "SWING button () once more.
 - The flaps will stop moving.
 - " (≛ " disappears from the LCD

■ To adjust the vertical blades (louvers)

- - " 🦛 " is displayed on the LCD.
- 4. When the louvers have reached the desired position, press the "SWING button (1996) " once more.
 - The louvers will stop moving.
 - " 🦔 " disappears from the LCD.



To start 3-D Airflow

1. 3. Press the "SWING button (13) and the "SWING button (13) ": the "(13) and " (13) " display will light up and the flap and louvers will move in turn.

■ To cancel 3-D Airflow

2. 4. Press either the "SWING button (> " or the "SWING button).

COMFORT AIRFLOW operation

 Check COMFORT AIRFLOW operation in the section of COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation and "INTELLIGENT EYE Operation"

Notes on flaps and louvers angles

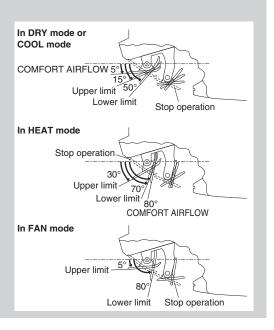
• When "SWING button" is selected, the flaps swinging range depends on the operation mode. (See the figure.)

Three-Dimensional (3-D) Airflow

• Using three-dimensional airflow circulates cold air, which tends to collected at the bottom of the room, and hot air, which tends to collect near the ceiling, throughout the room, preventing areas of cold and hot developing.

ATTENTION

- Always use a remote control to adjust the angles of the flaps and louvers. If you attempt to move it forcibly with hand when it is swinging, the mechanism may be broken.
- Always use a remote control to adjust the louvers angles. Inside the air outlet, a fan is rotating at a high speed.



2.4 COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE Operation

The INTELLIGENT EYE incorporates infrared sensors to detect the presence of people in the conditioned room.

When these sensors detect people, the louvers will adjust the airflow direction to an area where people are not present. When there are no people in the sensing areas, the air conditioner will go into energy-saving mode.

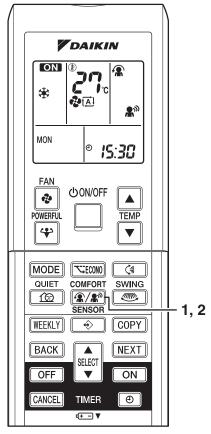
To start operation

- 1. Press "COMFORT/SENSOR button" and select an operation mode.
 - Choose the desired operation mode out of the following sequence.
 - Each time the "COMFORT/SENSOR button" is pressed a different setting option is displayed on the LCD.

$$\rightarrow$$
 $(\mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^{\mathbb{N}} \rightarrow \mathbf{R} \cdot \mathbf{R}^{\mathbb{N}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Blank} -$

To cancel operation

- 2. Press "COMFORT/SENSOR button".
 - Press the button to select "Blank".



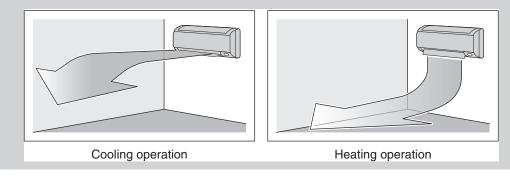
Display	Operation mode	Explanation
æ	COMFORT AIRFLOW	The flaps will adjust the airflow direction upward while cooling, and adjust the airflow direction downward while heating.
₽ 'n	INTELLIGENT EYE	The sensors will detect the movement of people in the sensing areas and the louvers will adjust the airflow direction to an area where people are not present. When there are no people in the sensing areas, the air conditioner will go into energy-saving mode.
.	COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE	The air conditioner will be in COMFORT AIRFLOW operation combined with INTELLIGENT EYE operation.
Blank	No function	-

Notes on "COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation"

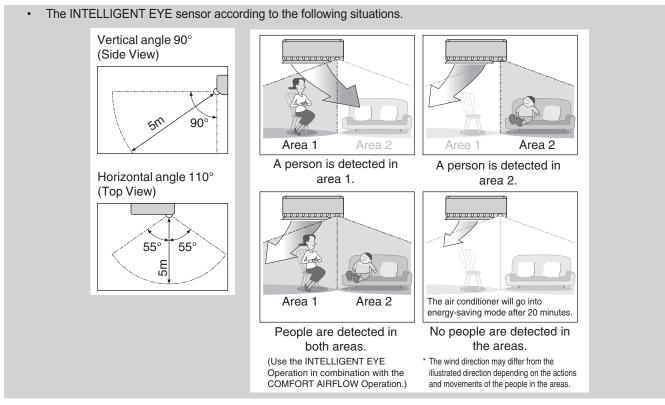
Note on the angles of the flaps

- The flap position will change, preventing air from blowing directly on the occupants of the room.
- · POWERFUL operation and COMFORT AIRFLOW operation cannot be used at the same time.
- The volume of air will be set to AUTO. If the upward and downward airflow direction is selected, the COMFORT AIRFLOW function will be canceled.
- Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- The COMFORT AIRFLOW function makes the following airflow direction adjustments. The flaps will move upward while cooling so that the airflow will be directed upward.

The flaps will move downward while heating so that the airflow will be directed downward.



Notes on "INTELLIGENT EYE Operation"



Notes on "INTELLIGENT EYE Operation"

- While the air conditioner is in INTELLIGENT EYE operation, the louvers will adjust the airflow direction if there are
 people in the sensing areas of the INTELLIGENT EYE so that the leftward or rightward airflow will not be directed to the
 people. If no people are detected in either area 1 or 2 in 20 minutes, the air conditioner will go into energy-saving mode
 with the set temperature shifted by 2°C. The air conditioner may go into energy-saving operation even if there are
 people in the areas. This may occur depending on the clothes the people are wearing if there are no movements of the
 people in the areas.
- The airflow direction from the louvers will be leftward if there are people in both areas 1 and 2 or if there is a person right in front of the sensors because the sensors on the both sides will detect the person.
- Due to the position of the sensor, people might be exposed to the airflow of the indoor unit if they are close to the front side of the indoor unit.

If there are people close to the front side of the indoor unit or in both areas, it is recommended to use the COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE functions simultaneously. When both of them are in use, the air conditioner will not direct the airflow towards the people.

- · Sensor may not detect moving objects further than 5m away. (Check the application range)
- Sensor detection sensitivity changes according to indoor unit location, the speed of passersby, temperature range, etc.
- The sensor also mistakenly detects pets, sunlight, fluttering curtains and light reflected off of mirrors as passersby.
- NIGHT SET MODE will not go on during use of INTELLIGENT EYE operation.

"INTELLIGENT EYE" is useful for Energy Saving

- Energy saving operation
 - Change the temperature -2°C in heating / +2°C in cooling / +2°C in dry mode from set temperature.
 - · Decrease the airflow rate slightly in FAN mode only. If no presence detected in the room during 20 minutes.

To combine "COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation" and "INTELLIGENT EYE Operation"

 The air conditioner can go into operation with the COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE functions combined. The flaps adjust the airflow direction upward (while in cooling operation) and downward (while in heating operation), during which the sensors of the INTELLIGENT EYE are working to detect the movement of people. When the sensors detect people, the louvers will direct the airflow in such way that it will not be blown directly on them. If there are no people, the air conditioner will go into energy-saving operation after 20 minutes.

- Do not place large objects near the sensor. Also keep heating units or humidifiers outside the sensor's detection area. This sensor can detect undesirable objects.
- Do not hit or violently push the INTELLIGENT EYE sensor. This can lead to damage and malfunction.

2.5 **POWERFUL** Operation

POWERFUL operation quickly maximizes the cooling (heating) effect in any operation mode.

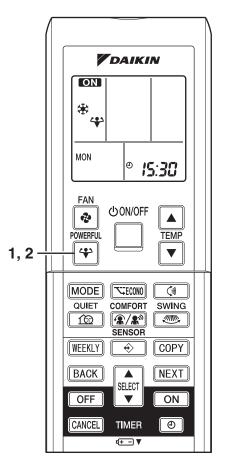
You can get the maximum capacity.

To start POWERFUL operation

- 1. Press "POWERFUL button".
 - POWERFUL operation ends in 20minutes. Then the system automatically operates again with the previous settings which were used before POWERFUL operation.
 - " 😛 " is displayed on the LCD.
 - When using POWERFUL operation, there are some functions which are not available.

To cancel POWERFUL operation

- 2. Press "POWERFUL button" again.
 - " 🐢 " disappears from the LCD.



NOTE

Notes on COMFORT AIRFLOW operation

- POWERFUL Operation cannot be used together with ECONO, QUIET, or COMFORT Operation. Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- POWERFUL Operation can only be set when the unit is running. Pressing the operation stop button causes the settings to be canceled, and the " 🛟 " disappears from the LCD.
- POWERFUL operation will not increase the capacity of the air conditioner if the air conditioner is already in operation with its maximum capacity demonstrated.

• In COOL and HEAT mode

To maximize the cooling (heating) effect, the capacity of outdoor unit must be increased and the airflow rate be fixed to the maximum setting.

The temperature and airflow settings are not variable.

In DRY mode

The temperature setting is lowered by 2.5°C and the airflow rate is slightly increased.

In FAN mode

The airflow rate is fixed to the maximum setting.

2.6 OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET Operation

OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation lowers the noise level of the outdoor unit by changing the frequency and fan speed on the outdoor unit.

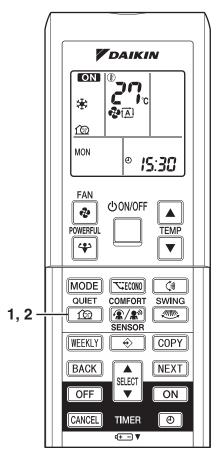
This function is convenient during night.

- To start OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation
 - - 1. Press "QUIET button".
 - " 🕸 " is displayed on the LCD.

To cancel OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation

2. Press "QUIET button" again.

• " 🐵 " disappears from the LCD.



NOTE

Notes on COMFORT AIRFLOW operation

- This function is available in COOL, HEAT, and AUTO modes. (This is not available in FAN and DRY mode.)
- POWERFUL operation and OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation cannot be used at the same time. Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation will drop neither the frequency nor fan speed if the frequency and fan speed have been already dropped low enough.

2.7 ECONO Operation

ECONO operation is a function which enables efficient operation by limiting the maximum power consumption value.

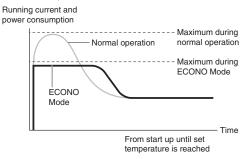
This function is useful for cases in which attention should be paid to ensure a circuit breaker will not trip when the product runs alongside other appliances.

To start ECONO operation

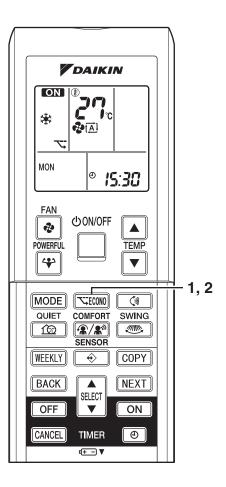
- 1. Press "ECONO button".
 - " T " is displayed on the LCD.

To cancel ECONO operation

- 2. Press "ECONO button" again.
 - " 🏹 " disappears from the LCD.



- This diagram is a representation for illustrative purposes only.
- * The maximum running current and power consumption of the air conditioner in ECONO mode vary with the connecting outdoor unit.



NOTE

Notes on ECONO operation

- ECONO Operation can only be set when the unit is running. Pressing the OFF button causes the setting to be canceled, and the " an
- ECONO operation is a function which enables efficient operation by limiting the power consumption of the outdoor unit (operating frequency).
- ECONO operation functions in AUTO, COOL, DRY and HEAT modes.
- POWERFUL and ECONO operation cannot be used at the same time. Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- Power consumption may not drop even if ECONO operation is used of the level of power consumption is already low.

2.8 TIMER Operation

Timer functions are useful for automatically switching the air conditioner on or off at night or in the morning. You can also use OFF TIMER and ON TIMER in combination.

To use OFF TIMER operation

- Check that the clock is correct. If not, set the clock to the present time.
- 1. Press "OFF TIMER button".
 - "0:00" is displayed on the LCD.
 - " OFF " blinks.

2. Press "SELECT button" until the time setting reaches the point you like.

 Every pressing of either button increases or decreases the time setting by 10 minutes. Holding down either button changes the setting rapidly.

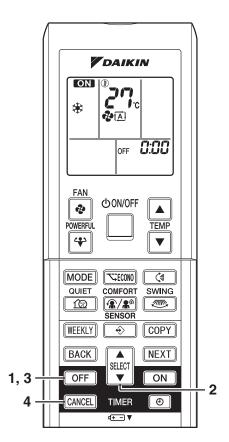
3. Press "OFF TIMER button" again.

• The TIMER lamp lights up..



To cancel the OFF TIMER operation

- 4. Press "CANCEL button".
 - The TIMER lamp goes off



NOTE

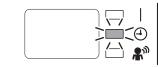
- When TIMER is set, the present time is not displayed.
- Once you set ON, OFF TIMER, the time setting is kept in the memory. (The memory is canceled when remote control batteries are replaced.)
- When operating the unit via the ON/OFF Timer, the actual length of operation may vary from the time entered by the user. (Maximum approx. 10 minutes)

NIGHT SET mode

When the OFF TIMER is set, the air conditioner automatically adjusts the temperature setting (0.5°C up in COOL, 2.0°C down in HEAT) to prevent excessive cooling (heating) for your pleasant sleep.

To use ON TIMER operation

- Check that the clock is correct.
 If not, set the clock to the present time.
- 1. Press "ON TIMER button".
 - "5:00" is displayed on the LCD.
 - " ON " blinks.
- 2. Press "SELECT button" until the time setting reaches the point you like.
 - Every pressing of either button increases or decreases the time setting by 10 minutes. Holding down either button changes the setting rapidly.
- 3. Press "ON TIMER button" again.
 - The TIMER lamp lights up.

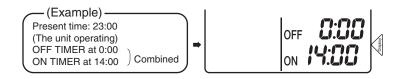


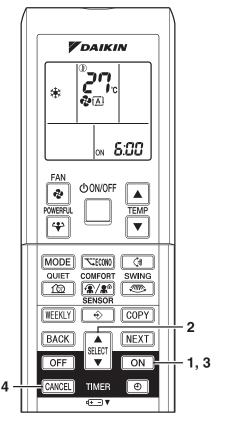
■ To cancel the ON TIMER operation

- 4. Press "CANCEL button".
- The TIMER lamp goes off.

To combine ON TIMER and OFF TIMER

• A sample setting for combining the two timers is shown below.





ATTENTION

- In the following cases, set the timer again.
 - After a breaker has turned OFF.
 - After a power failure.
 - · After replacing batteries in the remote control.

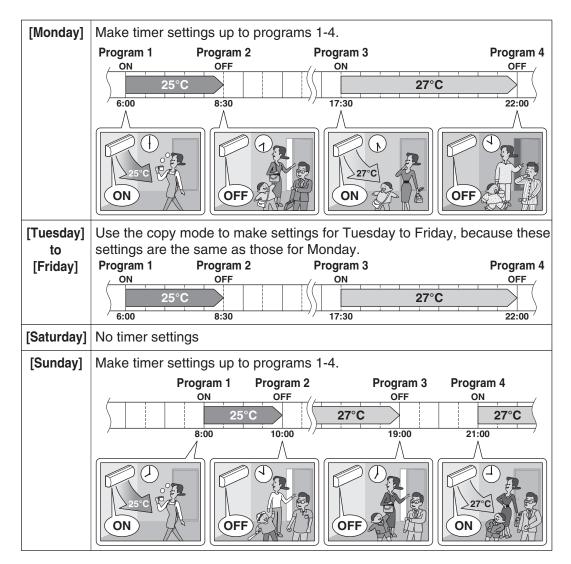
2.9 WEEKLY TIMER Operation

Up to 4 timer settings can be saved for each day of the week. It is convenient if the WEEKLY TIMER is set according to the family's life style.

Using in these cases of WEEKLY TIMER

An example of WEEKLY TIMER settings is shown below.

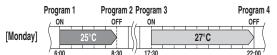
Example: The same timer settings are made for the week from Monday through Friday while different timer settings are made for the weekend.



- Up to 4 reservations per day and 28 reservations per week can be set in the WEEKLY TIMER. The effective use of the copy mode ensures ease of making reservations.
- The use of ON-ON-ON settings, for example, makes it possible to schedule operating mode and set temperature changes. Furthermore, by using OFF-OFF-OFF settings, only the turn-OFF time of each day can be set. This will turn OFF the air conditioner automatically if the user forgets to turn it OFF.

To use WEEKLY TIMER operation Setting mode

Make sure the day of the week and time are set. If not, set the day of the week and time.



- 1. Press " → button".
 - · The day of the week and the reservation number of the current day will be displayed.
 - 1 to 4 settings can be made per day.
- 2. Press the "SELECT button" to select the desired day of the week and reservation number.
 - Pressing the "SELECT button" changes the reservation number and the day of the week
- 3. Press "NEXT button".
 - The day of the week and reservation number will be set.
 - " OWEEKIN " and " ON " blink.

4. Press "SELECT button" to select the desired mode.

Pressing the "SELECT button" changes " ON " or " OFF " setting in sequence.

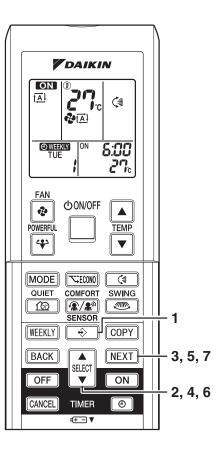
→ ON -	→ OFF	→ Blank
ON TIMER	OFF TIMER	blank

- In case the reservation has already been set, selecting "blank" deletes the reservation.
- Go to STEP 9 if "blank" is selected.
- 5. Press "NEXT button".
 - The ON/OFF TIMER mode will be set.
 - " OWEEKLY " and the time blink.
- 6. Press "SELECT button" to select the desired time.
 - The time can be set between 0:00 and 23:50 in 10 minute intervals.
 - To return to the ON/OFF TIMER mode setting, press "BACK button".
 - . Go to STEP 9 when setting the OFF TIMER.
- 7. Press "NEXT button".
 - The time will be set.
 - " OWEEKLY " and the temperature blink.

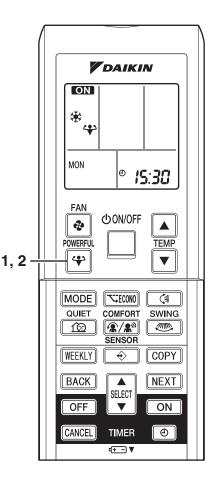
Setting Displays



Day and number settings



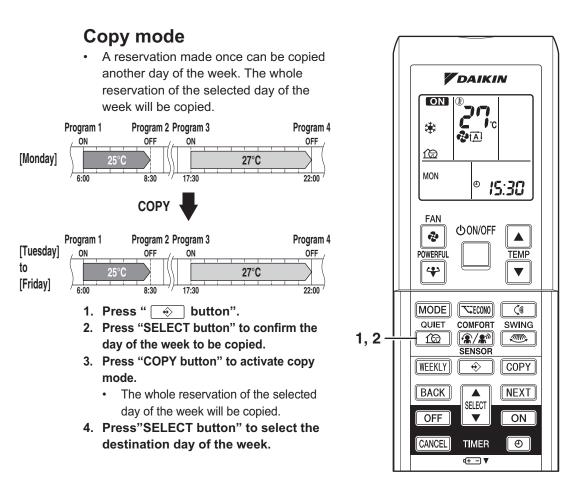
- 8. Press "SELECT button" to select the desired temperature.
 - The temperature can be set between 10°C and 32°C.
 Cooling: The unit operates at 18°C even if it is set at 10 to 17°C.
 Heating: The unit operates at 30°C even if it is set at 31 to 32°C.
 - To return to the time setting, press "BACK button".
 - The set temperature is only displayed when the mode setting is on.
- 9. Press "NEXT button".
 - The temperature will be set and go to the next reservation setting.
 - To continue further settings, repeat the procedure from STEP **4**.
- 10. Press " 🛞 button" to complete the setting.
 - Be sure to direct the remote control toward the indoor unit and check for a receiving tone and flashing the operation lamp.
 - " (OWEKLY " is displayed on the LCD and WEEKLY TIMER operation is activated.
 - The TIMER lamp lights up.
 - A reservation made once can be easily copied and the same settings used for another day of the week.
 Refer to Copy mode.



NOTE

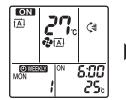
Notes on WEEKLY TIMER operation

- Do not forget to set the clock on the remote control first.
- The day of the week, ON/OFF TIMER mode, time and set temperature (only for ON TIMER mode) can be set with WEEKLY TIMER. Other settings for ON TIMER are based on the settings just before the operation.
- Both WEEKLY TIMER and ON/OFF TIMER operation cannot be used at the same time. The ON/OFF TIMER operation has priority if it is set while WEEKLY TIMER is still active. The WEEKLY TIMER will go into standby state, and "OWEEKLY" will disappear from the LCD.
- When ON/OFF TIMER is up, the WEEKLY TIMER will automatically become active.
- Only the time and set temperature set with the weekly timer are sent with the " button". Set the weekly timer only after setting the operation mode, the fan strength, and the fan direction ahead of time.
- Shutting the breaker off, power failure, and other similar events will render operation of the indoor unit's internal clock inaccurate. Reset the clock.
- The "BACK button" can be used only for the time and temperature settings. It cannot be used to go back to the reservation number.

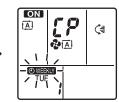


- 5. Press "COPY button".
 - The reservation will be copied to the selected day of the week. The whole reservation of the selected day of the week will be copied.
 - To continue copying the settings to other days of the week, repeat STEP 4 and STEP 5.
- 6. Press " 🔿 button" to complete the setting.
 - " @WEEKLY " is displayed on the LCD and WEEKLY TIMER operation is activated.

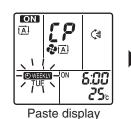
Setting Displays

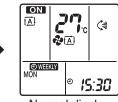


Confirmation display



Copy display





Normal display

NOTE

- COPY MODE

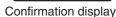
Confirming a reservation

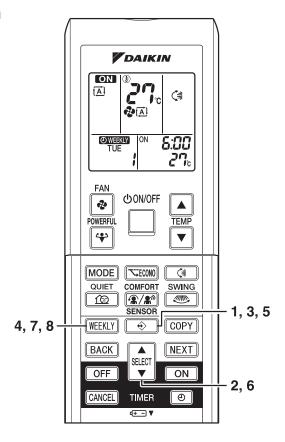
- The reservation can be confirmed.
- 1. Press " → button".
 - The day of the week and the reservation number of the current day will be displayed.
- 2. Press "SELECT button" to select the day of the week and the reservation number to be confirmed.
 - Pressing the "SELECT button" displays the reservation details.
 - To change the confirmed reserved settings, select the reservation number and press "NEXT button". The mode is switched to setting mode. Go to Setting mode STEP **4**.
- 3. Press " → button" to exit confirming mode.
 - "OWEEKLY" is displayed on the LCD and WEEKLY TIMER operation is activated.
 - The TIMER lamp lights up.

Setting Displays



Normal display





To deactivate WEEKLY TIMER operation

- 4. Press "WEEKLY button" while " OWEEKY " is displayed on the LCD.
 - The " OWEEKLY " will disappear from the LCD.
 - The TIMER lamp goes off.
 - To reactivate the WEEKLY TIMER operation, press the "WEEKLY button" again.
 - If a reservation deactivated with "WEEKLY button" is activated once again, the last reservation mode will be used.

To delete reservations

The individual reservation

- Refer to Setting mode.
 - When selecting desired mode at STEP **4** in setting mode, select "blank". The reservation will be deleted.

The reservations for each day of the week

- This function can be used for deleting reservations for each day of the week.
- 5. Press " → button".
- 6. Select the day of the week to be canceled with the "SELECT button".
- 7. Hold the "WEEKLY button" for 5 seconds.
 - The selcted reservation will be canceled.

All reservations

- 8. Hold "WEEKLY button" for 5 seconds.
 - Be sure to direct the remote control toward the main unit and check for a receiving tone.
 - This operation is not effective while WEEKLY TIMER is being set.
 - All reservations will be deleted.

Part 6 Service Diagnosis

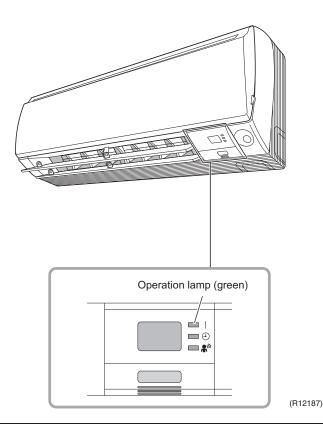
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Caution for Diagnosis Troubleshooting with LED

Indoor Unit

The operation lamp blinks when any of the following errors is detected.

- 1. When a protection device of the indoor or outdoor unit is activated, or when the thermistor malfunctions.
- 2. When a signal transmission error occurs between the indoor and outdoor units.
- In either case, conduct the diagnostic procedure described in the following pages.



Outdoor Unit

The outdoor unit has one green LED (LED A) on the PCB. When the LED A blinks, the microcomputer works in order.

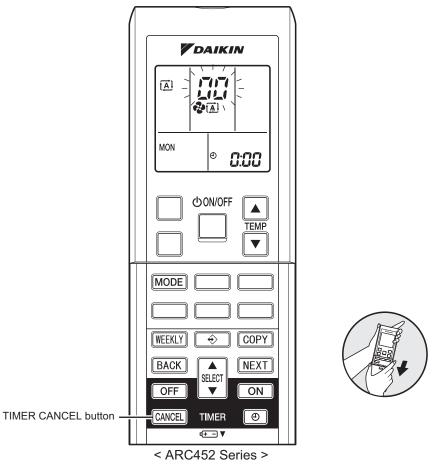
2. Problem Symptoms and Measures

Symptom	Check Item	Details of Measure	Reference Page
The units does not operate.	Check the power supply.	Check to make sure that the rated voltage is supplied.	—
	Check the type of the indoor units.	Check to make sure that the indoor unit type is compatible with the outdoor unit.	
	Check the outdoor temperature.	Heating operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is 20°C or higher, and cooling operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is below –10°C.	_
	Diagnose with remote control indication.	_	75
	Check the remote control addresses.	Check to make sure that address settings for the remote control and indoor unit are correct.	—
Operation sometimes stops.	Check the power supply.	A power failure of 2 to 10 cycles stops air conditioner operation. (Operation lamp OFF)	—
	Check the outdoor temperature.	Heating operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is 20°C or higher, and cooling operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is below –10°C.	_
	Diagnose with remote control indication.	_	75
The unit operates but does not cool, or does not heat.	Check for wiring and piping errors in the connection between the indoor and outdoor units.	Conduct the wiring/piping error check described on the product diagnosis label.	_
	Check for thermistor detection errors.	Check to make sure that the thermistor is mounted securely.	_
	Check for faulty operation of the electronic expansion valve.	Set the units to cooling operation, and check the temperature of the liquid pipe to see if the electronic expansion valve works.	-
	Diagnose with remote control indication.	_	75
	Diagnose by service port pressure and operating current.	Check for refrigerant shortage.	112
Large operating noise and vibrations	Check the output voltage of the power module.	_	123
	Check the power module.	—	_
	Check the installation condition.	Check to make sure that the required spaces for installation (specified in the installation manual, etc.) are provided.	-

3. Service Check Function3.1 ARC452 Series

Check Method 1

1. When the timer cancel button is held down for 5 seconds, "DD" indication appears on the temperature display section.



(R12205)

2. Press the timer cancel button repeatedly until a long beep sounds.

The code indication changes in the sequence shown below.

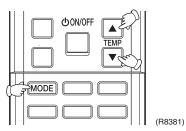
No.	Code	No.	Code	No.	Code
1	00	13	כז	25	UR
2	UЧ	14	R3	26	UH
3	L5	15	HB	27	PЧ
4	<i>E6</i>	16	H9	28	L3
5	HБ	17	[9	29	LH
6	HD	18	СЧ	30	Η٦
7	<i>R6</i>	19	٢5	31	U2
8	EЛ	20	JЗ	32	ER
9	UD	21	J6	33	RH
10	F3	22	E5	34	FR
11	<i>R</i> 5	23	R1		
12	F6	24	El		



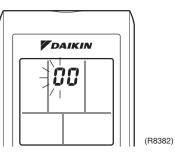
A short beep "pi" and two consecutive beeps "pi pi" indicate non-corresponding codes.
 To return to the normal mode, hold the timer cancel button down for 5 seconds. When the remote control is left untouched for 60 seconds, it also returns to the normal mode.

Check Method 2

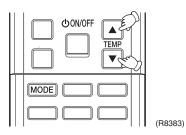
1. Press the 3 buttons (TEMP▲, TEMP▼, MODE) at the same time.



The figure of the ten's place blinks.



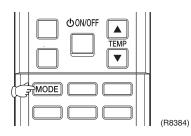
2. Press the TEMP▲ or ▼ button and change the figure until you hear the sound of "beep" or "pi pi".



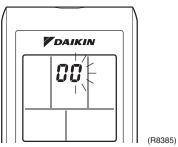
3. Diagnose by the sound.

★"pi" : The figure of the ten's place does not accord with the error code. ★"pi pi" : The figure of the ten's place accords with the error code but the one's not. ★"beep" : The both figures of the ten's and one's place accord with the error code. (→ See 7.)

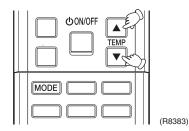
4. Press the MODE button.



The figure of the one's place blinks.



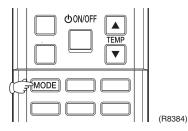
5. Press the TEMP \blacktriangle or \triangledown button and change the figure until you hear the sound of "beep".



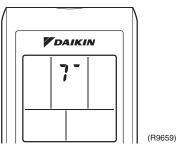
6. Diagnose by the sound.

★"pi": The figure of the ten's place does not accord with the error code.
★"pi pi": The figure of the ten's place accords with the error code but the one's not.
★"beep": The both figures of the ten's and one's place accord with the error code.

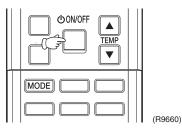
- Determine the error code.
 The figures indicated when you hear the "beep" sound are error code.
 (Error codes and description → Refer to page 75.)
- 8. Press the MODE button to exit from the diagnosis mode.



The display "**7**⁻" means the trial operation mode. (Refer to page 267 for trial operation.)



9. Press the ON/OFF button twice to return to the normal mode.



i

Note: When the remote control is left untouched for 60 seconds, it returns to the normal mode.

4. Troubleshooting

4.1 Error Codes and Description

	Error Codes	Description	Reference Page
System	00	Normal	
	UO★	Refrigerant shortage	112
	U2	Low-voltage detection or over-voltage detection	115
	UЧ	Signal transmission error (between indoor unit and outdoor unit)	82
	UR	Unspecified voltage (between indoor unit and outdoor unit)	83
Indoor Unit	<i>R</i> 1	Indoor unit PCB abnormality	
Unit	<i>R</i> 5	Freeze-up protection control or heating peak-cut control	
	R6	Fan motor (DC motor) or related abnormality	79
	<u>[</u> 4	Indoor heat exchanger thermistor or related abnormality	81
	[9	Room temperature thermistor or related abnormality	81
Outdoor Unit	E1	Outdoor unit PCB abnormality	84
Unit	E5★	OL activation (compressor overload)	86
	E6 ★	Compressor lock	87
	E7	DC fan lock	88
	E8	Input overcurrent detection	89
	ER	Four way valve abnormality	90
	F3	Discharge pipe temperature control	92
	F6	High pressure control in cooling	94
	НО	Compressor system sensor abnormality	96
	HБ	Position sensor abnormality	98
	H8	DC voltage / current sensor abnormality (20/25 class)	101
	по	CT or related abnormality (35 class)	102
	H9	Outdoor temperature thermistor or related abnormality	104
	JЗ	Discharge pipe thermistor or related abnormality	104
	JБ	Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor or related abnormality	104
	L3	Electrical box temperature rise	106
	LY	Radiation fin temperature rise	108
	L5	Output overcurrent detection	110
	РЧ	Radiation fin thermistor or related abnormality	104
	רט	Signal transmission error on outdoor unit PCB (35 class only)	117

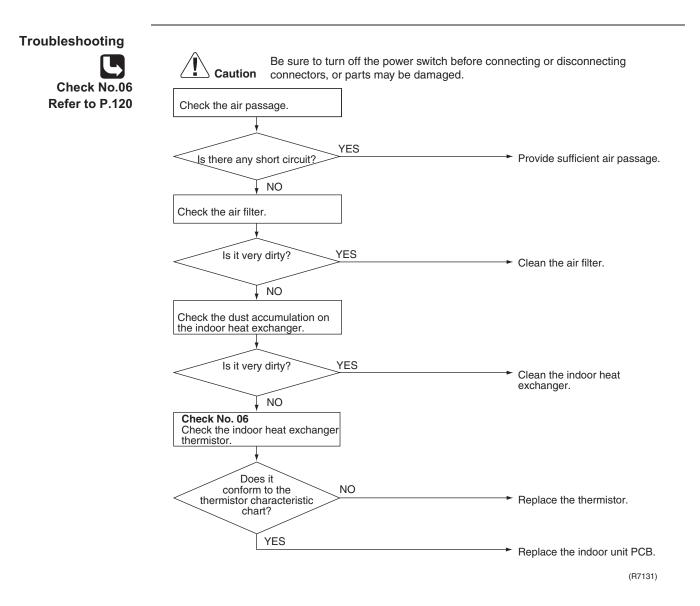
★: Displayed only when system-down occurs.

4.2 Indoor Unit PCB Abnormality

Remote Control Display	81				
Method of Malfunction Detection	Evaluation of zero-cross detection of	power supply by the indoor	unit PCB		
Malfunction Decision Conditions	There is no zero-cross detection in a	pproximately 10 seconds.			
Supposed Causes	 Wrong models interconnected Defective indoor unit PCB Disconnection of connector 				
Troubleshooting					
	Check the combination of the indoor and outdoor unit.	the power switch before connets may be damaged.	Match the models.	connecting	
	Error repeats? YES NO		PCB (1).	e indoor unit	
			Completed	1.	(R11704)
Note:	Check the following connector.				
	Model Type	Connector			
	Wall Mounted Type	Terminal board ~ Control PC	В		

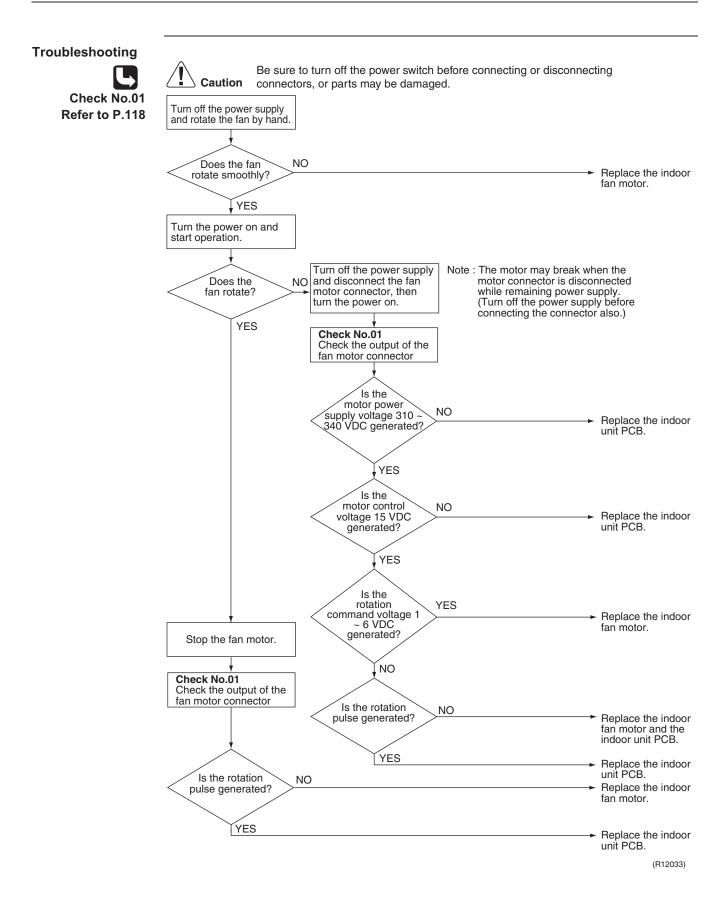
4.3 Freeze-up Protection Control or Heating Peak-cut Control

Remote Control Display	85
Method of Malfunction Detection	 Freeze-up protection control During cooling operation, the freeze-up protection control (operation halt) is activated according to the temperature detected by the indoor heat exchanger thermistor. Heating peak-cut control During heating operation, the temperature detected by the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for the heating peak-cut control (operation halt, outdoor fan stop, etc.)
Malfunction Decision Conditions	 Freeze-up protection control During cooling operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature is below 0°C. Heating peak-cut control During heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature is above 65°C
Supposed Causes	 Short-circuited air Clogged air filter of the indoor unit Dust accumulation on the indoor heat exchanger Defective indoor heat exchanger thermistor Defective indoor unit PCB



4.4 Fan Motor (DC Motor) or Related Abnormality

Remote Control Display	R5
Method of Malfunction Detection	The rotation speed detected by the Hall IC during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor operation.
Malfunction Decision Conditions	The detected rotation speed does not reach the demanded rotation speed of the target tap, and is less than 50% of the maximum fan motor rotation speed.
Supposed Causes	 Layer short inside the fan motor winding Breaking of wire inside the fan motor Breaking of the fan motor lead wires Defective capacitor of the fan motor Defective indoor unit PCB



4.5 Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Indoor Unit)

Remote Control Display	C4, C9
Method of Malfunction Detection	The temperatures detected by the thermistors determine thermistor errors.
Malfunction Decision Conditions	The thermistor input is more than 4.96 V or less than 0.04 V during compressor operation.
Supposed Causes	 Disconnection of connector Defective thermistor Defective indoor unit PCB
Troubleshooting Check No.06 Refer to P.120	Image: Notice the thermistor resistance relation of the thermistor resistance relation the thermistor the thermistor relation the thermistor
	(R7134)

- *LY* : Indoor heat exchanger thermistor
- $\label{eq:cg:cg:cg} \mathcal{L}\mathcal{G}: Room \ temperature \ thermistor$

4.6 Signal Transmission Error (between Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit)

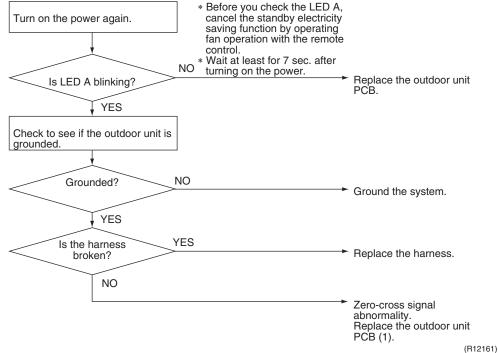
Remote Control Display	UЧ	
Method of Malfunction Detection	The data received from the outdoor unit in indoor unit-outdoo checked whether it is normal.	or unit signal transmission is
Malfunction Decision Conditions	The data sent from the outdoor unit cannot be received norm abnormal.	nally, or the content of the data is
Supposed Causes	 Wiring error Breaking of the connection wires between the indoor and Defective outdoor unit PCB Defective indoor unit PCB Disturbed power supply waveform 	outdoor units (wire No. 3)
Troubleshooting		
	Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before conn connectors, or parts may be damaged.	ecting or disconnecting
Check No.10	Check the indoor unit-outdoor unit connection wires.	
Refer to P.122		
	YES	
	Is there any wiring error?	 Correct the indoor unit-outdoor unit connection wires.
	VO Check the voltage of the connection wires on the indoor terminal board between No. 1 and No. 3, and between No. 2 and No. 3.	
	Properly YES	
	insulated? NO Check the LED A on the outdoor unit PCB. Wait at least for 7 sec. after	 Replace the connection wires between the indoor and outdoor units.
	turning on the power. Is LED A blinking?	Diagnose the outdoor unit
		PCB.
	VES Check No.10 Check the power supply waveform.	
	Is there any NO disturbance?	Replace the indoor unit PCB.
	YES	 Locate the cause of the disturbance of the power supply waveform, and correct it. (B12160)
		(

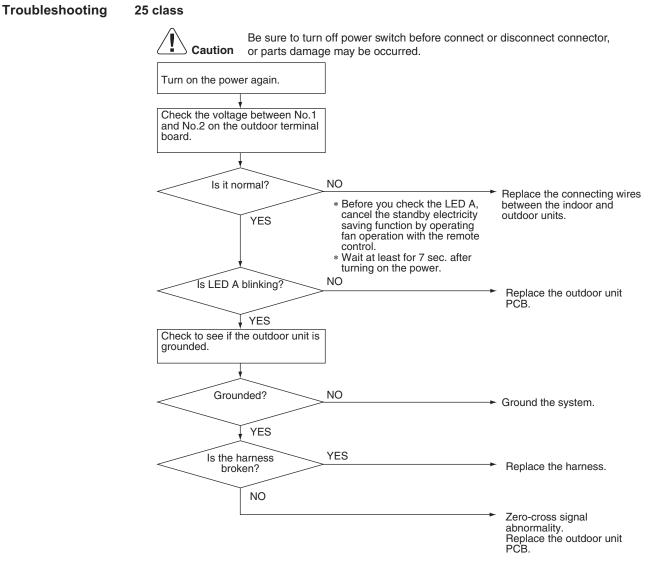
4.7 Unspecified Voltage (between Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit)

Remote Control	UR	
Display		
Method of Malfunction Detection	The supply power is detected for its requirements (different from p indoor / outdoor transmission signal.	pair type and multi type) by the
Malfunction Decision Conditions	The pair type and multi type are interconnected.	
Supposed Causes	 Wrong models interconnected Wrong wiring of connecting wires Wrong indoor unit PCB or outdoor unit PCB mounted Defective indoor unit PCB Defective outdoor unit PCB 	
Troubleshooting	Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting connectors, or parts may be damaged. Check the combination of the indoor and outdoor unit. NO OK? NO VES NO Are the connected property? NO VES Check the code numbers (2P01234, for example) of the indoor and outdoor unit PCB with the Parts List.	 or disconnecting Match the compatible models. Correct the connection.
	Matched NO compatibly?	→ Change for the correct PCB.
	YES	 Replace the indoor unit PCB (or the outdoor unit PCB). (R11707)
		((((())))

4.8 Outdoor Unit PCB Abnormality

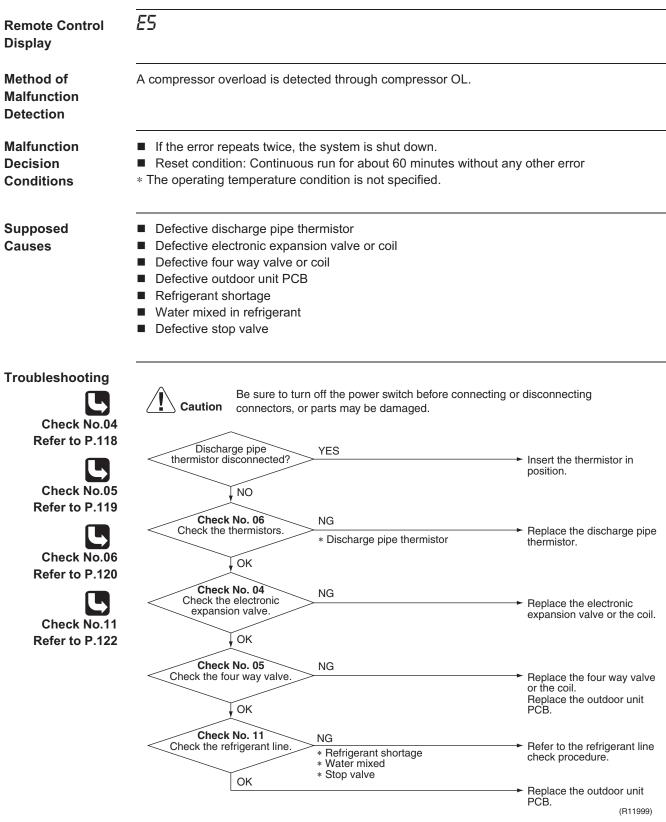
*E*1 **Remote Control** Display Method of The system follows the microprocessor program as specified. Malfunction The system checks to see if the zero-cross signal comes in properly. Detection Malfunction The microprocessor program runs out of control. Decision The zero-cross signal is not detected. Conditions Supposed Defective outdoor unit PCB Broken harness between PCBs Causes Noise Momentary fall of voltage Momentary power failure, etc. Troubleshooting 20/35 class Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting Caution connectors, or parts may be damaged. * Before you check the LED A,





(R12188)

4.9 OL Activation (Compressor Overload)



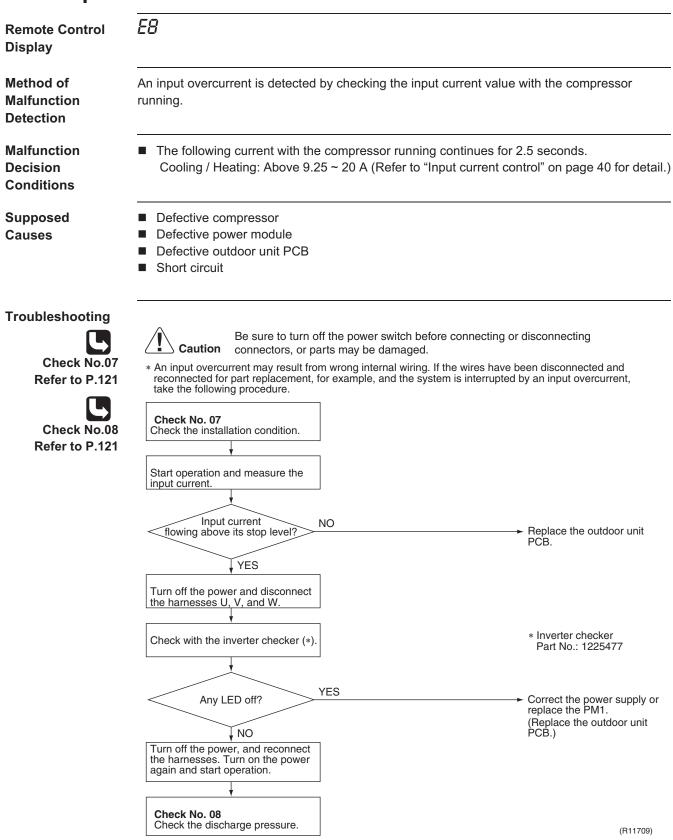
4.10 Compressor Lock

Remote Control Display	Ε5	
Method of Malfunction Detection	A compressor lock is detected by checking the compressor running position detection circuit.	condition through the
Malfunction Decision Conditions	 20/25 class Operation stops due to overcurrent. If the error repeats 16 times, the system is shut down. Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes without ar 	ny other error
	 35 class A compressor lock is detected by the current waveform generate frequency voltage to the motor. If the error repeats 16 times, the system is shut down Reset condition: Continuous run for about 5 minutes without any 	
Supposed Causes	Compressor lockedCompressor harness disconnected	
Troubleshooting	Image: Caution in the source of the power switch before connecting of connectors, or parts may be damaged. (Precaution before turning on the power again) Make sure the power has been off for at least 30 seconds. Image: Turn off the power. Disconnect the harnesses U, V, and W. Image: the power of the power of the power of the power. Image: the power of the power of	 Correct the power supply or replace the PM1. (Replace the outdoor unit PCB.) Replace the compressor. Check the electronic expansion valve. Replace it as required.
		 Replace the compressor. (R8399)

4.11 DC Fan Lock **E7 Remote Control** Display Method of An error is determined with the high-voltage fan motor rotation speed detected by the Hall IC. Malfunction Detection Malfunction The fan does not start in 15 ~ 60 seconds (depending on the model) even when the fan Decision motor is running. If the error repeats 16 times, the system is shut down. Conditions Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (35 class: 5 minutes) without any other error Supposed Disconnection of the fan motor Causes Foreign matters stuck in the fan Defective fan motor Defective outdoor unit PCB Troubleshooting Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting Caution connectors, or parts may be damaged. Check No.15 Fan motor YES Refer to P.124 connector disconnected? Turn off the power and reconnect the connector. NO Foreign matters YES in or around the fan? Remove them. **√**NO Turn on the power. Rotate the fan. Fan rotates NO smoothly? Replace the outdoor fan motor. YES Check No. 15 Check the rotation pulse input on the outdoor unit PCB. Pulse signal NO generated? Replace the outdoor fan motor. YES Replace the outdoor unit PCB.

