

Service Manual

Inverter Pair Wall Mounted Type J-Series



[Applied Models]

- Inverter Pair : Cooling Only
- Inverter Pair : Heat Pump

Inverter Pair Wall Mounted Type J-Series

●Cooling Only

Indoor Unit

FTXS20J2V1B
FTXS25J2V1B
FTXS35J2V1B
FTXS42J2V1B
FTXS50J2V1B

Outdoor Unit

RKS20J2V1B
RKS25J2V1B
RKS35J2V1B
RKS42J2V1B
RKS50J2V1B

●Heat Pump

Indoor Unit

FTXS20J2V1B
FTXS25J2V1B
FTXS35J2V1B
FTXS42J2V1B
FTXS50J2V1B

Outdoor Unit

RXS20J2V1B
RXS25J2V1B
RXS35J2V1B
RXS42J2V1B
RXS50J2V1B

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
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1. Introduction




1.1 Safety Cautions









Cautions and Warnings

- Be sure to read the following safety cautions before conducting repair work.
- The caution items are classified into “ **Warning**” and “ **Caution**”. The “ **Warning**” items are especially important since they can lead to death or serious injury if they are not followed closely. The “ **Caution**” items can also lead to serious accidents under some conditions if they are not followed. Therefore, be sure to observe all the safety caution items described below.
- About the pictograms
 - △ This symbol indicates the item for which caution must be exercised.
The pictogram shows the item to which attention must be paid.
 - This symbol indicates the prohibited action.
The prohibited item or action is shown in the illustration or near the symbol.
 - This symbol indicates the action that must be taken, or the instruction.
The instruction is shown in the illustration or near the symbol.
- After the repair work is complete, be sure to conduct a test operation to ensure that the equipment operates normally, and explain the cautions for operating the product to the customer.












1.1.1 Cautions Regarding Safety of Workers






 Warning	
Be sure to disconnect the power cable plug from the plug socket before disassembling the equipment for repair. Working on the equipment that is connected to the power supply may cause an electrical shock. If it is necessary to supply power to the equipment to conduct the repair or inspecting the circuits, do not touch any electrically charged sections of the equipment.	
If the refrigerant gas is discharged during the repair work, do not touch the discharged refrigerant gas. The refrigerant gas may cause frostbite.	
When disconnecting the suction or discharge pipe of the compressor at the welded section, evacuate the refrigerant gas completely at a well-ventilated place first. If there is a gas remaining inside the compressor, the refrigerant gas or refrigerating machine oil discharges when the pipe is disconnected, and it may cause injury.	
If the refrigerant gas leaks during the repair work, ventilate the area. The refrigerant gas may generate toxic gases when it contacts flames.	
The step-up capacitor supplies high-voltage electricity to the electrical components of the outdoor unit. Be sure to discharge the capacitor completely before conducting repair work. A charged capacitor may cause an electrical shock.	
Do not start or stop the air conditioner operation by plugging or unplugging the power cable plug. Plugging or unplugging the power cable plug to operate the equipment may cause an electrical shock or fire.	







 Warning	
Be sure to wear a safety helmet, gloves, and a safety belt when working at a high place (more than 2 m). Insufficient safety measures may cause a fall accident.	
In case of R-410A refrigerant models, be sure to use pipes, flare nuts and tools for the exclusive use of the R-410A refrigerant. The use of materials for R-22 refrigerant models may cause a serious accident such as a damage of refrigerant cycle as well as an equipment failure.	






 Caution	
Do not repair the electrical components with wet hands. Working on the equipment with wet hands may cause an electrical shock.	
Do not clean the air conditioner by splashing water. Washing the unit with water may cause an electrical shock.	
Be sure to provide the grounding when repairing the equipment in a humid or wet place, to avoid electrical shocks.	
Be sure to turn off the power switch and unplug the power cable when cleaning the equipment. The internal fan rotates at a high speed, and cause injury.	
Be sure to conduct repair work with appropriate tools. The use of inappropriate tools may cause injury.	
Be sure to check that the refrigerating cycle section has cooled down enough before conducting repair work. Working on the unit when the refrigerating cycle section is hot may cause burns.	
Use the welder in a well-ventilated place. Using the welder in an enclosed room may cause oxygen deficiency.	

1.1.2 Cautions Regarding Safety of Users

 Warning	
<p>Be sure to use parts listed in the service parts list of the applicable model and appropriate tools to conduct repair work. Never attempt to modify the equipment. The use of inappropriate parts or tools may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.</p>	
<p>If the power cable and lead wires have scratches or deteriorated, be sure to replace them. Damaged cable and wires may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.</p>	
<p>Do not use a joined power cable or extension cable, or share the same power outlet with other electrical appliances, since it may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.</p>	
<p>Be sure to use an exclusive power circuit for the equipment, and follow the local technical standards related to the electrical equipment, the internal wiring regulations, and the instruction manual for installation when conducting electrical work. Insufficient power circuit capacity and improper electrical work may cause an electrical shock or fire.</p>	
<p>Be sure to use the specified cable for wiring between the indoor and outdoor units. Make the connections securely and route the cable properly so that there is no force pulling the cable at the connection terminals. Improper connections may cause excessive heat generation or fire.</p>	
<p>When wiring between the indoor and outdoor units, make sure that the terminal cover does not lift off or dismount because of the cable. If the cover is not mounted properly, the terminal connection section may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.</p>	
<p>Do not damage or modify the power cable. Damaged or modified power cable may cause an electrical shock or fire. Placing heavy items on the power cable, and heating or pulling the power cable may damage the cable.</p>	
<p>Do not mix air or gas other than the specified refrigerant (R-410A / R-22) in the refrigerant system. If air enters the refrigerating system, an excessively high pressure results, causing equipment damage and injury.</p>	
<p>If the refrigerant gas leaks, be sure to locate the leaking point and repair it before charging the refrigerant. After charging refrigerant, make sure that there is no refrigerant leak. If the leaking point cannot be located and the repair work must be stopped, be sure to perform pump-down and close the service valve, to prevent the refrigerant gas from leaking into the room. The refrigerant gas itself is harmless, but it may generate toxic gases when it contacts flames, such as fan and other heaters, stoves and ranges.</p>	
<p>When relocating the equipment, make sure that the new installation site has sufficient strength to withstand the weight of the equipment. If the installation site does not have sufficient strength and if the installation work is not conducted securely, the equipment may fall and cause injury.</p>	





 Warning	
Check to make sure that the power cable plug is not dirty or loose, then insert the plug into a power outlet securely. If the plug has dust or loose connection, it may cause an electrical shock or fire.	
Be sure to install the product correctly by using the provided standard installation frame. Incorrect use of the installation frame and improper installation may cause the equipment to fall, resulting in injury.	For unitary type only 
Be sure to install the product securely in the installation frame mounted on the window frame. If the unit is not securely mounted, it may fall and cause injury.	For unitary type only 
When replacing the coin battery in the remote controller, be sure to disposed of the old battery to prevent children from swallowing it. If a child swallows the coin battery, see a doctor immediately.	

 Caution	
Installation of a leakage breaker is necessary in some cases depending on the conditions of the installation site, to prevent electrical shocks.	
Do not install the equipment in a place where there is a possibility of combustible gas leaks. If the combustible gas leaks and remains around the unit, it may cause a fire.	
Check to see if the parts and wires are mounted and connected properly, and if the connections at the soldered or crimped terminals are secure. Improper installation and connections may cause excessive heat generation, fire or an electrical shock.	
If the installation platform or frame has corroded, replace it. Corroded installation platform or frame may cause the unit to fall, resulting in injury.	
Check the grounding, and repair it if the equipment is not properly grounded. Improper grounding may cause an electrical shock.	

 Caution	
Be sure to measure the insulation resistance after the repair, and make sure that the resistance is 1 MΩ or higher. Faulty insulation may cause an electrical shock.	
Be sure to check the drainage of the indoor unit after the repair. Faulty drainage may cause the water to enter the room and wet the furniture and floor.	
Do not tilt the unit when removing it. The water inside the unit may spill and wet the furniture and floor.	
Be sure to install the packing and seal on the installation frame properly. If the packing and seal are not installed properly, water may enter the room and wet the furniture and floor.	For unitary type only 

1.2 Used Icons

Icons are used to attract the attention of the reader to specific information. The meaning of each icon is described in the table below:

Icon	Type of Information	Description
 Note:	Note	A “note” provides information that is not indispensable, but may nevertheless be valuable to the reader, such as tips and tricks.
 Caution	Caution	A “caution” is used when there is danger that the reader, through incorrect manipulation, may damage equipment, lose data, get an unexpected result or has to restart (part of) a procedure.
 Warning	Warning	A “warning” is used when there is danger of personal injury.
	Reference	A “reference” guides the reader to other places in this binder or in this manual, where he/she will find additional information on a specific topic.