(R11708)

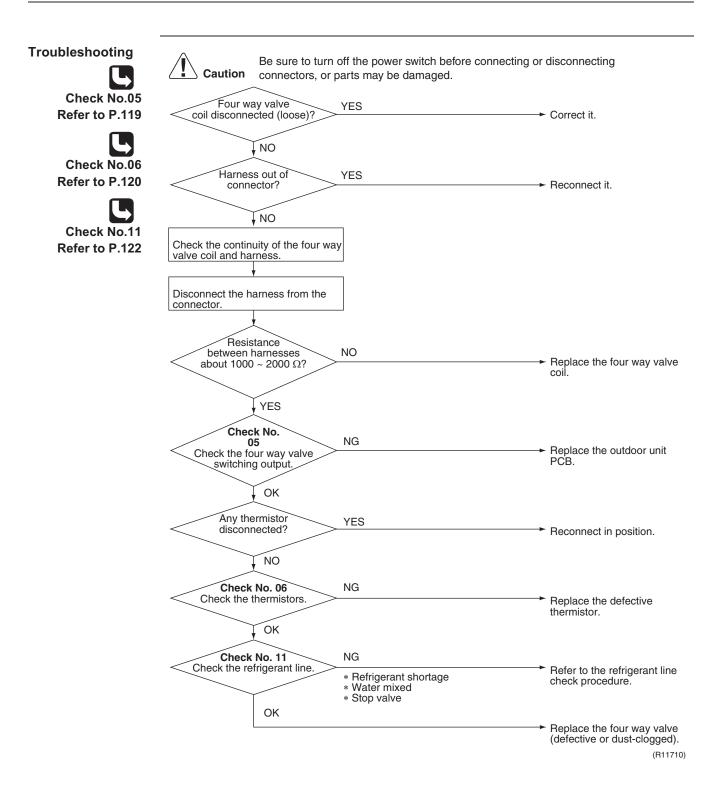
4.12 Input Overcurrent Detection



4.13 Four Way Valve Abnormality

Remote Control Display	ER
Method of Malfunction Detection	The room temperature thermistor, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor, the outdoor temperature thermistor, and the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor are checked if they function within their normal ranges in each operation mode.
Malfunction Decision Conditions	 A following condition continues over 1 ~ 10 minutes (depending on the model) after operating for 5 ~ 10 minutes (depending on the model). Cooling / Dry (room thermistor temp. – indoor heat exchanger temp.) < -5°C Heating (indoor heat exchanger temp. – room thermistor temp.) < -5°C If the error repeats, the system is shut down. Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error
Supposed Causes	 Disconnection of four way valve coil Defective four way valve, coil, or harness Defective outdoor unit PCB Defective thermistor Refrigerant shortage Water mixed in refrigerant

Defective stop valve



4.14 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

Remote Control Display

Method of Malfunction Detection

Malfunction Decision Conditions An error is determined with the temperature detected by the discharge pipe thermistor.

- If the temperature detected by the discharge pipe thermistor rises above A °C, the compressor stops.
- The error is cleared when the discharge pipe temperature has dropped below \mathbb{B} °C.

<20 class>

F3

Stop temperatures	(°C) ∖\	₿ (°C)
(1) above 45 Hz (rising), above 40 Hz (dropping)	110	97
(2) 30 ~ 45 Hz (rising), 25 ~ 40 Hz (dropping)	105	92
(3) below 30 Hz (rising), below 25 Hz (dropping)	99	86

<25 class>

Stop temperatures	(°C) ∖\	B (°C)
(1) above 30Hz (rising), above 25Hz (dropping)	110	95
(2) below 30Hz (rising), below 25Hz (dropping)	108	93

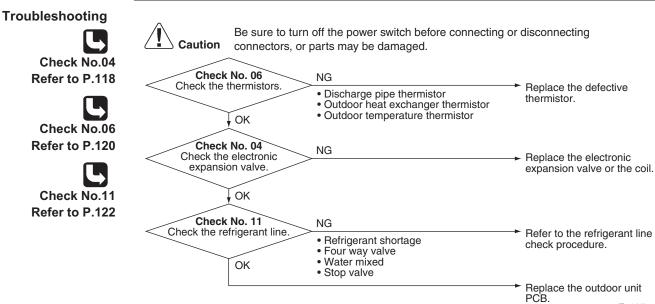
<35 class>

(°C) ∖∖	B (°C)
110	95

- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Defective discharge pipe thermistor
 - (Defective outdoor heat exchanger thermistor or outdoor temperature thermistor)
- Defective electronic expansion valve or coil
- Refrigerant shortage
- Defective four way valve
- Water mixed in refrigerant
- Defective stop valve
- Defective outdoor unit PCB



(R7141)

4.15 High Pressure Control in Cooling

F5

Remote Control Display

Method of Malfunction Detection

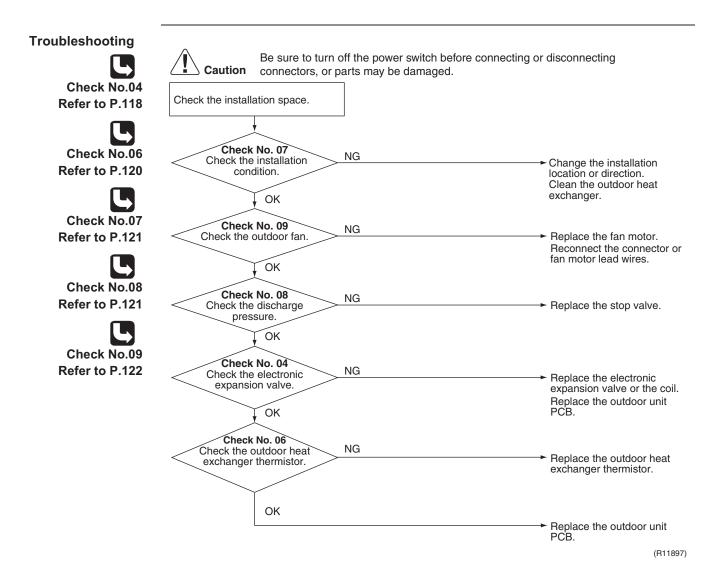
Malfunction Decision Conditions High-pressure control (operation halt, frequency drop, etc.) is activated in cooling operation if the temperature sensed by the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor exceeds the limit.

The temperature sensed by the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor rises above A °C.
 The error is cleared when the temperature drops below B °C.

	(°C) ∖	B (°C)
RXL20G2V1B	65	54
RXL20G2V1B9	65	52
RXL25G2V1B	65	53
RXL35G2V1B	65	51

Supposed Causes

- The installation space is not large enough.
- Dirty outdoor heat exchanger
- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Defective stop valve
- Defective electronic expansion valve or coil
- Defective outdoor heat exchanger thermistor
- Defective outdoor unit PCB



4.16 Compressor System Sensor Abnormality 4.16.1 20/25 Class

Remote Control Display	HO	
Method of Malfunction Detection	The system checks the DC current before the compressor starts.	
Malfunction Decision Conditions	 The DC current before compressor start-up is out of the range 0.5 ~ converted to voltage value) The DC voltage before compressor start-up is below 50 V. 	4.5 V (sensor output
Supposed Causes	 Broken or disconnection of harness Defective outdoor unit PCB 	
Troubleshooting	Image: Note that the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connecting connectors, or parts may be damaged. Image: Check the relay harness for the compressor. Image: Use the the compressor. I	

4.16.2 35 Class

Remote Control Display

Method of Malfunction Detection

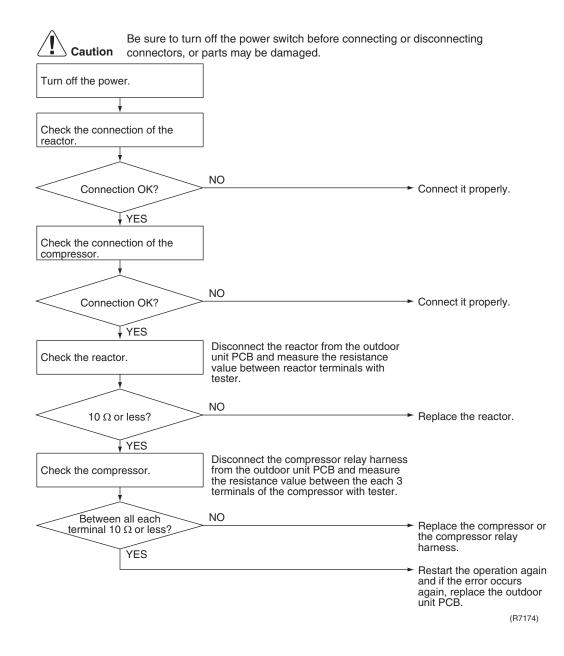
Malfunction Decision Conditions

Supposed Causes

H	0
	The system checks the supply voltage and the DC voltage before the compressor starts. The system checks the compressor current right after the compressor starts.
	The supply voltage and the DC voltage is obviously low or high. The compressor current does not run when the compressor starts.

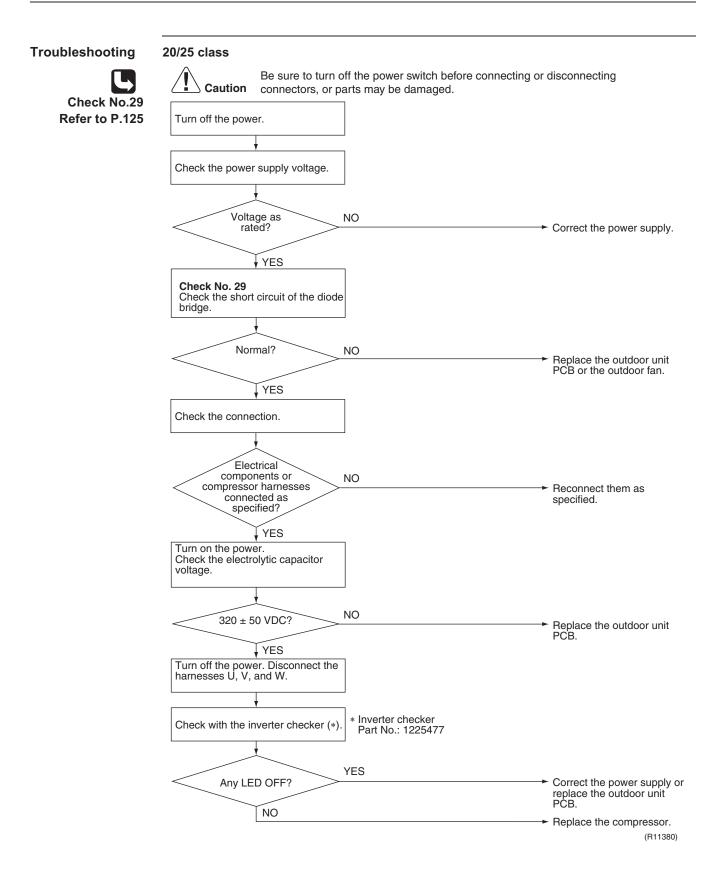
- Disconnection of reactor
- Disconnection of compressor harness
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective compressor

Troubleshooting



4.17 Position Sensor Abnormality

Remote Control Display	HS
Method of Malfunction Detection	A compressor start-up failure is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.
Malfunction Decision Conditions	 If the error repeats, the system is shut down. Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (35 class: 5 minutes) without any other error
Supposed Causes	 Disconnection of the compressor relay cable Defective compressor Defective outdoor unit PCB Start-up failure caused by the closed stop valve Input voltage is out of specification



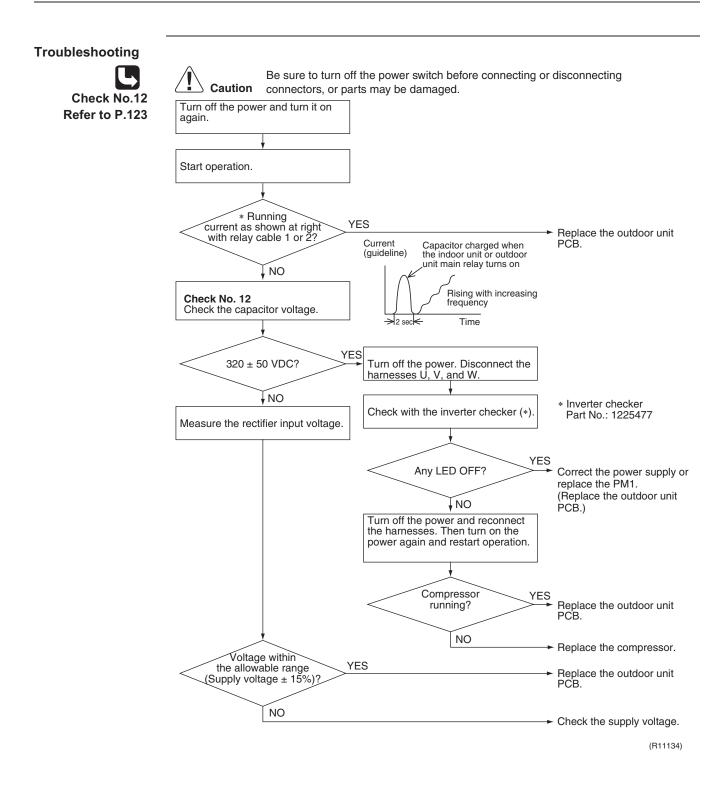
Troubleshooting 35 class Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting Caution connectors, or parts may be damaged. Turn off the power. Check the power supply voltage. Voltage as rated? NO Correct the power supply. VES Check the connection. Electrical components or NO compressor harnesses connected as specified? Reconnect them as specified. YES Turn on the power. Check the electrolytic capacitor voltage. NO 320 ± 50 VDC? Replace the outdoor unit PCB. YES Turn off the power. Disconnect the harnesses U, V, and W. Inverter checker Part No.: 1225477 Check with the inverter checker (*) YES Correct the power supply or replace the outdoor unit PCB. Any LED OFF? NO Replace the compressor. (R11471)

4.18 DC Voltage / Current Sensor Abnormality (20/25 Class)

Remote Control Display	H8		
Method of Malfunction Detection	DC voltage or DC current sensor abnormality is identified based on the compressor running frequency and the input current.		
Malfunction Decision Conditions	 The compressor running frequency is above 52 Hz. If the error repeats 4 times, the system is shut down. Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error 		
Supposed Causes	 Defective outdoor unit PCB 		
Troubleshooting			
	Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.		
	Replace the outdoor unit PCB.		

4.19 CT or Related Abnormality (35 Class)

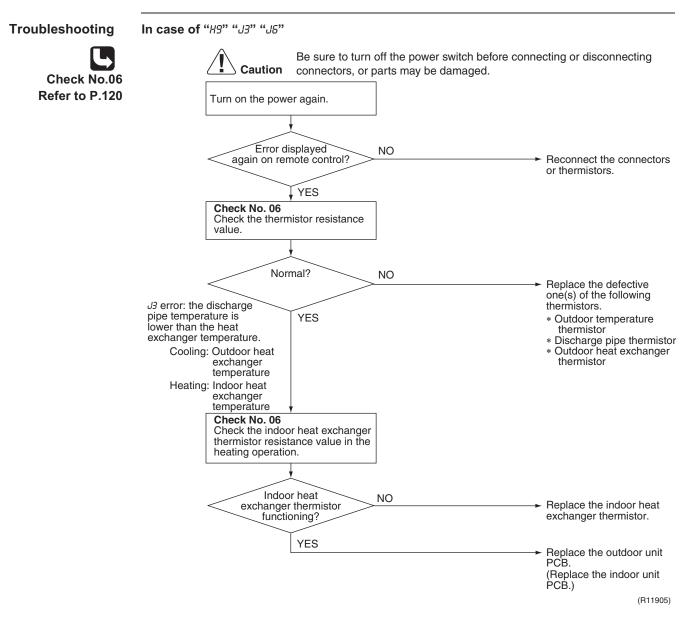
Remote Control Display	H8
Method of Malfunction Detection	A CT or related error is detected by checking the compressor running frequency and CT- detected input current.
Malfunction Decision Conditions	 The compressor running frequency is more than 55 Hz, and the CT input current is below 0.5 A. If the error repeats 4 times, the system is shut down. Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error
Supposed Causes	 Defective power module Breakage of wiring or disconnection Defective reactor Defective outdoor unit PCB



4.20 Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Outdoor Unit)

Remote Control Display	H9, J3, J6, P4		
Method of Malfunction Detection	This fault is identified based on the thermistor input voltage to the microcomputer. A thermistor fault is identified based on the temperature sensed by each thermistor.		
Malfunction Decision Conditions	 The thermistor input voltage is above 4.96 V (25 class: 4.98 V) or below 0.04 V (25 class: 0.02 V) with the power on. J3 error is judged if the discharge pipe temperature is lower than the heat exchanger temperature. 		
Supposed Causes	 Disconnection of the connector for the thermistor Defective thermistor Defective heat exchanger thermistor in the case of J3 error (outdoor heat exchanger thermistor in cooling operation, or indoor heat exchanger thermistor in heating operation) Defective outdoor unit PCB Defective indoor unit PCB 		
Troubleshooting	In case of "P4" Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged. Replace the outdoor unit PCB.		

P4 : Radiation fin thermistor



H9 : Outdoor temperature thermistor

- J3 : Discharge pipe thermistor
- JE : Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor

4.21 Electrical Box Temperature Rise

LB

Remote Control Display

Method of Malfunction Detection

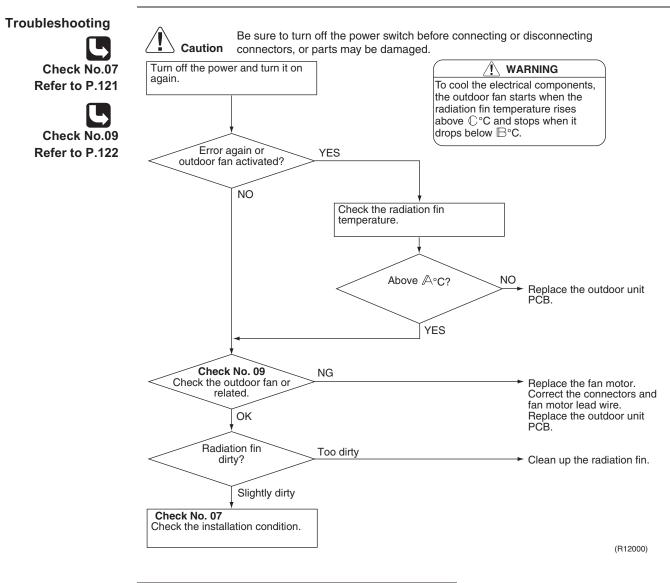
Malfunction Decision Conditions An electrical box temperature rise is detected by checking the radiation fin thermistor with the compressor off.

- With the compressor off, the radiation fin temperature is above A°C.
- The error is cleared when the radiation fin temperature drops below B°C.
- To cool the electrical components, the outdoor fan starts when the radiation fin temperature rises above ℂ°C and stops when it drops below B°C.

	(°C) ∖	B (°C)	ℂ (°C)
RXL20G2V1B	80	70	80
RXL20G2V1B9	98	75	83
RXL25G2V1B	80	70	75
RXL35G2V1B	95	80	85

Supposed Causes

- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Short circuit
- Defective radiation fin thermistor
- Disconnection of connector
- Defective outdoor unit PCB



	(°C) ∖	B (°C)	ℂ (°C)
RXL20G2V1B	80	70	80
RXL20G2V1B9	98	75	83
RXL25G2V1B	80	70	75
RXL35G2V1B	95	80	85

4.22 Radiation Fin Temperature Rise

LY

Remote Control Display

Method of Malfunction Detection

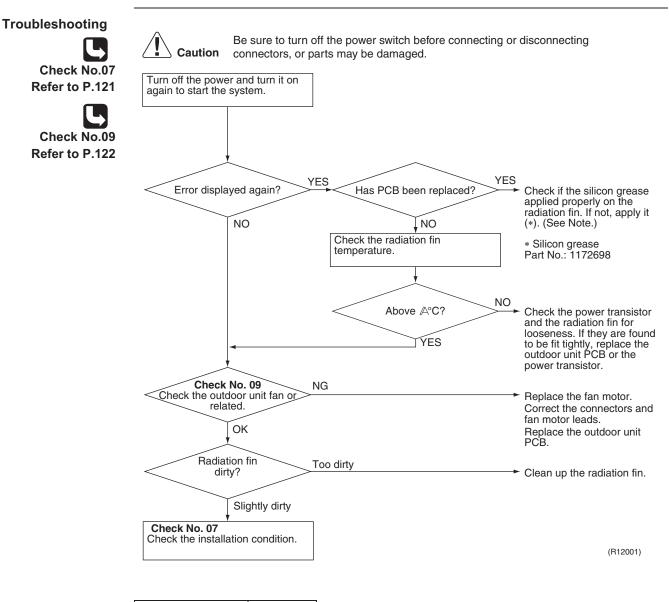
Malfunction Decision Conditions A radiation fin temperature rise is detected by checking the radiation fin thermistor with the compressor on.

- If the radiation fin temperature with the compressor on is above \mathbb{A} °C.
- The error is cleared when the radiation fin temperature drops below \mathbb{B} °C.
- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

	(°C) ∖∖	B (°C)
RXL20G2V1B	90	85
RXL20G2V1B9	98	78
RXL25G2V1B	92.5	85
RXL35G2V1B	105	99

Supposed Causes

- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Short circuit
- Defective radiation fin thermistor
- Disconnection of connector
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Silicon grease is not applied properly on the radiation fin after replacing the outdoor unit PCB.



	(°C) ∖
RXL20G2V1B	90
RXL20G2V1B9	98
RXL25G2V1B	92.5
RXL35G2V1B	105

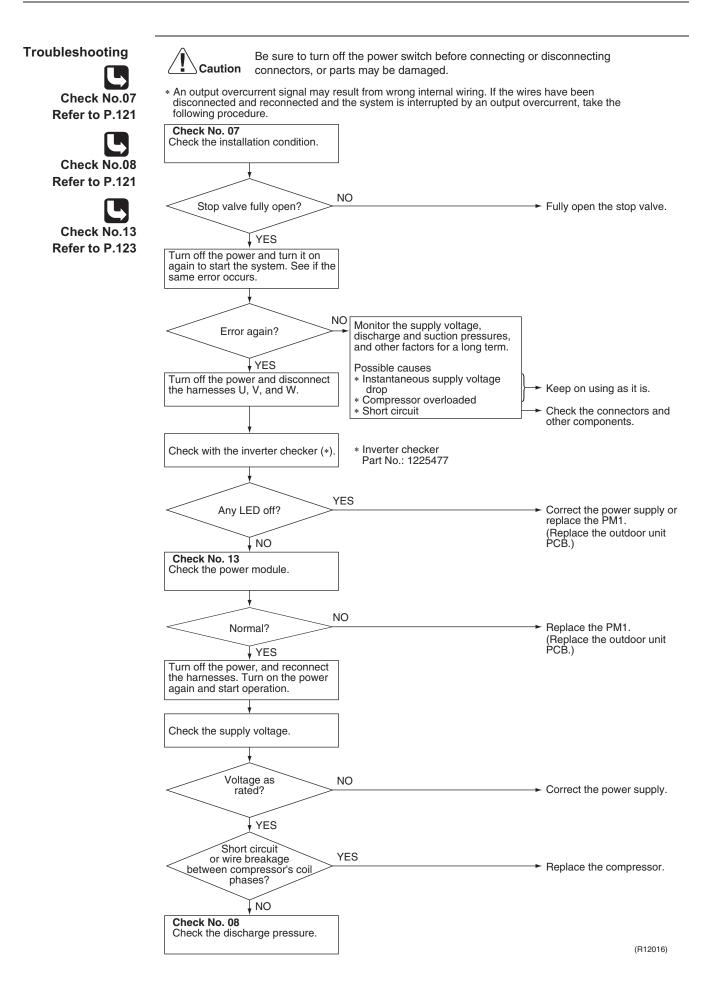


Refer to "Application of silicon grease to a power transistor and a diode bridge" on page 271 for detail.

4.23 Output Overcurrent Detection

Remote Control Display	L5		
Method of Malfunction Detection	An output overcurrent is detected by checking the current that flows in the inverter DC section.		
Malfunction Decision Conditions	 A position signal error occurs while the compressor is running. A speed error occurs while the compressor is running. An output overcurrent signal is fed from the output overcurrent detection circuit to the microcomputer. If the error repeats, the system is shut down. Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (35 class: 5 minutes) without any other error 		
Supposed Causes	 Poor installation condition Closed stop valve Defective power module Wrong internal wiring Abnormal supply voltage Defective outdoor unit PCB Defective compressor 		

Service Diagnosis



4.24 Refrigerant Shortage

Remote Control Display	UO				
Method of	Refrigerant sho	rtage detection	l:		
Malfunction Detection	•	•		•	e and the compressor aller than the normal value.
	Refrigerant shortage detection II: Refrigerant shortage is detected by checking the discharge pipe temperature and the opening of the electronic expansion valve. If the refrigerant is short, the discharge pipe temperature tends to rise.				
	Refrigerant shortage detection III: Refrigerant shortage is detected by checking the difference between suction and discharge temperature.				
Malfunction	Refrigerant sho	rtage detection	l:		
Decision Conditions	-	nditions continue			
	<20/25 class>				
	 Input current × input voltage ≤ A × output frequency + B 				
	Output freque	ency > ℂ			
		△ (-)	B (W)	C (Hz)	1
	20 class	640/256	0	55	1
	25 class	3446/256	-346	48	

<35 class>

- Input current $\leq \square$ × output frequency + \blacksquare
- Output frequency > F

	□ (-)	E (A)	⊩ (Hz)
35 class	18/1000	0.7	55

Refrigerant shortage detection II :

The following conditions continue for 80 seconds.

- Opening of the electronic expansion valve $\geq \bigcirc$
- Discharge pipe temperature > \mathbb{H} × target discharge pipe temperature + \mathbb{J}

	⊖ (pulse)	⊩ (–)	(°C)
20 class	480	128/128	30
25 class	450	128/128	40
35 class	480	128/128	cooling: 20, heating: 45

Refrigerant shortage detection III : (20 class only)

When the difference of the temperature is smaller than \mathbb{K} °C, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.

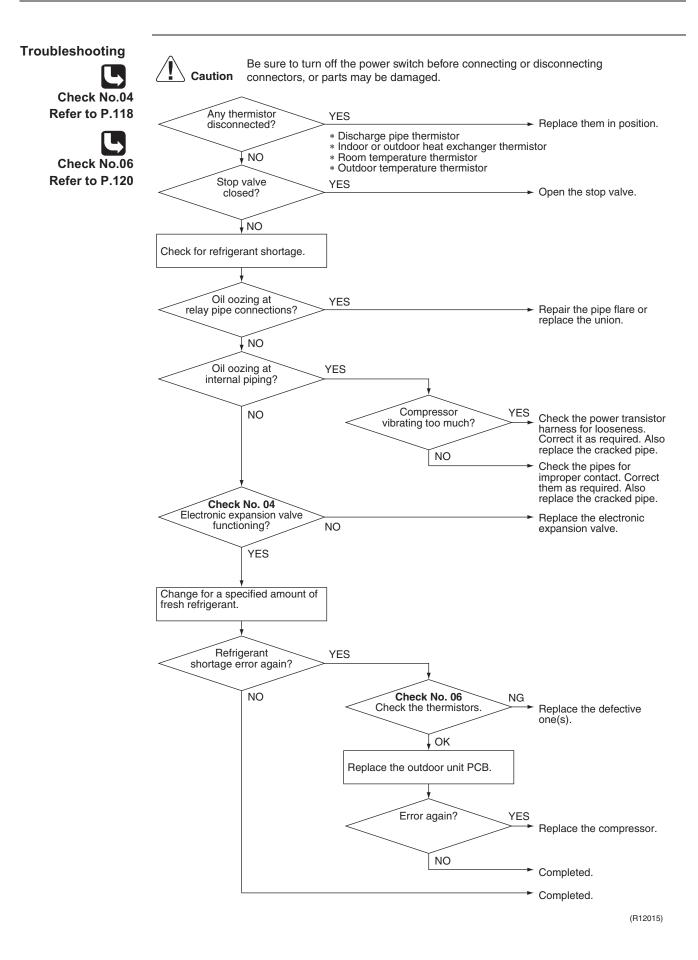
		(°C)
Cooling	room thermistor temperature – indoor heat exchanger temperature	4.0
outdoor heat exchanger temperature – outdoor temperature		
Heating	indoor heat exchanger temperature – room thermistor temperature	3.0
-	outdoor temperature – outdoor heat exchanger temperature	3.0

■ If the error repeats 4 times, the system is shut down.

Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

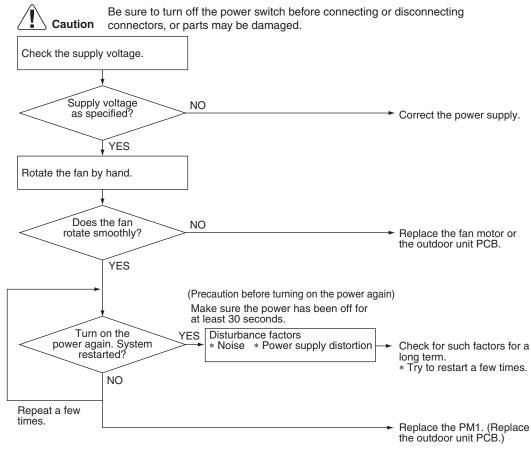
- Disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor, indoor or outdoor heat exchanger thermistor, room or outdoor temperature thermistor
- Closed stop valve
- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage)
- Poor compression performance of compressor
- Defective electronic expansion valve



4.25 Low-voltage Detection or Over-voltage Detection

Remote Control Display	U2
Method of	Low-voltage detection:
Malfunction Detection	An abnormal voltage drop is detected by the DC voltage detection circuit.
	Over-voltage detection:
	An abnormal voltage rise is detected by the over-voltage detection circuit.
Malfunction	Low-voltage detection:
Decision Conditions	The voltage detected by the DC voltage detection circuit is below 150 ~ 180 V (depending on the model).
	Over-voltage detection:
	 An over-voltage signal is fed from the over-voltage detection circuit to the microcomputer. (The voltage is over 400 V.)
	If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
	Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (35 class: 5 minutes) without any other error
Supposed	 Supply voltage is not as specified.
Causes	Defective DC voltage detection circuit
	Defective over-voltage detection circuit
	Defective PAM control part
	Layer short inside the fan motor winding

Troubleshooting



(R8402)

4.26 Signal Transmission Error on Outdoor Unit PCB (35 Class Only)

Remote Control Display	רט
Method of Malfunction Detection	Communication error between microcomputer mounted on the main microcomputer and PM1.
Malfunction Decision Conditions	 The abnormality is determined when the data sent from the PM1 can not be received for 9 seconds. The error counter is reset when the data from the PM1 can be successfully received.
Supposed Causes	Defective outdoor unit PCB
Troubleshooting	Image: Note that the server the ser

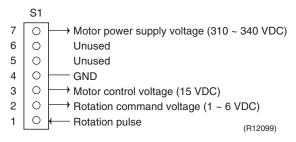
(R7185)

5. Check 5.1 How to Check

5.1.1 Fan Motor Connector Output Check

Check No.01

- 1. Check the connection of connector.
- 2. Check the motor power supply voltage output (pins 4 7).
- 3. Check the motor control voltage (pins 4 3).
- 4. Check the rotation command voltage (pins 4 2).
- 5. Check the rotation pulse (pins 4 1).

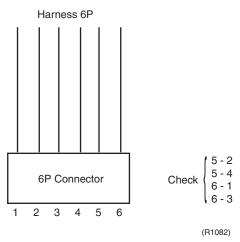


5.1.2 Electronic Expansion Valve Check

Check No.04

Conduct the followings to check the electronic expansion valve (EV).

- 1. Check to see if the EV connector is correctly connected to the PCB.
- 2. Turn the power off and on again, and check to see if the EV generate latching sound.
- 3. If the EV does not generate latching sound in the above step 2, disconnect the connector and check the continuity using a tester.
- 4. Check the continuity between the pins 1 6 and 3 6, and between the pins 2 5 and 4 5. If there is no continuity between the pins, the EV coil is faulty.

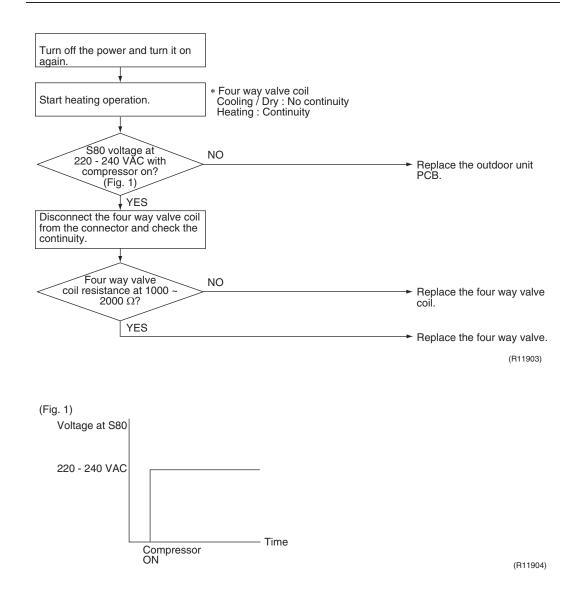


5. If the continuity is confirmed in the above step 3, the outdoor unit PCB is faulty.

Note: Please note that the latching sound varies depending on the valve type.

5.1.3 Four Way Valve Performance Check

Check No.05



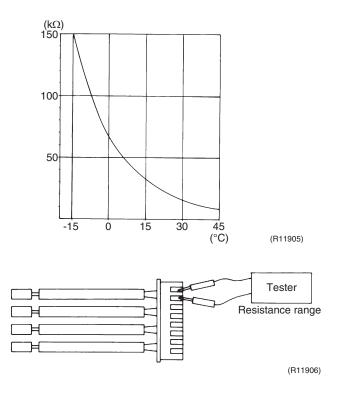
5.1.4 Thermistor Resistance Check

Check No.06

Disconnect the connectors of the thermistors from the PCB, and measure the resistance of each thermistor using tester.

The relationship between normal temperature and resistance is shown in the table and the graph below.

	Thermistor	R25°C = 20 kΩ, B = 3950
Temperature (°C)		
-20		211.0 (kΩ)
–15		150.0
-10		116.5
-5		88.0
0		67.2
5		51.9
10		40.0
15		31.8
20		25.0
25		20.0
30		16.0
35		13.0
40		10.6
45		8.7
50		7.2

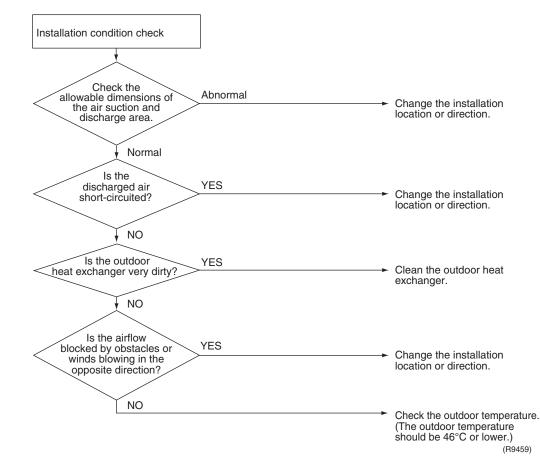


For the models in which the thermistor is directly mounted on the PCB, disconnect the connector for the PCB and measure.



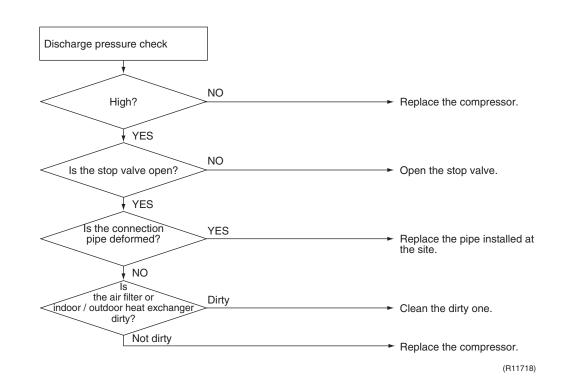
5.1.5 Installation Condition Check

Check No.07



5.1.6 Discharge Pressure Check

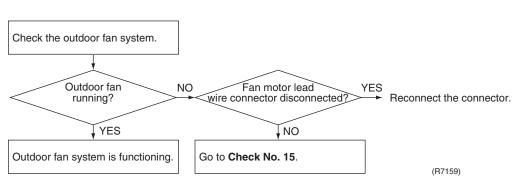
Check No.08



5.1.7 Outdoor Fan System Check

Check No.09

DC motor



5.1.8 Power Supply Waveforms Check

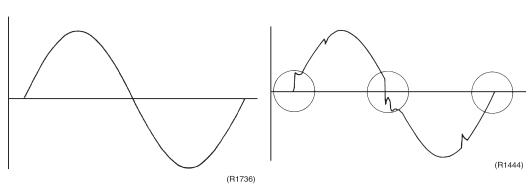
Check No.10

Measure the power supply waveform between No. 1 and No. 2 on the terminal board, and check the waveform disturbance.