Part 1

List of Functions

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1. Functions

1.1 Cooling Only

Category	Functions	FTXS20/25/35/42J2V1B RKS20/25/35/42J2V1B		Category	Functions	FTXS20/25/35/42J2V1B RKS20/25/35/42J2V1B		
		FTXS50J2V1B RKS50J2V1B	FTXS50J2V1B RKS50J2V1B			FTXS50J2V1B RKS50J2V1B	FTXS50J2V1B RKS50J2V1B	
Basic Function	Inverter (with Inverter Power Control)	○	○	Health & Clean	Air-Purifying Filter	—	—	
	Operation Limit for Cooling (°CDB)	-10 ~46 ★	-10 ~46 ★		Photocatalytic Deodorizing Filter	—	—	
	Operation Limit for Heating (°CWB)	—	—		Air-Purifying Filter with Photocatalytic Deodorizing Function	—	—	
	PAM Control	○	○		Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter	○	○	
	Standby Electricity Saving	○	—		Air Filter (Prefilter)	○	○	
Compressor	Oval Scroll Compressor	—	—	Wipe-Clean Flat Panel	○	○		
	Swing Compressor	○	○	Washable Grille	—	—		
	Rotary Compressor	—	—	MOLD PROOF Operation	—	—		
	Reluctance DC Motor	○	○	Good-Sleep Cooling Operation	—	—		
Comfortable Airflow	Power-Airflow Flap	—	—	Timer	WEEKLY TIMER Operation	○	○	
	Power-Airflow Dual Flaps	○	○		24-Hour ON/OFF TIMER	○	○	
	Power-Airflow Diffuser	—	—		NIGHT SET Mode	○	○	
	Wide-Angle Louvers	○	○	Worry Free "Reliability & Durability"	Auto-Restart (after Power Failure)	○	○	
	Vertical Auto-Swing (Up and Down)	○	○		Self-Diagnosis (Digital, LED) Display	○	○	
	Horizontal Auto-Swing (Right and Left)	○	○		Wiring Error Check Function	—	—	
	3-D Airflow	○	○		Anti-Corrosion Treatment of Outdoor Heat Exchanger	○	○	
	COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation	○	○		Flexibility	Multi-Split / Split Type Compatible Indoor Unit	○	○
Comfort Control	Auto Fan Speed	○	○	H/P, C/O Compatible Indoor Unit		○	○	
	Indoor Unit Quiet Operation	○	○	Flexible Power Supply Correspondence		—	—	
	NIGHT QUIET Mode (Automatic)	—	—	Chargeless		10 m	10 m	
	OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET Operation (Manual)	○	○	Either Side Drain (Right or Left)		○	○	
	2-Area INTELLIGENT EYE Operation	○	○	Power Selection		—	—	
	INTELLIGENT EYE Operation	—	—	Remote Control		5-Rooms Centralized Controller (Option)	○	○
	Quick Warming Function (Preheating Operation)	—	—			Remote Control Adaptor (Normal Open Pulse Contact) (Option)	○	○
	Hot-Start Function	—	—		Remote Control Adaptor (Normal Open Contact) (Option)	○	○	
Automatic Defrosting	—	—	DIII-NET Compatible (Adaptor) (Option)		○	○		
Operation	Automatic Operation	—	—	Remote Controller	Wireless	○	○	
	Program Dry Operation	○	○		Wired (Option)	○	○	
	Fan Only	○	○					
Lifestyle Convenience	New POWERFUL Operation (Non-Inverter)	—	—					
	Inverter POWERFUL Operation	○	○					
	Priority-Room Setting	—	—					
	COOL / HEAT Mode Lock	—	—					
	HOME LEAVE Operation	—	—					
	ECONO Operation	○	○					
	Indoor Unit ON/OFF Button	○	○					
	Signal Receiving Sign	○	○					
	R/C with Back Light	—	—					
Temperature Display	—	—						

Note: ○ : Holding Functions
— : No Functions

★ : Lower limit can be extended to -15°C by cutting jumper (20-42 class) or turning switch (50 class). (facility use only)

1.2 Heat Pump

Category	Functions	FTXS20/25/35/42J2V1B RXS20/25/35/42J2V1B		Category	Functions	FTXS20/25/35/42J2V1B RXS20/25/35/42J2V1B	
		FTXS50J2V1B RXS50J2V1B	FTXS50J2V1B RXS50J2V1B			FTXS50J2V1B RXS50J2V1B	FTXS50J2V1B RXS50J2V1B
Basic Function	Inverter (with Inverter Power Control)	○	○	Health & Clean	Air-Purifying Filter	—	—
	Operation Limit for Cooling (°CDB)	-10 ~46	-10 ~46		Photocatalytic Deodorizing Filter	—	—
	Operation Limit for Heating (°CWB)	-15 ~18	-15 ~18		Air-Purifying Filter with Photocatalytic Deodorizing Function	—	—
	PAM Control	○	○		Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter	○	○
	Standby Electricity Saving	○	—		Air Filter (Prefilter)	○	○
Compressor	Oval Scroll Compressor	—	—	Timer	Wipe-Clean Flat Panel	○	○
	Swing Compressor	○	○		Washable Grille	—	—
	Rotary Compressor	—	—		MOLD PROOF Operation	—	—
	Reluctance DC Motor	○	○		Good-Sleep Cooling Operation	—	—
Comfortable Airflow	Power-Airflow Flap	—	—	Worry Free "Reliability & Durability"	WEEKLY TIMER Operation	○	○
	Power-Airflow Dual Flaps	○	○		24-Hour ON/OFF TIMER	○	○
	Power-Airflow Diffuser	—	—		NIGHT SET Mode	○	○
	Wide-Angle Louvers	○	○	Auto-Restart (after Power Failure)	○	○	
	Vertical Auto-Swing (Up and Down)	○	○	Self-Diagnosis (Digital, LED) Display	○	○	
	Horizontal Auto-Swing (Right and Left)	○	○	Wiring Error Check Function	—	—	
	3-D Airflow	○	○	Anti-Corrosion Treatment of Outdoor Heat Exchanger	○	○	
Comfort Control	COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation	○	○	Flexibility	Multi-Split / Split Type Compatible Indoor Unit	○	○
	Auto Fan Speed	○	○		H/P, C/O Compatible Indoor Unit	○	○
	Indoor Unit Quiet Operation	○	○		Flexible Power Supply Correspondence	—	—
	NIGHT QUIET Mode (Automatic)	—	—		Chargeless	10 m	10 m
	OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET Operation (Manual)	○	○	Either Side Drain (Right or Left)	○	○	
	2-Area INTELLIGENT EYE Operation	○	○	Power Selection	—	—	
	INTELLIGENT EYE Operation	—	—	Remote Control	5-Room Centralized Controller (Option)	○	○
	Quick Warming Function (Preheating Operation)	○	○		Remote Control Adaptor (Normal Open Pulse Contact) (Option)	○	○
	Hot-Start Function	○	○		Remote Control Adaptor (Normal Open Contact) (Option)	○	○
	Operation	Automatic Defrosting	○	○	Remote Controller	DIII-NET Compatible (Adaptor) (Option)	○
Automatic Operation		○	○	Wireless		○	○
Program Dry Operation		○	○	Wired (Option)		○	○
Lifestyle Convenience	Fan Only	○	○				
	New POWERFUL Operation (Non-Inverter)	—	—				
	Inverter POWERFUL Operation	○	○				
	Priority-Room Setting	—	—				
	COOL / HEAT Mode Lock	—	—				
	HOME LEAVE Operation	—	—				
	ECONO Operation	○	○				
	Indoor Unit ON/OFF Button	○	○				
	Signal Receiving Sign	○	○				
R/C with Back Light	—	—					
Temperature Display	—	—					