- Check to see if the power supply waveform is a sine wave. (Fig.1)
- Check to see if there is waveform disturbance near the zero cross. (sections circled in Fig.2)

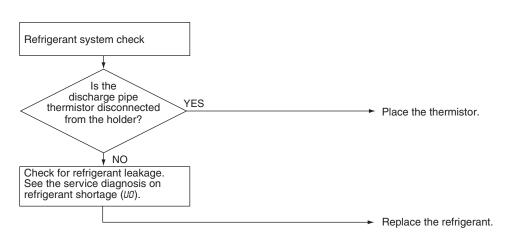
Fig.2

Fig.1



5.1.9 Inverter Units Refrigerant System Check

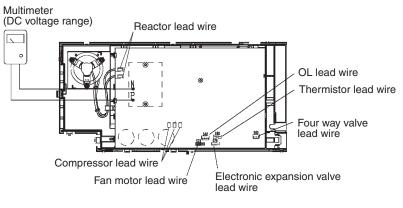
Check No.11



(R8259)

5.1.10 Capacitor Voltage Check

Check No.12Before this check, be sure to check the main circuit for short circuit.
With the circuit breaker still on, measure the voltage according to the drawing of the model in
question. Be careful never to touch any live parts.



(R5222)

5.1.11 Power Module Check

Check No.13



Check to make sure that the voltage between (+) and (–) of the diode bridge (DB1) is approx. 0 V before checking.

- Disconnect the compressor harness connector from the outdoor unit PCB. To disengage the connector, press the protrusion on the connector.
- Follow the procedure below to measure resistance between the terminals of the DB1 and the terminals of the compressor with a multi-tester. Evaluate the measurement results for a judgment.

Negative (–) terminal of tester (positive terminal (+) for digital tester)	DB1 (+)	UVW	DB1 (–)	UVW
Positive (+) terminal of tester (negative terminal (–) for digital tester)	UVW	DB1 (+)	UVW	DB1 (–)
Resistance in OK		several kΩ	~ several M Ω	
Resistance in NG	0 Ω or ∞			

5.1.12 Rotation Pulse Check on the Outdoor Unit PCB

Check No.15

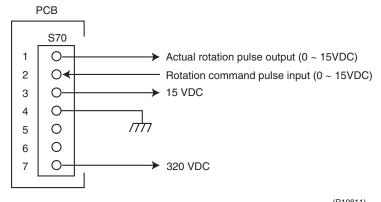
RXL20-35G2V1B

Make sure that the voltage of 320 ± 30 V is applied.

- 1. Set operation off and power off. Disconnect the connector S70.
- 2. Check that the voltage between the pins 4 7 is 320 VDC.
- 3. Check that the control voltage between the pins 3 4 is 15 VDC.
- 4. Check that the rotation command voltage between the pins 2 4 is $0 \sim 15$ VDC.
- 5. Keep operation off and power off. Connect the connector S70.
- 6. Check whether 2 pulses ($0 \sim 15$ VDC) are output at the pins 1 4 when the fan motor is rotated 1 turn by hand.

When the fuse is melted, check the outdoor fan motor for proper function.

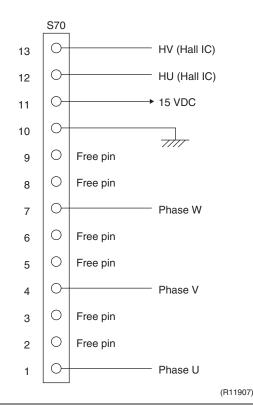
 \rightarrow Replace the outdoor unit PCB. If NG in step $2 \rightarrow$ Defective PCB If NG in step 4 \rightarrow Defective Hall IC \rightarrow Replace the outdoor fan motor. If OK in both steps 2 and $4 \rightarrow$ Replace the outdoor unit PCB.



(R10811)

RXL20G2V1B9

- 1. Check that the voltage between the pins 10 11 is 15 VDC.
- 2. Check if the Hall IC generates the rotation pulse (0 ~ 15 VDC) 4 times between the pins 10 -12, 10 - 13, when the fan motor is manually rotated once.



Service Diagnosis

5.1.13 Main Circuit Short Check

Check No.29

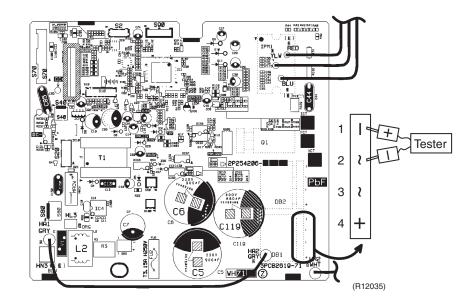


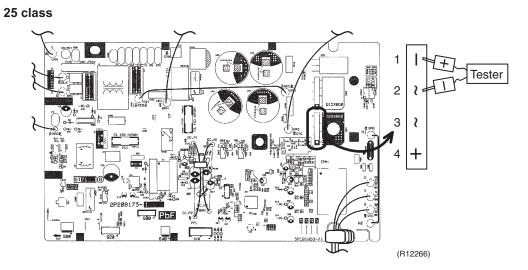
Check to make sure that the voltage between (+) and (–) of the diode bridge (DB1) is approx. 0 V before checking.

- Measure the resistance between the pins of the DB1 as below.
- If the resistance is ∞ or less than 1 k Ω , short circuit occurs on the main circuit.

 (-) terminal of the tester (in case of digital, (+) terminal) 	~ (2, 3)	+ (4)	~ (2, 3)	— (1)
 (+) terminal of the tester (in case of digital, (-) terminal) 	+ (4)	~ (2, 3)	— (1)	~ (2, 3)
Resistance in OK	several kΩ ~ several MΩ	∞	∞	several k Ω ~ several M Ω
Resistance in NG	0 Ω or ∞	0	0	0 Ω or ∞

20 class





Part 7 Removal Procedure

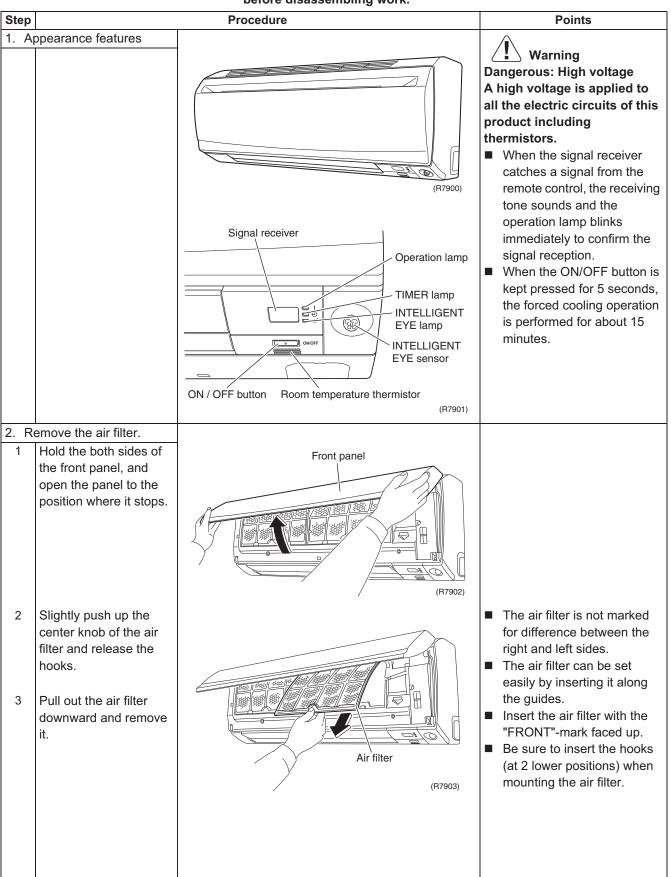
1.	Indo	or Unit	128
	1.1	Removal of Air Filter	128
	1.2	Removal of Front Panel	130
	1.3	Removal of Front Grille	132
	1.4	Removal of Horizontal Blades / Vertical Blades	135
	1.5	Removal of Electrical Box	138
	1.6	Removal of PCB	141
	1.7	Removal of Indoor Heat Exchanger	146
	1.8	Removal of Swing Motors	149
	1.9	Removal of Fan Motor	
2.	Outo	door Unit - RXL20G2V1B	156
	2.1	Removal of Outer Panels / Fan Motor	156
	2.2	Removal of Electrical Box	164
	2.3	Removal of Drain Pan Heater	
	2.4	Removal of Thermistors	
	2.5	Removal of PCB	
	2.6	Removal of Reactor / Partition Plate	
	2.7	Removal of Sound Blanket	
	2.8	Removal of Four Way Valve	178
	2.9	Removal of Compressor	
3.	Outo	door Unit - RXL20G2V1B9	183
	3.1	Removal of Outer Panels / Fan Motor	
	3.2	Removal of Electrical Box	
	3.3	Removal of Drain Pan Heater	
	3.4	Removal of PCB	
	3.5	Removal of Reactor / Partition Plate	
	3.6	Removal of Sound Blanket	
	3.7	Removal of Four Way Valve	
	3.8	Removal of Compressor	
4.	Outo	door Unit - RXL25G2V1B	
	4.1	Removal of Outer Panels	
	4.2	Removal of Electrical Box	
	4.3	Removal of PCB	
	4.4	Removal of Drain Pan Heater	
	4.5	Removal of Sound Blanket	
	4.6	Removal of Outdoor Fan / Fan Motor	
	4.7	Removal of Thermistors	
	4.8	Removal of Four Way Valve / Electronic Expansion Valve	
	4.9	Removal of Compressor	
5.		door Unit - RXL35G2V1B	
	5.1	Removal of Outer Panels	
	5.2	Removal of Outdoor Fan / Fan Motor	
	5.3	Removal of Electrical Box	
	5.4	Removal of PCB	
	5.5	Removal of Drain Pan Heater	257

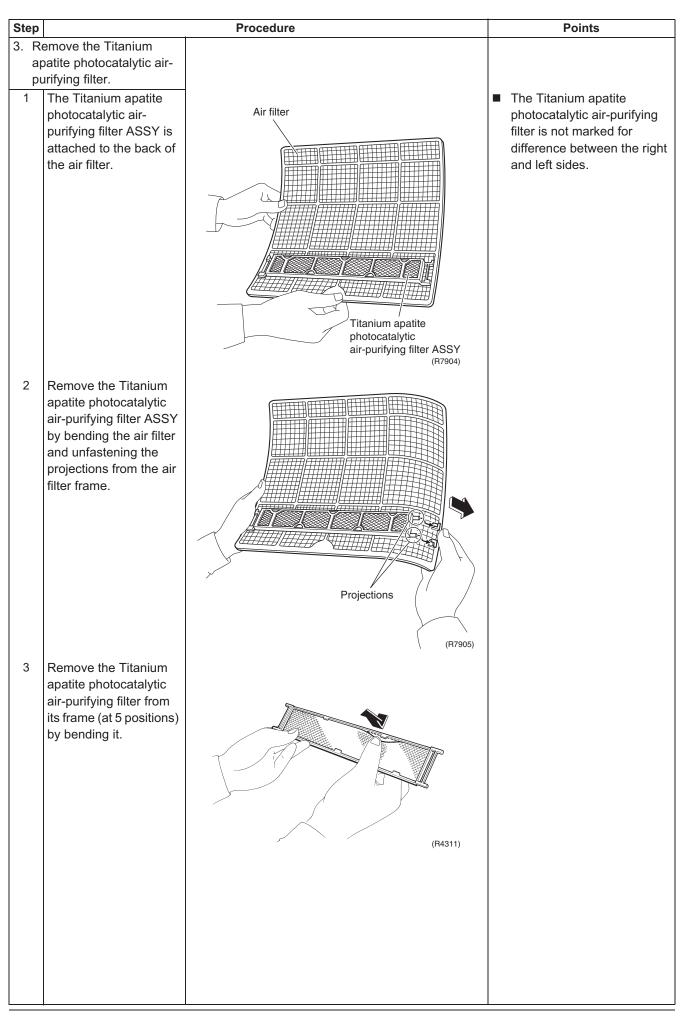
5.6	Removal of Sound Blanket / Thermistors	.259
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5.8	Removal of Electronic Expansion Valve	.262
5.9	Removal of Compressor	.263

Indoor Unit Removal of Air Filter

Procedure

Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.





1.2 Removal of Front Panel



Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

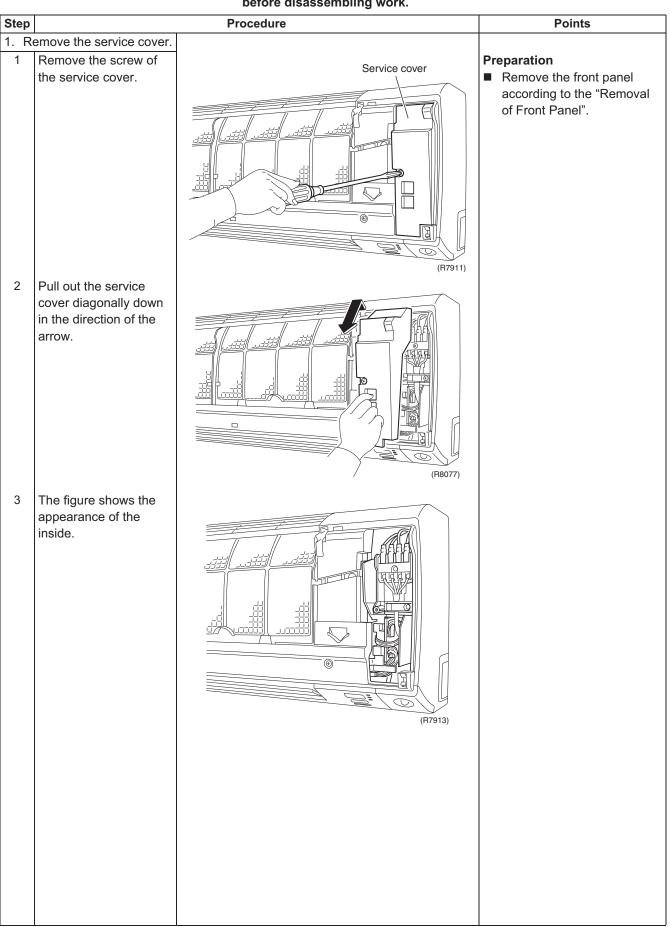
	before disassembling work.			
Step		Procedure	Points	
1	Hold the both sides of the front panel, and open the panel over the position where it stops.	Front panel		
2	Slide the left rotary shaft to the right and release it.	Rotary shaft		
3	Slide the right rotary shaft to the left and release it.	Rotary shaft (R7909)		
4	Remove the front panel.	Image: Constraint of the second se		

Step		Procedure	Points
5	When mounting the front panel, make sure that the shaft is fitted in the guide before closing the panel.	Shat C(7906)	Caution on Mounting When mounting the front panel, fit the right and left rotary shafts one by one into the grooves and fully push them in position.

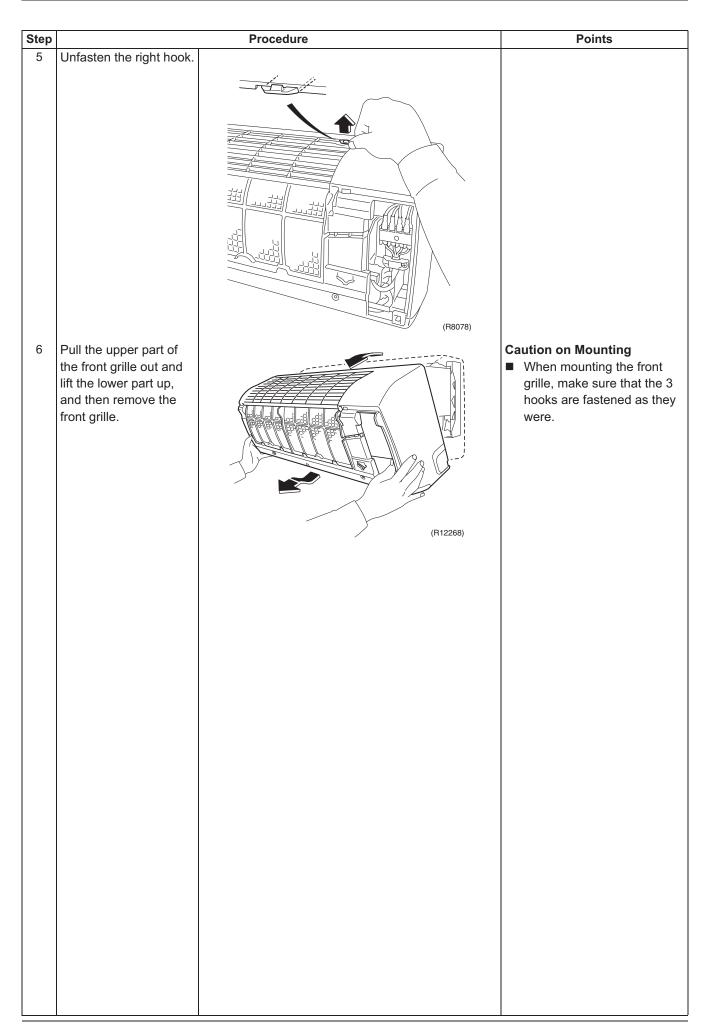
1.3 Removal of Front Grille



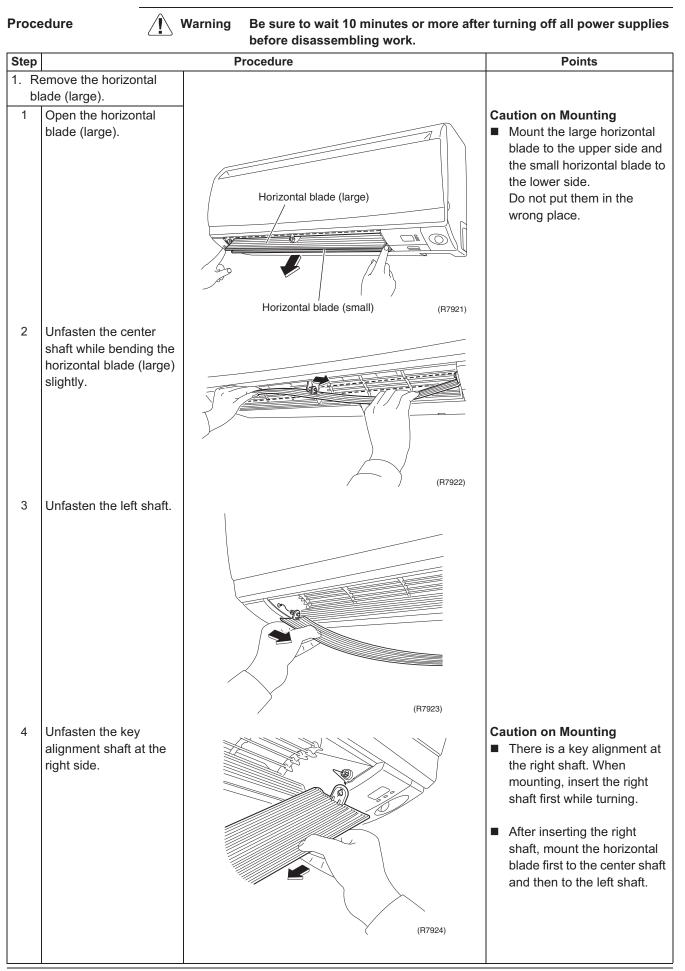
Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



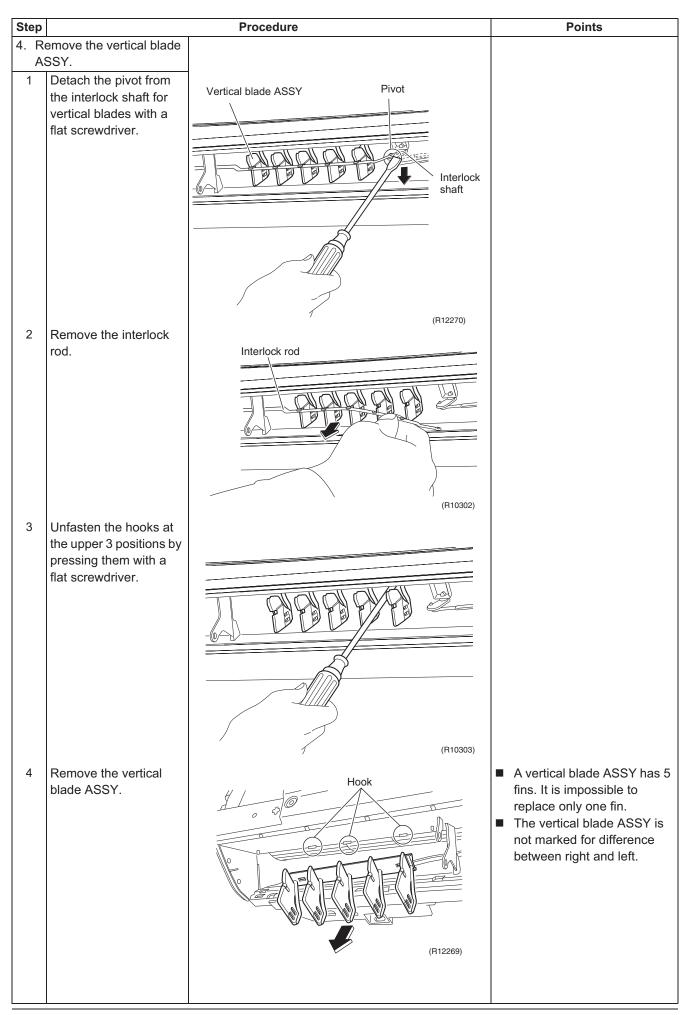
Step		Procedure	Points
	emove the front grille.	_	
1	Remove the 2 screws. (one each at the right and left)	(R12267)	
2	The front grille has 3 hooks at the top.	Hooks	
		(R8076)	
3	Unfasten the left hook.		
		Front grille	
4	Unfasten the center hook.		
		(R7918)	



1.4 Removal of Horizontal Blades / Vertical Blades



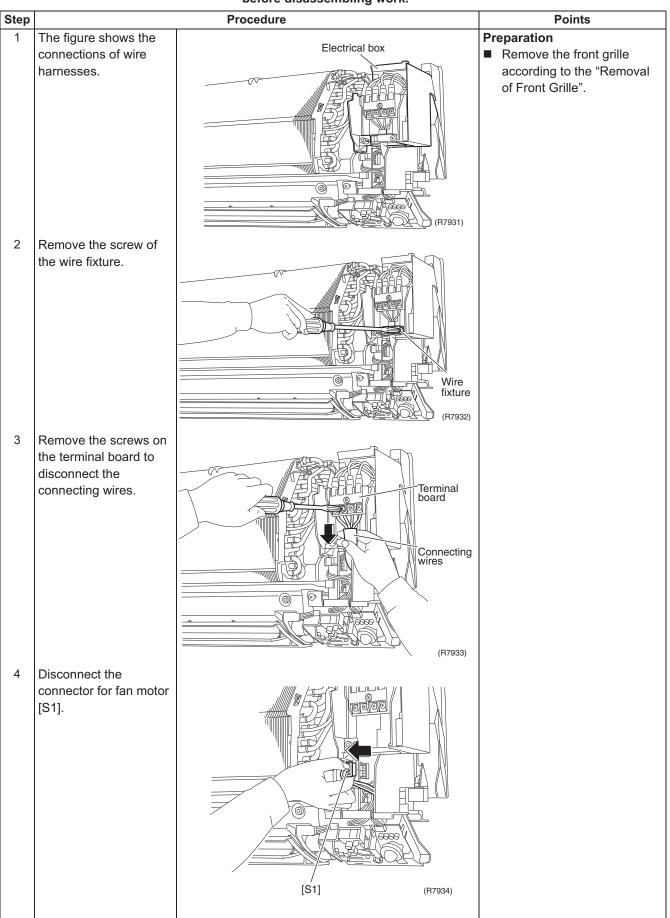
Step		Procedure	Points
2. R	emove the horizontal		
bl	ade (small).		
1	Unfasten the center		
	shaft while bending the		
	horizontal blade (small)	Horizontal blade (small)	
	slightly.		
		(R7925)	
2	Unfasten the left shaft.	/ (1/923)	
2	officiation the fold shart.	2	
		D	
~		(R7926)	
3	Unfasten the key alignment shaft at the		
	right side.		
	nght blub.		
		(R7927)	
3. R	emove the fan guard.		
1	Unfasten the hooks at		
	the lower part of the fan		
	guard with a flat	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
	screwdriver.		
		/ / (R7928)	
2	Remove the fan guard.	0	
		(R8079)	
		(R8079)	



1.5 Removal of Electrical Box



Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



Step		Procedure	Points
5	Disconnect the		
	connector for swing motors [S41].	[S41] (R7935)	
6	Release the harness for swing motors from the hook.		
7	Pull out the indoor heat	Indoor heat exchanger thermistor	Be careful not to lose the olin of the thermister.
8	exchanger thermistor. Remove the screw and		Clip of the thermistor.
	detach the earth wire.	Earth wire (R7938)	

Step		Procedure	Points
9	Remove the screw of		
	the electrical box.	(B339)	
10	Unfasten the hook at the upper far side by pressing it from above and pulling the electrical box toward yourself.	Hook (R8081)	
11	Lift up the electrical box and pull it out.		There is a hook also at the lower part of the back. When mounting the electrical box, make sure that it is securely fastened.

1.6 Removal of PCB

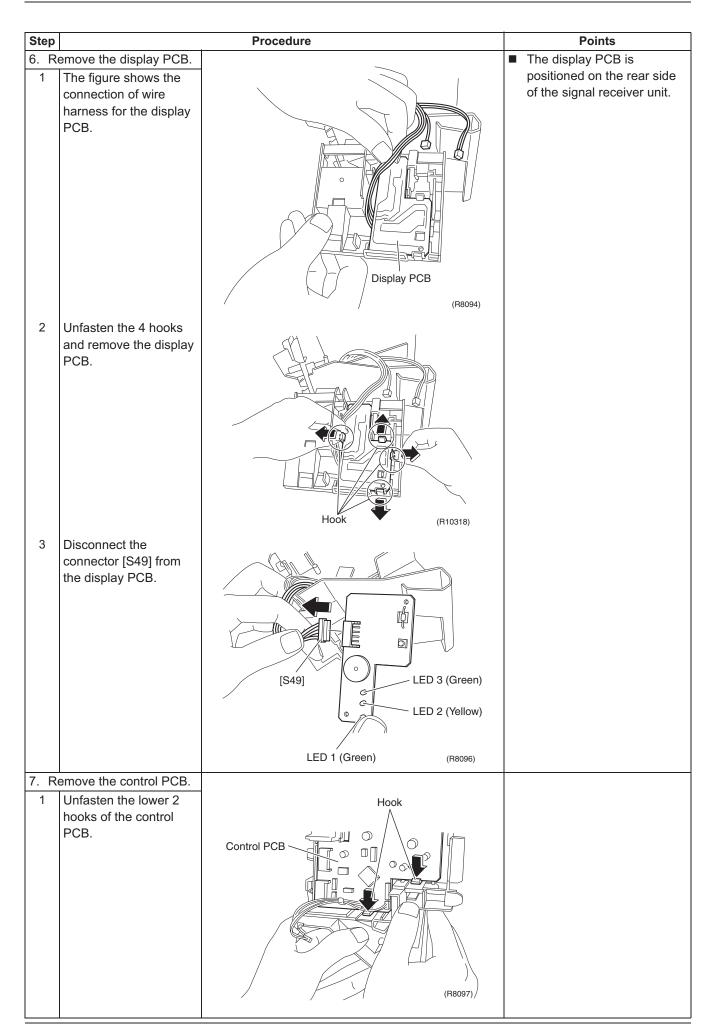
Procedure

Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

	before disassembling work.			
Step		Procedure	Points	
	emove the shield plate.			
1	The figure shows the appearance of the electrical box.	Signal receiver PCB	 Preparation Remove the electrical box according to the "Removal of Electrical Box". 	
2	Unfasten the hooks at the upper 2 positions of the shield plate.	(R8083)		
3	Unfasten the hook at the side of the shield plate.	(R8085)		
4	Lift up the shield plate to unfasten the lower hooks and remove it.	Hook (side) Hook (lower) (R10619)		
	emove the terminal bard. Remove the screw to remove the terminal board.	Terminal board (R10315)		

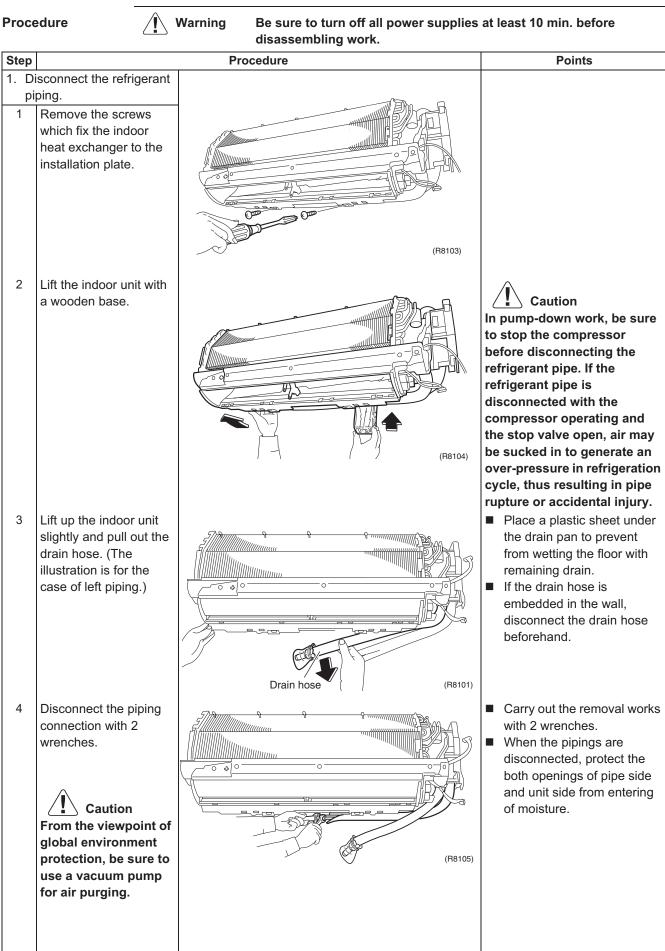
3. R re 1	emove the signal eceiver unit.	Signal receiver unit	
	Unfasten the 3 hooks.		
2	Unfasten the hook on the opposite side, and lift up the signal receiver unit.		
		(R8262)	
		Hook Hook	
3	Remove the signal receiver unit.	Signal receiver unit	

Step		Procedure	Points
IN	emove the ITELLIGENT EYE ensor PCB. Unfasten the 3 hooks and remove the INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB. Disconnect the connector [S26] from the INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB.	INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB (R8092)	
	emove the signal receiver PCB. Unfasten the 3 hooks and remove the signal receiver PCB.		
2	Disconnect the connector [S48] from the signal receiver PCB.	Signal receiver PCB (R8090)	

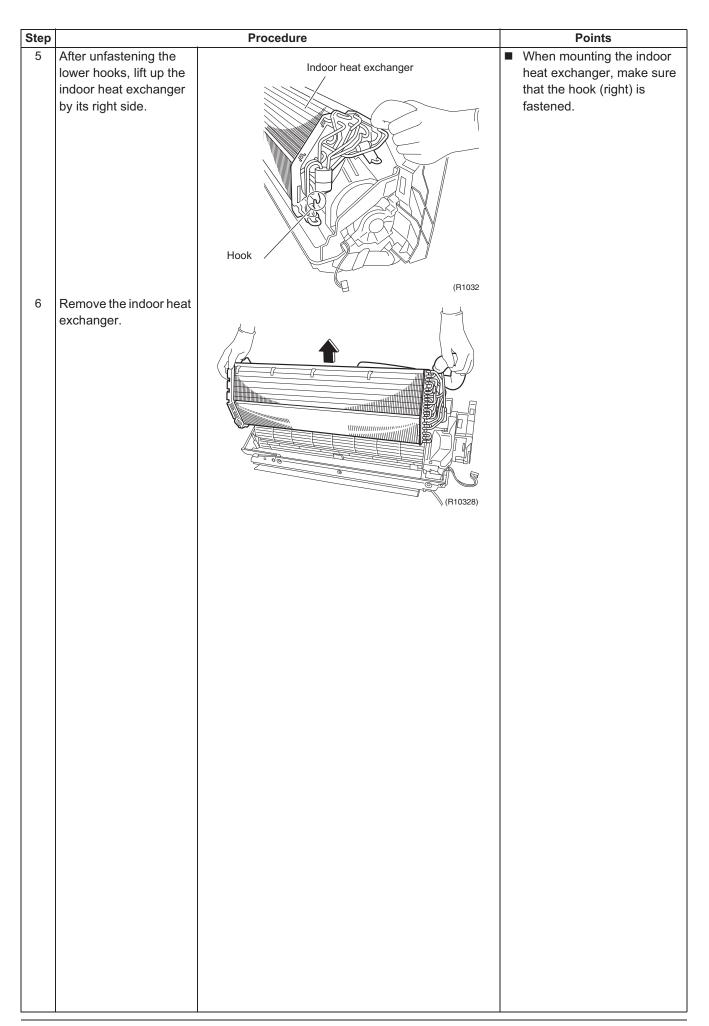


Step		Procedure	Points
2	Lift up the bottom of the control PCB and pull it out.	(R8098)	When mounting the control PCB, make sure that it is fixed by upper 2 hooks.
3	The figures show the names of the PCB component parts.	Image: strate strat	 [S1]: DC fan motor [S21]: HA connector [S25]: INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB [S26]: control PCB [S32]: indoor heat exchanger thermistor [S41]: swing motors [S46]: display PCB [S47]: signal receiver PCB [S48] [S49]: control PCB a Refer to page 9, 10 for detail.

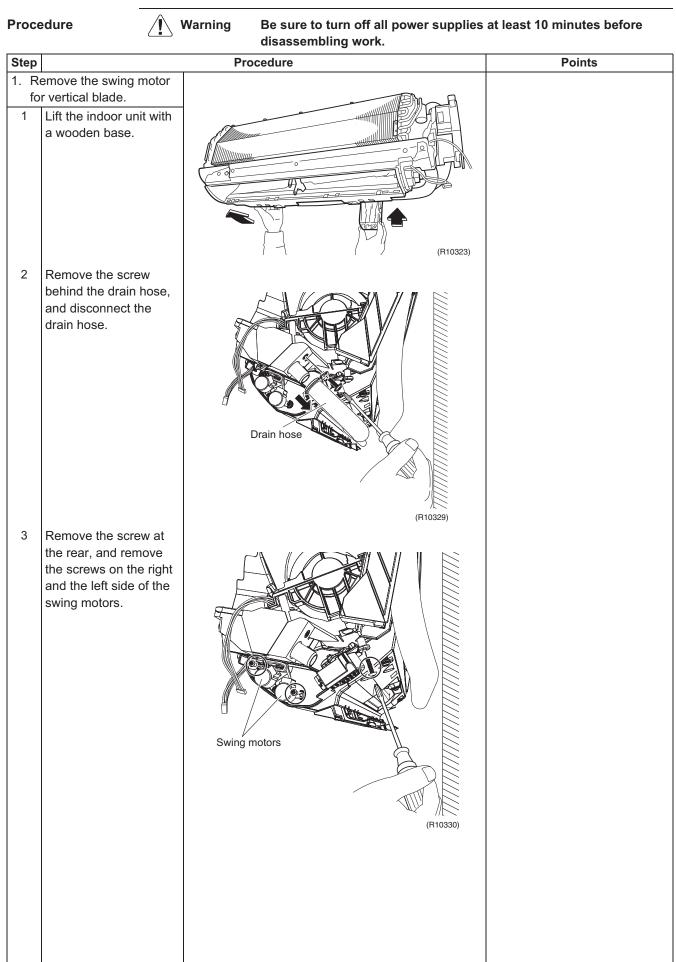
1.7 Removal of Indoor Heat Exchanger



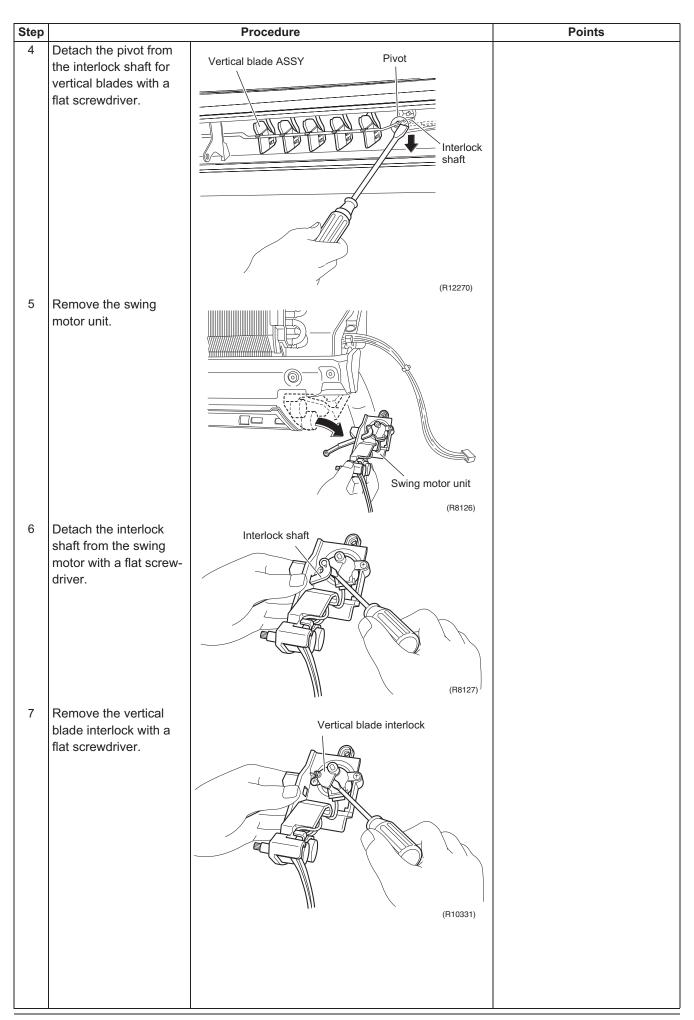
Step		Procedure	Points
	emove the indoor heat		Preparation
	changer.		 Remove the indoor unit from
1	Unfasten the hook of the piping fixture at the back of the indoor unit and pull out the pipe.	Piping fixture	the installation plate.
2	Widen the auxiliary pipe by about 10-20 degrees.	(R10622)	Caution When dismounting or mounting the indoor heat exchanger, be sure to wear gloves or wrap it with cloth before proceeding. (You may be injured by the fins.)
3	Remove the 2 screws on the left side.	(R10543)	
4	Unfasten the lower hook on the right side with a flat screwdriver.	(R10546)	
		/ Lower hook (R10326)	



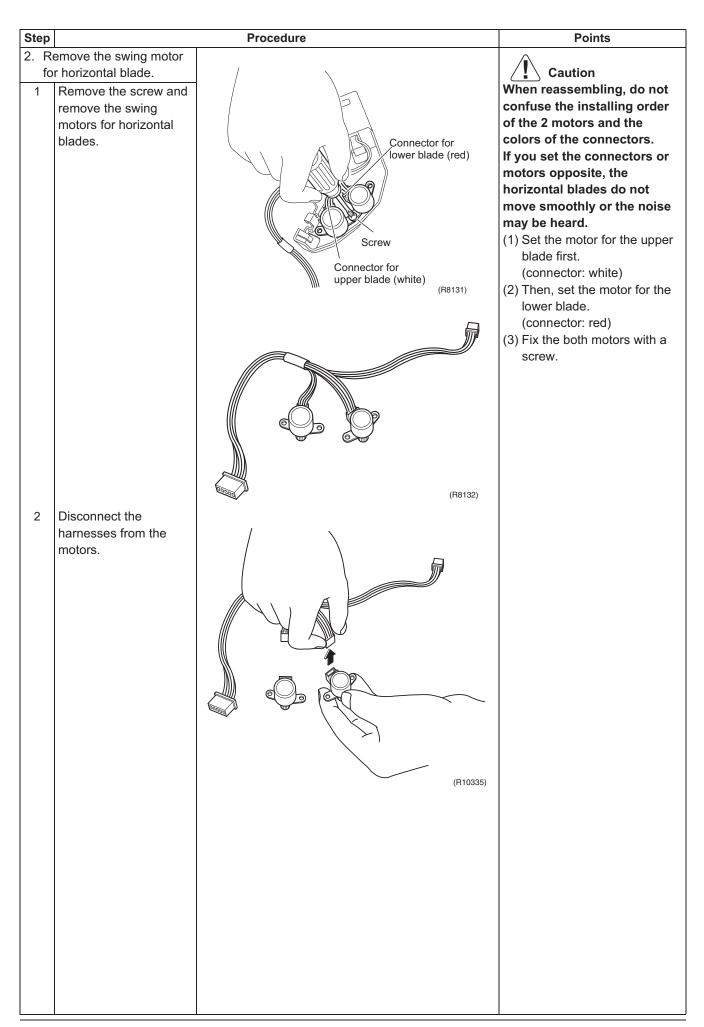
1.8 Removal of Swing Motors



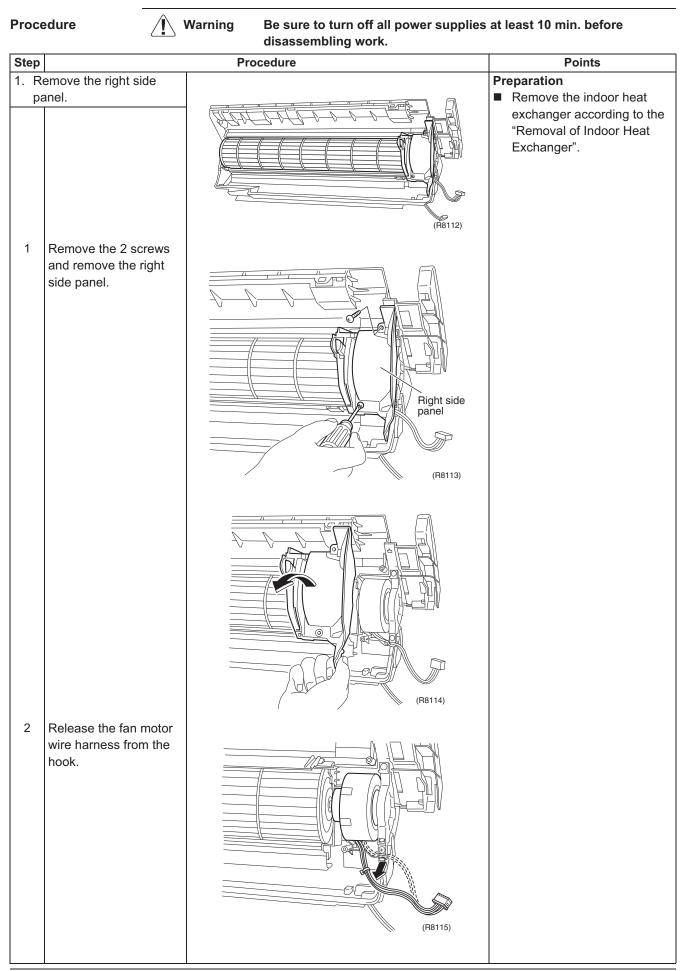
Removal Procedure



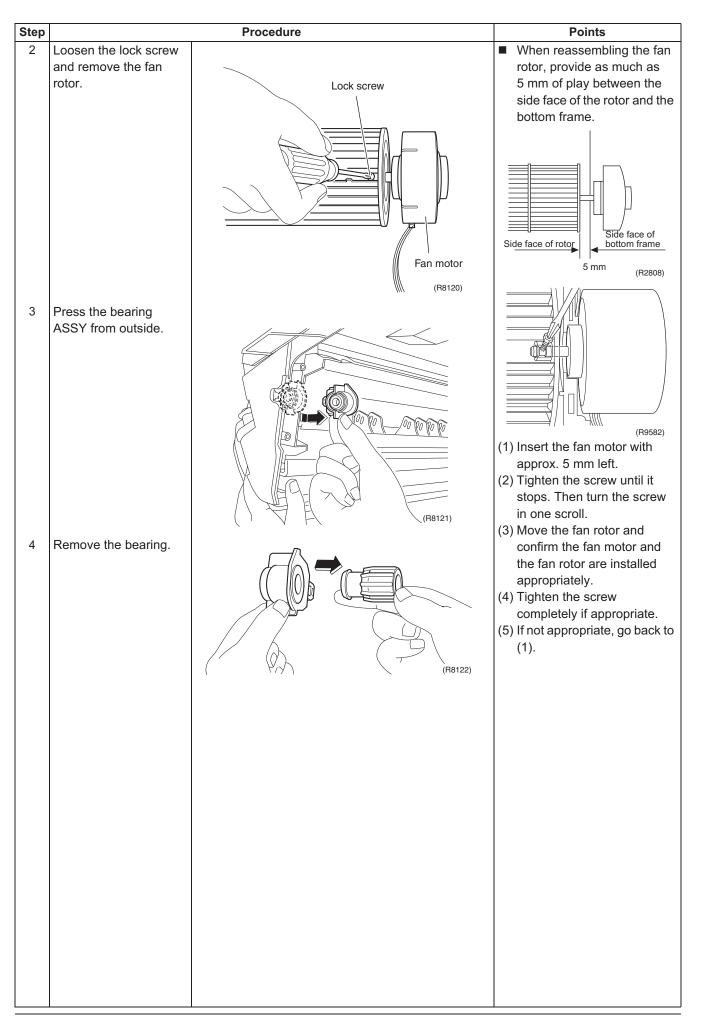
Step		Procedure	Points
8	Remove the 2 screws.		
		(R10332)	
9	Remove the swing motor for vertical blade.	(F10333)	
10	Disconnect the		Connector : green
	connector.		



1.9 Removal of Fan Motor



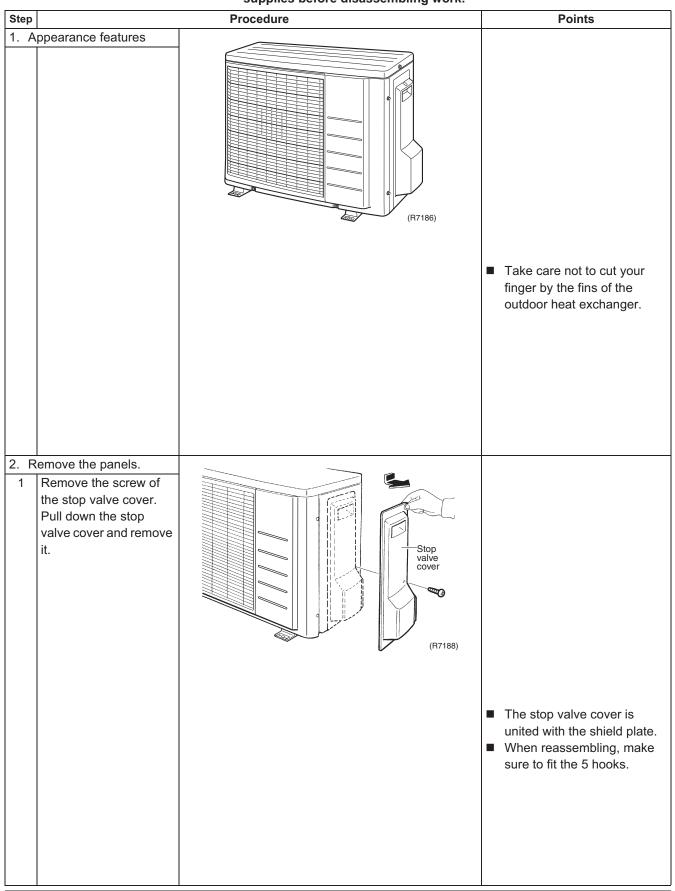
Stor.		Procedure	Dainta
Step 3	Remove the 2 screws	Procedure	Points
3	Remove the 2 screws of the fan motor fixing plate.	Fan motor fixing plate (R8116)	
4	Unfasten the hook of the fan motor fixing plate and remove the plate.	(B8117)	
	emove the fan rotor.		
1	Dislocate the fan rotor by sliding it to the right.	Fan rotor (R8119)	

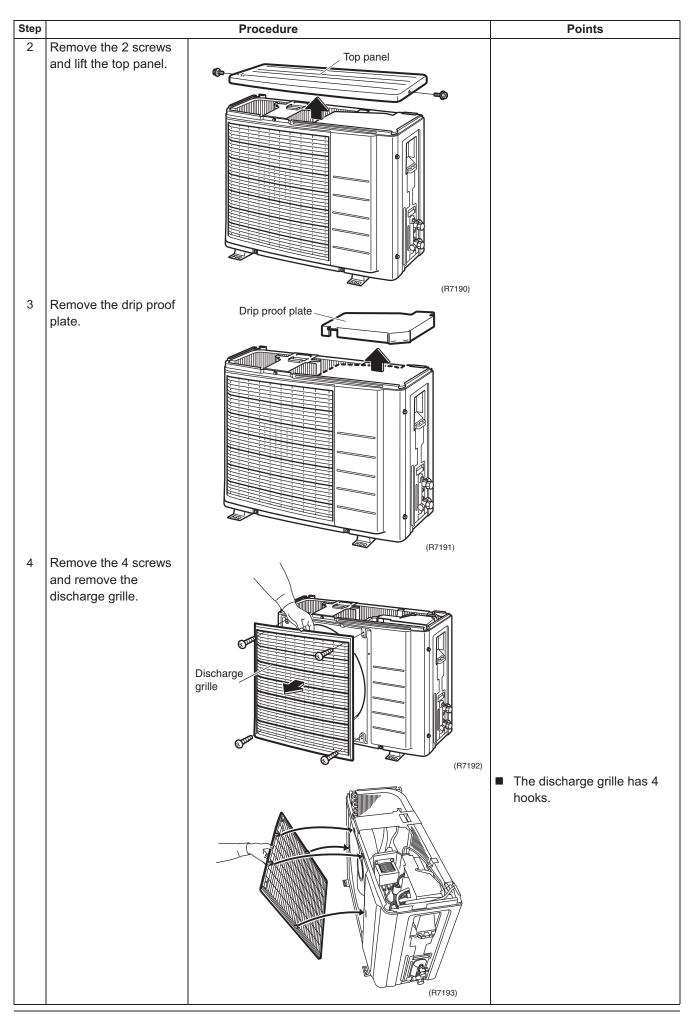


2. Outdoor Unit - RXL20G2V1B2.1 Removal of Outer Panels / Fan Motor

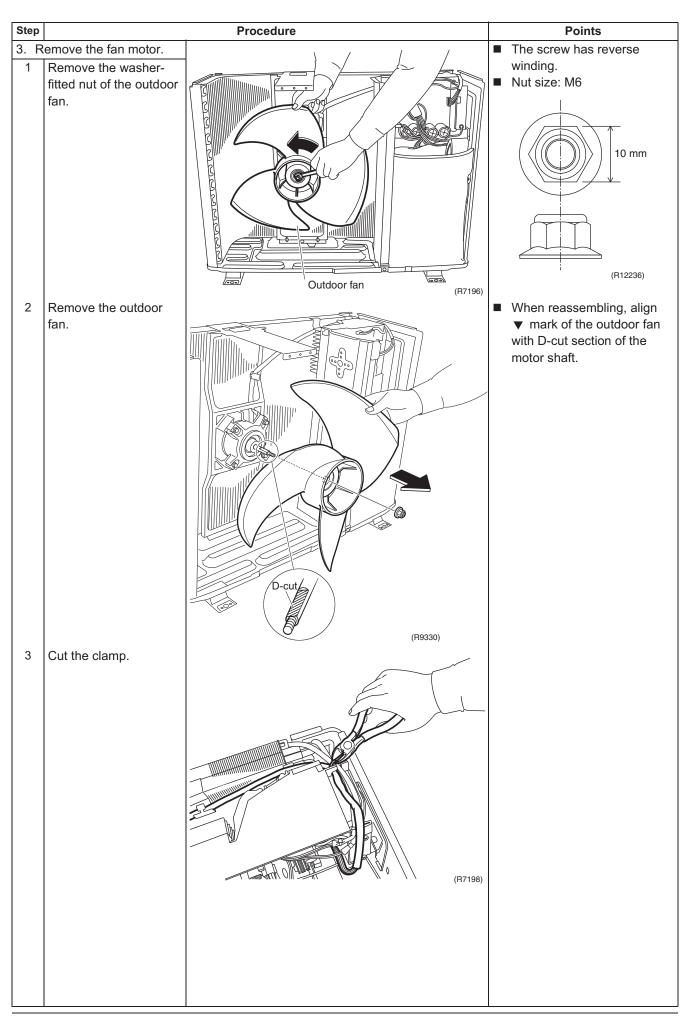
Procedure

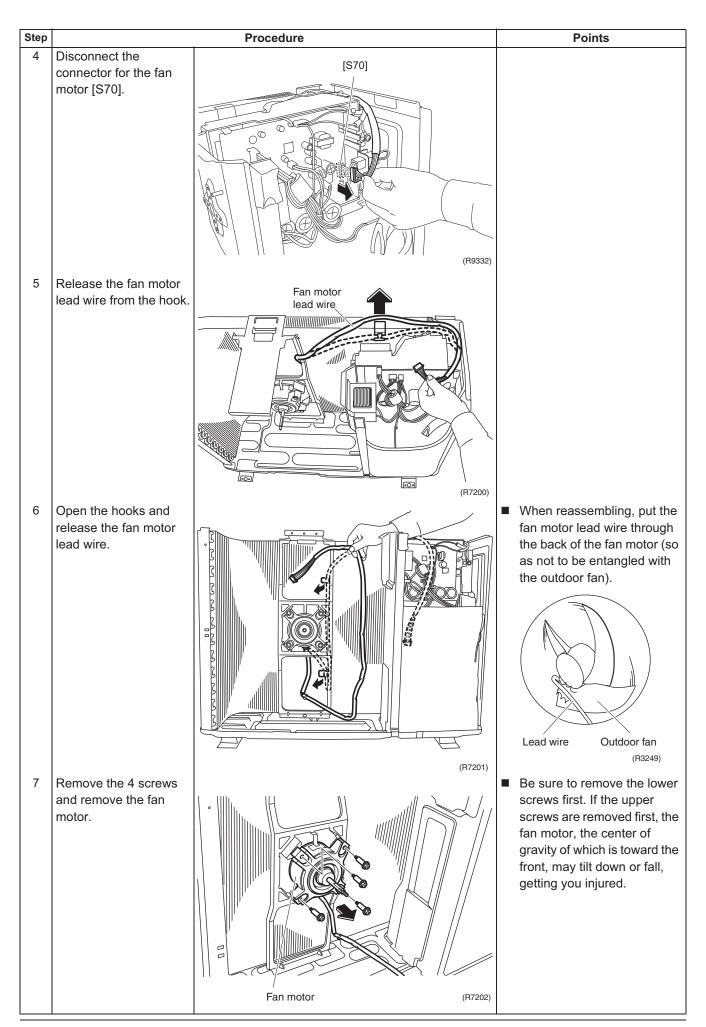
Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

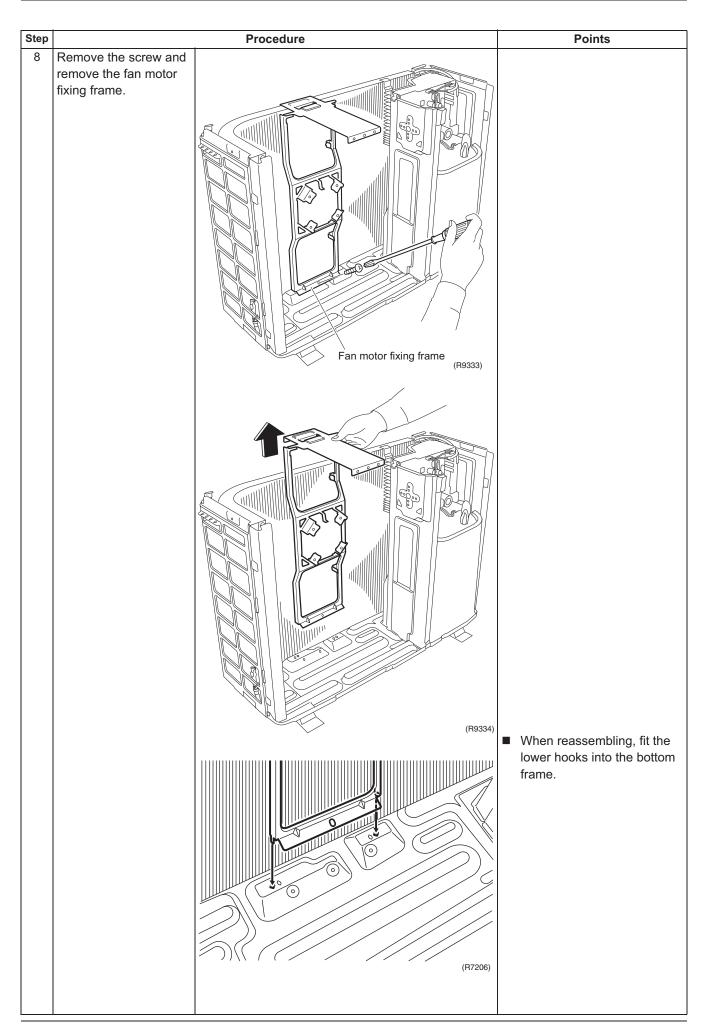


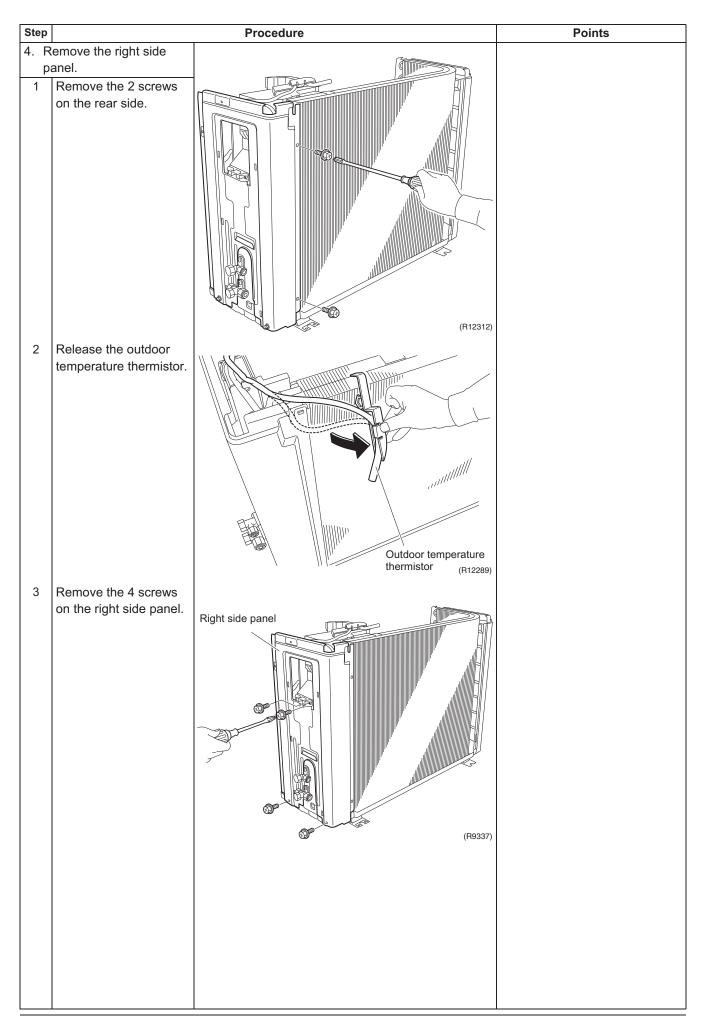


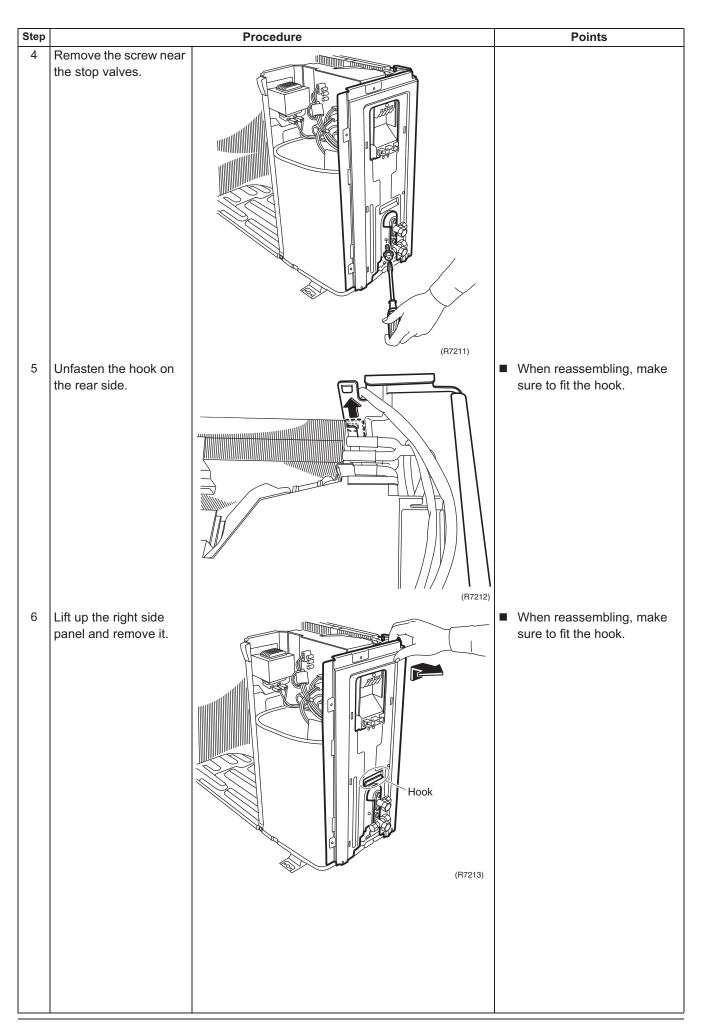
Step		Procedure	Points
5	Remove the screw and remove the drain pan heater cover.	Drain pan heater cover	
6	Remove the 7 screws of the front panel.	Front panel	
7	Unfasten the hooks. Pull and remove the front panel.	Torr parts Torr parts	The front panel has 4 hooks.







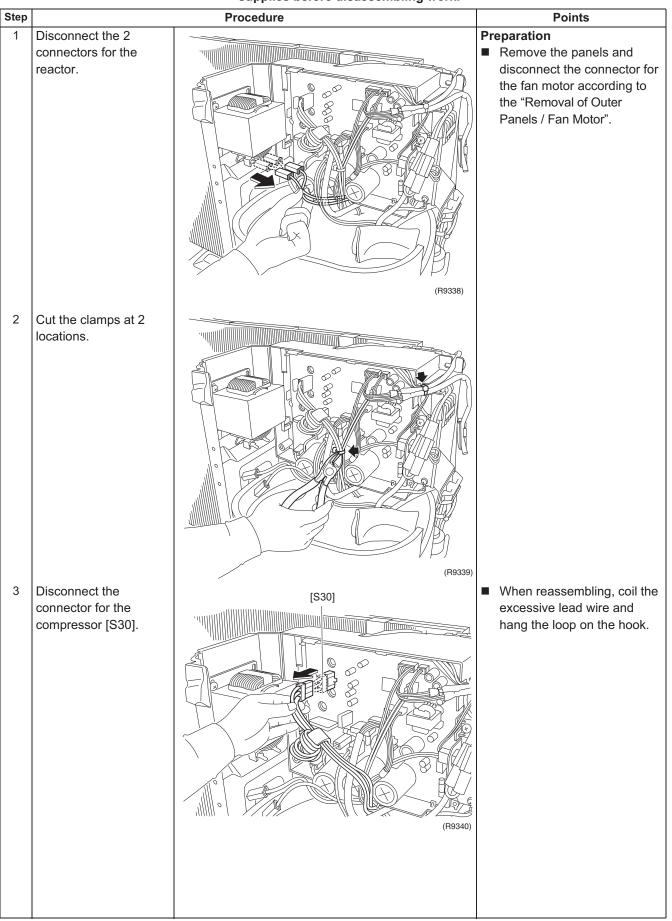


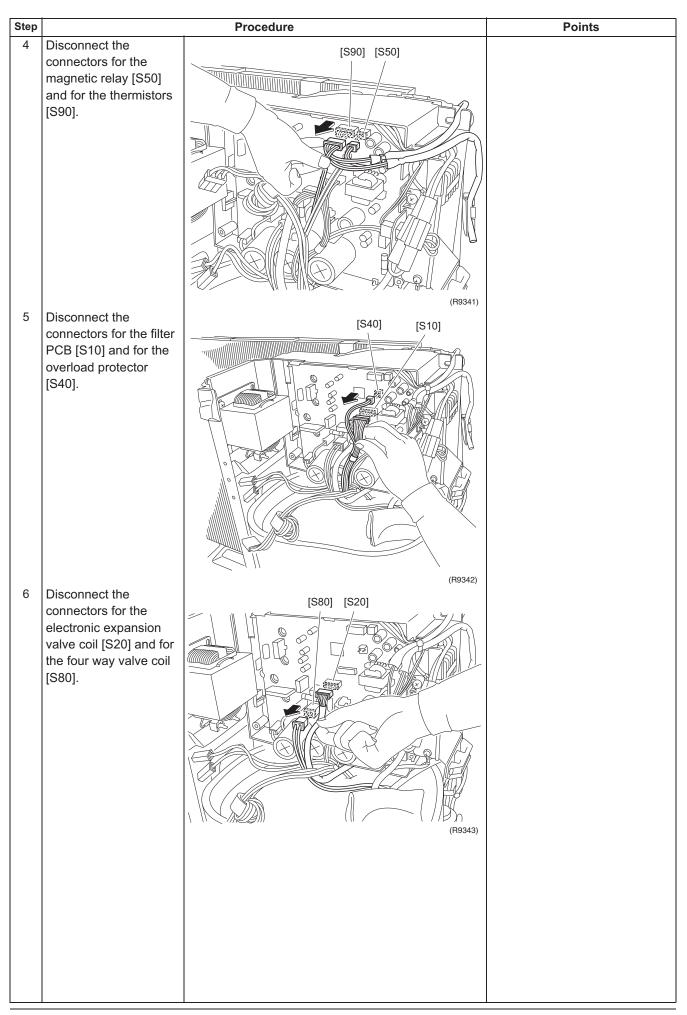


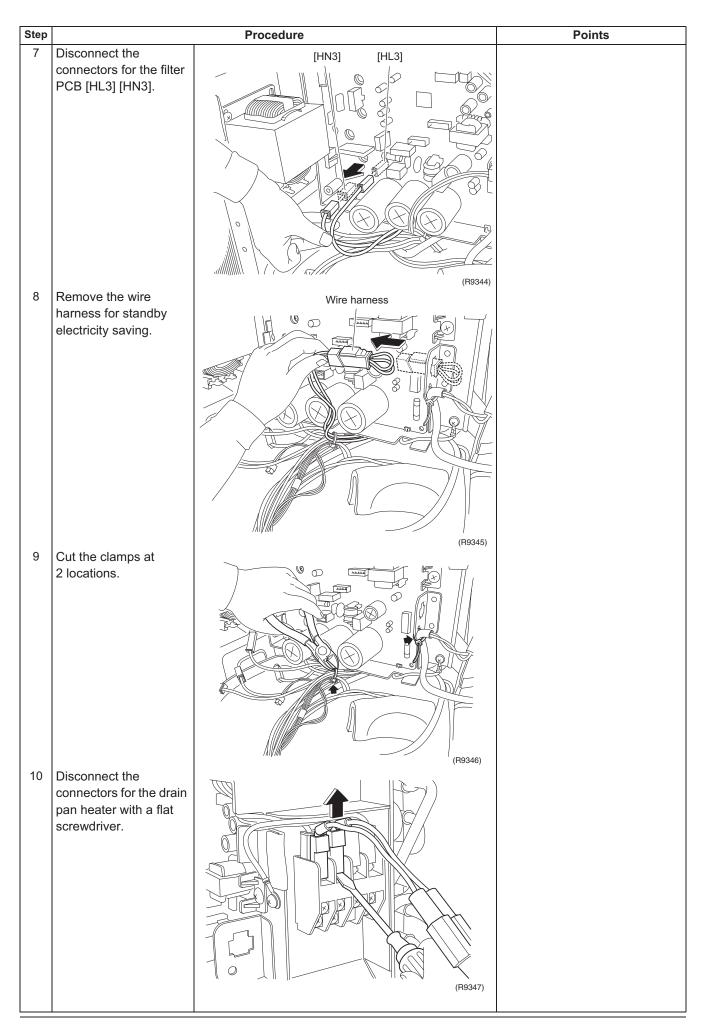
2.2 Removal of Electrical Box

Procedure

Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

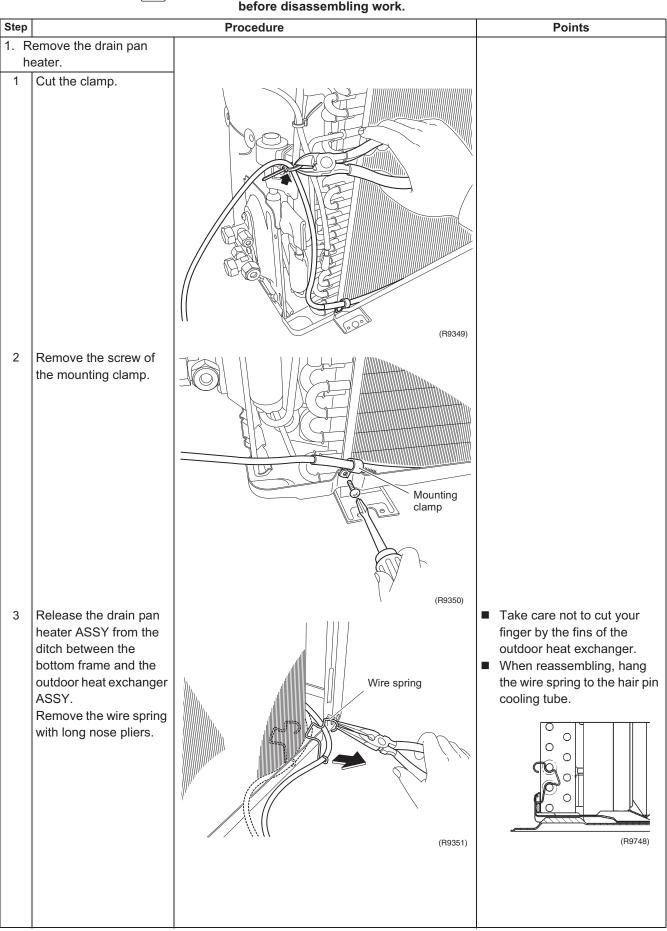






2.3 Removal of Drain Pan Heater

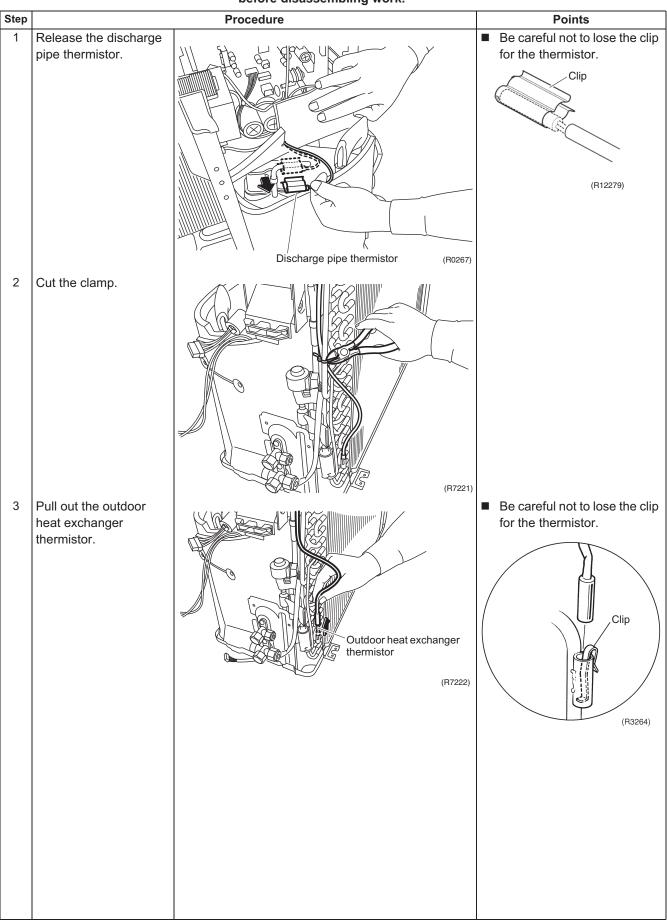
Procedure

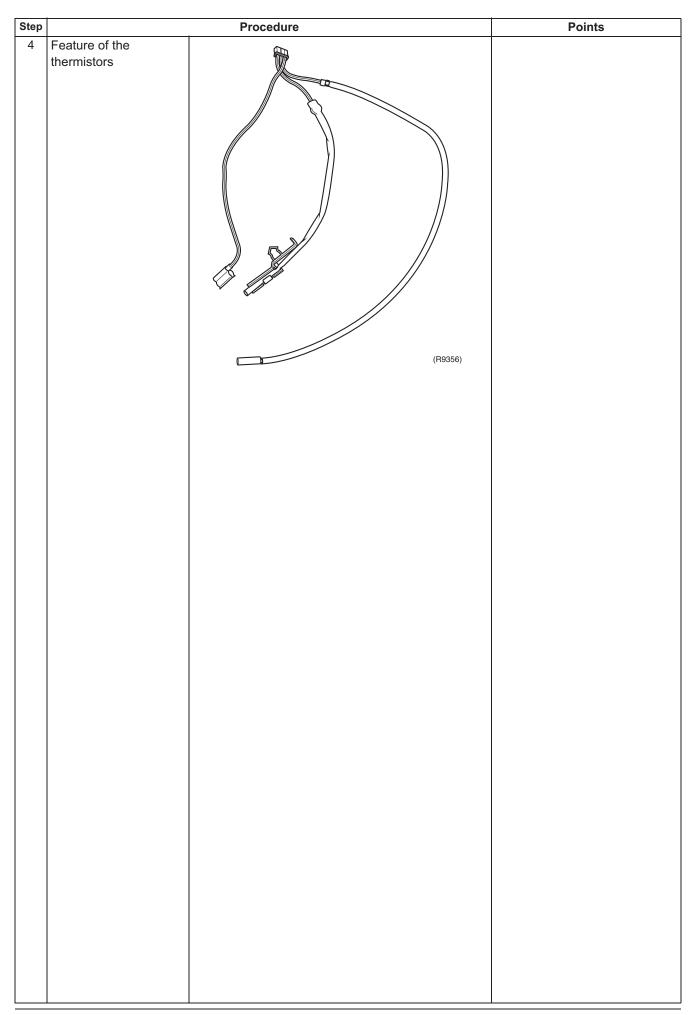


Step		Procedure	Points
4	Cut the clamp.	(R9352)	
5	Remove the 3 screws and remove the left side panel.	Left side panel Image: Constrained state Image: Constate Image: Constate </td <td></td>	
6	The fuses are inside the drain pan heater.	(F12307)	
		(R9355)	

2.4 Removal of Thermistors

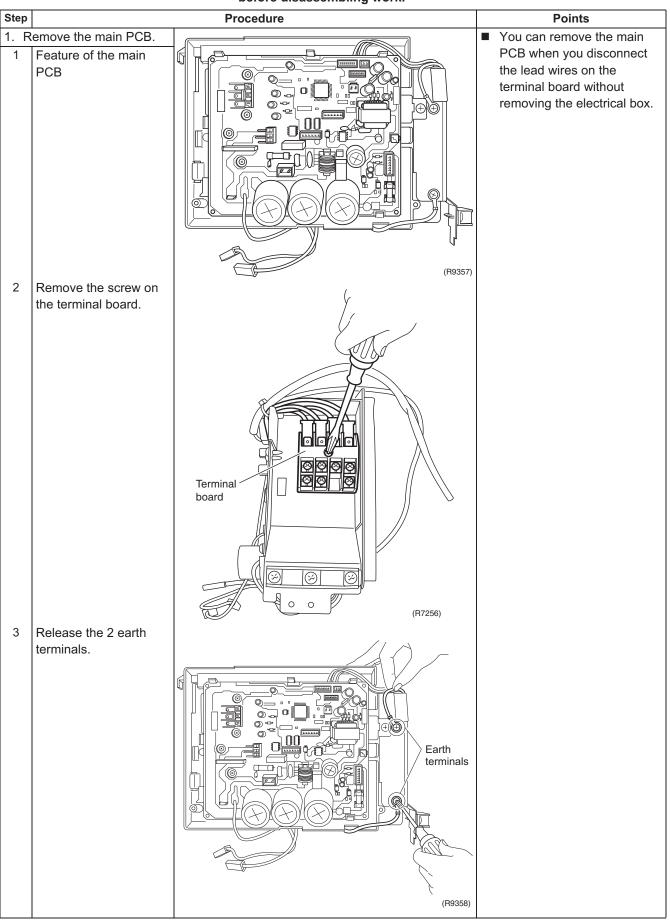
Procedure



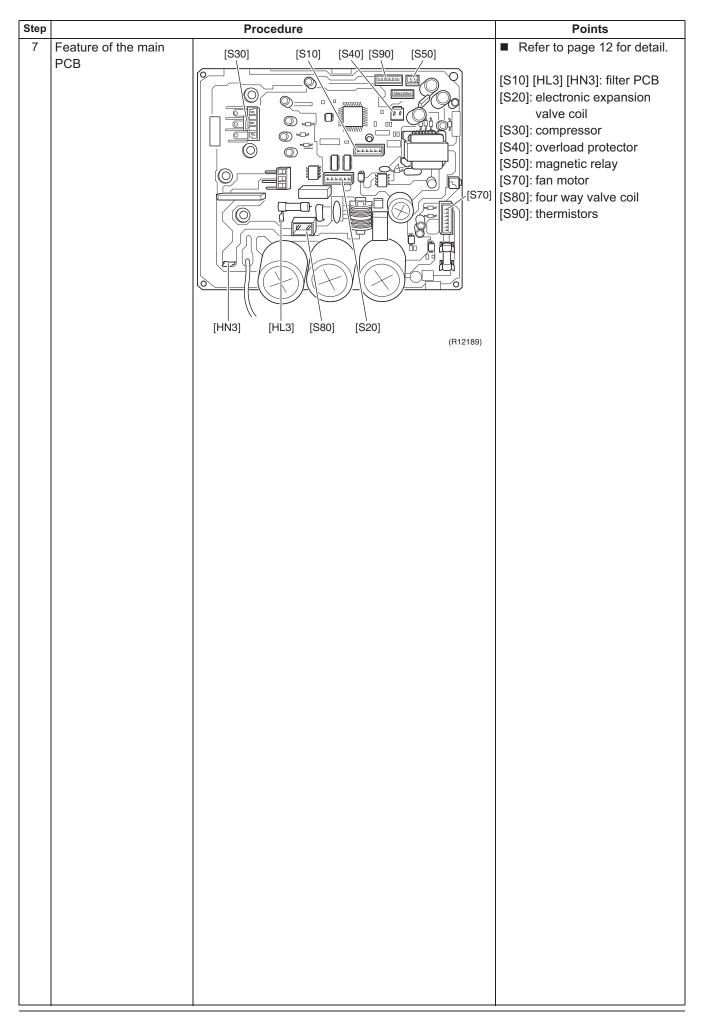


2.5 Removal of PCB

Procedure

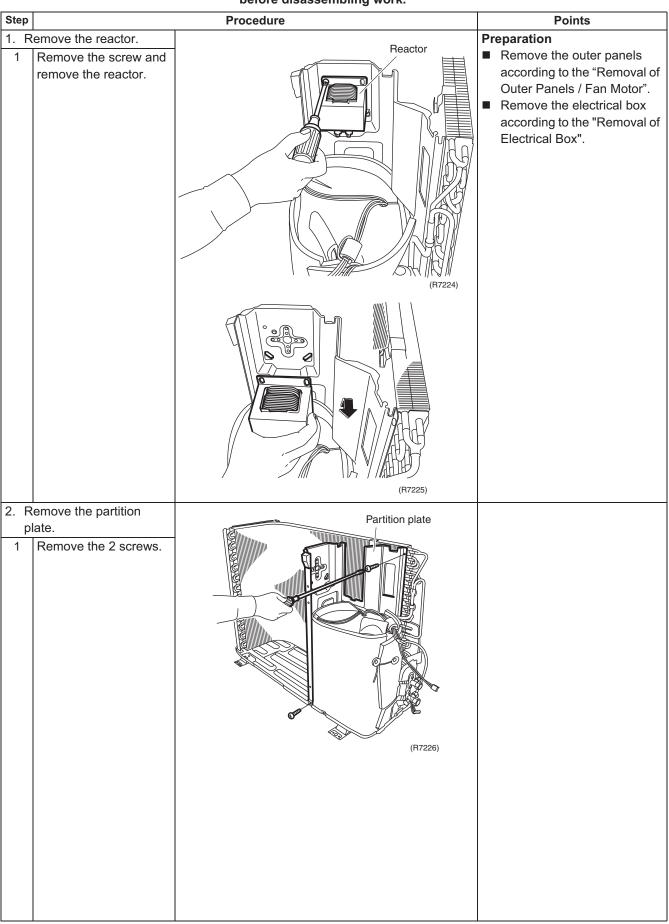


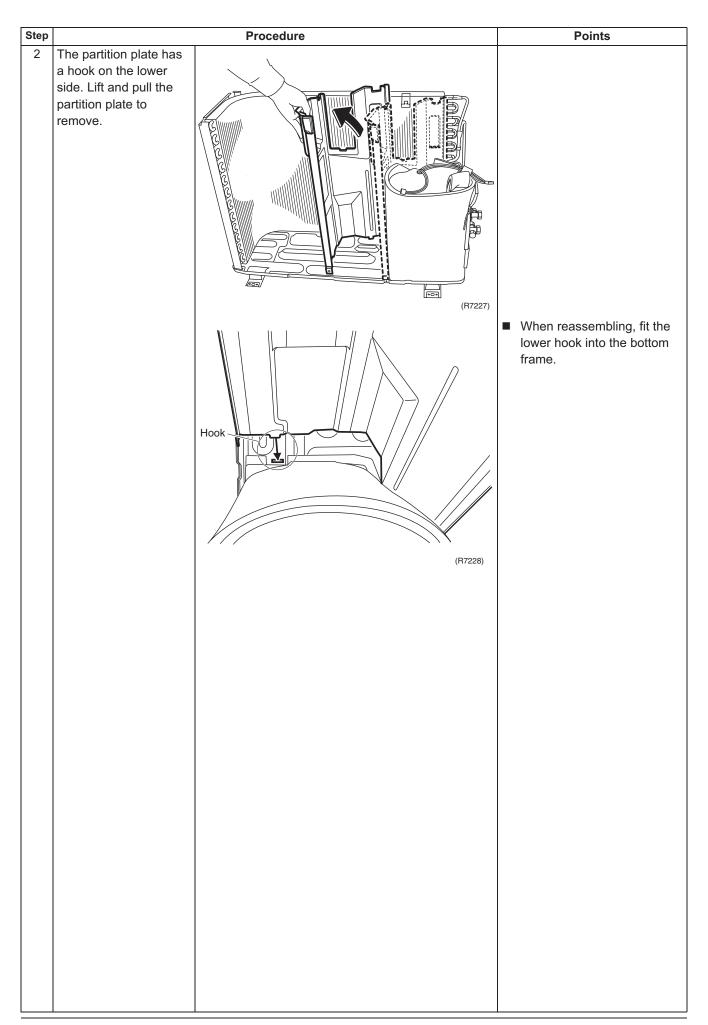
Step		Procedure	Points
4	Remove the 4 screws.	Screws	
5	Unfasten the 3 hooks on the upper side.		
6	Lift and pull out the main PCB.	(Past)	