Note: ○ : Holding Functions
— : No Functions

Part 2

Specifications

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1. Specifications

1.1 Cooling Only

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240 V

Model	Indoor Unit		FTXS20J2V1B		FTXS25J2V1B		FTXS35J2V1B	
	Outdoor Unit		RKS20J2V1B		RKS25J2V1B		RKS35J2V1B	
Capacity Rated (Min. ~ Max.)	kW		2.0 (1.3 ~ 2.8)		2.5 (1.3 ~ 3.2)		3.5 (1.4 ~ 4.0)	
	Btu/h		6,800 (4,400 ~ 9,600)		8,500 (4,400 ~ 10,900)		11,900 (4,800 ~ 13,600)	
	kcal/h		1,720 (1,120 ~ 2,410)		2,150 (1,120 ~ 2,750)		3,010 (1,200 ~ 3,440)	
Moisture Removal	L/h		0.9		1.2		1.9	
Running Current (Rated)	A		2.6 - 2.5 - 2.4		3.1 - 2.9 - 2.8		4.4 - 4.2 - 4.0	
Power Consumption Rated (Min. ~ Max.)	W		450 (320 ~ 810)		535 (320 ~ 810)		860 (350 ~ 1,190)	
Power Factor	%		78.7 - 78.3 - 78.1		78.4 - 80.2 - 79.6		88.8 - 89.0 - 89.6	
COP (Rated)	W/W		4.44 (4.06 ~ 3.95)		4.67 (4.06 ~ 3.95)		4.07 (4.00 ~ 3.36)	
Piping Connections	Liquid	mm	φ 6.4		φ 6.4		φ 6.4	
	Gas	mm	φ 9.5		φ 9.5		φ 9.5	
	Drain	mm	φ 18.0		φ 18.0		φ 18.0	
Heat Insulation			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes		Both Liquid and Gas Pipes		Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	
Max. Interunit Piping Length	m		20		20		20	
Max. Interunit Height Difference	m		15		15		15	
Chargeless	m		10		10		10	
Amount of Additional Charge of Refrigerant	g/m		20		20		20	
Indoor Unit			FTXS20J2V1B		FTXS25J2V1B		FTXS35J2V1B	
Front Panel Color			White		White		White	
Airflow Rate	H	m ³ /min (cfm)	9.4 (332)		10.8 (381)		11.4 (403)	
	M		7.4 (261)		7.9 (279)		8.7 (307)	
	L		5.5 (194)		5.2 (184)		5.8 (205)	
	SL		4.1 (145)		3.7 (131)		4.4 (155)	
Fan	Type		Cross Flow Fan		Cross Flow Fan		Cross Flow Fan	
	Motor Output	W	23		23		23	
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto		5 Steps, Quiet, Auto		5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	
Air Direction Control			Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward		Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward		Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	
Air Filter			Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof		Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof		Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	
Running Current (Rated)	A		0.09 - 0.08 - 0.08		0.09 - 0.08 - 0.08		0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11	
Power Consumption (Rated)	W		18 - 18 - 18		18 - 18 - 18		26 - 26 - 26	
Power Factor	%		90.9 - 97.8 - 93.8		90.9 - 97.8 - 93.8		98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5	
Temperature Control			Microcomputer Control		Microcomputer Control		Microcomputer Control	
Dimensions (H × W × D)	mm		295 × 800 × 215		295 × 800 × 215		295 × 800 × 215	
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)	mm		289 × 870 × 366		289 × 870 × 366		289 × 870 × 366	
Weight	kg		9		9		10	
Gross Weight	kg		13		13		14	
Operation Sound	H / M / L / SL	dB(A)	38 / 32 / 25 / 22		41 / 33 / 25 / 22		45 / 37 / 29 / 23	
Sound Power	dB(A)		54		57		61	
Outdoor Unit			RKS20J2V1B		RKS25J2V1B		RKS35J2V1B	
Casing Color			Ivory White		Ivory White		Ivory White	
Compressor	Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	
	Model		1YC23AEXD		1YC23AEXD		1YC23AEXD	
	Motor Output	W	600		600		600	
Refrigerant Oil	Type		FVC50K		FVC50K		FVC50K	
	Charge	L	0.375		0.375		0.375	
Refrigerant	Type		R-410A		R-410A		R-410A	
	Charge	kg	0.80		1.00		1.20	
Airflow Rate	H	m ³ /min (cfm)	36.2 (1,278)		33.5 (1,183)		36.0 (1,271)	
	SL		32.7 (1,155)		30.1 (1,063)		30.1 (1,063)	
Fan	Type		Propeller		Propeller		Propeller	
	Motor Output	W	23		23		23	
Running Current (Rated)	A		2.5 - 2.4 - 2.3		3.0 - 2.8 - 2.7		4.3 - 4.1 - 3.9	
Power Consumption (Rated)	W		432 - 432 - 432		517 - 517 - 517		834 - 834 - 834	
Power Factor	%		78.5 - 78.3 - 78.3		78.3 - 80.3 - 79.8		88.2 - 88.4 - 89.1	
Starting Current	A		2.6		3.1		4.4	
Dimensions (H × W × D)	mm		550 × 765 × 285		550 × 765 × 285		550 × 765 × 285	
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)	mm		612 × 906 × 364		612 × 906 × 364		612 × 906 × 364	
Weight	kg		32		34		34	
Gross Weight	kg		35		38		38	
Operation Sound	H / SL	dB(A)	46 / 43		46 / 43		48 / 44	
Sound Power	H	dB(A)	61		61		63	
Drawing No.			3D070569A		3D070570A		3D070571A	

Note: ■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	5 m

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW × 860 Btu/h = kW × 3412 cfm = m ³ /min × 35.3

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240 V

Model	Indoor Unit		FTXS42J2V1B	FTXS50J2V1B
	Outdoor Unit		RKS42J2V1B	RKS50J2V1B
Capacity Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		kW	4.2 (1.7 ~ 5.0)	5.0 (1.7 ~ 5.3)
		Btu/h	14,300 (5,800 ~ 17,100)	17,100 (5,800 ~ 18,100)
		kcal/h	3,010 (1,460 ~ 4,300)	4,300 (1,460 ~ 4,560)
Moisture Removal		L/h	2.3	2.8
Running Current (Rated)		A	6.1 - 5.8 - 5.6	6.8 - 6.5 - 6.2
Power Consumption Rated (Min. ~ Max.)		W	1,210 (440 ~ 2,330)	1,460 (440 ~ 1,810)
Power Factor		%	90.2 - 90.7 - 90.0	97.6 - 97.7 - 98.1
COP (Rated)		W/W	3.47 (3.86 ~ 2.24)	3.42 (3.86 ~ 2.24)
Piping Connections	Liquid	mm	φ 6.4	φ 6.4
	Gas	mm	φ 9.5	φ 12.7
	Drain	mm	φ 18.0	φ 18.0
Heat Insulation			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	Both Liquid and Gas Pipes
Max. Interunit Piping Length		m	20	30
Max. Interunit Height Difference		m	15	20
Chargeless		m	10	10
Amount of Additional Charge of Refrigerant		g/m	20	20
Indoor Unit			FTXS42J2V1B	FTXS50J2V1B
Front Panel Color			White	White
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	11.3 (399)	11.6 (410)
	M		9.0 (318)	9.2 (325)
	L		6.8 (240)	7.0 (247)
	SL		5.9 (208)	6.0 (212)
Fan	Type		Cross Flow Fan	Cross Flow Fan
	Motor Output	W	23	23
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto
Air Direction Control			Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward
Air Filter			Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof
Running Current (Rated)		A	0.11 - 0.11 - 0.11	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	24 - 24 - 24	26 - 26 - 26
Power Factor		%	99.2 - 94.9 - 90.9	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5
Temperature Control			Microcomputer Control	Microcomputer Control
Dimensions (H x W x D)		mm	295 x 800 x 215	295 x 800 x 215
Packaged Dimensions (H x W x D)		mm	289 x 870 x 366	289 x 870 x 366
Weight		kg	10	10
Gross Weight		kg	14	14
Operation Sound	H / M / L / SL	dB(A)	45 / 39 / 33 / 30	46 / 40 / 34 / 31
Sound Power		dB(A)	61	62
Outdoor Unit			RKS42J2V1B	RKS50J2V1B
Casing Color			Ivory White	Ivory White
Compressor	Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	Hermetically Sealed Swing Type
	Model		2YC36BXD	2YC36BXD
	Motor Output	W	1,100	1,100
Refrigerant Oil	Type		FVC50K	FVC50K
	Charge	L	0.65	0.65
Refrigerant	Type		R-410A	R-410A
	Charge	kg	1.30	1.70
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	37.3 (1,317)	50.9 (1,797)
	SL		30.6 (1,080)	48.9 (1,727)
Fan	Type		Propeller	Propeller
	Motor Output	W	50	53
Running Current (Rated)		A	6.0 - 5.7 - 5.5	6.7 - 6.4 - 6.1
Power Consumption (Rated)		W	1,186 - 1,186 - 1,186	1,434 - 1,434 - 1,434
Power Factor		%	89.8 - 90.5 - 89.8	97.3 - 97.4 - 98.0
Starting Current		A	6.1	6.8
Dimensions (H x W x D)		mm	550 x 765 x 285	735 x 825 x 300
Packaged Dimensions (H x W x D)		mm	612 x 906 x 364	797 x 960 x 390
Weight		kg	39	47
Gross Weight		kg	45	52
Operation Sound	H / SL	dB(A)	48 / 44	48 / 44
Sound Power	H	dB(A)	63	63
Drawing No.			3D070572A	3D070573A

Note: ■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	5 m

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW × 860 Btu/h = kW × 3412 cfm = m³/min × 35.3

1.2 Heat Pump

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240 V

Model	Indoor Unit		FTXS20J2V1B	
	Outdoor Unit		RXS20J2V1B	
			Cooling	Heating
Capacity Rated (Min. ~ Max.)	kW		2.0 (1.3 ~ 2.8)	2.7 (1.3 ~ 4.3)
	Btu/h		6,800 (4,400 ~ 9,600)	9,200 (4,400 ~ 14,700)
	kcal/h		1,720 (1,120 ~ 2,410)	2,320 (1,120 ~ 3,700)
Moisture Removal	L/h		0.9	—
Running Current (Rated)	A		2.6 - 2.5 - 2.4	3.5 - 3.4 - 3.2
Power Consumption Rated (Min. ~ Max.)	W		450 (320 ~ 810)	610 (310 ~ 1,290)
Power Factor	%		78.7 - 78.3 - 78.1	79.2 - 78.0 - 79.4
COP (Rated)	W/W		4.44 (4.06 ~ 3.95)	4.43 (4.19 ~ 3.64)
Piping Connections	Liquid	mm	φ 6.4	
	Gas	mm	φ 9.5	
	Drain	mm	φ 18.0	
Heat Insulation			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	
Max. Interunit Piping Length	m		20	
Max. Interunit Height Difference	m		15	
Chargeless	m		10	
Amount of Additional Charge of Refrigerant	g/m		20	
Indoor Unit			FTXS20J2V1B	
Front Panel Color			White	
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	9.4 (332)	9.9 (350)
	M		7.4 (261)	8.2 (290)
	L		5.5 (194)	6.6 (233)
	SL		4.1 (145)	6.2 (219)
Fan	Type	Cross Flow Fan		
	Motor Output	W	23	
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	
Air Direction Control			Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	
Air Filter			Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	
Running Current (Rated)	A		0.09 - 0.08 - 0.08	0.10 - 0.10 - 0.09
Power Consumption (Rated)	W		18 - 18 - 18	21 - 21 - 21
Power Factor	%		90.9 - 97.8 - 93.8	95.5 - 91.3 - 97.2
Temperature Control			Microcomputer Control	
Dimensions (H x W x D)	mm		295 x 800 x 215	
Packaged Dimensions (H x W x D)	mm		289 x 870 x 366	
Weight	kg		9	
Gross Weight	kg		13	
Operation Sound	H / M / L / SL	dB(A)	38 / 32 / 25 / 22	38 / 33 / 28 / 25
Sound Power	dB(A)		54	54
Outdoor Unit			RXS20J2V1B	
Casing Color			Ivory White	
Compressor	Type	Hermetically Sealed Swing Type		
	Model	1YC23AEXD		
	Motor Output	W	600	
Refrigerant Oil	Type	FVC50K		
	Charge	L	0.375	
Refrigerant	Type	R-410A		
	Charge	kg	0.80	
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	36.2 (1,278)	30.6 (1,080)
	SL		32.7 (1,155)	28.5 (1,006)
Fan	Type	Propeller		
	Motor Output	W	23	
Running Current (Rated)	A		2.5 - 2.4 - 2.3	3.4 - 3.3 - 3.1
Power Consumption (Rated)	W		432 - 432 - 432	589 - 589 - 589
Power Factor	%		78.5 - 78.3 - 78.3	78.7 - 77.6 - 79.2
Starting Current	A		3.5	
Dimensions (H x W x D)	mm		550 x 765 x 285	
Packaged Dimensions (H x W x D)	mm		612 x 906 x 364	
Weight	kg		32	
Gross Weight	kg		35	
Operation Sound	H / SL	dB(A)	46 / 43	47 / 44
Sound Power	H	dB(A)	61	62
Drawing No.			3D070564A	