2.6 Removal of Reactor / Partition Plate



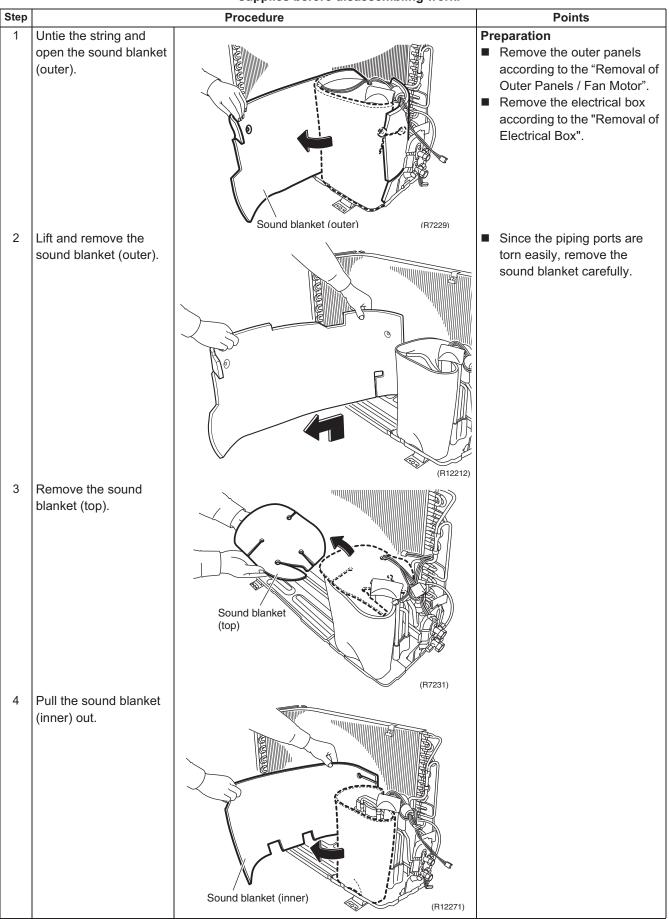




2.7 Removal of Sound Blanket

Procedure

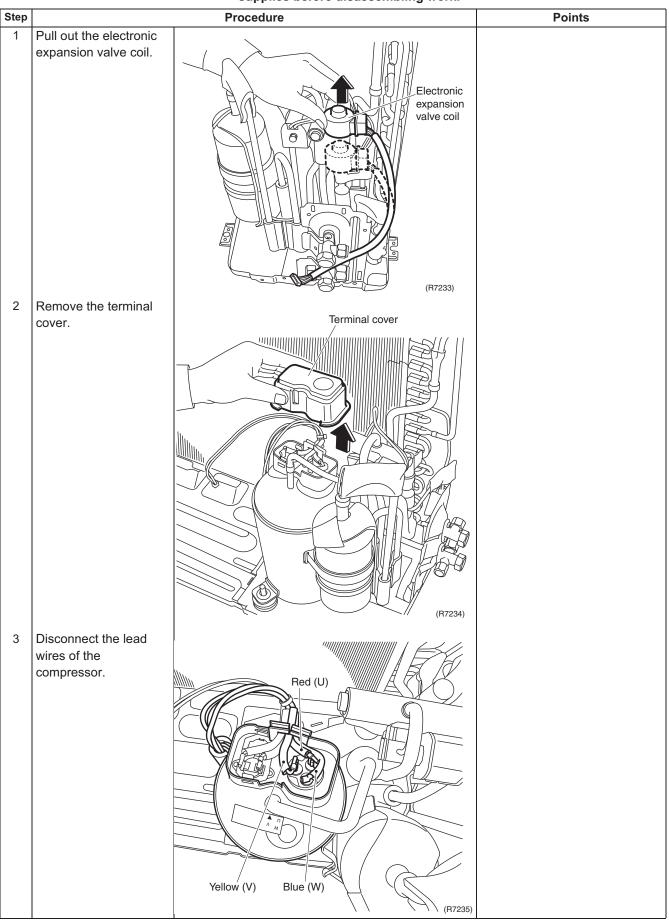
Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

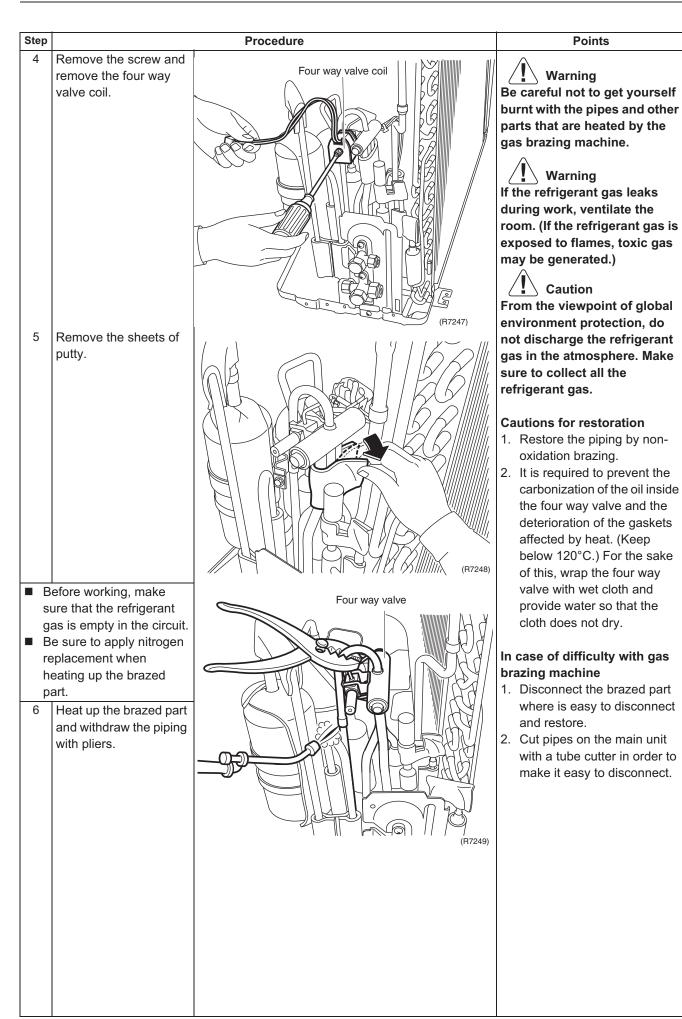


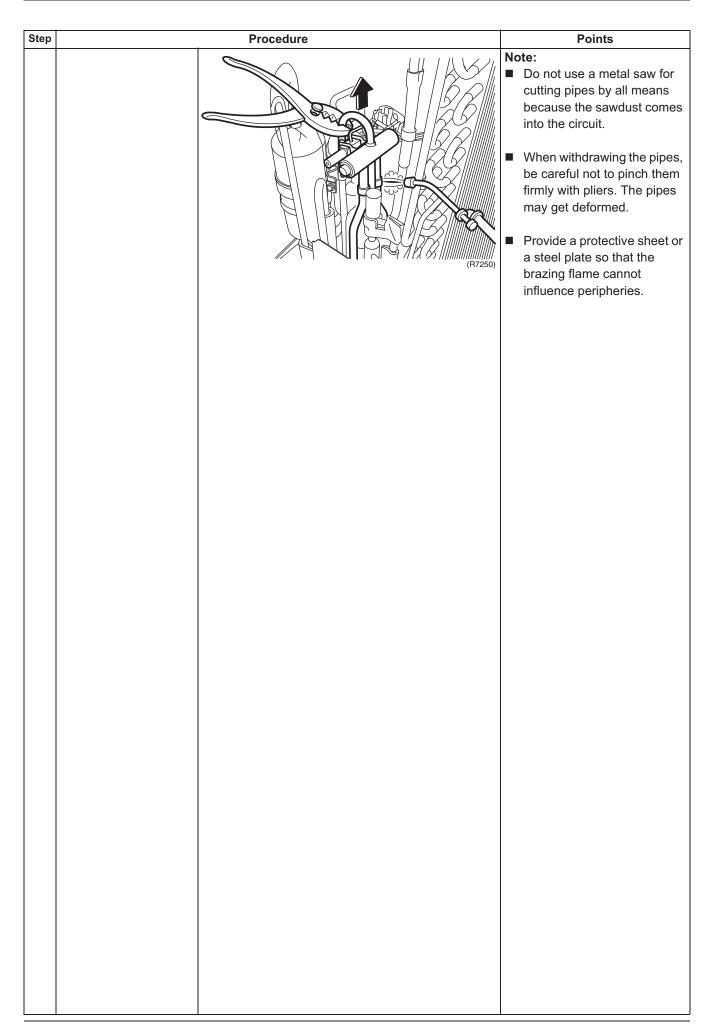
2.8 Removal of Four Way Valve

Procedure

Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

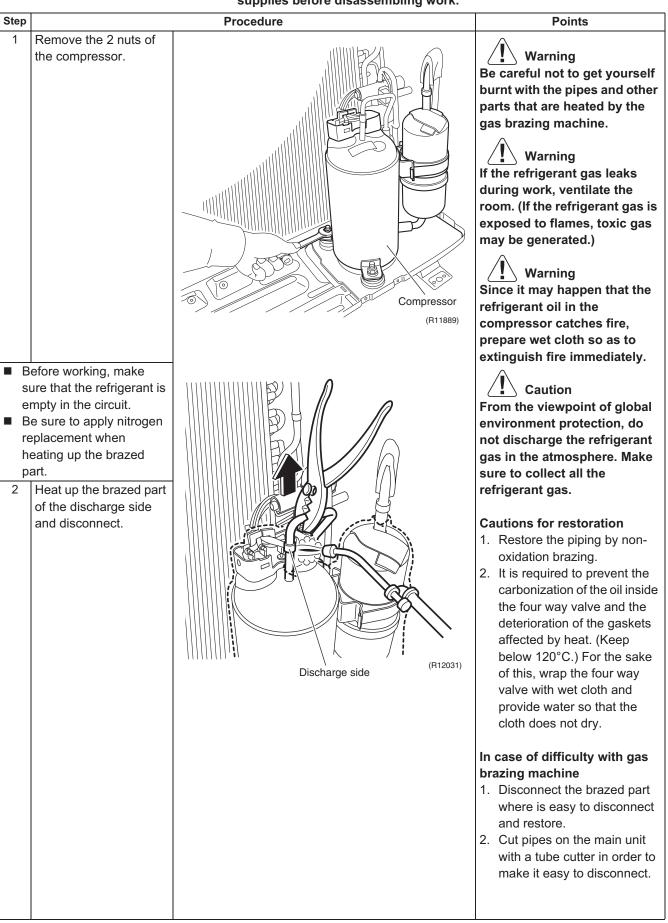






2.9 Removal of Compressor

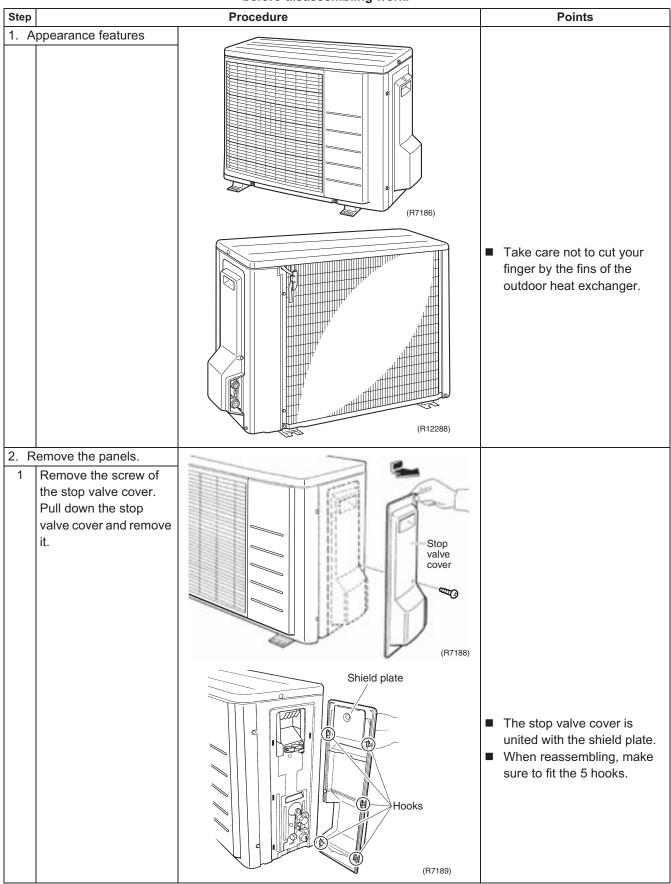


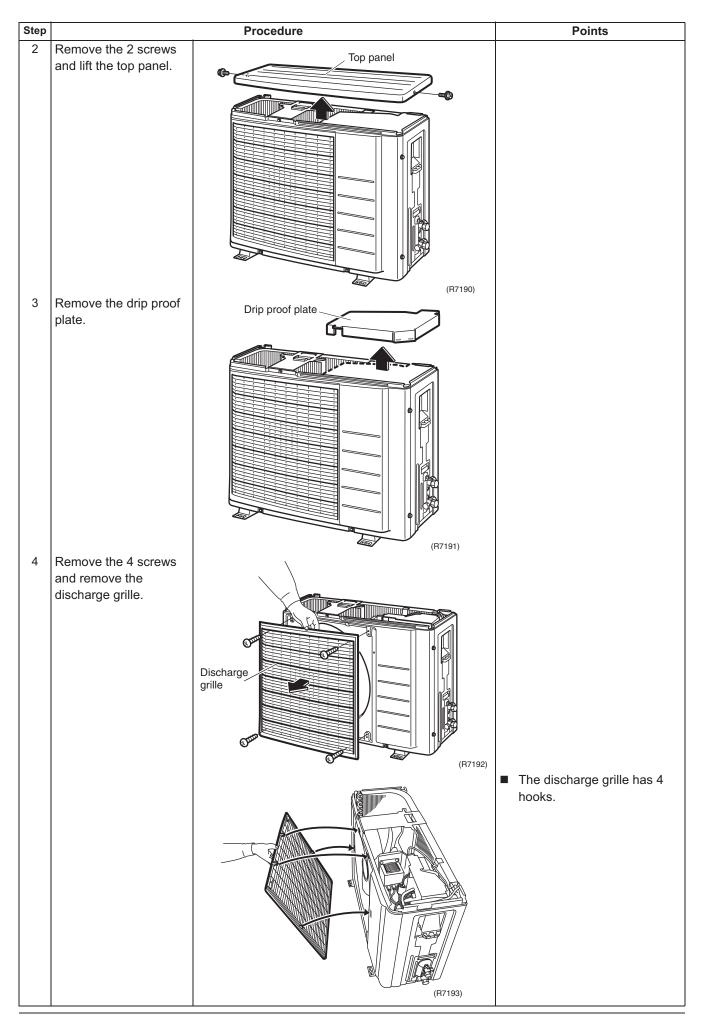


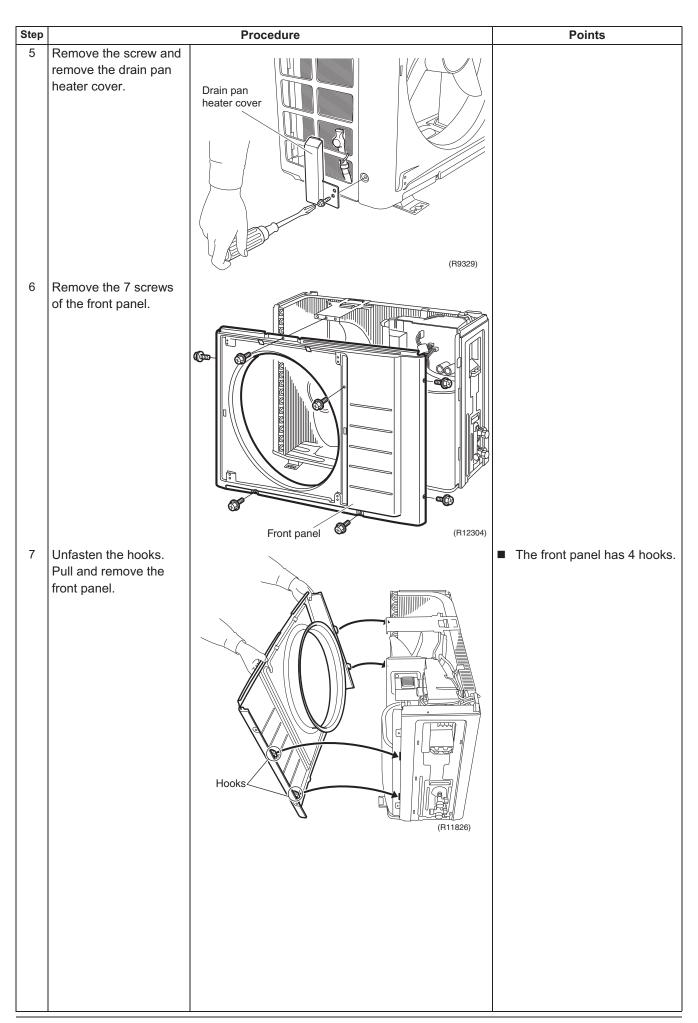
Step		Procedure	Points
3	Heat up the brazed part		Note:
	of the suction side and disconnect.		Do not use a metal saw for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit.
			When withdrawing the pipes, be careful not to pinch them firmly with pliers. The pipes may get deformed.
4	Lift the compressor up	Suction side (R12032)	Provide a protective sheet or a steel plate so that the brazing flame cannot influence peripheries.
4	Lift the compressor up and remove it.	(F7254)	Be careful so as not to burn the compressor terminals, the name plate, the heat exchanger fin.

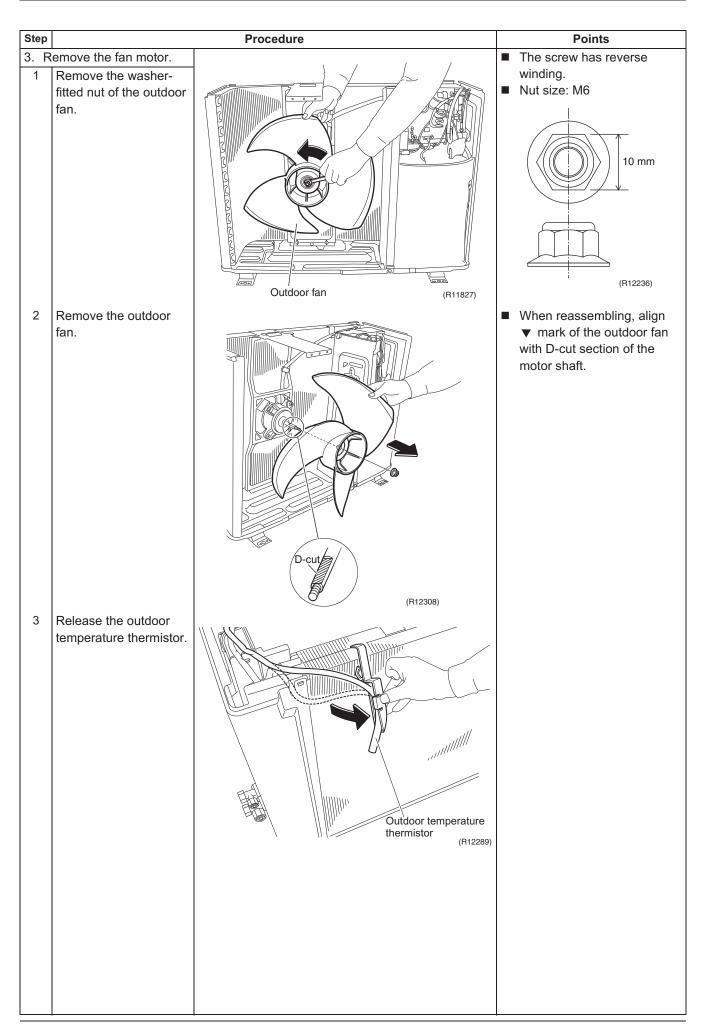
3. Outdoor Unit - RXL20G2V1B9 3.1 Removal of Outer Panels / Fan Motor

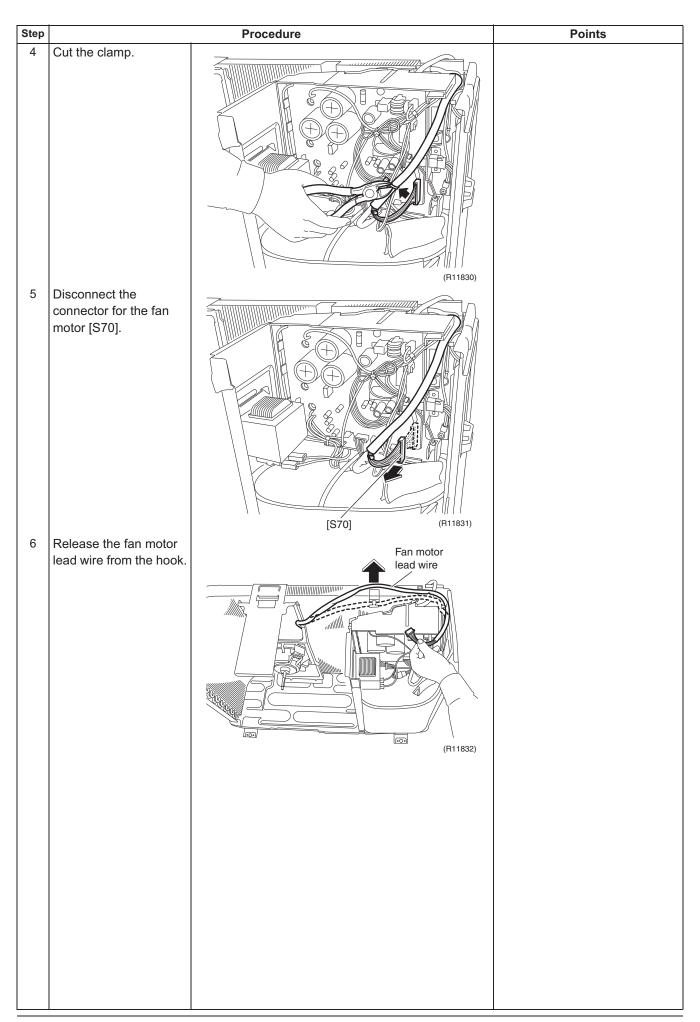
Procedure

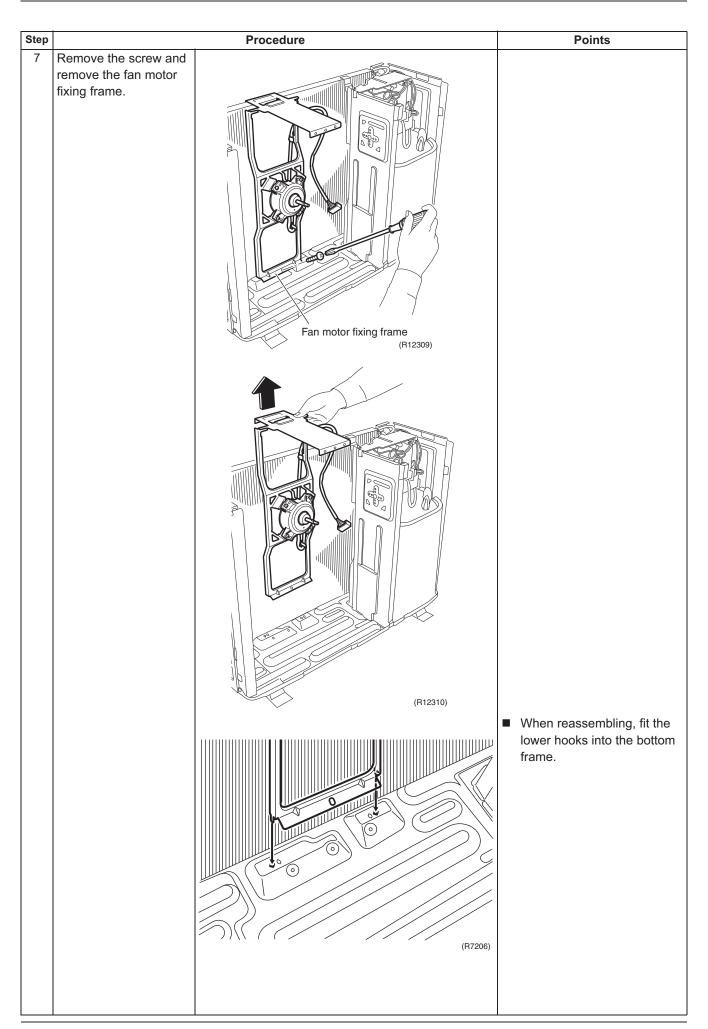


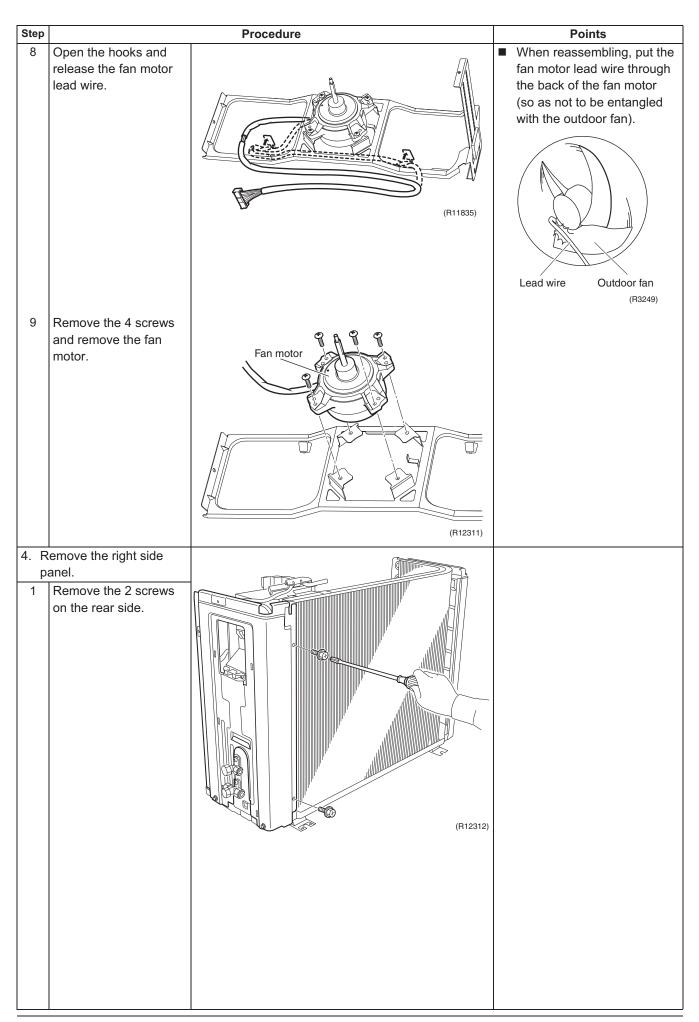


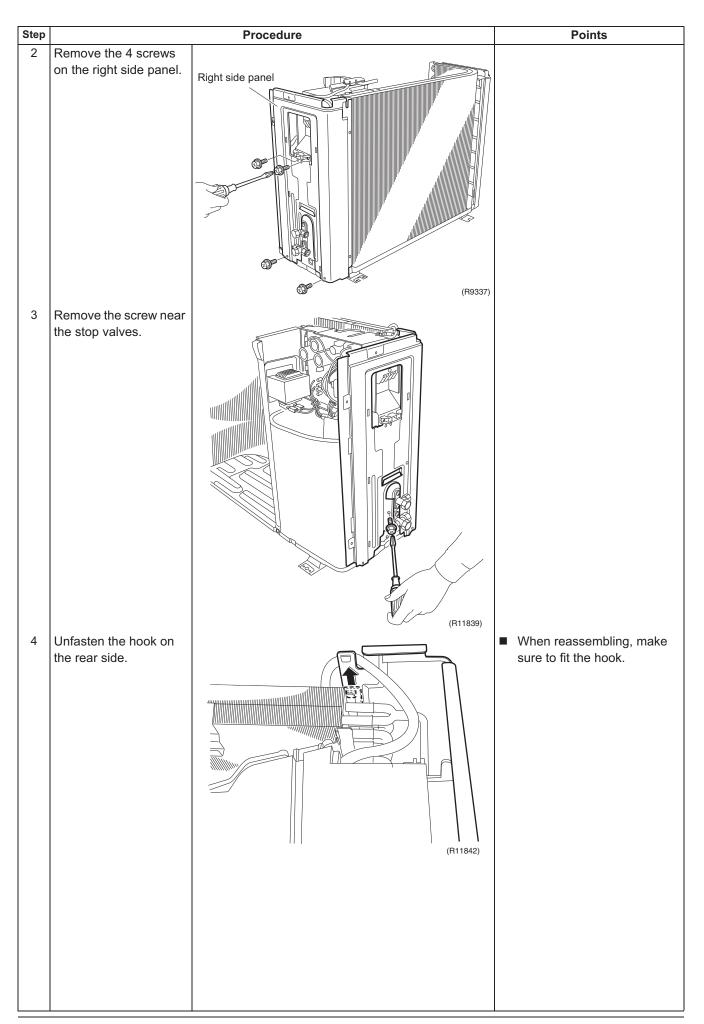


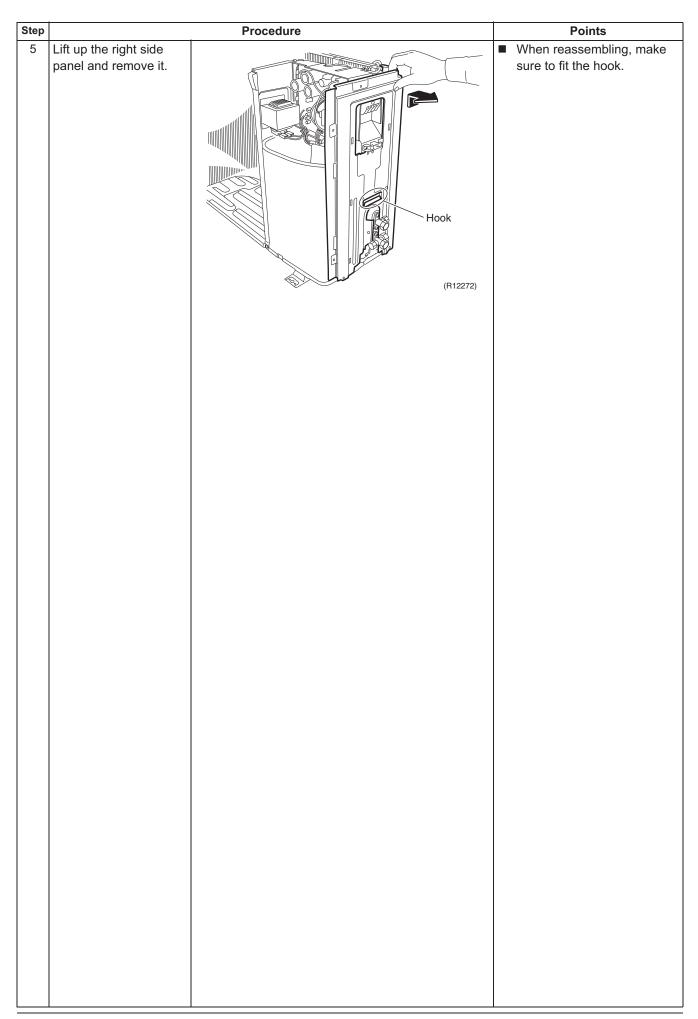






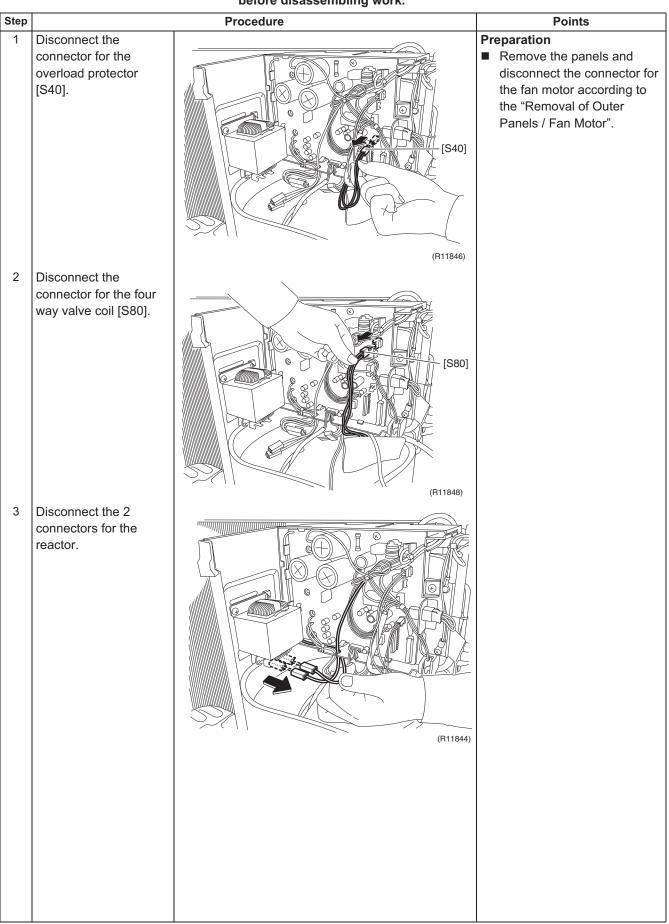


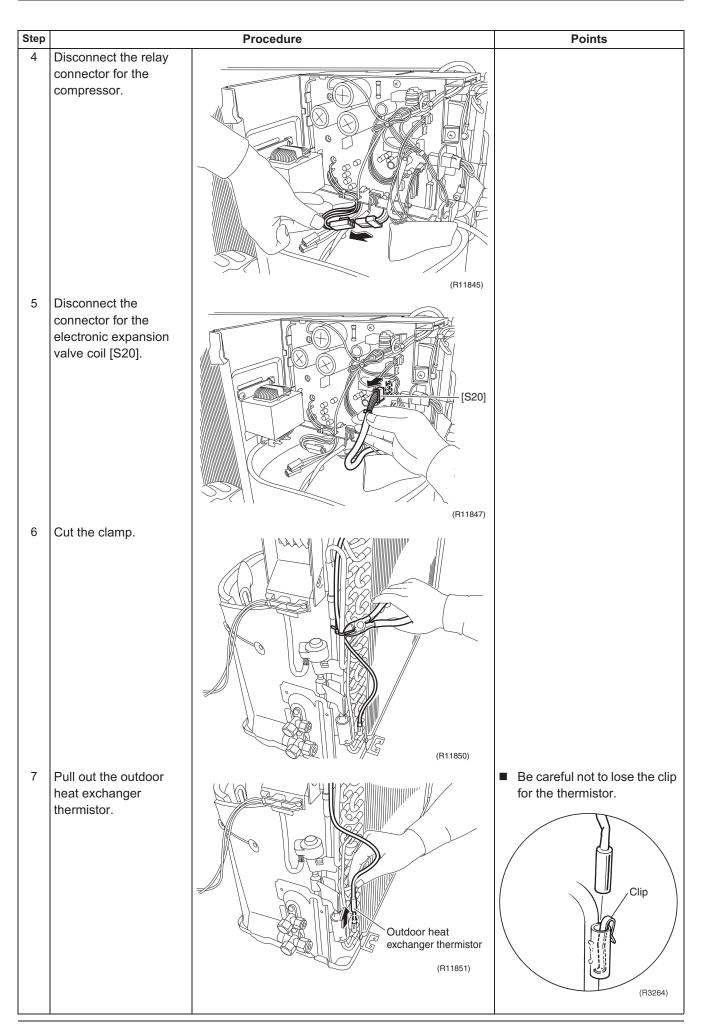


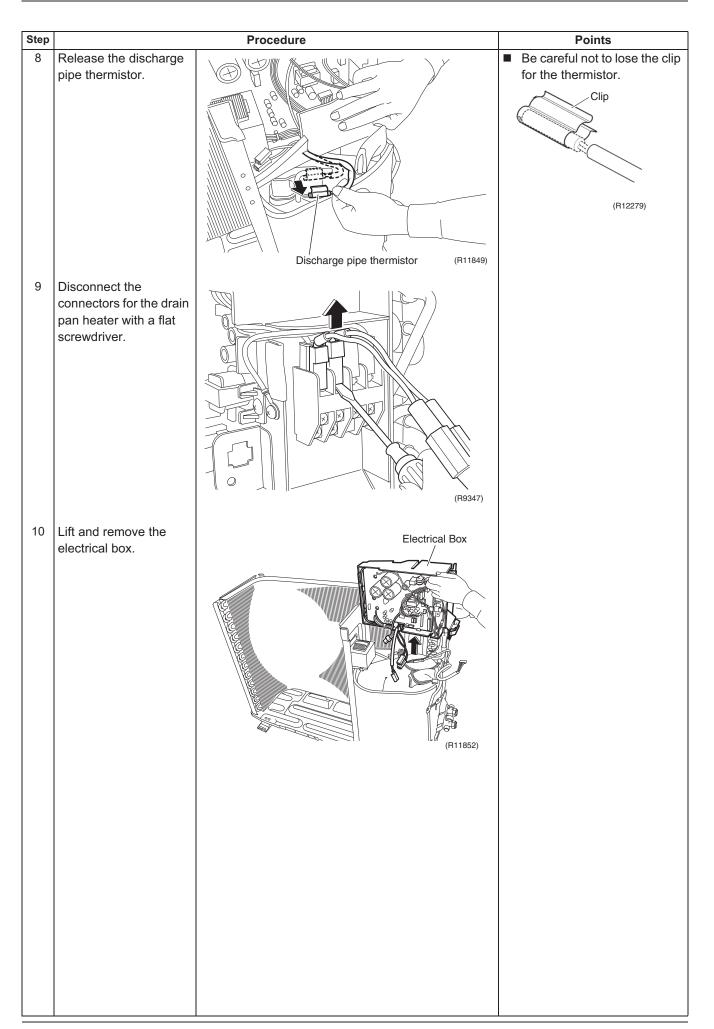


3.2 Removal of Electrical Box

Procedure

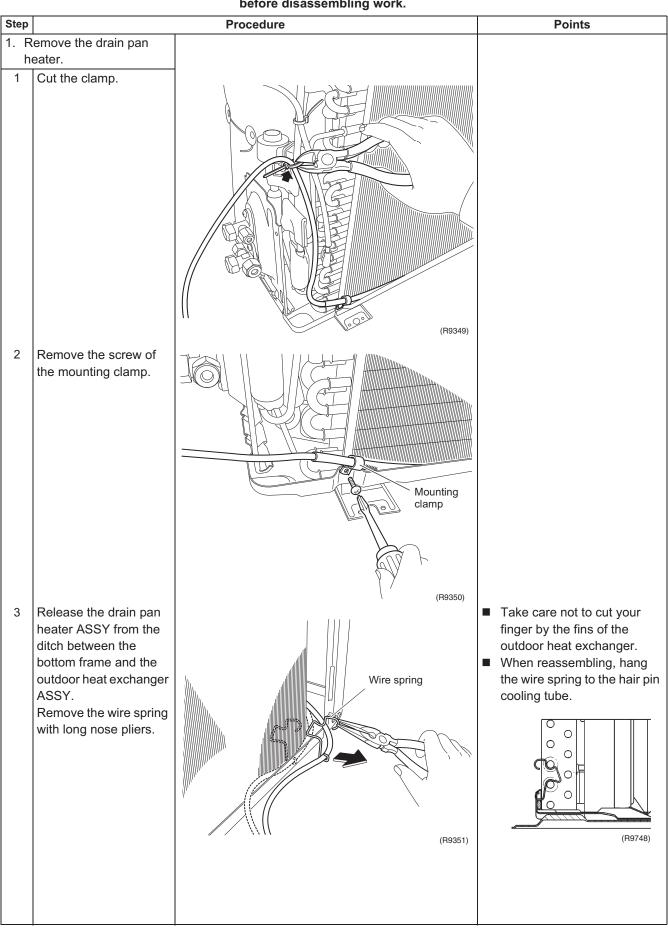






3.3 Removal of Drain Pan Heater

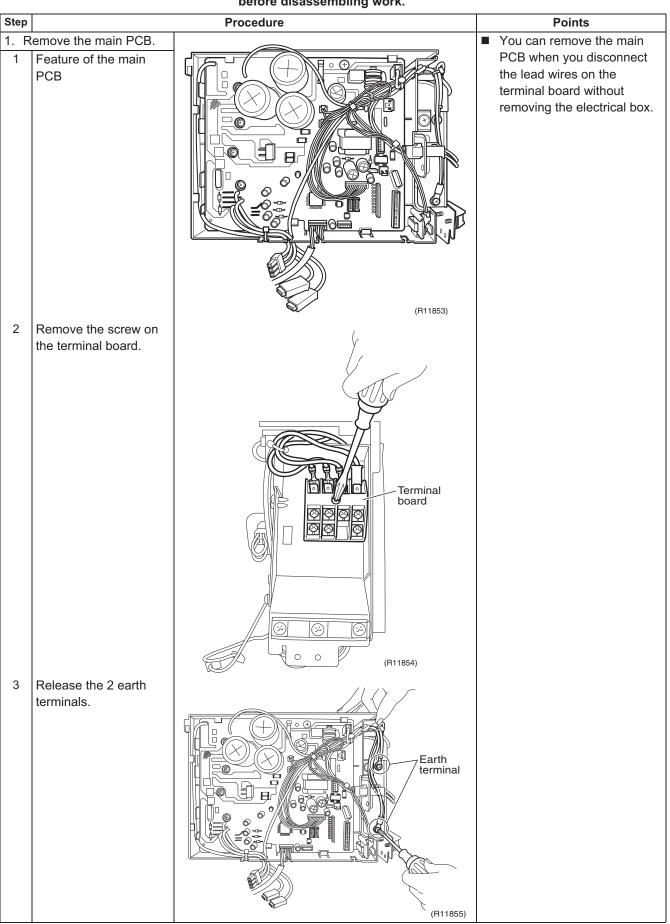
Procedure



Step		Procedure	Points
4	Cut the clamp.	(R9352)	
5	Remove the 3 screws and remove the left side panel.	Left side panel	
6	The fuses are inside the drain pan heater.	(R12307)	

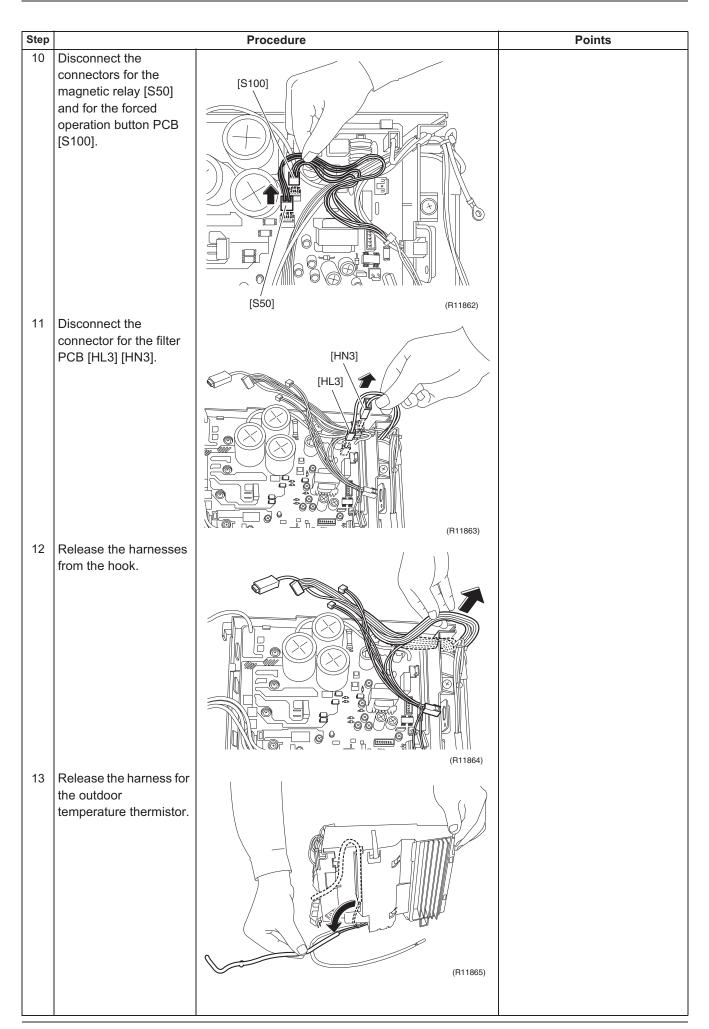
3.4 Removal of PCB

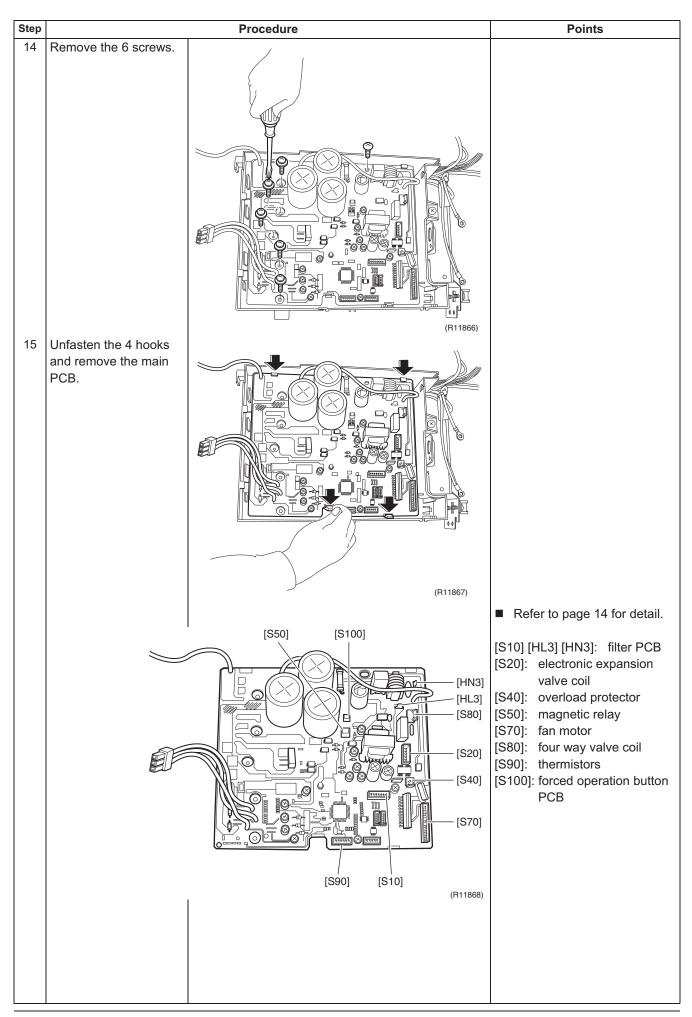
Procedure

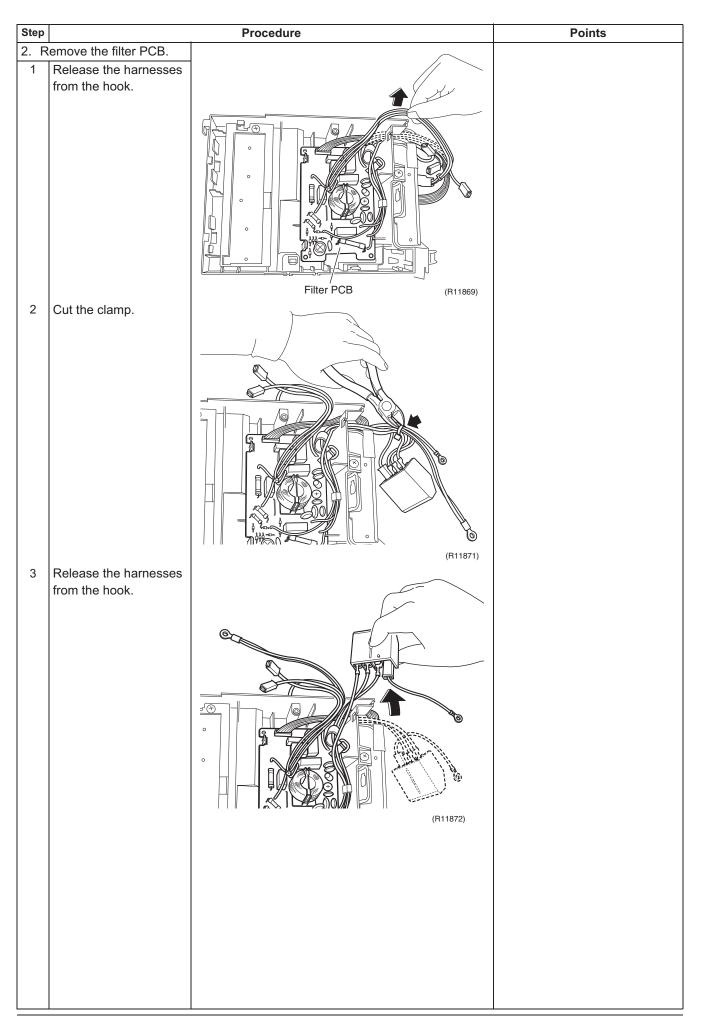


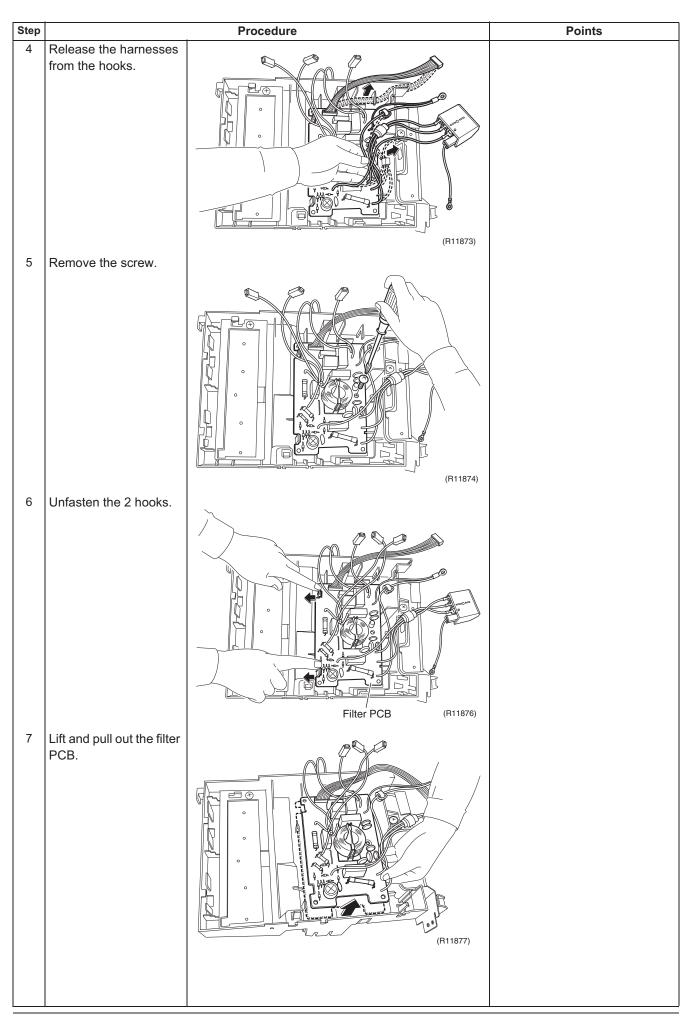
Step		Procedure	Points
4	Pull out the forced operation button PCB. Disconnect the connector [S110] to remove the forced operation button PCB.	Forced operation button PCB (R11856)	Be careful of a sharp protrusion at the back of the forced operation button PCB.
5	Disconnect the relay connector.		
6	Cut the clamp.		

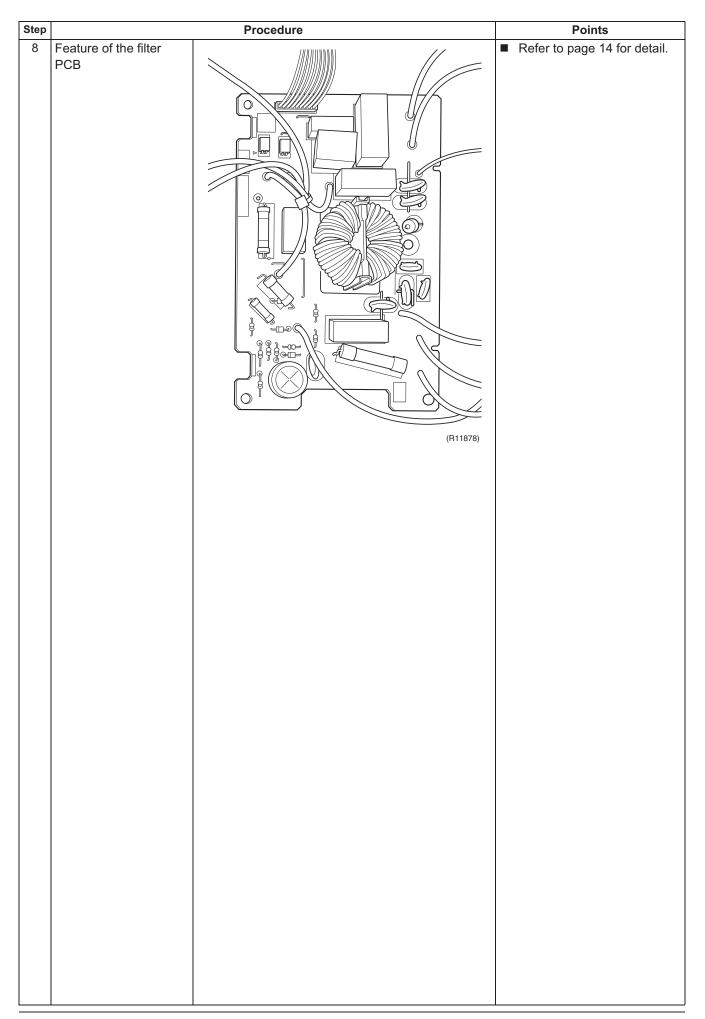
Step		Procedure	Points
7	Release the harness.		
		(B11859)	
8	Cut the clamps at the 2		
	locations.		
		La por	
		Image: Constraint of the second se	
9	Disconnect the connector for the filter PCB [S10].	[S10] (R11861)	





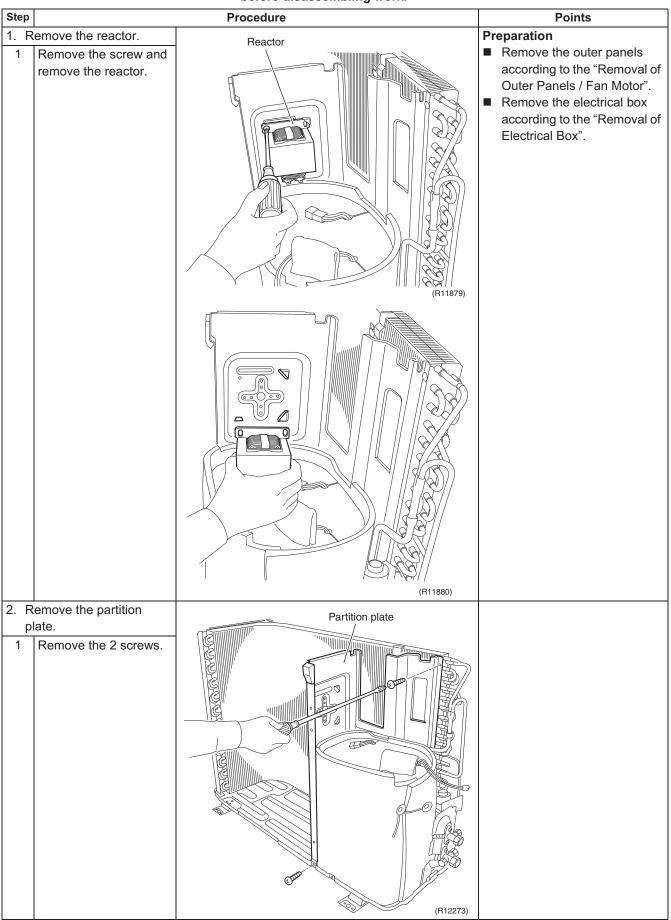


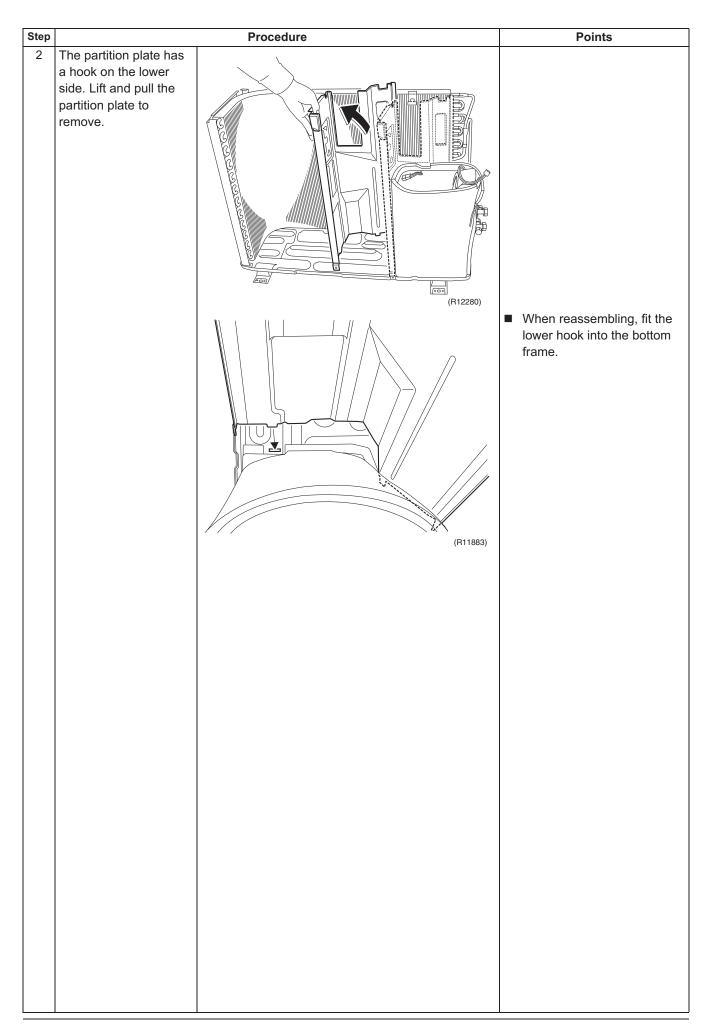




3.5 Removal of Reactor / Partition Plate

Procedure

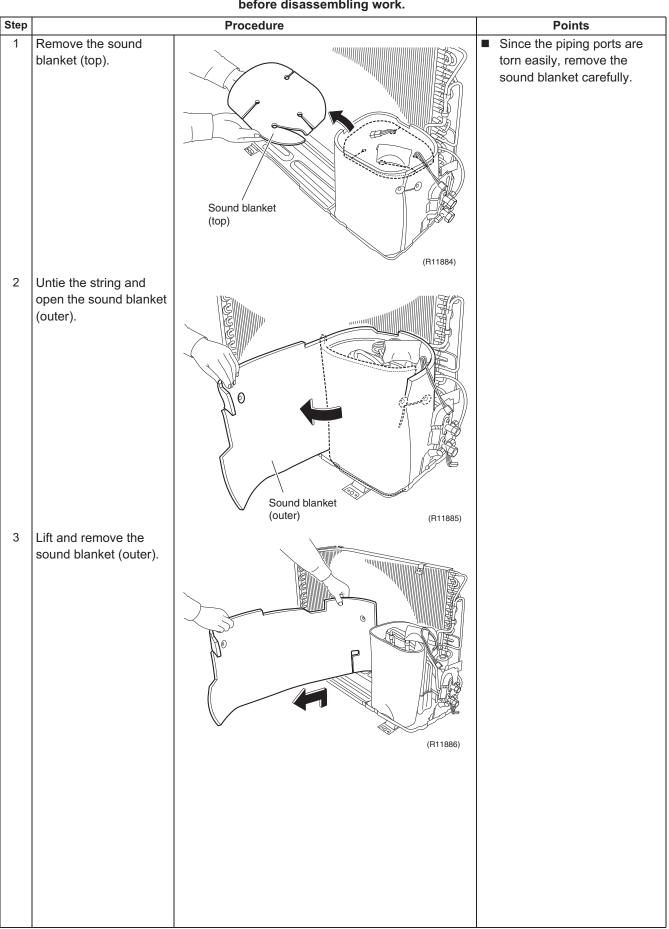


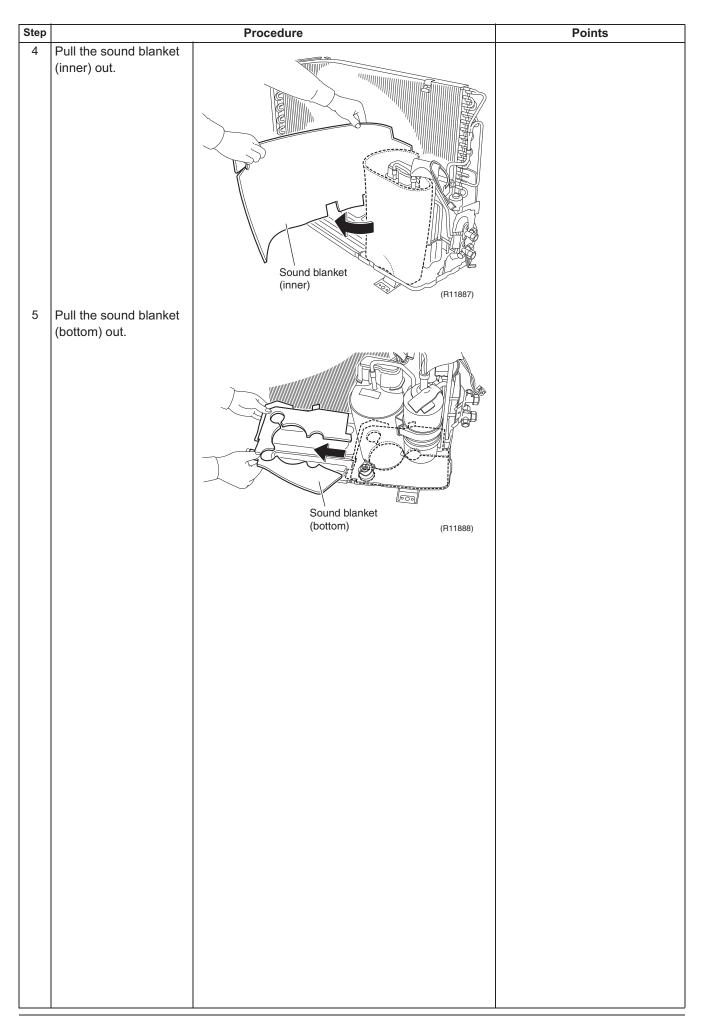


3.6 Removal of Sound Blanket

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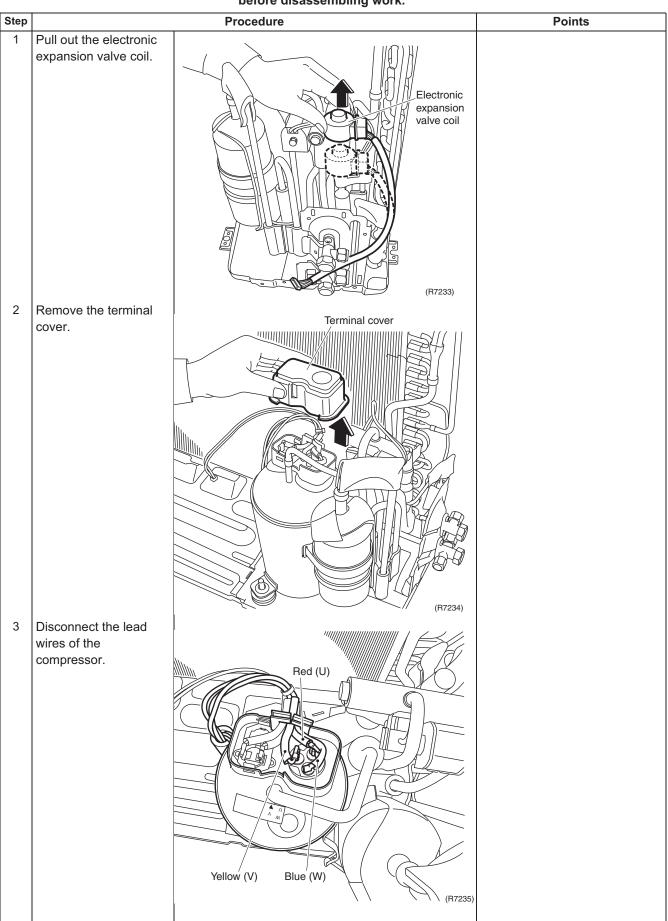


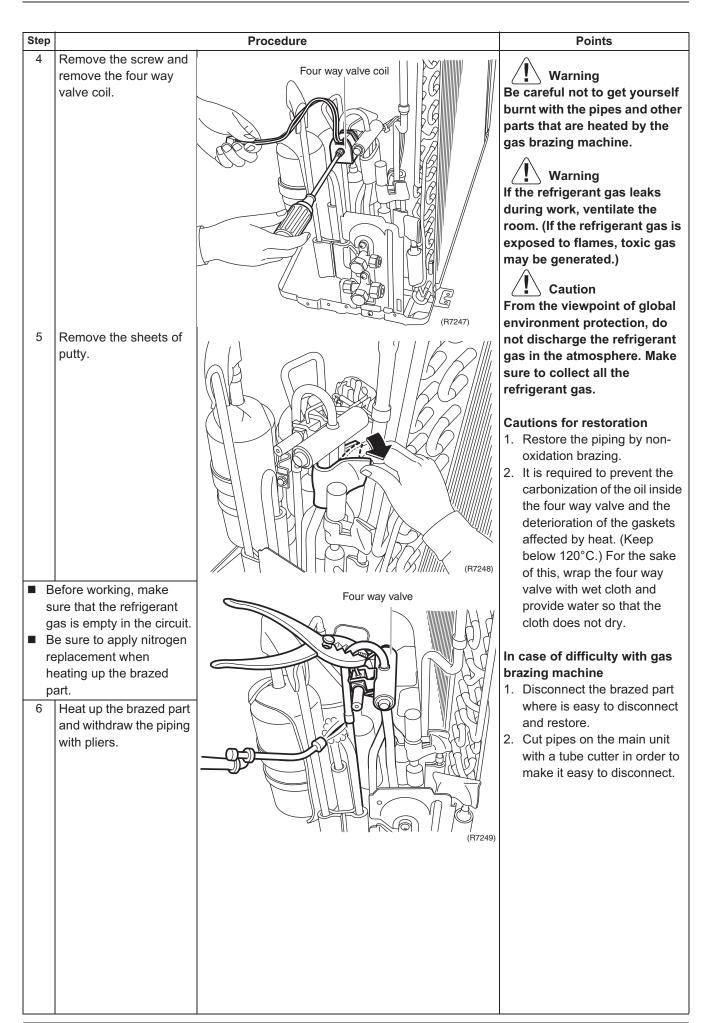


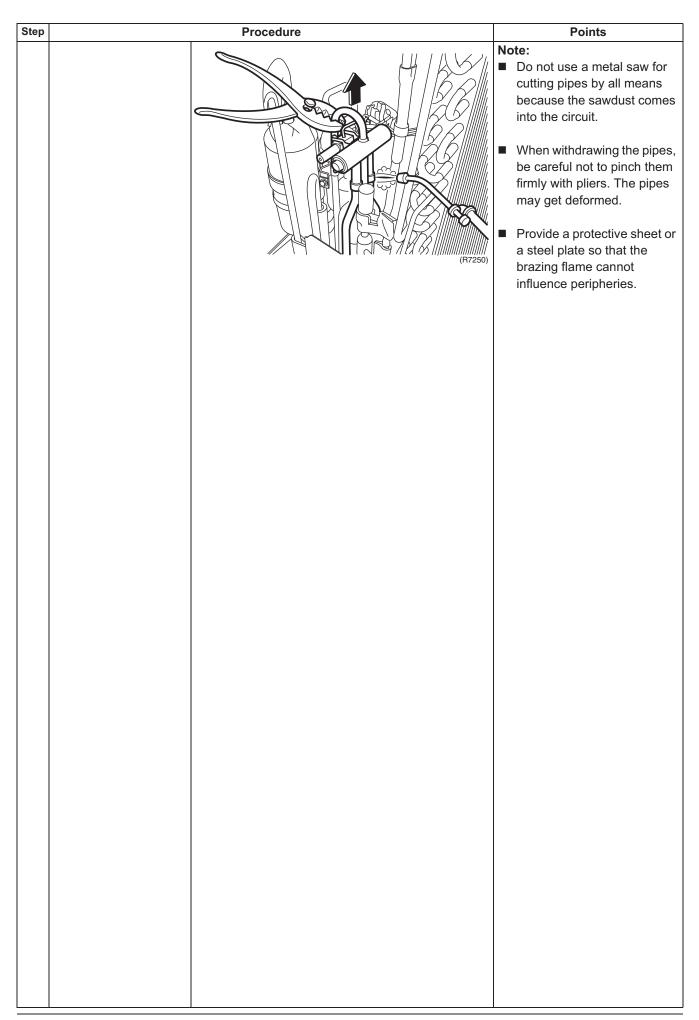


3.7 Removal of Four Way Valve

Procedure

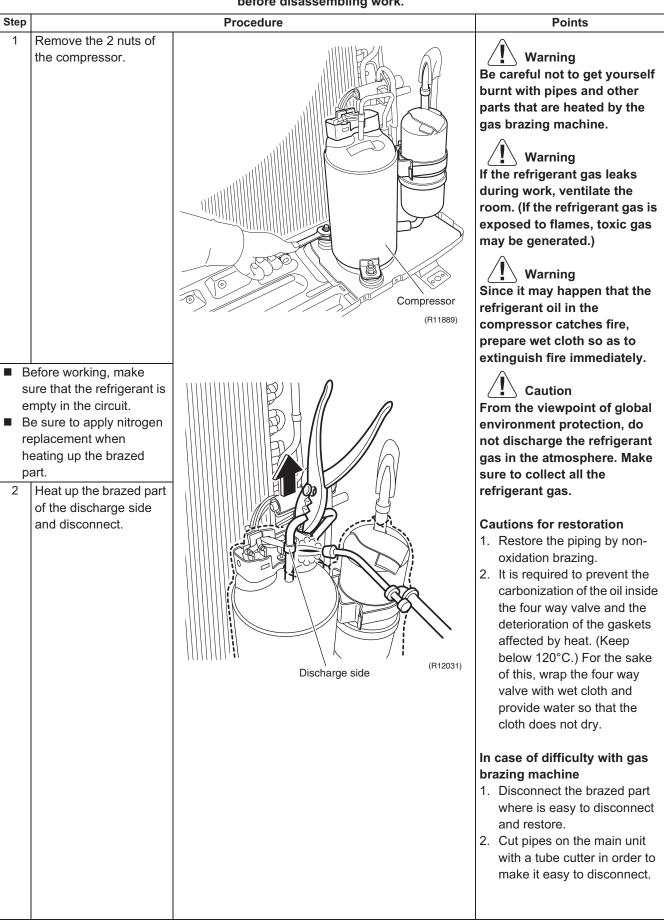


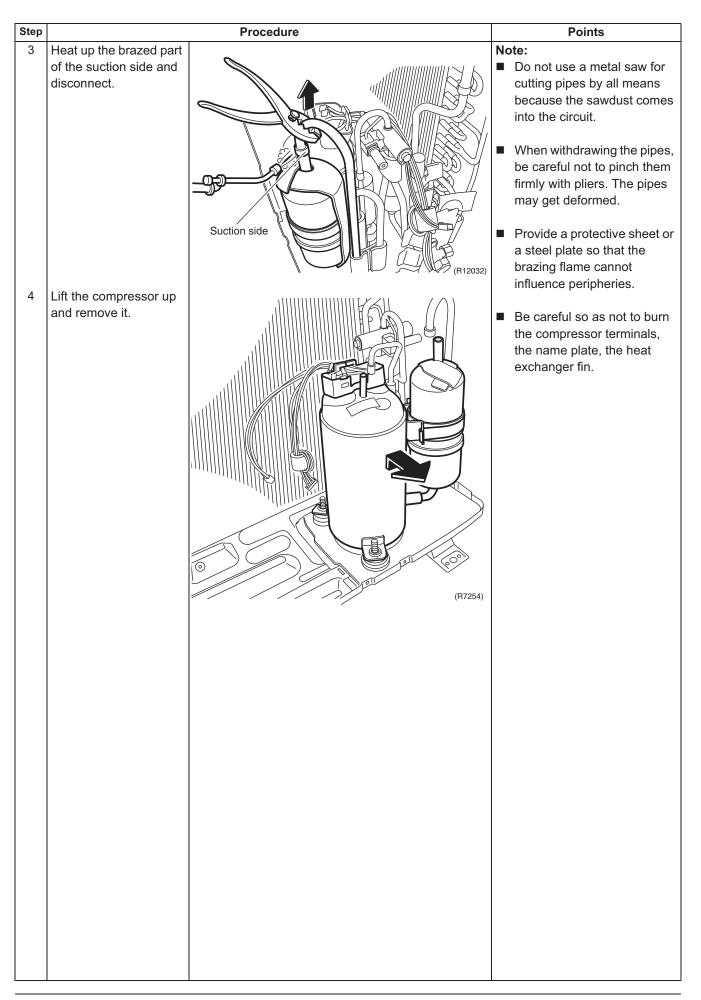




3.8 Removal of Compressor

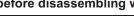
Procedure

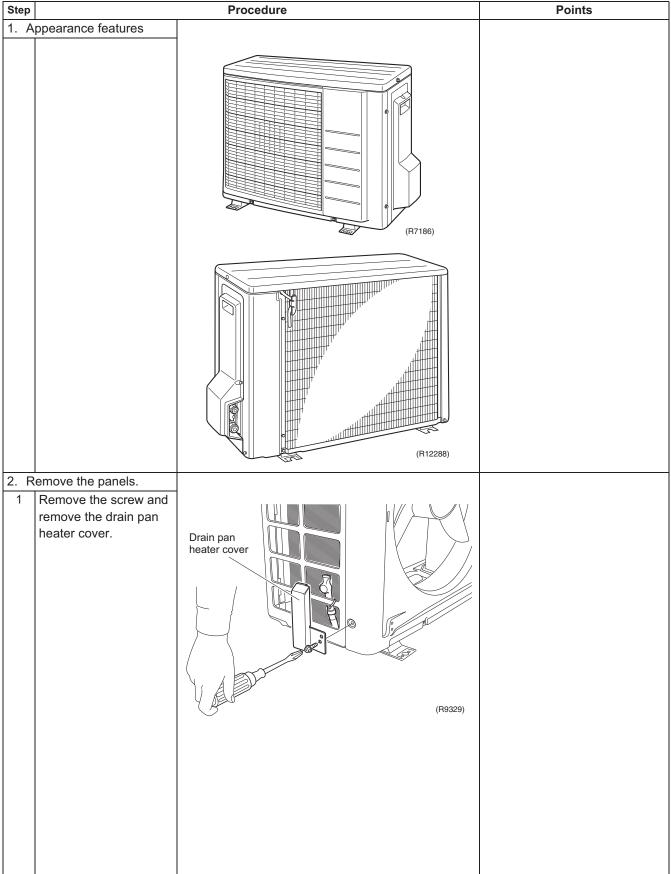


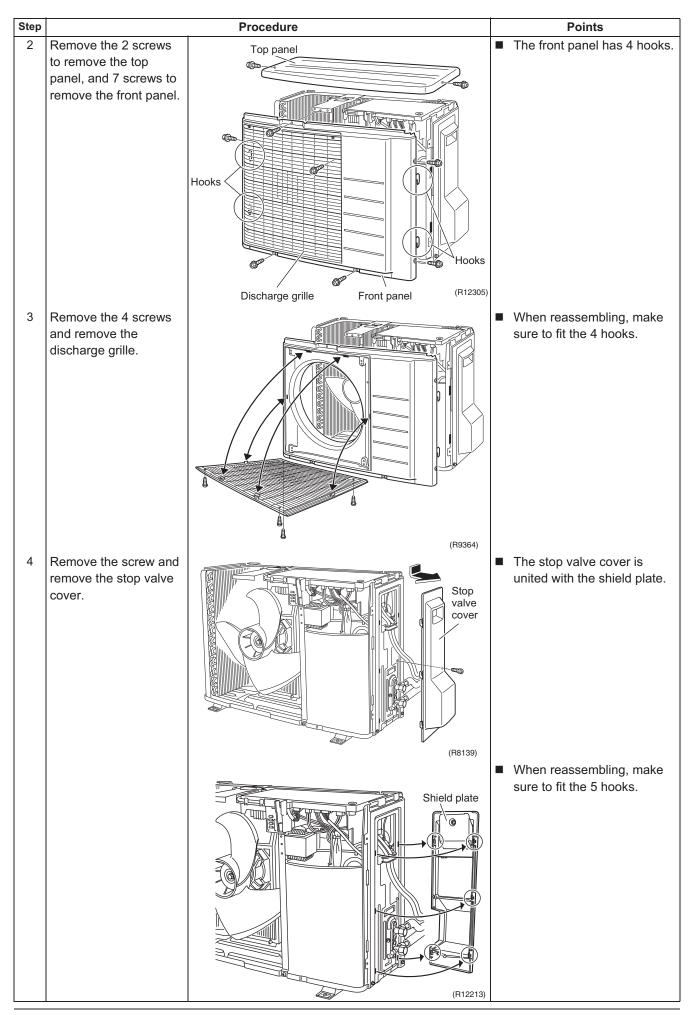


4. Outdoor Unit - RXL25G2V1B **Removal of Outer Panels** 4.1

Procedure





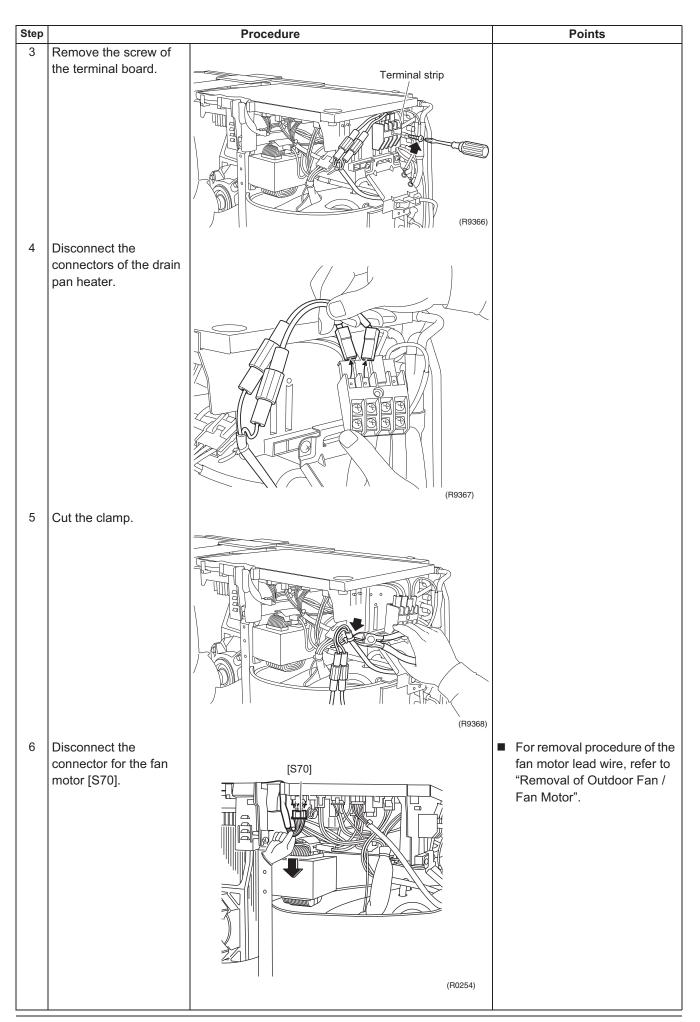


4.2 Removal of Electrical Box

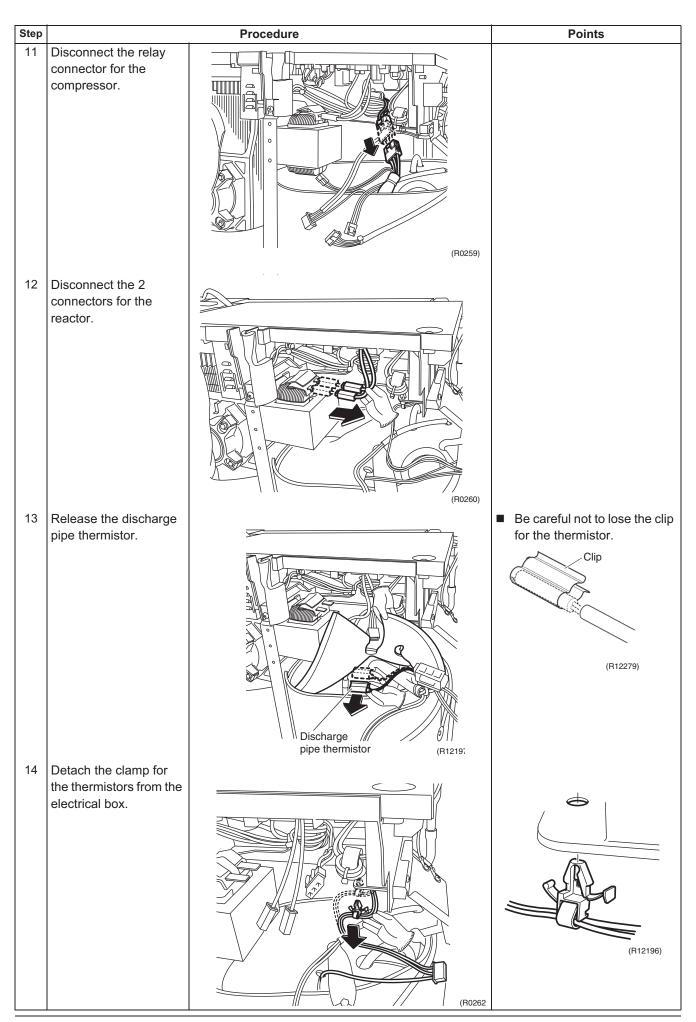
Procedure

Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

	before disassembling work.			
Step		Procedure	Points	
C	isconnect the onnecting wires.		When reassembling, fasten the wires with screws on the	
1	Remove the 3 screws to remove the wiring fixture. Then remove the all screws to disconnect the power supply cables and the connecting wires.	Connecting Connecting Wire Wire Wire Wire Wire Wire Wiring fixture (R12192)	terminal board.	
2. R	emove the electrical			
1	ox. Release the outdoor temperature thermistor.	Outdoor temperature thermistor (B12289)		
2	Remove the 7 screws, and remove the right side panel.	Right side panel		



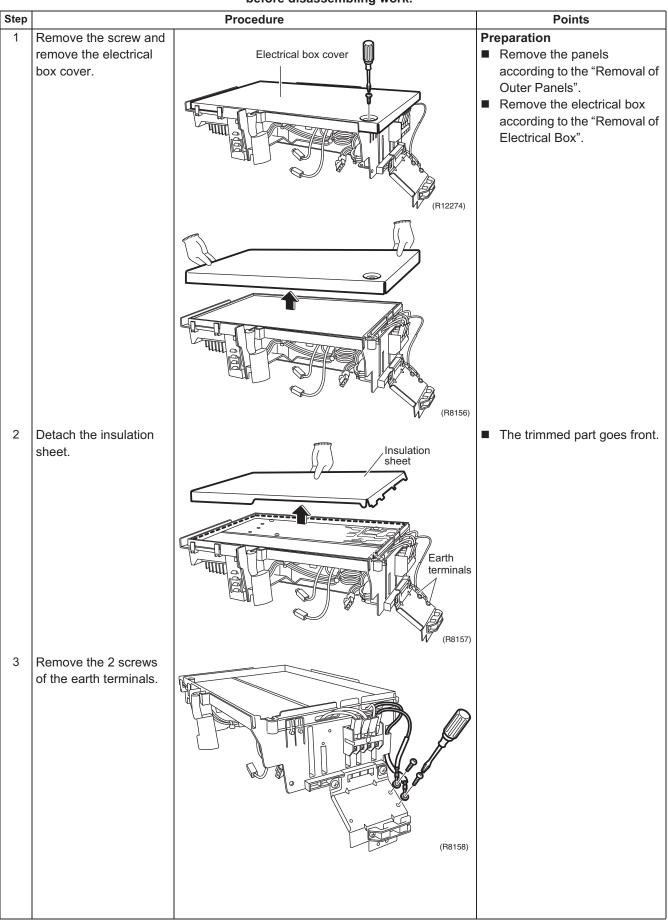
Step		Procedure	Points
7	Disconnect the		
	connector for the overload protector [S40].		
		(R0255)	
8	Disconnect the connector for the electronic expansion valve coil [S20].	Image: Figure 1 Image: Figure 1	
9	Disconnect the connector for the four way valve coil [S80].		
10	Disconnect the connector for the thermistors [S90].	(R0257)	
		(R0258)	

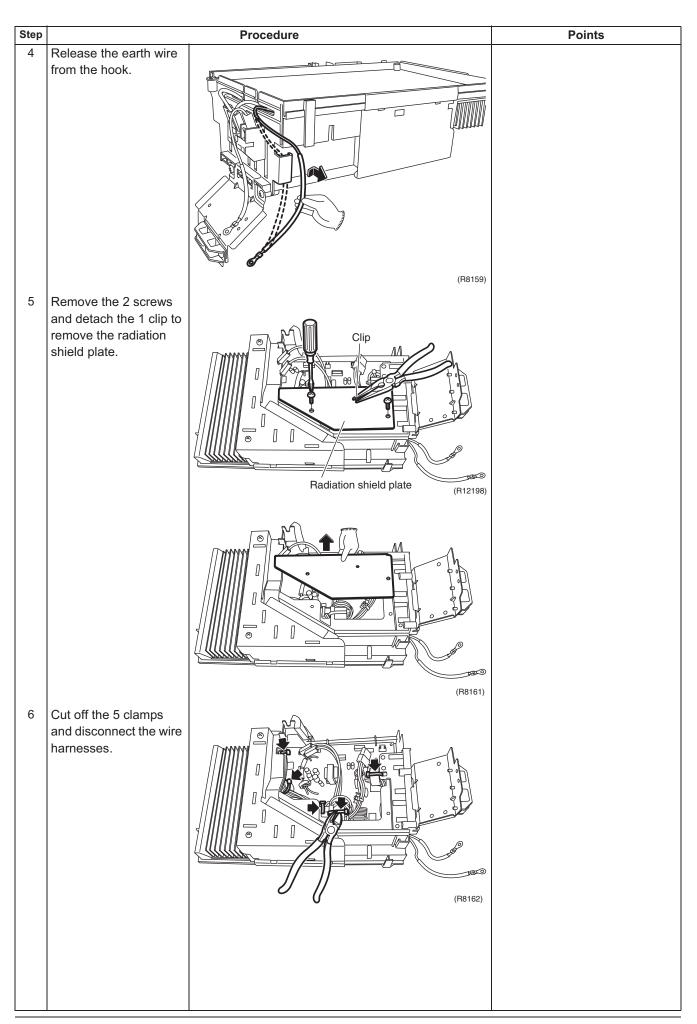


Step		Procedure	Points
15	Remove the screw in		
	front of the electrical box.		
		(B0263)	
16	Lift and remove the electrical box.		
		(R0264)	