Note: ■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Heating	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB	5 m
Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	Outdoor ; 7°CDB / 6°CWB	

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW x 860
Btu/h = kW x 3412
cfm = m³/min x 35.3

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240 V

Model	Indoor Unit		FTXS25J2V1B		FTXS35J2V1B	
	Outdoor Unit		RXS25J2V1B		RXS35J2V1B	
			Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
Capacity Rated (Min. ~ Max.)	kW		2.5 (1.3 ~ 3.2)	3.3 (1.3 ~ 4.7)	3.5 (1.4 ~ 4.0)	4.0 (1.4 ~ 5.2)
	Btu/h		8,500 (4,400 ~ 10,900)	11,600 (4,400 ~ 16,000)	11,900 (4,800 ~ 13,600)	13,600 (4,800 ~ 17,700)
	kcal/h		2,150 (1,120 ~ 2,750)	2,840 (1,120 ~ 4,040)	3,010 (1,200 ~ 3,440)	3,440 (1,200 ~ 4,470)
Moisture Removal	L/h		1.2	—	1.9	—
Running Current (Rated)	A		3.1 - 2.9 - 2.8	4.0 - 3.9 - 3.7	4.4 - 4.2 - 4.0	4.8 - 4.6 - 4.4
Power Consumption Rated (Min. ~ Max.)	W		535 (320 ~ 810)	710 (310 ~ 1,290)	860 (350 ~ 1,190)	950 (340 ~ 1,460)
Power Factor	%		78.4 - 80.2 - 79.6	80.7 - 79.2 - 80.0	88.8 - 89.0 - 89.6	90.0 - 89.8 - 90.0
COP (Rated)	W/W		4.67 (4.06 ~ 3.95)	4.65 (4.19 ~ 3.64)	4.07 (4.00 ~ 3.36)	4.21 (4.12 ~ 3.56)
Piping Connections	Liquid	mm	φ 6.4		φ 6.4	
	Gas	mm	φ 9.5		φ 9.5	
	Drain	mm	φ 18.0		φ 18.0	
Heat Insulation	Both Liquid and Gas Pipes				Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	
Max. Interunit Piping Length	m		20		20	
Max. Interunit Height Difference	m		15		15	
Chargeless	m		10		10	
Amount of Additional Charge of Refrigerant	g/m		20		20	
Indoor Unit		FTXS25J2V1B		FTXS35J2V1B		
Front Panel Color		White		White		
Airflow Rate	H	m³/min (cfm)	10.8 (381)	11.9 (420)	11.4 (403)	12.4 (438)
	M		7.9 (279)	9.1 (321)	8.7 (307)	9.5 (335)
	L		5.2 (184)	6.4 (226)	5.8 (205)	6.8 (240)
	SL		3.7 (131)	5.9 (208)	4.4 (155)	6.0 (212)
Fan	Type		Cross Flow Fan		Cross Flow Fan	
	Motor Output	W	23		23	
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto		5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	
Air Direction Control	Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward				Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	
Air Filter	Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof				Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	
Running Current (Rated)	A		0.09 - 0.08 - 0.08	0.10 - 0.10 - 0.09	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11	0.13 - 0.13 - 0.12
Power Consumption (Rated)	W		18 - 18 - 18	21 - 21 - 21	26 - 26 - 26	28 - 28 - 28
Power Factor	%		90.9 - 97.8 - 93.8	95.5 - 91.3 - 97.2	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5	97.9 - 93.6 - 97.2
Temperature Control	Microcomputer Control				Microcomputer Control	
Dimensions (H x W x D)	mm		295 x 800 x 215		295 x 800 x 215	
Packaged Dimensions (H x W x D)	mm		289 x 870 x 366		289 x 870 x 366	
Weight	kg		9		10	
Gross Weight	kg		13		14	
Operation Sound	H / M / L / SL	dB(A)	41 / 33 / 25 / 22	42 / 35 / 28 / 25	45 / 37 / 29 / 23	45 / 39 / 29 / 26
Sound Power		dB(A)	57	58	61	61
Outdoor Unit		RXS25J2V1B		RXS35J2V1B		
Casing Color		Ivory White		Ivory White		
Compressor	Type	Hermetically Sealed Swing Type				
	Model	1YC23AEXD				
Refrigerant Oil	Motor Output	W	600			
	Type	FVC50K				
Refrigerant	Charge	L	0.375			
	Type	R-410A				
Refrigerant	Charge	kg	1.00			
	H	m³/min (cfm)	33.5 (1,183)	28.3 (999)	36.0 (1,271)	28.3 (999)
SL	30.1 (1,063)		25.6 (904)	30.1 (1,063)	25.6 (904)	
Fan	Type	Propeller				
	Motor Output	W	23			
Running Current (Rated)	A		3.0 - 2.8 - 2.7	3.9 - 3.8 - 3.6	4.3 - 4.1 - 3.9	4.7 - 4.5 - 4.3
Power Consumption (Rated)	W		517 - 517 - 517	689 - 689 - 689	834 - 834 - 834	922 - 922 - 922
Power Factor	%		78.3 - 80.3 - 79.8	80.3 - 78.8 - 79.7	88.2 - 88.4 - 89.1	89.2 - 89.1 - 89.3
Starting Current	A		4.0		4.8	
Dimensions (H x W x D)	mm		550 x 765 x 285		550 x 765 x 285	
Packaged Dimensions (H x W x D)	mm		612 x 906 x 364		612 x 906 x 364	
Weight	kg		34		34	
Gross Weight	kg		38		38	
Operation Sound	H / SL	dB(A)	46 / 43	47 / 44	48 / 44	48 / 45
Sound Power	H	dB(A)	61	62	63	63
Drawing No.			3D070565A		3D070566A	

Note: ■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Heating	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB	5 m
Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	Outdoor ; 7°CDB / 6°CWB	

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW × 860
Btu/h = kW × 3412
cfm = m³/min × 35.3

50 Hz, 220 - 230 - 240 V

Mode	Indoor Unit		FTXS42J2V1B		FTXS50J2V1B	
	Outdoor Unit		RXS42J2V1B		RXS50J2V1B	
			Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
Capacity Rated (Min. ~ Max.)	kW		4.2 (1.7 ~ 5.0)	5.4 (1.7 ~ 6.0)	5.0 (1.7 ~ 5.3)	5.8 (1.7 ~ 6.5)
	Btu/h		14,300 (5,800 ~ 17,100)	18,400 (5,800 ~ 20,500)	17,100 (5,800 ~ 18,100)	19,800 (5,800 ~ 22,200)
	kcal/h		3,010 (1,460 ~ 4,300)	3,440 (1,460 ~ 5,160)	4,300 (1,460 ~ 4,560)	4,990 (1,460 ~ 5,590)
Moisture Removal	L/h		2.3	—	2.8	—
Running Current Rated	A		6.1 - 5.8 - 5.6	7.2 - 6.9 - 6.6	6.8 - 6.5 - 6.2	7.1 - 6.8 - 6.5
Power Consumption Rated (Min. ~ Max.)	W		1,210 (440 ~ 2,230)	1,450 (400 ~ 1,980)	1,460 (440 ~ 1,810)	1,530 (400 ~ 2,000)
Power Factor	%		90.2 - 90.7 - 90.0	91.5 - 91.4 - 91.5	97.6 - 97.7 - 98.1	98.0 - 97.8 - 98.1
COP Rated (Min. ~ Max.)	W/W		3.47 (3.86 ~ 2.24)	3.72 (4.25 ~ 3.03)	3.42 (3.86 ~ 2.24)	3.79 (4.25 ~ 3.03)
Piping Connections	Liquid	mm	φ 6.4		φ 6.4	
	Gas	mm	φ 9.5		φ 12.7	
	Drain	mm	φ 18.0		φ 18.0	
Heat Insulation			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes		Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	
Max. Interunit Piping Length	m		20		30	
Max. Interunit Height Difference	m		15		20	
Chargeless	m		10		10	
Amount of Additional Charge of Refrigerant	g/m		20		20	
Indoor Unit			FTXS42J2V1B		FTXS50J2V1B	
Front Panel Color			White		White	
Airflow Rate	H	m ³ /min (cfm)	11.3 (399)	12.2 (431)	11.6 (410)	12.1 (427)
	M		9.0 (318)	9.7 (343)	9.2 (325)	9.8 (346)
	L		6.8 (240)	7.3 (258)	7.0 (247)	7.6 (268)
	SL		5.9 (208)	6.4 (228)	6.0 (212)	6.7 (237)
Fan	Type		Cross Flow Fan		Cross Flow Fan	
	Motor Output	W	23		23	
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto		5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	
Air Direction Control			Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward		Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	
Air Filter			Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof		Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	
Running Current (Rated)	A		0.11 - 0.11 - 0.11	0.14 - 0.14 - 0.13	0.12 - 0.12 - 0.11	0.15 - 0.14 - 0.14
Power Consumption (Rated)	W		24 - 24 - 24	30 - 30 - 30	26 - 26 - 26	32 - 32 - 32
Power Factor	%		99.2 - 94.9 - 90.9	97.4 - 93.2 - 96.2	98.5 - 94.2 - 98.5	97.0 - 99.4 - 95.2
Temperature Control			Microcomputer Control		Microcomputer Control	
Dimensions (H × W × D)	mm		295 × 800 × 215		295 × 800 × 215	
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)	mm		289 × 870 × 366		289 × 870 × 366	
Weight	kg		10		10	
Gross Weight	kg		14		14	
Operation Sound	H / M / L / SL	dB(A)	45 / 39 / 33 / 30	45 / 39 / 33 / 30	46 / 40 / 34 / 31	47 / 41 / 34 / 31
Sound Power		dB(A)	61	61	62	63
Outdoor Unit			RXS42J2V1B		RXS50J2V1B	
Casing Color			Ivory White		Ivory White	
Compressor	Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	
	Model		2YC36BXD		2YC36BXD	
	Motor Output	W	1,100		1,100	
Refrigerant Oil	Model		FVC50K		FVC50K	
	Charge	L	0.65		0.65	
Refrigerant	Model		R-410A		R-410A	
	Charge	kg	1.30		1.70	
Airflow Rate	H	m ³ /min (cfm)	37.3 (1,317)	31.3 (1,105)	50.9 (1,797)	45.0 (1,589)
	SL		30.6 (1,080)	27.2 (960)	48.9 (1,727)	43.1 (1,522)
Fan	Type		Propeller		Propeller	
	Motor Output	W	50		53	
Running Current (Rated)	A		6.0 - 5.7 - 5.5	7.1 - 6.8 - 6.5	6.7 - 6.4 - 6.1	7.0 - 6.7 - 6.4
Power Consumption (Rated)	W		1,186 - 1,186 - 1,186	1,420 - 1,420 - 1,420	1,434 - 1,434 - 1,434	1,498 - 1,498 - 1,498
Power Factor (Rated)	%		89.8 - 90.5 - 89.8	90.9 - 90.8 - 91.0	97.3 - 97.4 - 98.0	97.3 - 97.2 - 97.5
Starting Current	A		7.2		7.1	
Dimensions (H × W × D)	mm		550 × 765 × 285		735 × 825 × 300	
Packaged Dimensions (H × W × D)	mm		612 × 906 × 364		797 × 960 × 390	
Weight	kg		39		48	
Gross Weight	kg		45		53	
Operation Sound	H / SL	dB(A)	48 / 44	48 / 45	48 / 44	48 / 45
Sound Power	H	dB(A)	63	63	63	63
Drawing No.			3D070567A		3D070568A	

Note: ■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Heating	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB / 19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB / 24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB / 6°CWB	5 m

Conversion Formulae
kcal/h = kW × 860 Btu/h = kW × 3412 cfm = m ³ /min × 35.3

Part 3 Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram

1. Indoor Unit.....	11
2. Outdoor Unit.....	14
2.1 RK(X)S20/25/35J2V1B.....	14
2.2 RK(X)S42J2V1B.....	16
2.3 RK(X)S50J2V1B.....	18

1. Indoor Unit

Connectors and Other Parts

PCB (1): Control PCB

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| 1) S1 | Connector for DC fan motor |
| 2) S21 | Connector for centralized control (HA) |
| 3) S25 | Connector for INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB |
| 4) S32 | Indoor heat exchanger thermistor |
| 5) S41 | Connector for swing motors |
| 6) S46 | Connector for display PCB |
| 7) S47 | Connector for signal receiver PCB |
| 8) H1, H2, H3,
FG | Connector for terminal board |
| 9) JA | Address setting jumper
* Refer to page 243 for detail. |
| JB | Fan speed setting when compressor stops for thermostat OFF |
| JC | Power failure recovery function (auto-restart)
* Refer to page 246 for detail. |
| 10) LED A | LED for service monitor (green) |
| 11) FU1 (F1U) | Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V) |
| 12) V1 | Varistor |

PCB (2): Signal Receiver PCB

- | | |
|--------|---------------------------|
| 1) S48 | Connector for control PCB |
|--------|---------------------------|

PCB (3): Display PCB

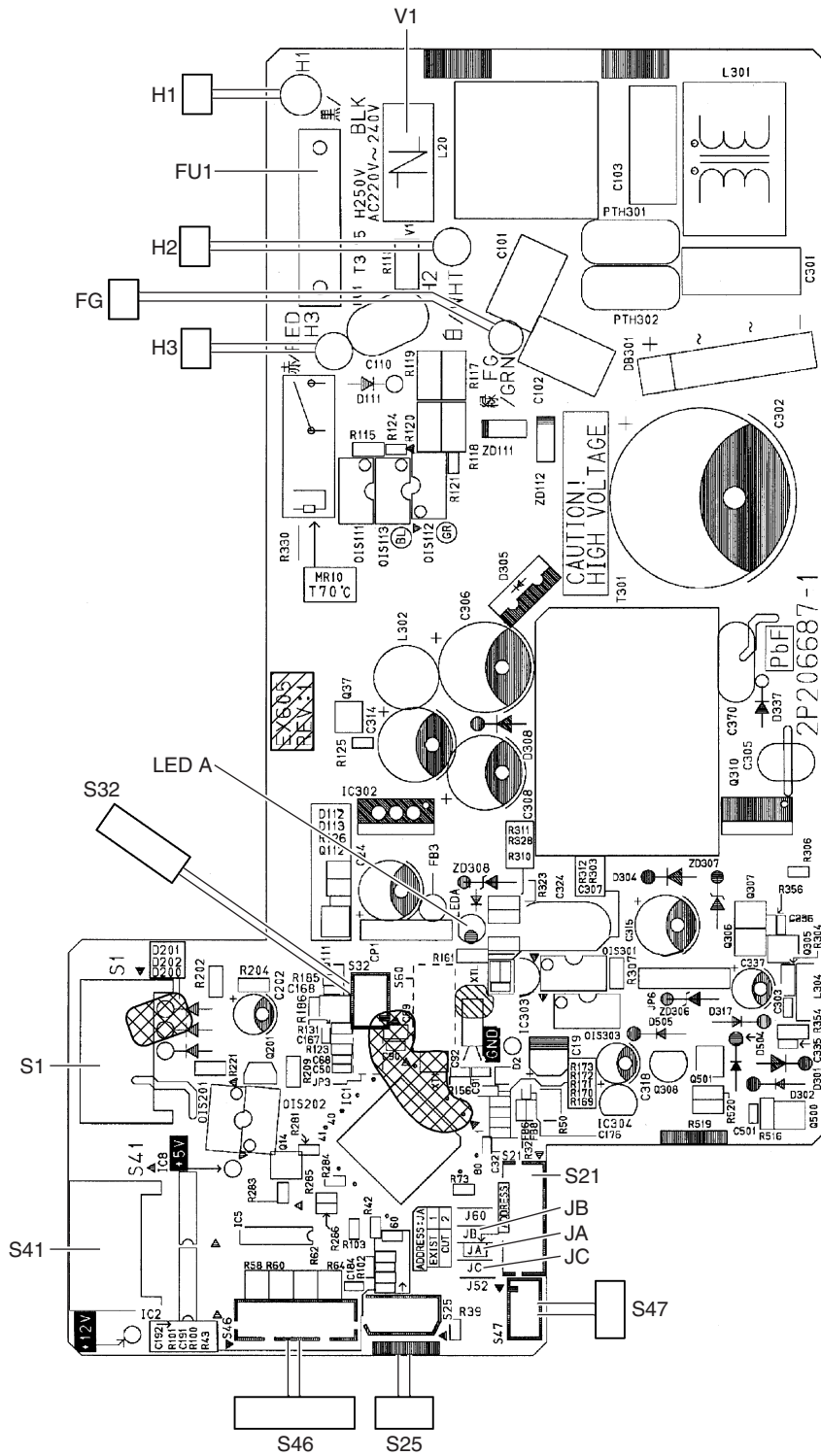
- | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| 1) S49 | Connector for control PCB |
| 2) SW1 | Forced operation ON / OFF button |
| 3) LED1 (H1P) | LED for operation (green) |
| 4) LED2 (H2P) | LED for timer (yellow) |
| 5) LED3 (H3P) | LED for INTELLIGENT EYE (green) |
| 6) RTH1 (R1T) | Room temperature thermistor |

PCB (4): INTELLIGENT EYE Sensor PCB

- | | |
|--------|---------------------------|
| 1) S26 | Connector for control PCB |
|--------|---------------------------|