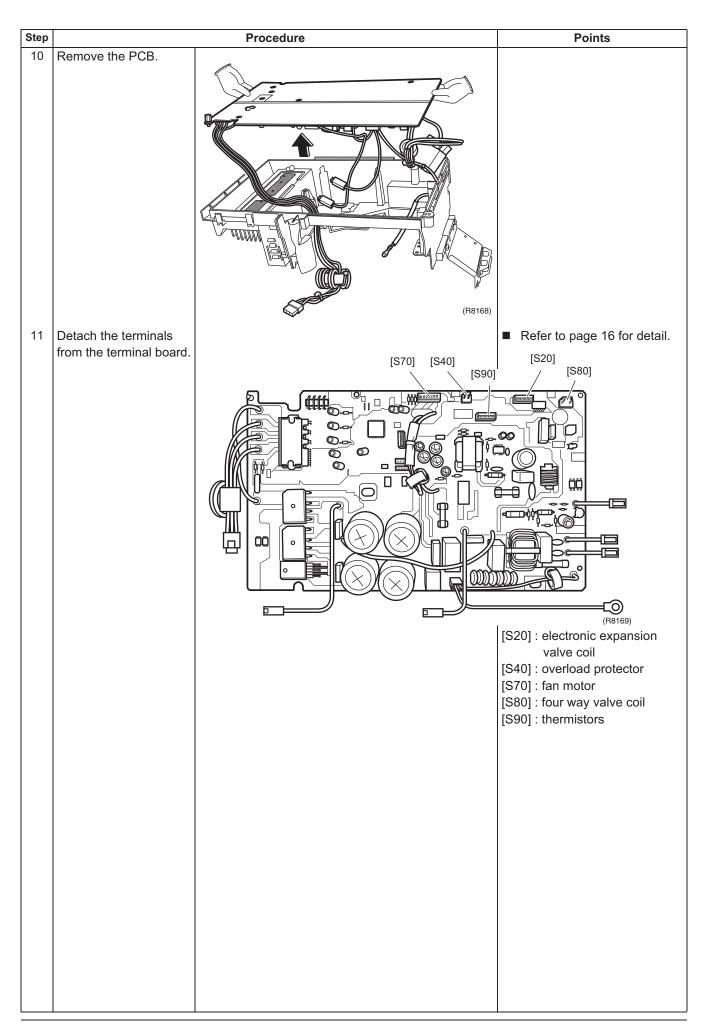
4.3 Removal of PCB

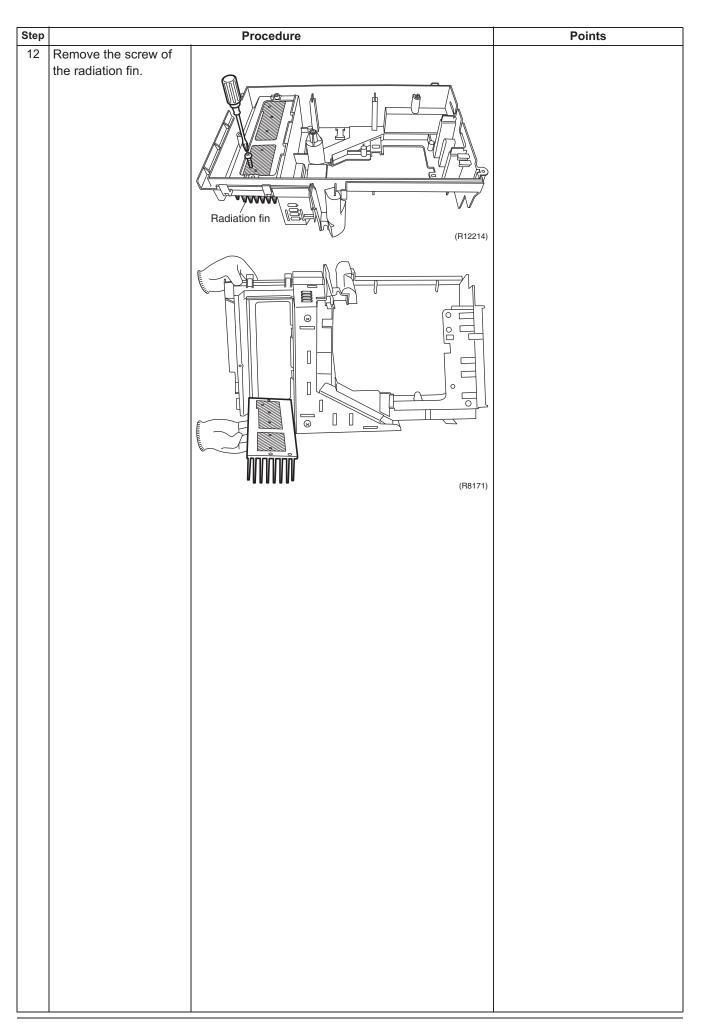
Procedure





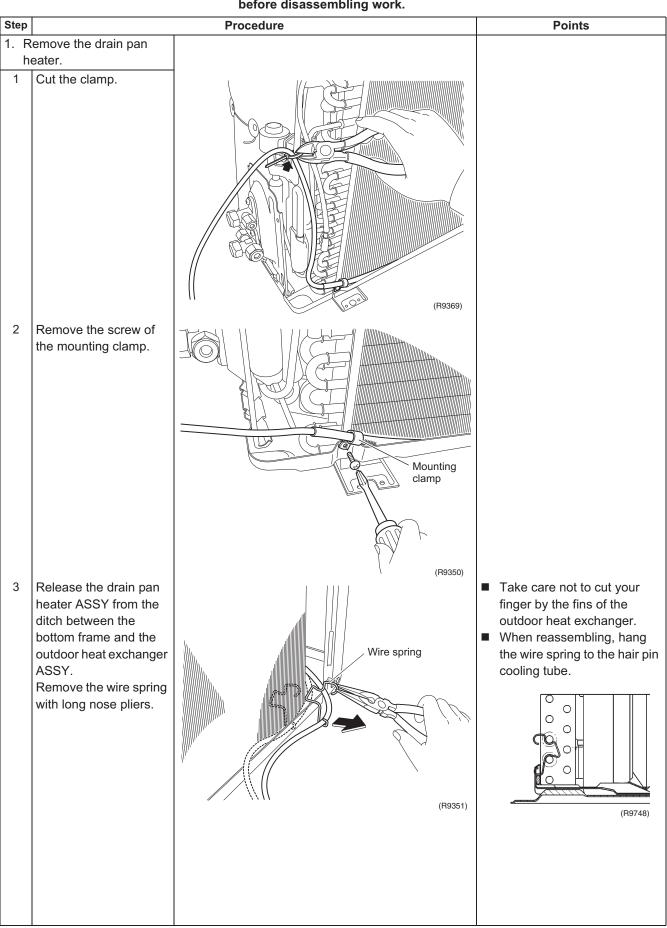
Step		Procedure	Points
7	Remove the 8 screws in total to remove the PCB.	Procedure	Points
8	Lift up the back side slightly and unfasten the hooks of the front.		 When reassembling, make sure that the hooks of the electrical box are placed on the PCB.
9	Lift up the PCB.	Hooks (R8166)	
		(R8167)	





4.4 Removal of Drain Pan Heater

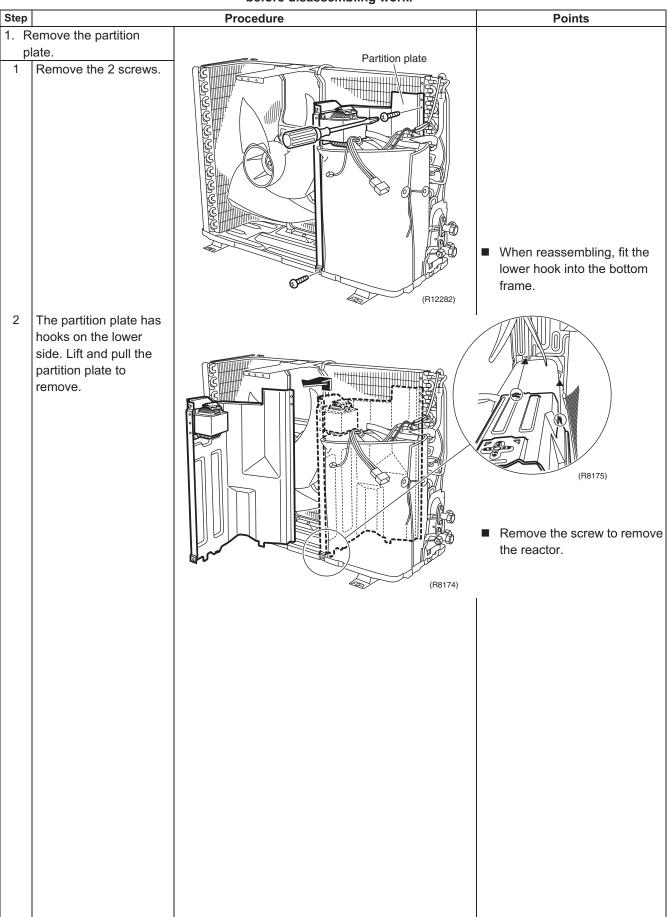
Procedure

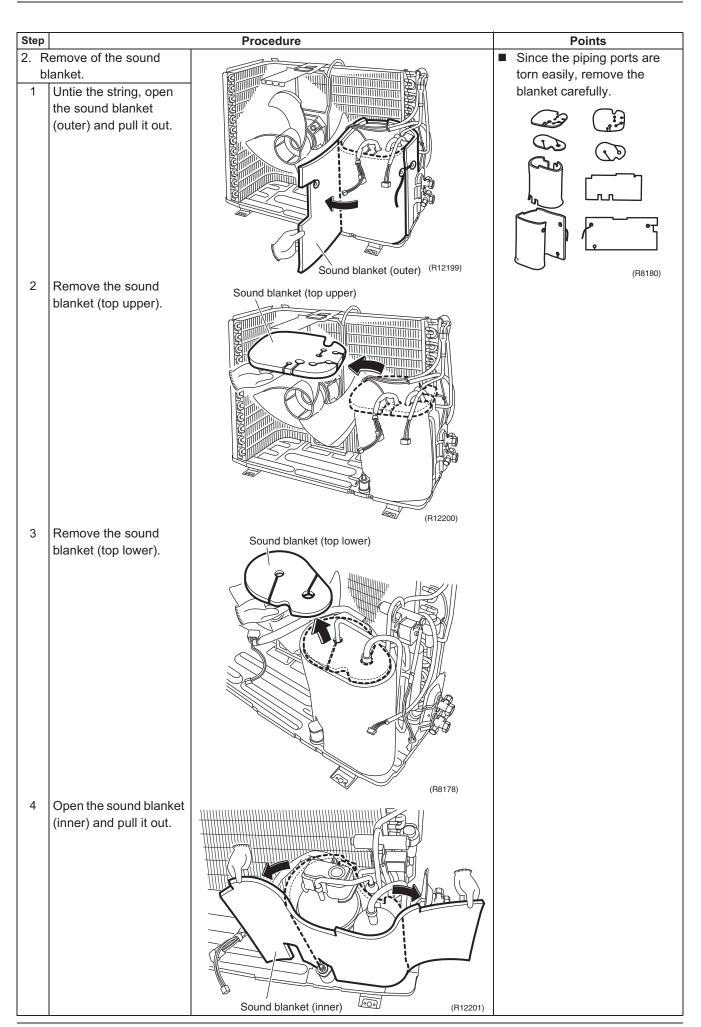


Step		Procedure	Points
4	Cut the clamp.	(R9352)	
5	Remove the 3 screws and remove the left side panel.	Left side panel Image: Constrained state Image: Constate Image: Constate </td <td></td>	
6	The fuses are inside the drain pan heater.	(R12307)	
		(R9355)	

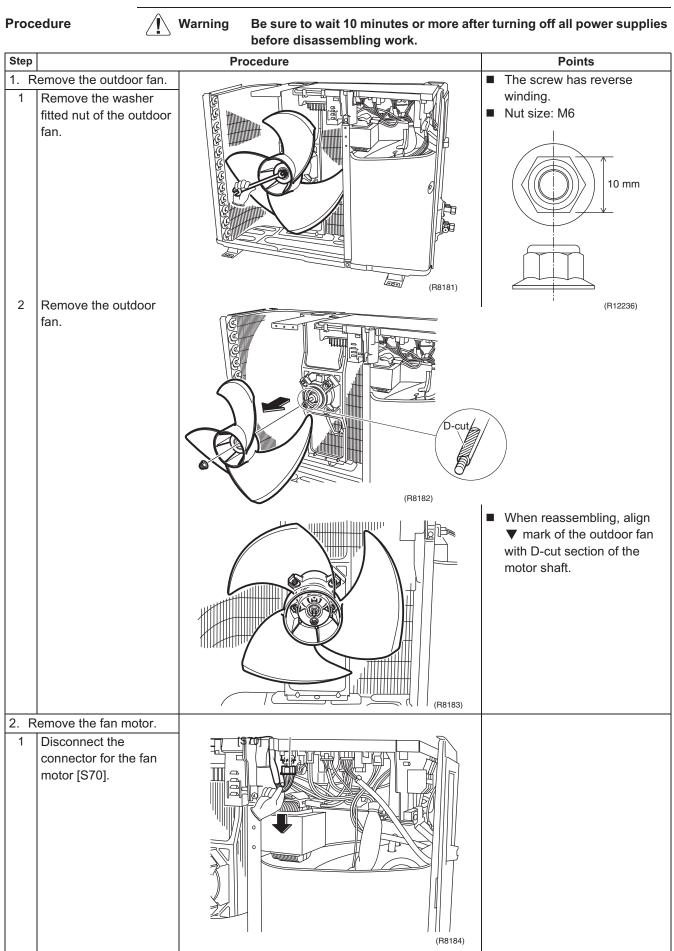
4.5 Removal of Sound Blanket

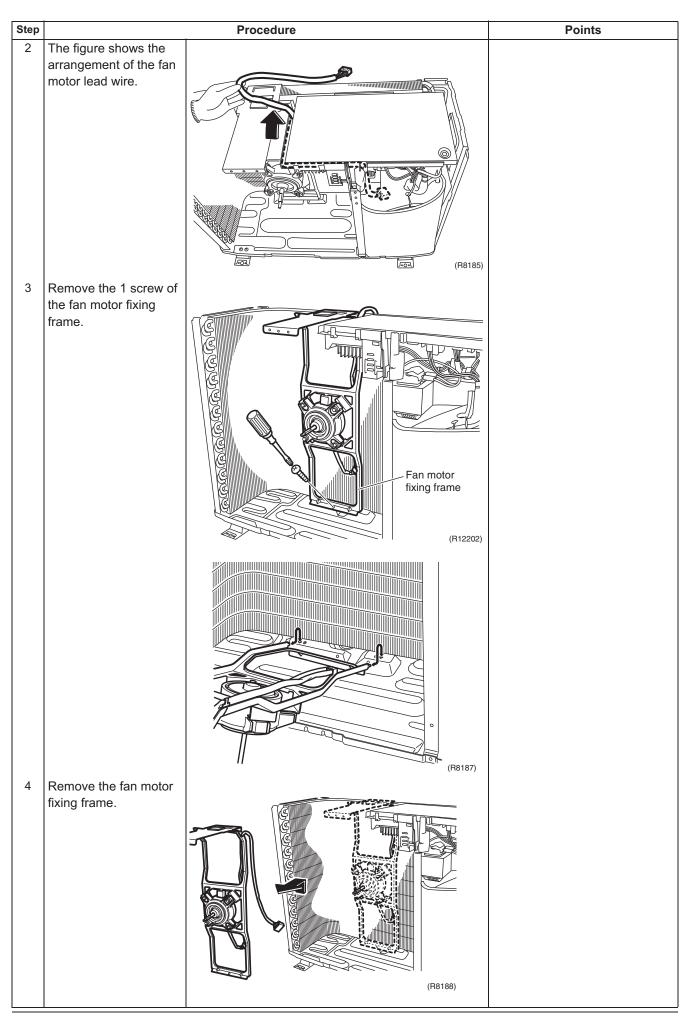
Procedure

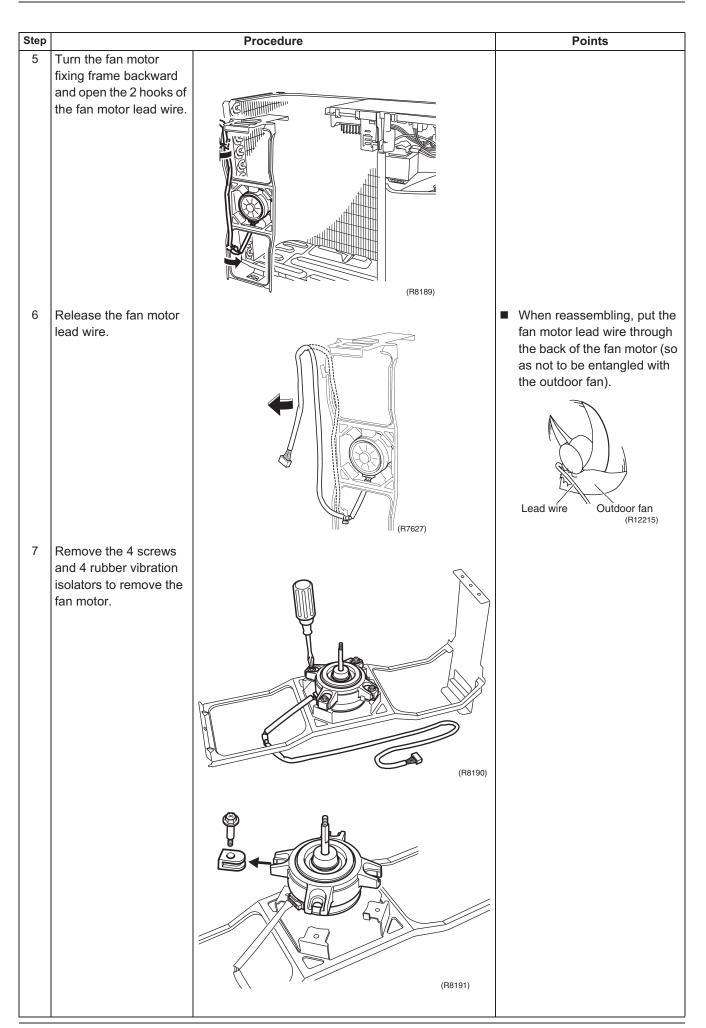




4.6 Removal of Outdoor Fan / Fan Motor







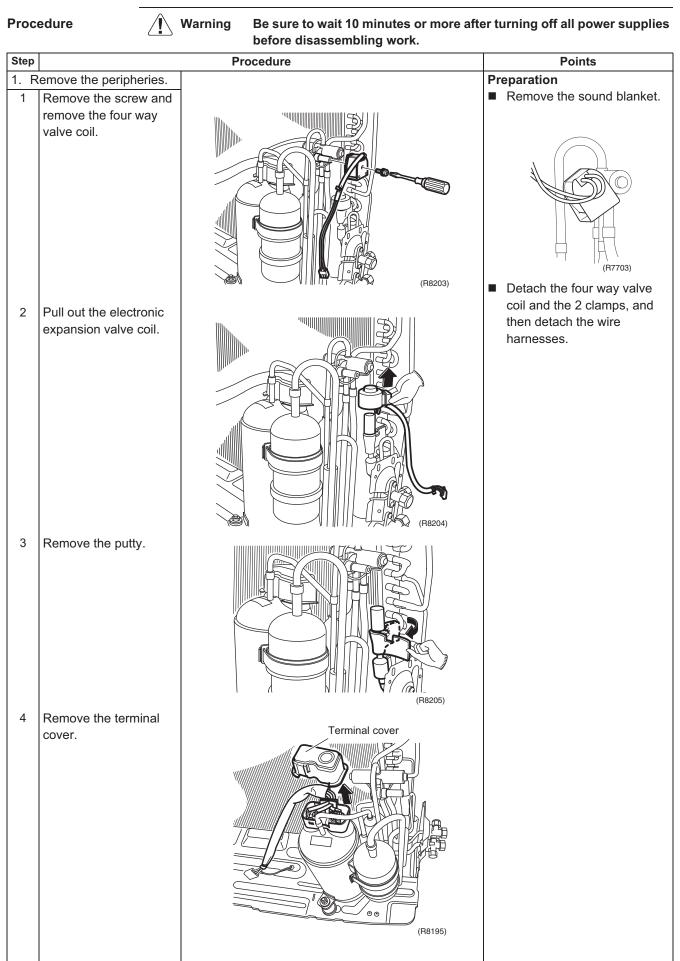
(R12279)

4.7 **Removal of Thermistors**

Procedure Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work. Step Procedure Points Be careful not to lose the clip Release the discharge 1 pipe thermistor. for the thermistor. Discharge pipe thermistor Clip • (R8192) Cut the clamp and pull 2 out the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor. Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor (R8193) 3 The thermistors for outdoor temperature / discharge pipe / outdoor heat exchanger are united as one assembly. 4 The figure shows the arrangement of the thermistors.

(R8194)

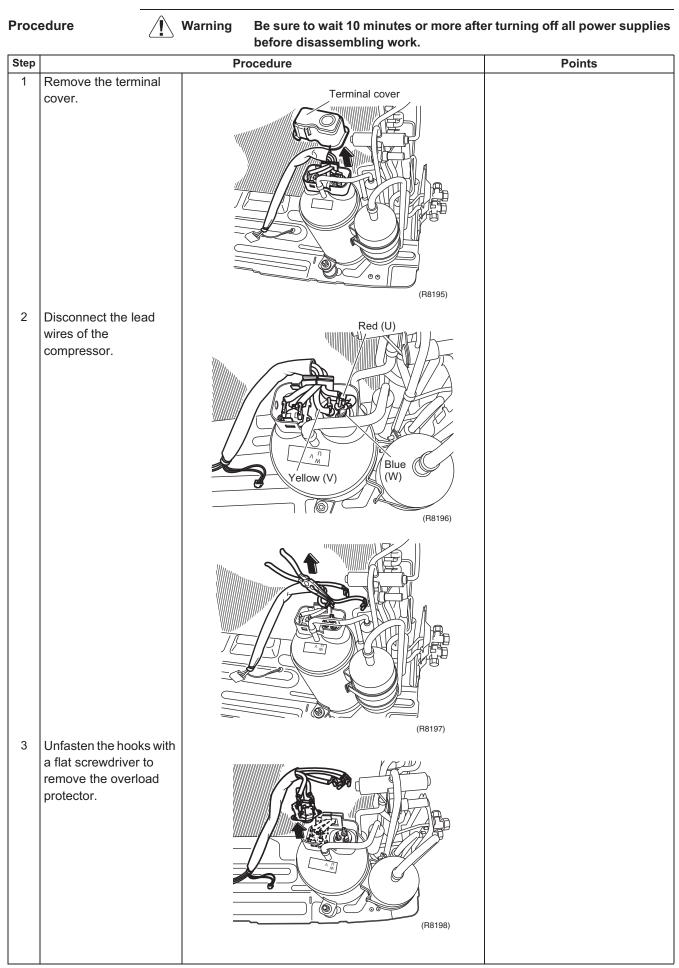
4.8 Removal of Four Way Valve / Electronic Expansion Valve



Step		Procedure	Points
SI 93 ■ B re bi p3 2. R v3	efore working, make ure that the refrigerant as is empty in the circuit. e sure to apply nitrogen eplacement when eating up the brazed art. emove the four way alve and electronic xpansion valve. Heat up the 2 brazed		Warning Be careful not to get yourself burnt with the pipes and other parts that are heated by the gas brazing machine. Warning If the refrigerant gas leaks during work, ventilate the room. (If the refrigerant gas is
	parts of the electronic expansion valve and remove it.		exposed to flames, toxic gas may be generated.) Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, do not discharge the refrigerant gas in the atmosphere. Make sure to collect all the refrigerant gas.
2	Heat up the brazed parts of the four way valve.		 Cautions for restoration Restore the piping by non-oxidation brazing. It is required to prevent the carbonization of the oil inside the four way valve and the deterioration of the gaskets affected by heat. (Keep below 120°C.) For the sake of this, wrap the four way valve with wet cloth and provide water so that the cloth does not dry.
3	Pull the pipe with pliers and disconnect.	Image: Constraint of the constraint	 In case of difficulty with gas brazing machine 1. Disconnect the brazed part where is easy to disconnect and restore. 2. Cut pipes on the main unit with a tube cutter in order to make it easy to disconnect.

Step	Procedure	Points
Step	Procedure	Points Note: Do not use a metal saw for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit. When withdrawing the pipes, be careful not to pinch them firmly with pliers. The pipes may get deformed. Provide a protective sheet or a steel plate so that the brazing flame cannot influence peripheries.

4.9 Removal of Compressor

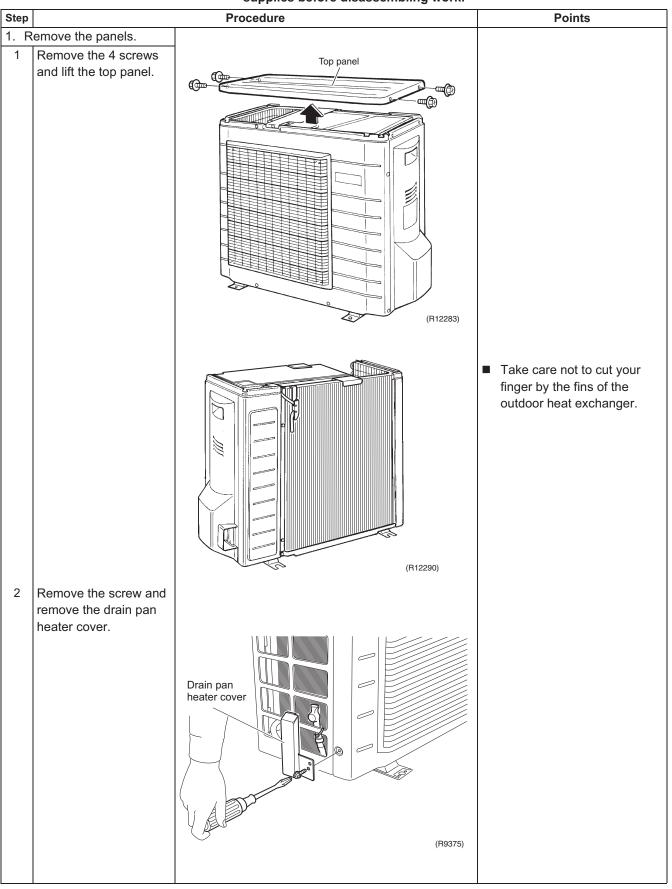


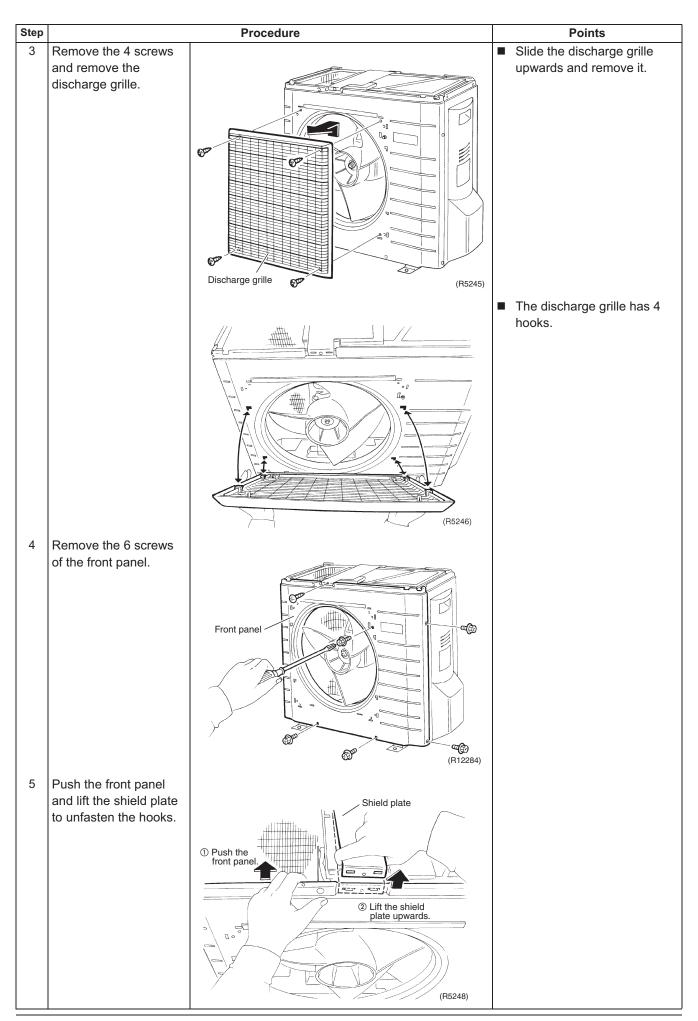
Step		Procedure	Points
4	Remove the protection	Drataging bucking	
5	bushing. Remove the 2 nuts of the compressor.	Protection bushing	
			Warning
sı ga ∎ B	efore working, make ure that the refrigerant as is empty in the circuit. e sure to apply nitrogen		Be careful not to get yourself burnt with the pipes and other parts that are heated by the gas brazing machine.
	placement when eating up the brazed		If the refrigerant gas leaks
	art.		during work, ventilate the
6	Heat up the brazed part of the discharge side and disconnect.		room. (If the refrigerant gas is exposed to flames, toxic gas may be generated.)
7	Heat up the brazed part of the suction side and disconnect.	(R8201)	Warning Since it may happen that the refrigerant oil in the compressor catches fire, prepare wet cloth so as to extinguish fire immediately. Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, do not discharge the refrigerant gas in the atmosphere. Make
			sure to collect all the refrigerant gas.

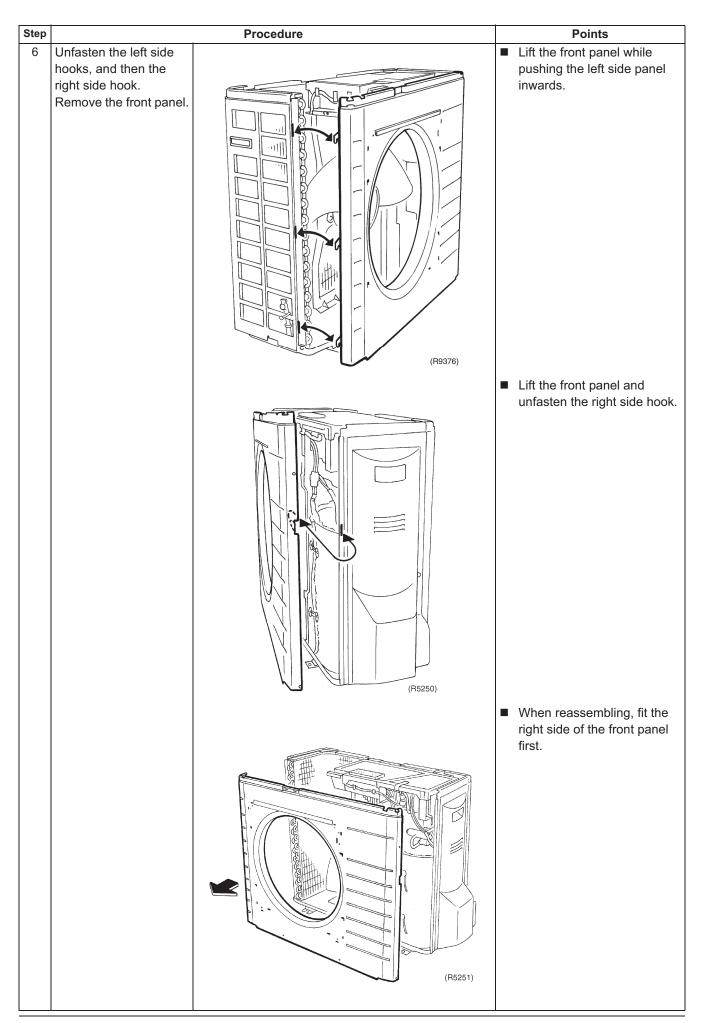
Step		Procedure	Points
8	Lift the compressor up to remove.	Trocare	 Cautions for restoration Restore the piping by non-oxidation brazing. It is required to prevent the carbonization of the oil inside the four way valve and the deterioration of the gaskets affected by heat. (Keep below 120°C.) For the sake of this, wrap the four way valve with wet cloth and provide water so that the cloth does not dry. In case of difficulty with gas brazing machine Disconnect the brazed part where is easy to disconnect and restore. Cut pipes on the main unit with a tube cutter in order to make it easy to disconnect.
			 Do not doo a motal out for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit. When withdrawing the pipes, be careful not to pinch them firmly with pliers. The pipes may get deformed. Provide a protective sheet or a steel plate so that the brazing flame cannot influence peripheries. Be careful so as not to burn the compressor terminals, the name plate, the heat exchanger fin.

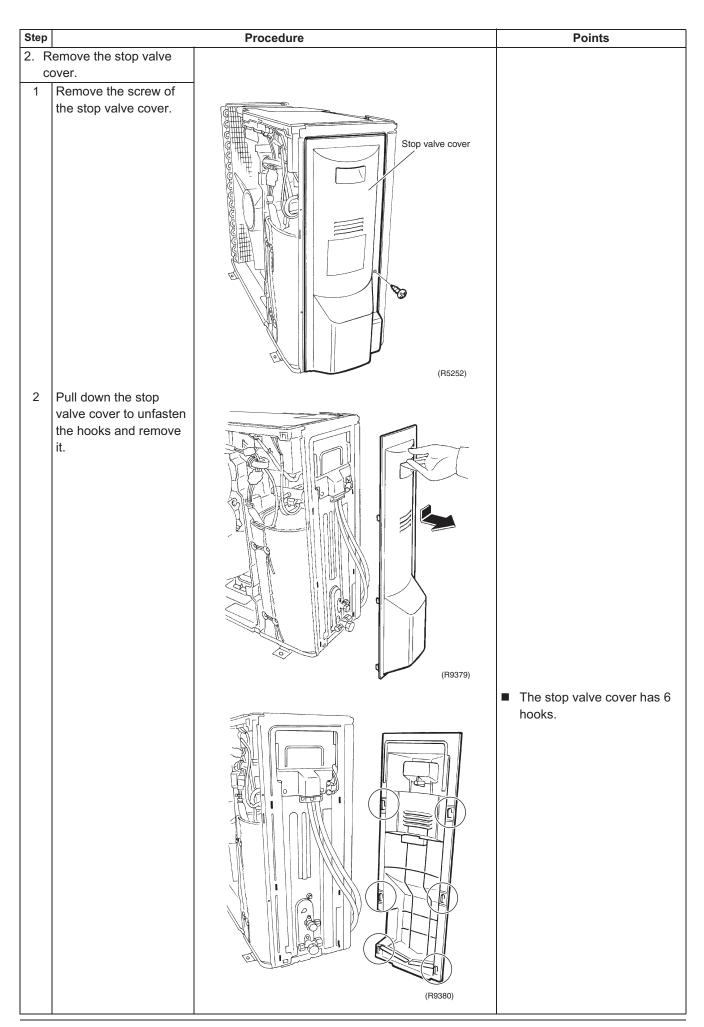
5. Outdoor Unit - RXL35G2V1B 5.1 Removal of Outer Panels

Procedure



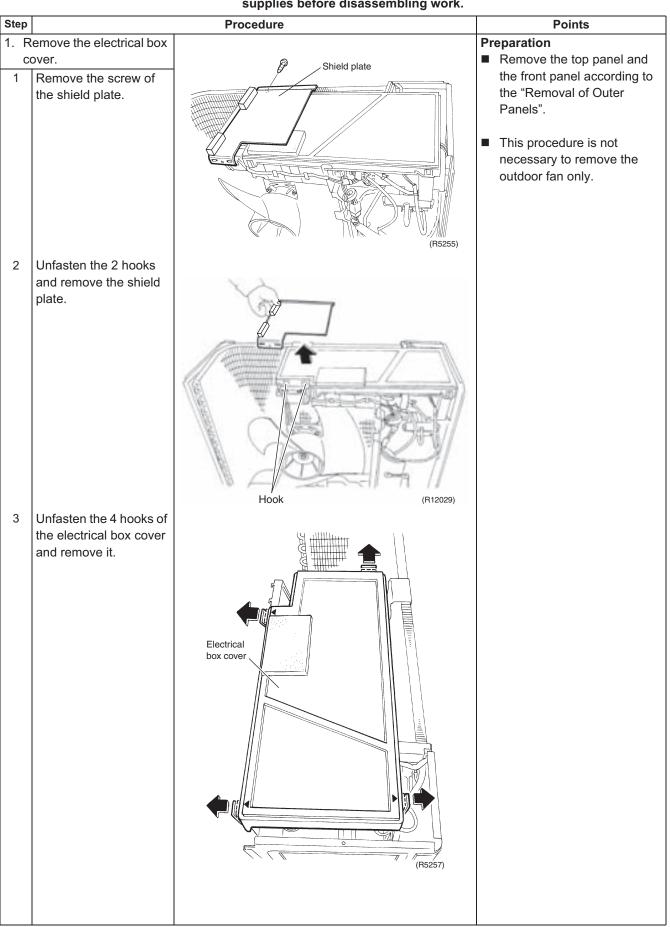




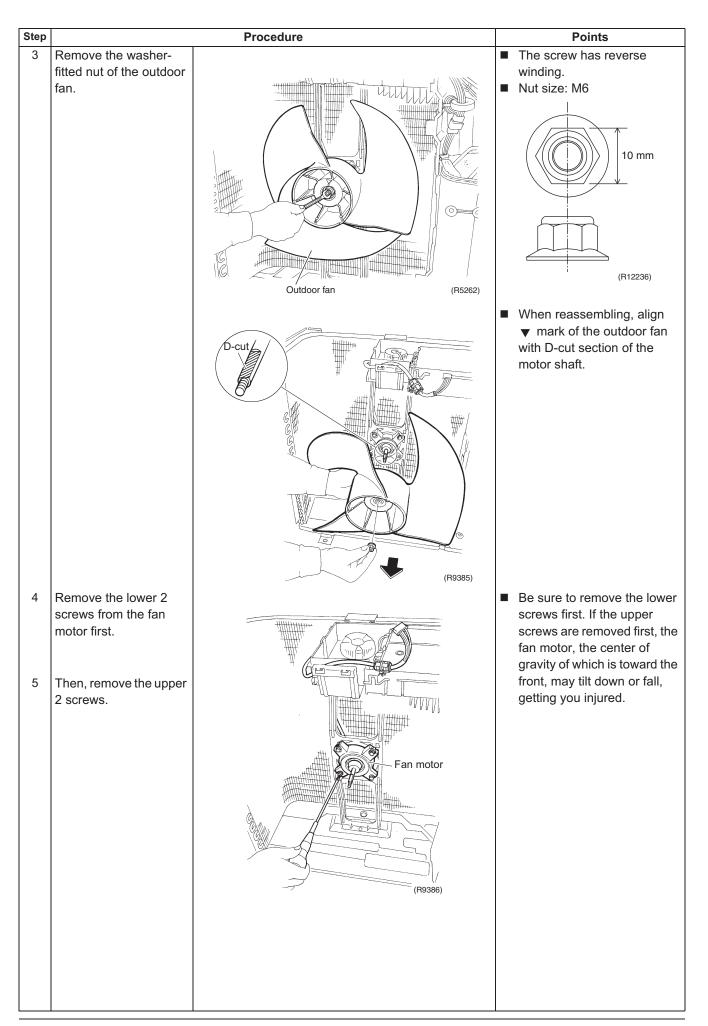


5.2 Removal of Outdoor Fan / Fan Motor

Procedure



Step		Procedure	Points
<u> </u>	emove the fan motor.		
1	Detach the clamp and disconnect the connector for the fan motor [S70].		
2	Release the fan motor lead wire from the 7 hooks.	Image: Constraint of the second se	

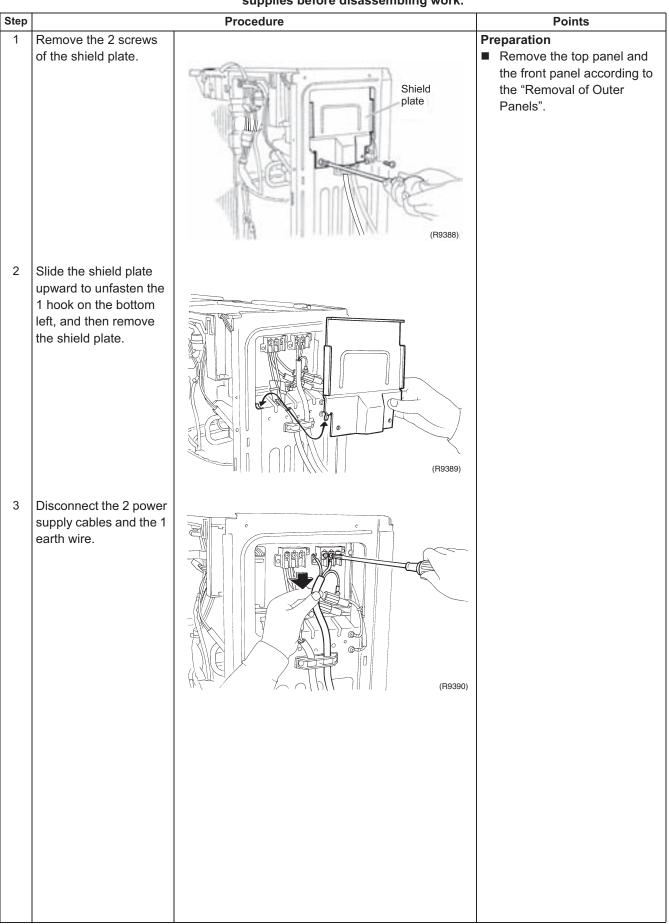


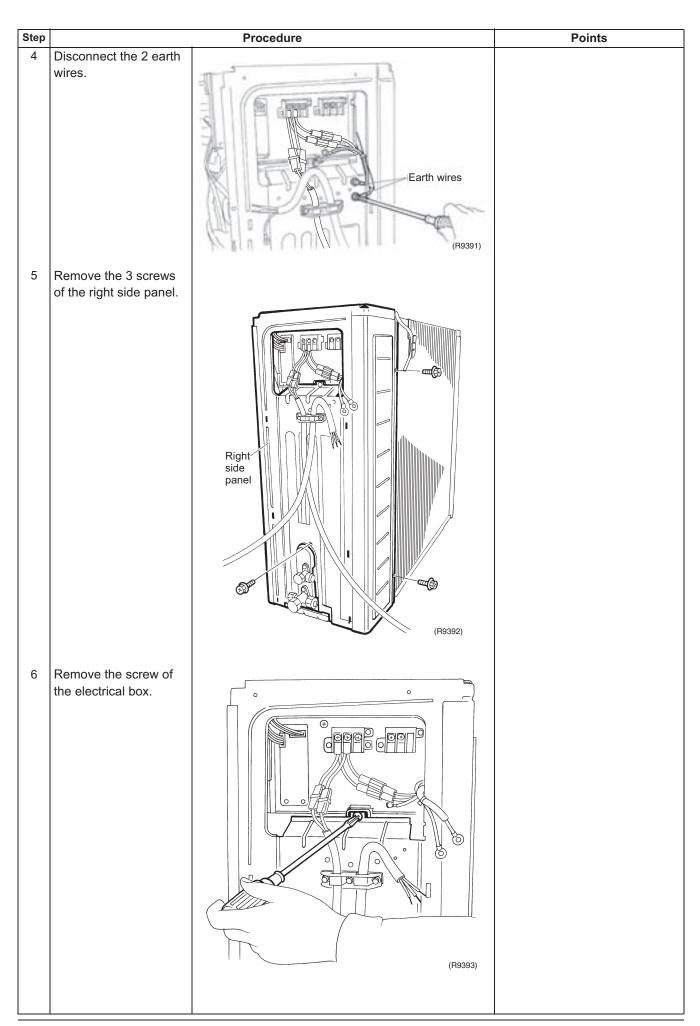
Step		Procedure	Points
6	Release the fan motor lead wire from the 2 hooks and pull the fan motor out.		When reassembling, put the fan motor lead wire through the back of the fan motor (so as not to be entangled with the outdoor fan).
			the outdoor fan).