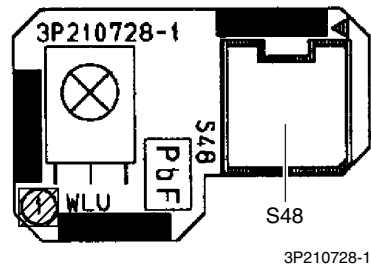
PCB Detail

PCB (1): Control PCB

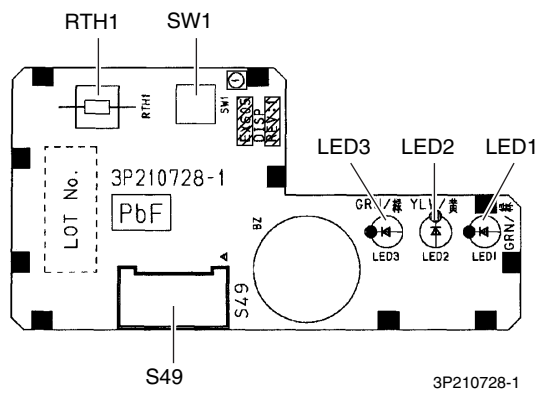


2P206687-1

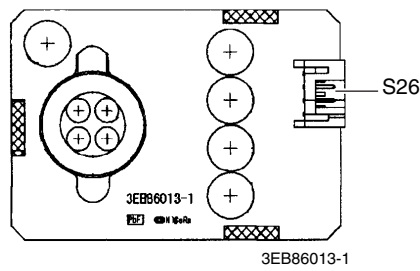
PCB (2): Signal Receiver PCB



PCB (3): Display PCB



PCB (4): INTELLIGENT EYE Sensor PCB



2. Outdoor Unit

2.1 RK(X)S20/25/35J2V1B

Connectors and Other Parts

PCB (1): Filter PCB

- | | |
|----------------|------------------------------|
| 1) S11 | Connector for main PCB |
| 2) AC1, AC2, S | Connector for terminal board |
| 3) E1, E2 | Terminal for earth |
| 4) HL2, HN2 | Connector for main PCB |
| 5) HR1 | Connector for reactor |
| 6) FU1 | Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V) |
| 7) FU3 | Fuse (20 A, 250 V) |
| 8) V2, V3 | Varistor |

PCB (2): Main PCB

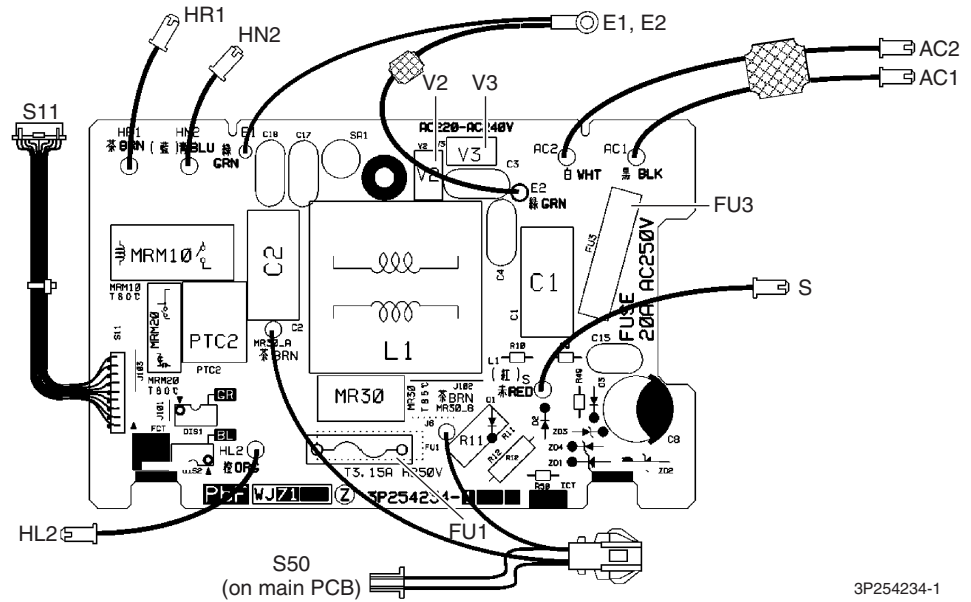
- | | |
|-------------|--|
| 1) S10 | Connector for filter PCB |
| 2) S20 | Connector for electronic expansion valve coil |
| 3) S40 | Connector for overload protector |
| 4) S50 | Connector for magnetic relay |
| 5) S70 | Connector for fan motor |
| 6) S80 | Connector for four way valve coil |
| 7) S90 | Connector for thermistors
(outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe) |
| 8) S100 | Connector for forced operation button PCB |
| 9) HL3, HN3 | Connector for filter PCB |
| 10)HR2 | Connector for reactor |
| 11)U, V, W | Connector for compressor |
| 12)FU2 | Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V) |
| 13)LED A | LED for service monitor (green) |
| 14)V1 | Varistor |
| 15)J4 | Jumper for facility setting
* Refer to page 245 for detail. |
| 16)J5 | Jumper for improvement of defrost performance
* Refer to page 246 for detail. |

PCB (3): Forced Operation Button PCB

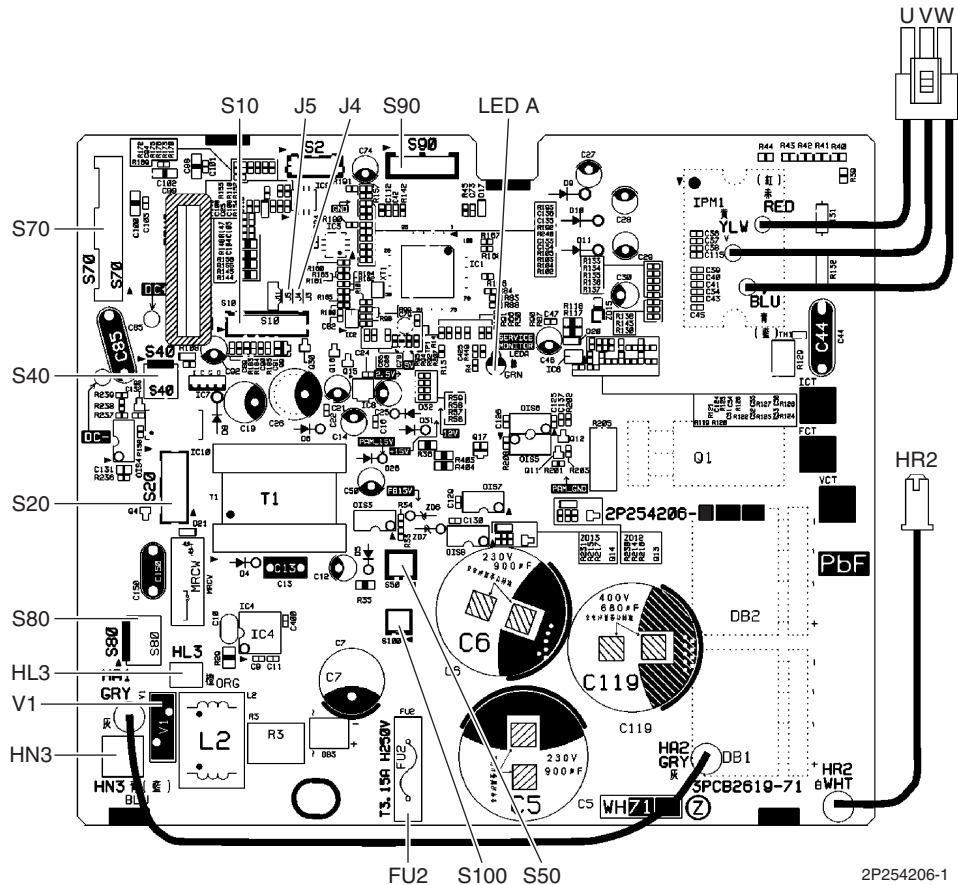
- | | |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| 1) S110 | Connector for main PCB |
| 2) SW1 | Forced operation ON/OFF button |

PCB Detail

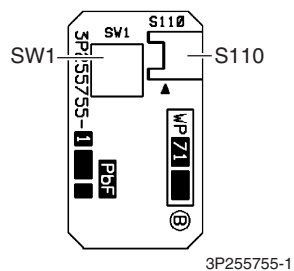
PCB (1): Filter PCB



PCB (2): Main PCB



PCB (3): Forced Operation Button PCB

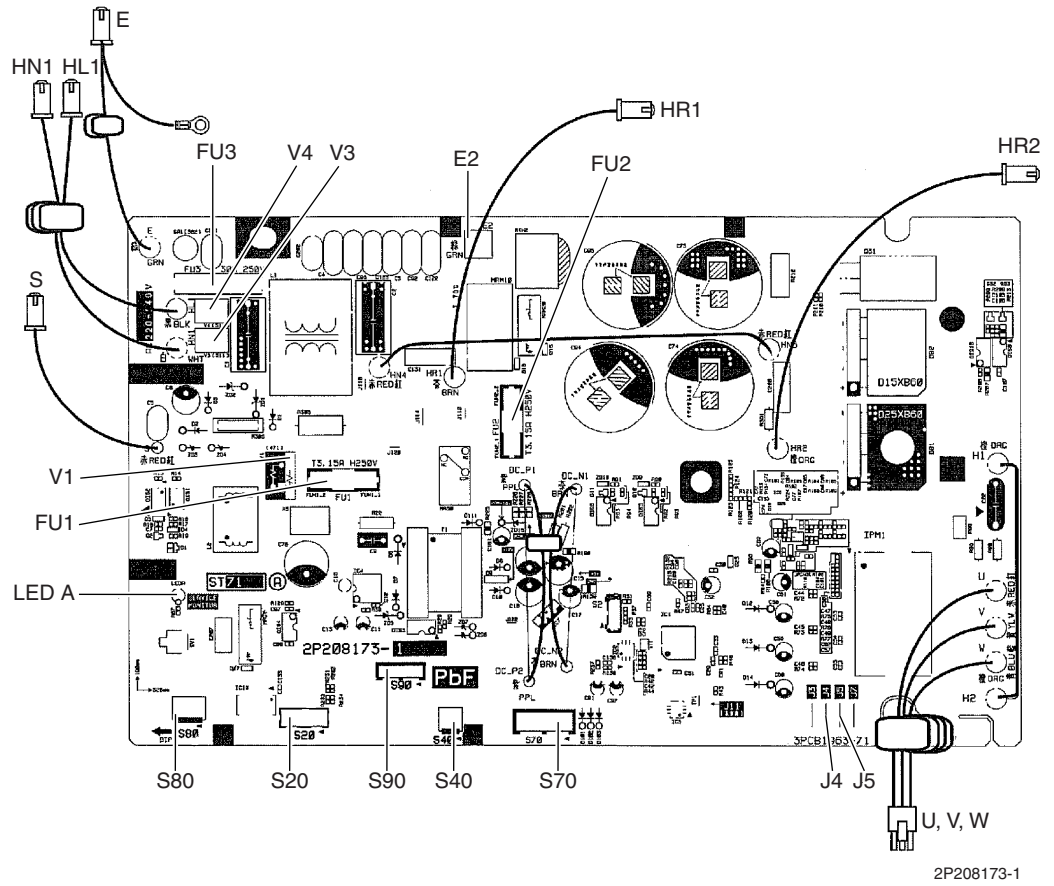


2.2 RK(X)S42J2V1B

Connectors and Other Parts

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| 1) S20 | Connector for electronic expansion valve coil |
| 2) S40 | Connector for overload protector |
| 3) S70 | Connector for fan motor |
| 4) S80 | Connector for four way valve coil |
| 5) S90 | Connector for thermistors
(outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe) |
| 6) U, V, W | Connector for compressor |
| 7) HL1, HN1, S | Connector for terminal board |
| 8) E, E2 | Connector for earth |
| 9) HR1, HR2 | Connector for reactor |
| 10) LED A | LED for service monitor (green) |
| 11) FU1, FU2 | Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V) |
| 12) FU3 | Fuse (30 A, 250 V) |
| 13) J4 | Jumper for facility setting
* Refer to page 245 for detail. |
| 14) J5 | Jumper for improvement of defrost performance
* Refer to page 246 for detail. |
| 15) V1, V3, V4 | Varistor |

PCB Detail



2.3 RK(X)S50J2V1B

Connectors and Other Parts

PCB (1): Main PCB

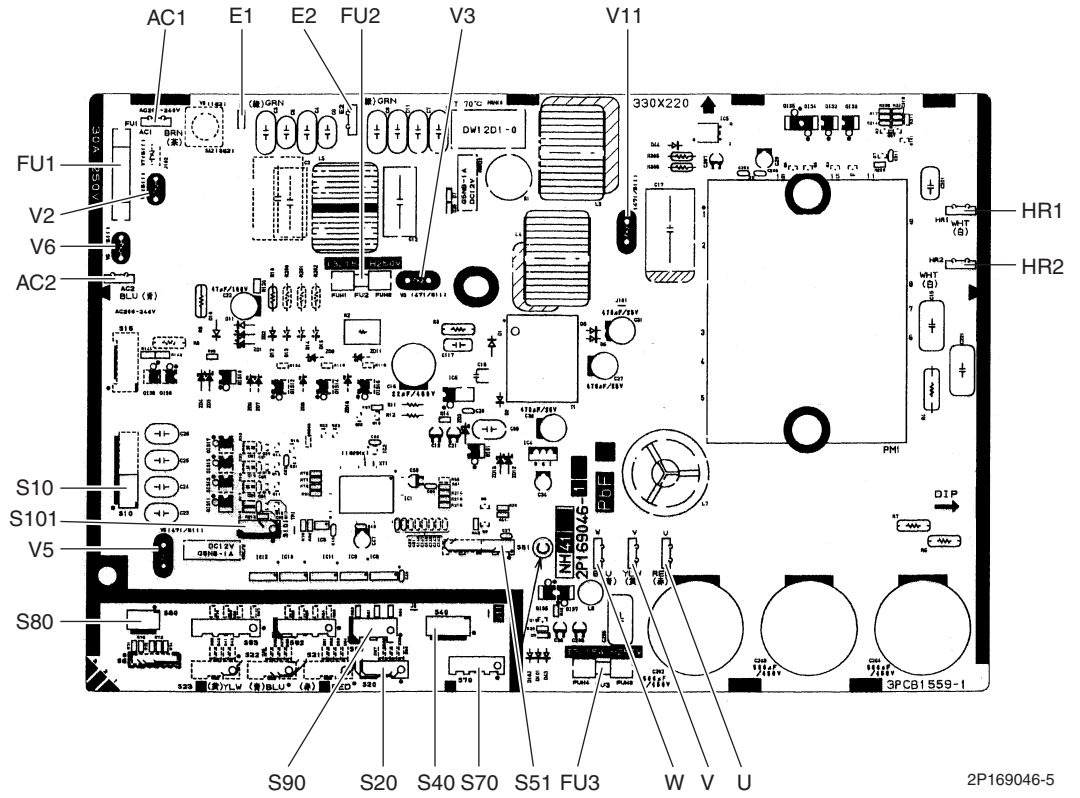
1) S10	Connector for terminal board (indoor-outdoor transmission)
2) S20	Connector for electronic expansion valve coil
3) S40	Connector for overload protector
4) S51, S101	Connector for service monitor PCB
5) S70	Connector for fan motor
6) S80	Connector for four way valve coil
7) S90	Connector for thermistors (outdoor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger, discharge pipe)
8) AC1, AC2	Connector for terminal board (power supply)
9) E1, E2	Connector for earth
10) HR1, HR2	Connector for reactor
11) U, V, W	Connector for compressor
12) FU1	Fuse (30 A, 250 V)
13) FU2, FU3	Fuse (3.15 A, 250 V)
14) V2, V3, V5 V6, V11	Varistor

PCB (2): Service Monitor PCB

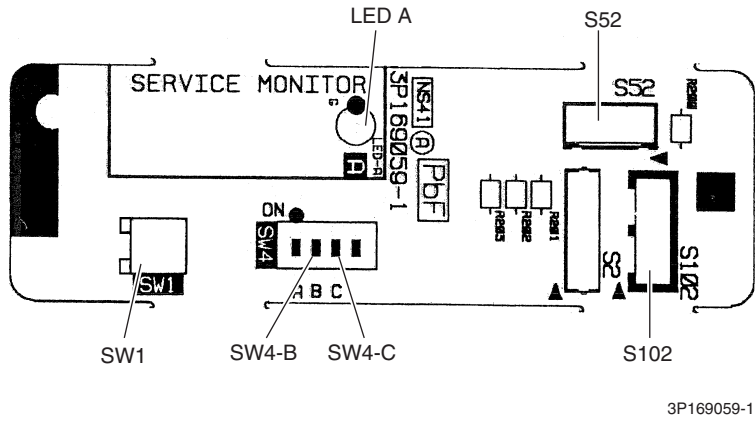
1) S52, S102	Connector for main PCB
2) LED A	LED for service monitor (green)
3) SW1	Forced operation ON/OFF switch
4) SW4-B	Switch for facility setting * Refer to page 245 for detail
SW4-C	Switch for improvement of defrost performance * Refer to page 246 for detail.

PCB Detail

PCB (1): Main PCB



PCB (2): Service Monitor PCB



Part 4

Function and Control

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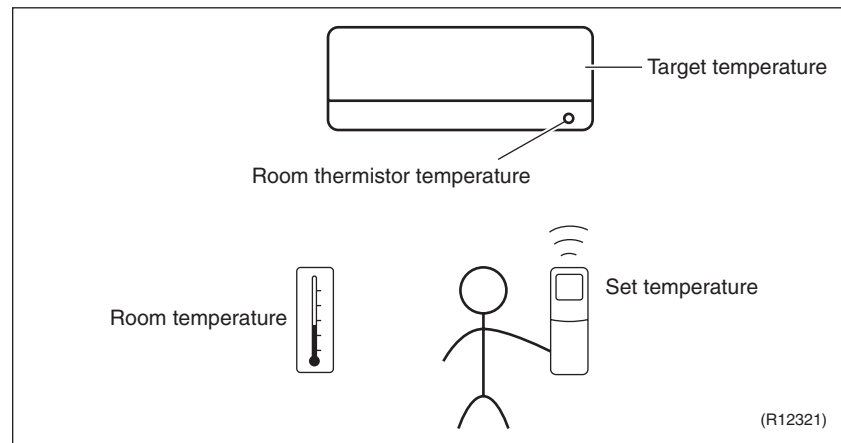
1. Main Functions

1.1 Temperature Control

Definitions of Temperatures

The definitions of temperatures are classified as following.

- ◆ Room temperature: temperature of lower part of the room
- ◆ Set temperature: temperature set by remote controller
- ◆ Room thermistor temperature: temperature detected by room temperature thermistor
- ◆ Target temperature: temperature determined by microcomputer



Temperature Control

The temperature of the room is detected by the room temperature thermistor. However, there is difference between the “temperature detected by room temperature thermistor” and the “temperature of lower part of the room”, depending on the type of the indoor unit or installation condition. Practically, the temperature control is done by the “target temperature appropriately adjusted for the indoor unit” and the “temperature detected by room temperature thermistor”.