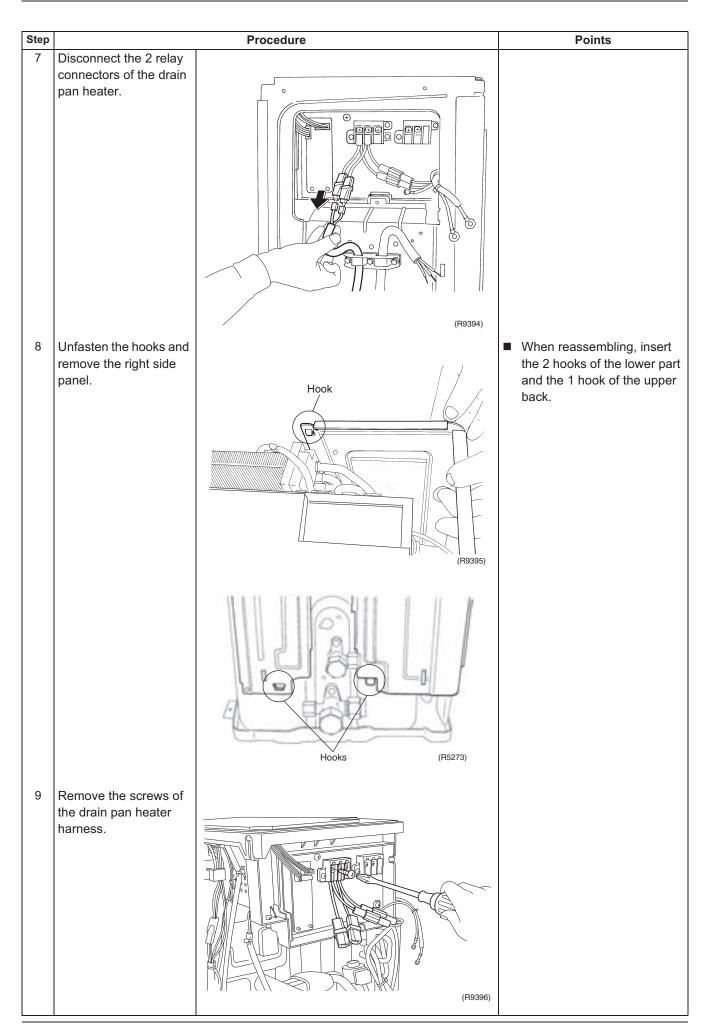
5.3 Removal of Electrical Box

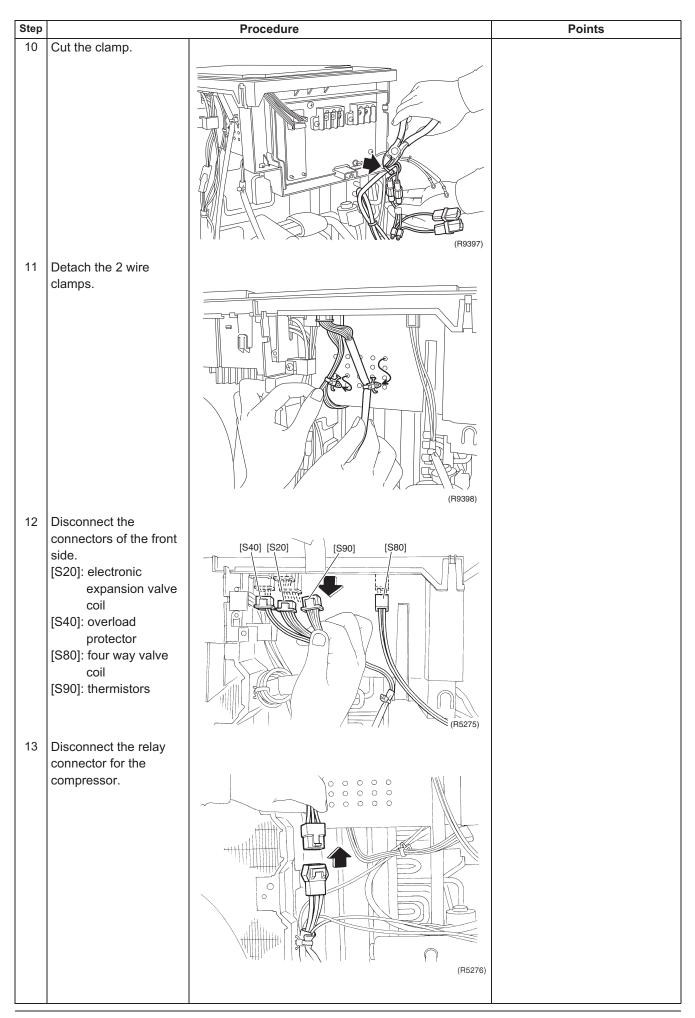
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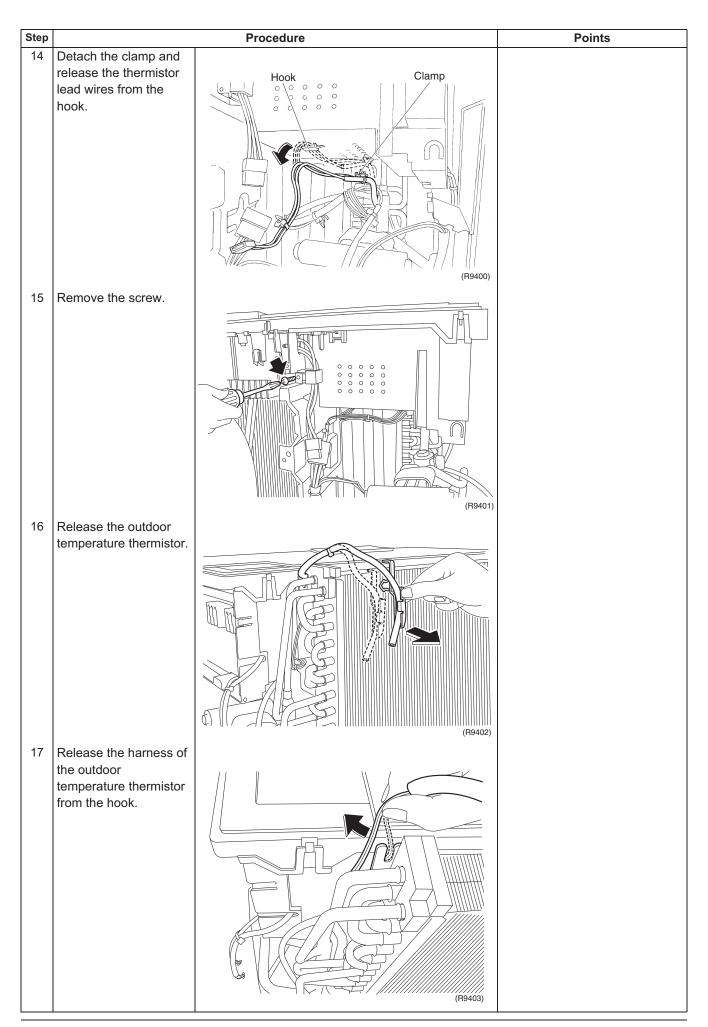
Procedure

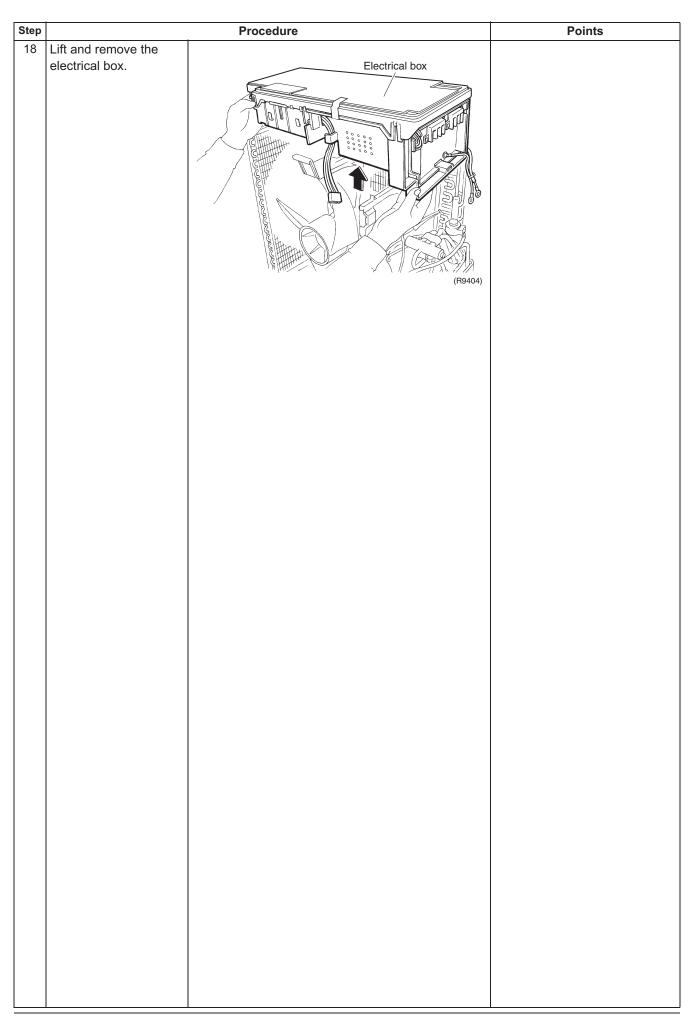








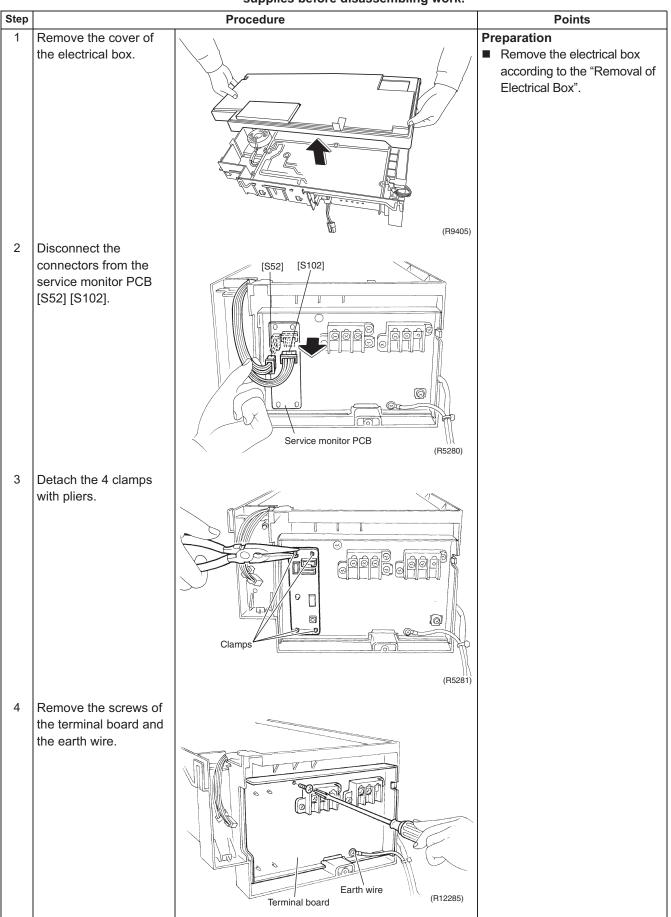




5.4 Removal of PCB



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

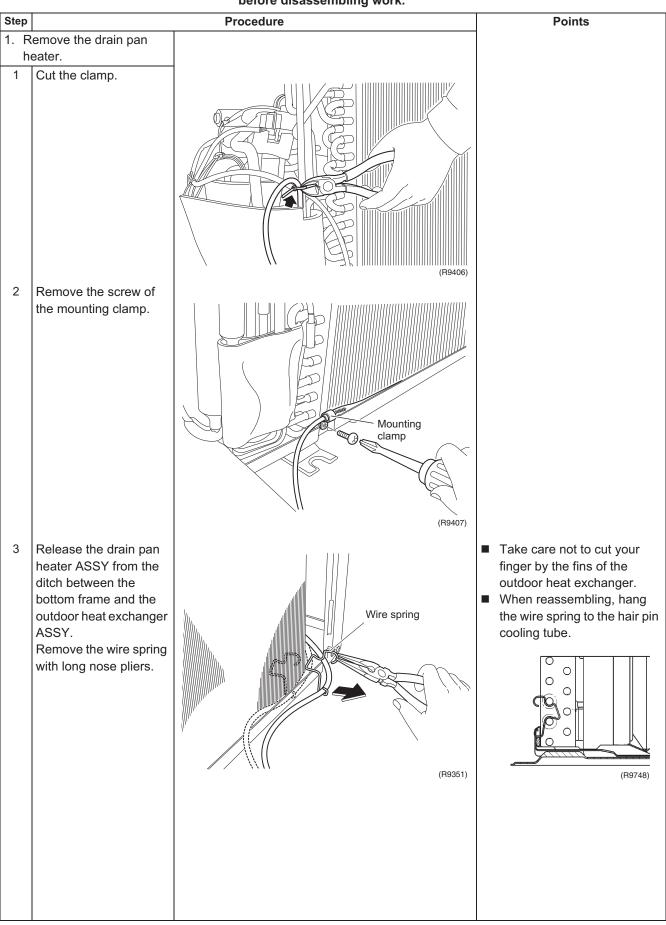


Step		Points	
5	Unfasten the hook on		
6	the right.		
0	Open the terminal board.		
7	Disconnect the harnesses.		1: Black 2: White
0			3: Red L1: Black L2: Brown N1: White N2: Blue
8	Disconnect the 2 connectors for the reactor [HR1] [HR2].	(R11473)	

Step		Procedure	Points
9	Remove the 3 screws		
	of the main PCB.	Main PCB Main PCB	
10	Unfasten the 4 hooks.		
		Hooks (R5288)	
11	Lift up and remove the		Refer to page 18 for detail.
	main PCB.	Nain PCB Output Output	

5.5 Removal of Drain Pan Heater

Procedure

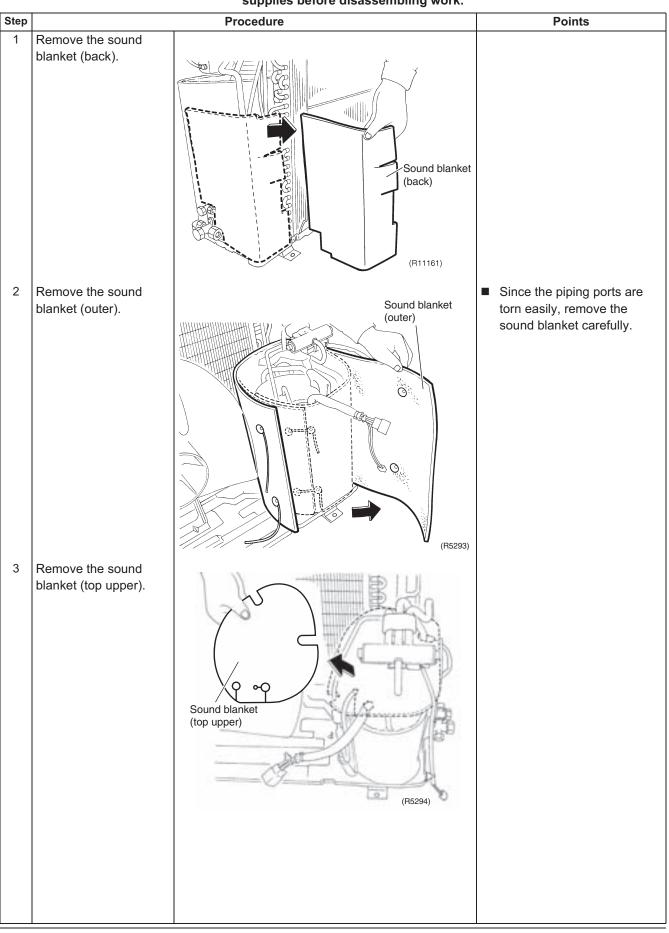


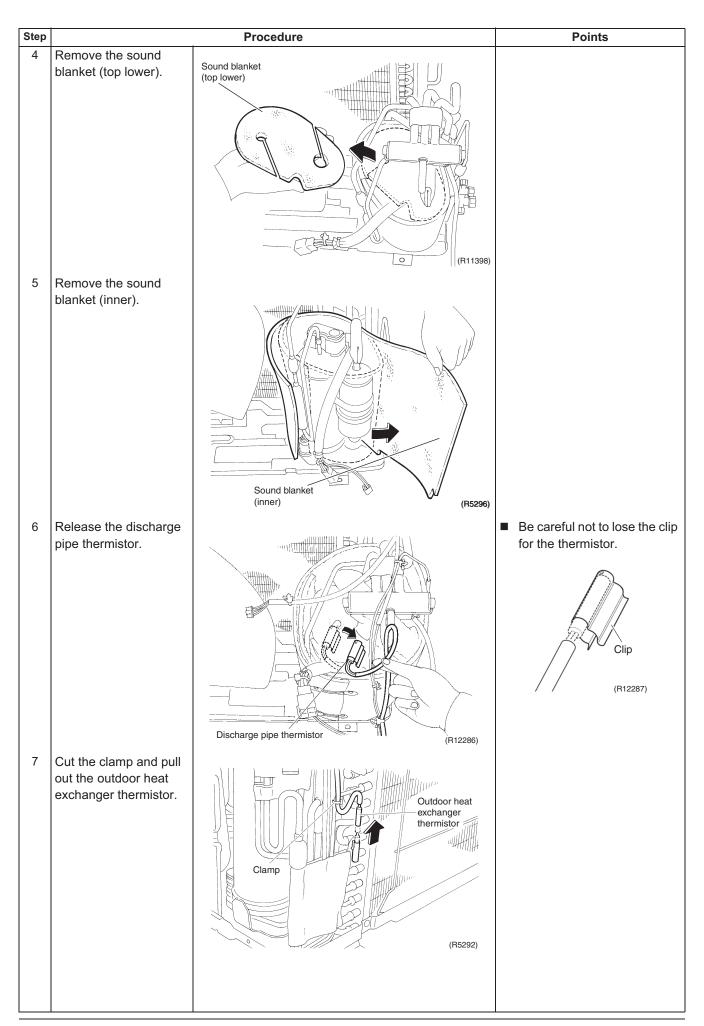
Step		Procedure	Points
4	Cut the clamp.	(R9352)	
5	Remove the 3 screws and remove the left side panel.	Left side panel	
6	The fuses are inside the drain pan heater.		

5.6 Removal of Sound Blanket / Thermistors

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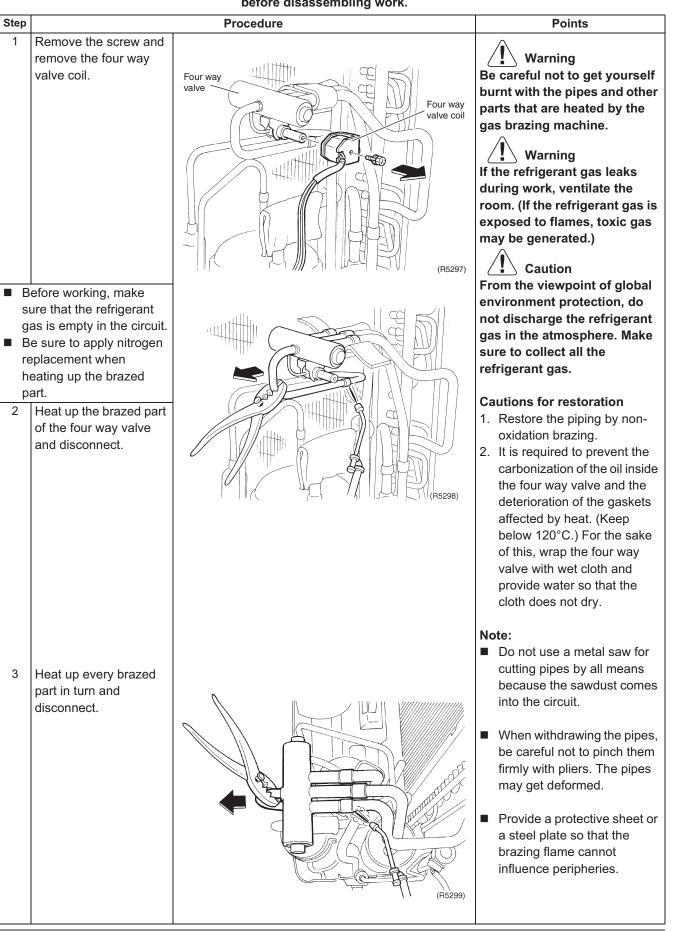
Procedure





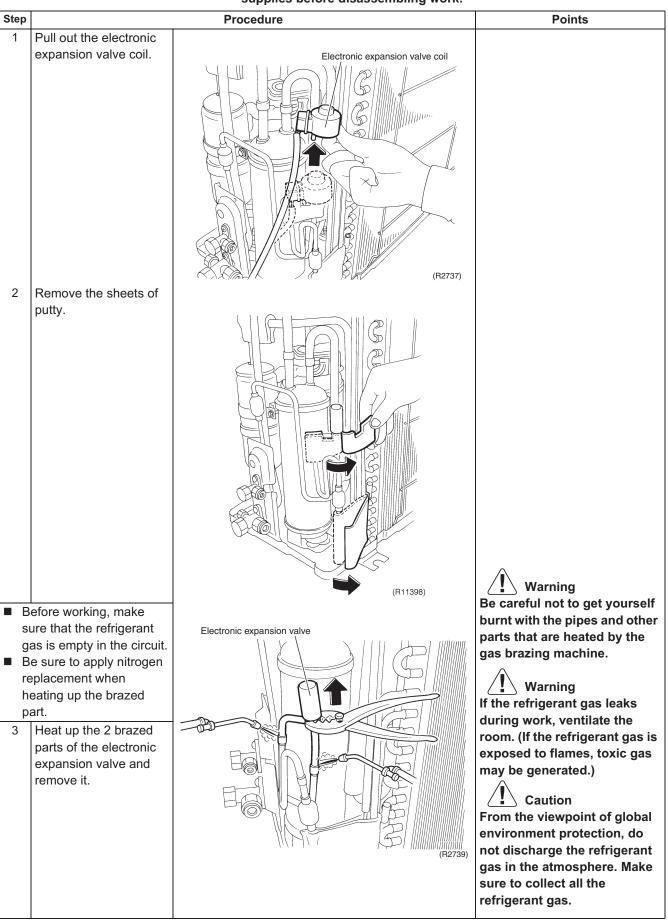
5.7 Removal of Four Way Valve

Procedure



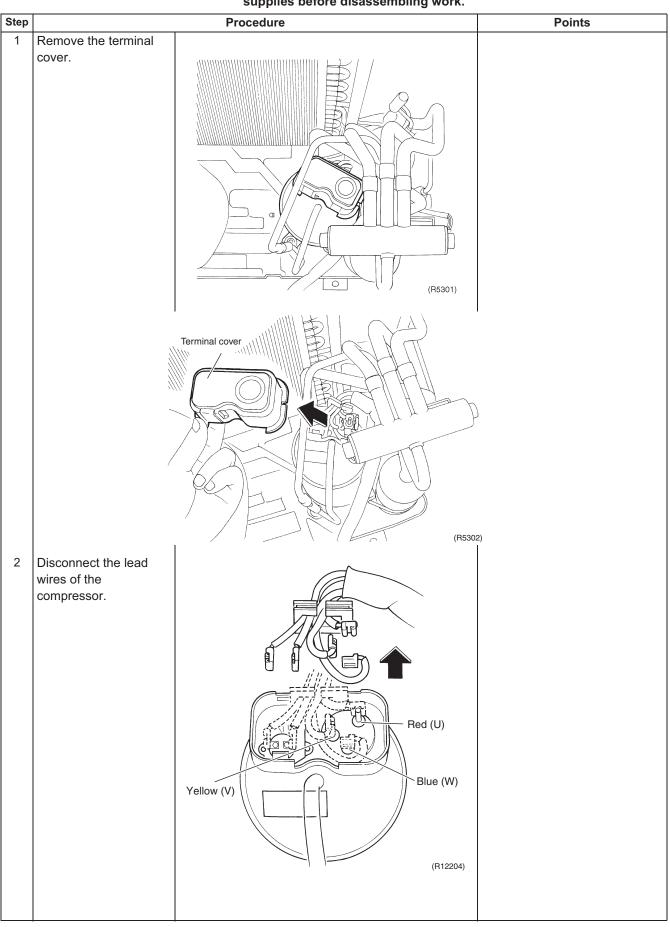
5.8 Removal of Electronic Expansion Valve

Procedure



5.9 Removal of Compressor

Procedure



Step		Points	
3	Release the clamp with pliers to detach the		
	compressor lead wires.	(R5304)	
4	Remove the putty.		
		(F5305)	
	efore working, make ure that the refrigerant		
ga ■ B re	as is empty in the circuit. e sure to apply nitrogen eplacement when eating up the brazed art. Heat up the brazed parts indicated by the		Warning Be careful not to get yourself burnt with the pipes and other parts that are heated by the gas brazing machine. Warning
	arrows.		If the refrigerant gas leaks during work, ventilate the room. (If the refrigerant gas is exposed to flames, toxic gas may be generated.)
			Warning Since it may happen that the refrigerant oil in the compressor catches fire, prepare wet cloth so as to extinguish fire immediately.
		(H3306)	Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, do not discharge the refrigerant gas in the atmosphere. Make sure to collect all the refrigerant gas.

Step		Procedure	Points
6	Remove the 2 nuts of the compressor.		 Cautions for restoration 1. Restore the piping by non- oxidation brazing. 2. It is required to prevent the carbonization of the oil inside the four way valve and the deterioration of the gaskets affected by heat. (Keep below 120°C.) For the sake of this, wrap the four way valve with wet cloth and provide water so that the cloth does not dry. In case of difficulty with gas brazing machine 1. Disconnect the brazed part where is easy to disconnect and restore.
7	Heat up the brazed part of the discharge side and disconnect.	(R10257)	 2. Cut pipes on the main unit with a tube cutter in order to make it easy to disconnect. Note: Do not use a metal saw for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit. When withdrawing the pipes, be careful not to pinch them firmly with pliers. The pipes may get deformed.
8	Heat up the brazed part of the suction side and disconnect.		 Provide a protective sheet or a steel plate so that the brazing flame cannot influence peripheries. Be careful so as not to burn the compressor terminals, the name plate, the heat exchanger fin.
9	Lift the compressor up and remove it.	(R5309)	

Part 8 Trial Operation and Field Settings

1.	Trial Operation	.267
	Field Settings	
	2.1 When 2 Units are Installed in 1 Room	268
	2.2 Standby Electricity Saving	269
	2.3 Jumper and Switch Settings	270
3.	Application of Silicon Grease to a Power Transistor and a Diode Bridge	.271

1. Trial Operation

Outline

Detail

- 1. Measure the supply voltage and make sure that it falls in the specified range.
- 2. Trial operation should be carried out in either cooling or heating mode.
- 3. Carry out the trial operation in accordance with the operation manual to ensure that all functions and parts, such as louver movement, are working properly.
- The air conditioner requires a small amount of power in its standby mode. If the system is not to be used for some time after installation, shut off the circuit breaker to eliminate unnecessary power consumption.
- If the circuit breaker trips to shut off the power to the air conditioner, the system backs up the operation mode. The system then restarts operation with the previous mode when the circuit breaker is restored.

In cooling mode, select the lowest programmable temperature; in heating mode, select the highest programmable temperature.

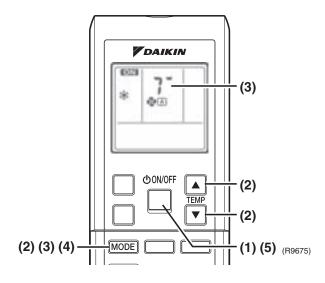
- Trial operation may be disabled in either mode depending on the room temperature.
- After trial operation is complete, set the temperature to a normal level. (26°C to 28°C in cooling mode, 20°C to 24°C in heating mode)
- For protection, the system does not start for 3 minutes after it is turned off.

ARC452 Series

- (1) Press the ON / OFF button to turn on the system.
- (2) Press the both of TEMP buttons and the MODE button at the same time.
- (3) Press the MODE button twice.

("T" appears on the display to indicate that trial operation is selected.)

- (4) Press the MODE button and select operation mode.
- (5) Trial operation terminates in approx. 30 minutes and switches into normal mode. To quit a trial operation, press the ON / OFF button.



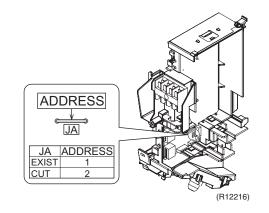
2. Field Settings2.1 When 2 Units are Installed in 1 Room

When 2 indoor units are installed in 1 room, 1 of the 2 pairs of indoor unit and infrared remote control can be set for different address.

Both the indoor unit PCB and the infrared remote control need alteration.

Indoor Unit PCB

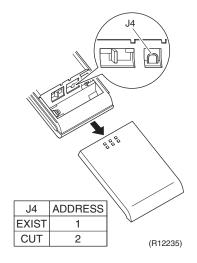
- (1) Remove the front grille. (2 screws)
- (2) Remove the electrical box. (1 screw)
- (3) Remove the shield plate. (4 hooks)
- (4) Cut the address setting jumper JA on the control PCB.



Infrared Remote Control

(1) Remove the cover and take it off.

(2) Cut the address setting jumper J4.



2.2 Standby Electricity Saving

Outline

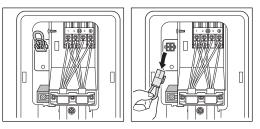
20/25 Class Only

This function turns power supply OFF to the outdoor unit and sets the indoor unit into energysaving mode, thus reducing the power consumption of the air conditioner.

Detail

For 20 class models, following procedure is required for turning ON the function.

- 1. Check that the main power supply is turned OFF. Turn OFF if it has not been turned OFF.
- 2. Remove the stop valve cover.
- 3. Disconnect the selective connector for standby electricity saving.
- 4. Turn ON the main power supply.



Function OFF

Function ON

(R11820)

The standby electricity saving function is turned OFF before shipping.



Before connecting or disconnecting the selective connector for standby electricity saving, make sure that the main power supply is turned OFF.

2.3 Jumper and Switch Settings

Jumper	Function	When connected (factory set)	When cut
JB (on indoor unit PCB)	Fan speed setting when compressor stops for thermostat OFF. (effective only at cooling operation)	Fan speed setting ; Remote control setting	Fan rpm is set to "0" <fan stop=""></fan>
JC (on indoor unit PCB)	Power failure recovery function	Auto-restart	The unit does not resume operation after recovering from a power failure. Timer ON/OFF settings are cleared.
J5 (on outdoor unit PCB of 20/25 class)	Improvement of defrost performance	Standard control	Reinforced control (ex. The frequency increases, the duration time of defrost lengthens.)

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For the location of the jumper, refer to the following pages. Indoor unit; page 9 Outdoor unit; page 12, 14, 16

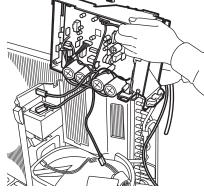
Switch	Function	OFF (factory set)	ON
SW4-C (on outdoor unit PCB of 35 class)			Reinforced control (ex. The frequency increases, the duration time of defrost lengthens.)



For the location of the switch, refer to page 18.

3. Application of Silicon Grease to a Power Transistor and a Diode Bridge

Applicable Models	All outdoor units using inverter type compressor for room air conditioner.	
	When the printed circuit board (PCB) of an outdoor unit is replaced, it is required that silicon grease (*1) is certainly applied to the heat radiation part (the contact point to the radiation fin) of the power transistor and diode bridge.	
	*1: Parts number of the silicon grease – 1172698 (Drawing number 3FB03758-1)	
Details	The silicon grease is an essential article for encouraging the heat radiation of the power transistor and the diode bridge. Applying the paste should be implemented in accordance with the following instruction. Remark: There is the possibility of failure with smoke in case of bad heat radiation.	
	Wipe off the old silicon grease completely on a radiation fin.Apply the silicon grease evenly to the whole.	
	 Do not leave any foreign object such as solder or paper waste between the power transistor and the radiation fin, and also the diode bridge, and the radiation fin. Tighten the screws of the power transistor and the diode bridge, and contact to the radiation fin without any gap. 	
<example></example>		
	Take out a PCB	





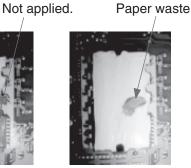
Power transistor Diode bridge (TRM, TPM, IGBT, IPM, SPM, etc.) (Diode bridge, Rectifier stack, etc.)



OK : Evenly applied silicon grease.



NG : Not evenly applied



NG : Foreign object

(R9056)

Part 9 Appendix

1.	Pipir	ng Diagrams	
		Indoor Unit	
	1.2	Outdoor Unit	274
2.	Wiring Diagrams		
		Indoor Unit	
	2.2	Outdoor Unit	276

HEAT EXCHANGER

ک

REFRIGERANT FLOW

(M)

9.5CuT

1. Piping Diagrams **Indoor Unit** 1.1 FTXL20/25G2V1B

1l;

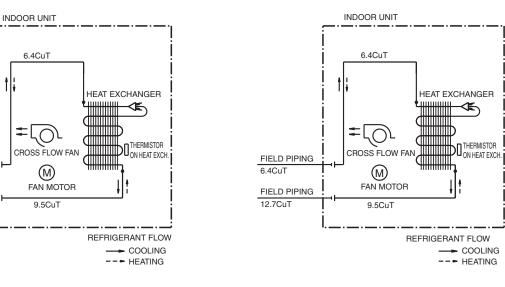
FIELD PIPING

FIELD PIPING

6.4CuT

9.5CuT

FTXL35G2V1B



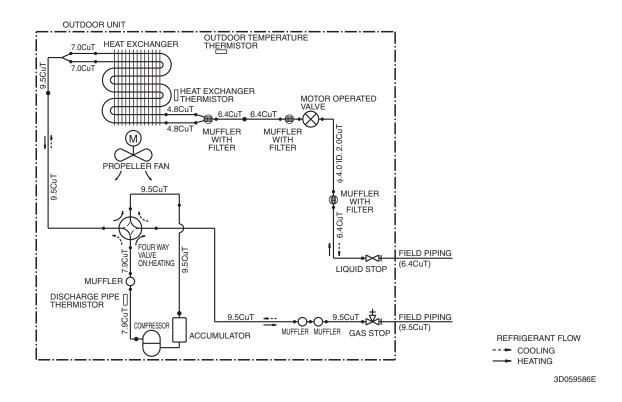


4D058897C

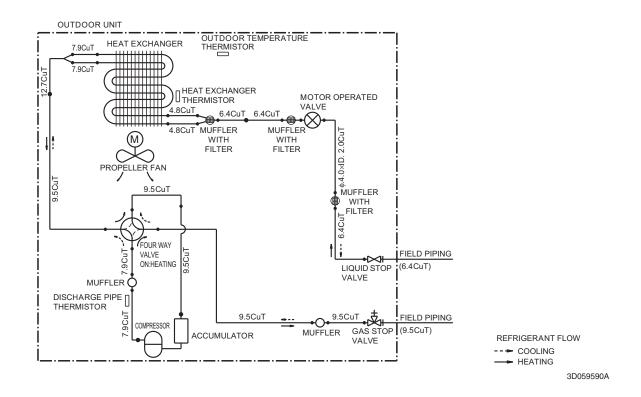
Appendix

1.2 Outdoor Unit

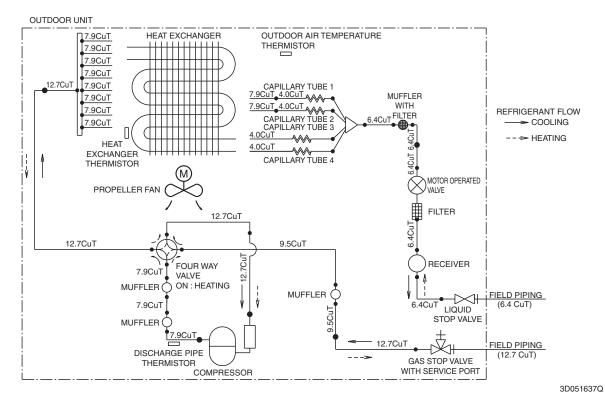
RXL20G2V1B, RXL20G2V1B9



RXL25G2V1B

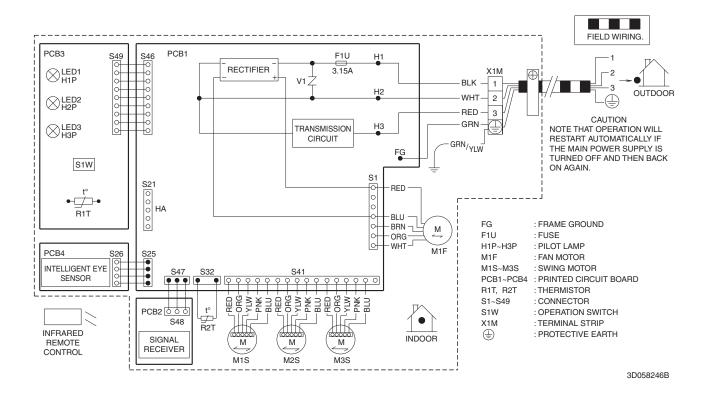


RXL35G2V1B



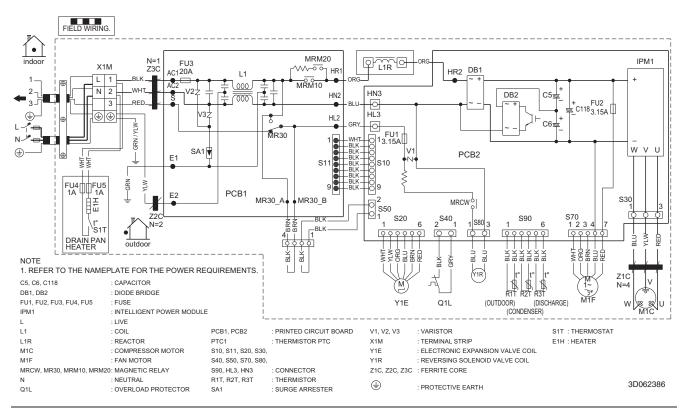
2. Wiring Diagrams2.1 Indoor Unit

FTXL20/25/35G2V1B

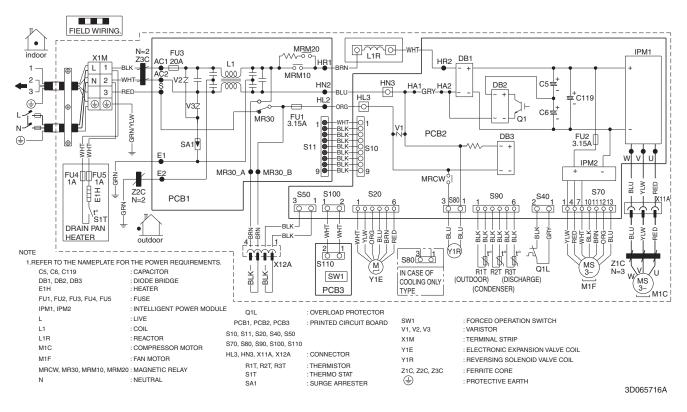


2.2 Outdoor Unit

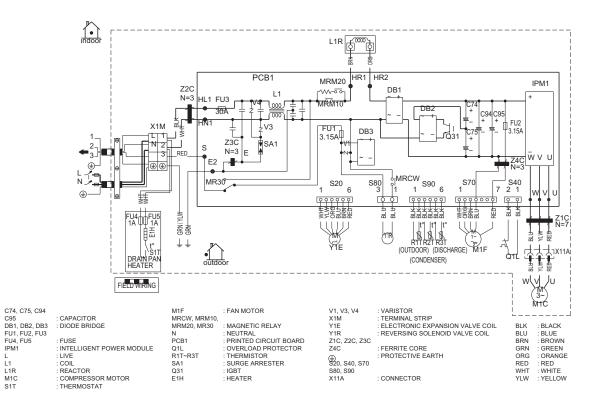
RXL20G2V1B



RXL20G2V1B9

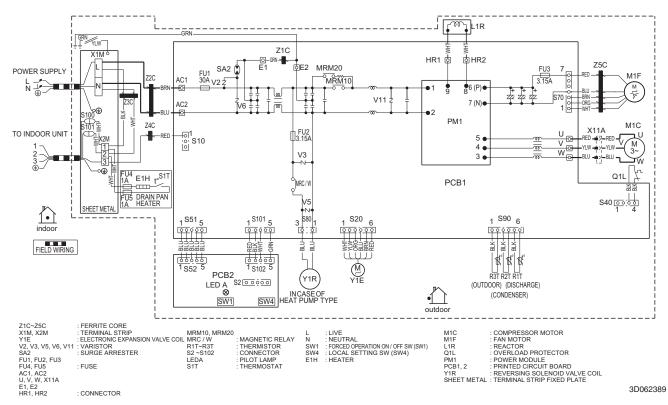


RXL25G2V1B



3D062388

RXL35G2V1B





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