1.2 Frequency Principle

Main Control Parameters

The compressor is frequency-controlled during normal operation. The target frequency is set by the following 2 parameters coming from the operating indoor unit:

- The load condition of the operating indoor unit
- The difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature

Additional Control Parameters

The target frequency is adapted by additional parameters in the following cases:

- Frequency restrictions
- Initial settings
- Forced cooling operation

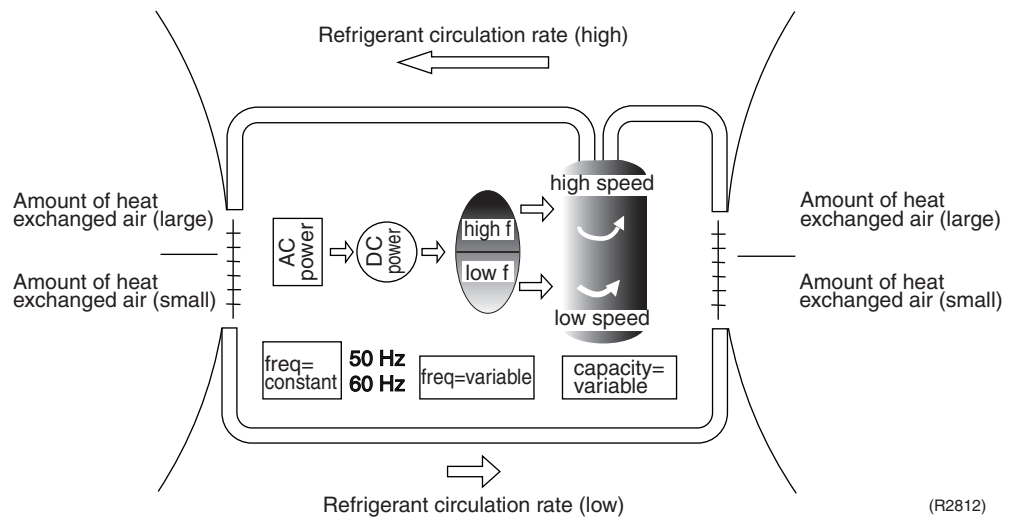
Inverter Principle

To regulate the capacity, a frequency control is needed. The inverter makes it possible to vary the rotation speed of the compressor. The following table explains the conversion principle:

Phase	Description
1	The supplied AC power source is converted into the DC power source for the present.
2	The DC power source is reconverted into the three phase AC power source with variable frequency. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ When the frequency increases, the rotation speed of the compressor increases resulting in an increased refrigerant circulation. This leads to a higher amount of the heat exchange per unit. ■ When the frequency decreases, the rotation speed of the compressor decreases resulting in a decreased refrigerant circulation. This leads to a lower amount of the heat exchange per unit.

Drawing of Inverter

The following drawing shows a schematic view of the inverter principle:



Inverter Features

The inverter provides the following features:

- The regulating capacity can be changed according to the changes in the outdoor temperature and cooling / heating load.
- Quick heating and quick cooling
The compressor rotational speed is increased when starting the heating (or cooling). This enables to reach the set temperature quickly.
- Even during extreme cold weather, the high capacity is achieved. It is maintained even when the outdoor temperature is 2°C.
- Comfortable air conditioning
A fine adjustment is integrated to keep the room temperature constant.
- Energy saving heating and cooling
Once the set temperature is reached, the energy saving operation enables to maintain the room temperature at low power.

Frequency Limits

The following functions regulate the minimum and maximum frequency:

Frequency	Functions
Low	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Four way valve operation compensation. Refer to page 39.
High	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Compressor protection function. Refer to page 39. ■ Discharge pipe temperature control. Refer to page 40. ■ Input current control. Refer to page 41. ■ Freeze-up protection control. Refer to page 42. ■ Heating peak-cut control. Refer to page 42. ■ Defrost control. Refer to page 44.

Forced Cooling Operation

Refer to page 240 for detail.

1.3 Airflow Direction Control

Power-Airflow Dual Flaps

The large flaps send a large volume of air downwards to the floor and provide an optimum control in cooling, dry, and heating mode.

Cooling / Dry Mode

During cooling or dry mode, the flap retracts into the indoor unit. Then, cool air can be blown far and pervaded all over the room.

Heating Mode

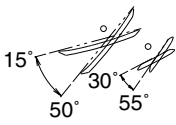
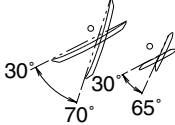
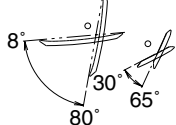
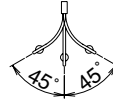
During heating mode, the large flap directs airflow downwards to spread the warm air to the entire room.

Wide-Angle Louvers

The louvers, made of elastic synthetic resin, provide a wide range of airflow that guarantees a comfortable air distribution.

Auto-Swing

The following table explains the auto swing process for cooling, dry, heating, and fan :

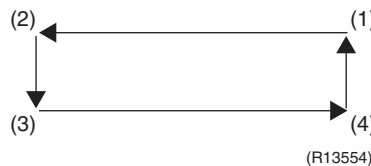
Vertical Swing (up and down)			Horizontal Swing (right and left)
Cooling / Dry	Heating	Fan	
 <p>(R12182)</p>	 <p>(R11402)</p>	 <p>(R14208)</p>	 <p>(R11404)</p>

3-D Airflow

Alternative repetition of vertical and horizontal swing motions enables uniform air-conditioning of the entire room. This function is effective for starting the air conditioner.


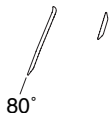
When the horizontal swing and vertical swing are both set to auto mode, the airflow becomes 3-D airflow. The horizontal and vertical swing motions are alternated and the airflow direction changes in the order shown in the following diagram.

- (1): The vertical blades (louvers) move from the right to the left.
- (2): The horizontal blades (flaps) move downward.
- (3): The vertical blades (louvers) move from the left to the right.
- (4): The horizontal blades (flaps) move upward.



COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation

The vertical swing flap is controlled not to blow the air directly on the person in the room.

Cooling	Heating
 <p>(R14189)</p>	 <p>(R12181)</p>

1.4 Fan Speed Control for Indoor Units

Outline



Phase control and fan speed control contains 9 steps: LLL, LL, SL, L, ML, M, MH, H, and HH. The airflow rate can be automatically controlled depending on the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature. This is done through phase control and Hall IC control.




For more information about Hall IC, refer to the troubleshooting for fan motor on page 84.

Automatic Fan Speed Control

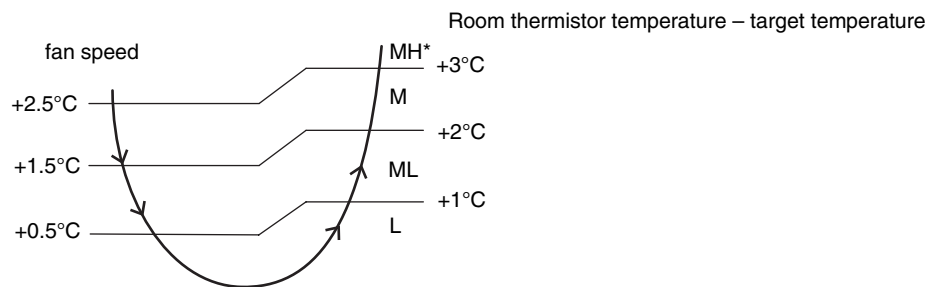
In automatic fan speed operation, the step "SL" is not available.

Step	Cooling	Heating
LLL	 (R6833)	 (R6834)
LL		
L		
ML		
M		
MH		
H		
HH (POWERFUL)		

 = The airflow rate is automatically controlled within this range when the FAN setting button is set to automatic.

<Cooling>

The following drawing explains the principle of fan speed control for cooling.



(R12317)

*In automatic fan speed operation, upper limit is at M tap in 30 minutes from the operation start.

<Heating>

On heating mode, the fan speed is regulated according to the indoor heat exchanger temperature and the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature.



Note:

1. During POWERFUL operation, fan rotates at H tap + 50 rpm.
2. Fan stops during defrost operation.

COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation

- The fan speed is controlled automatically within the following steps.
Cooling: L tap – MH tap (same as AUTOMATIC)
Heating: ML tap – Equivalent to ML tap – MH tap
- The latest command has the priority between POWERFUL and COMFORT AIRFLOW.

1.5 Program Dry Operation

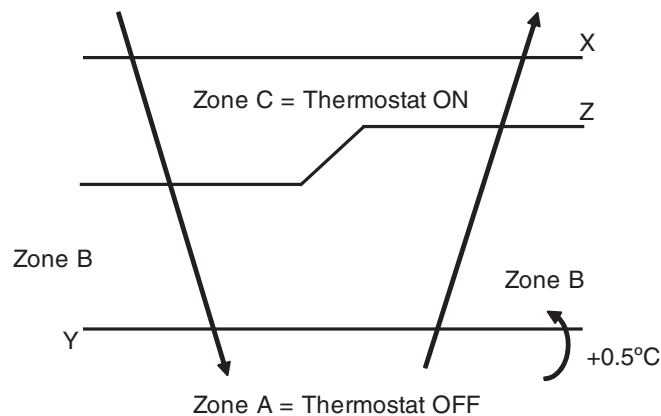
Outline

Program dry operation removes humidity while preventing the room temperature from lowering. Since the microcomputer controls both the temperature and airflow rate, the temperature adjustment and fan adjustment buttons are inoperable in this mode.

Detail

The microcomputer automatically sets the temperature and airflow rate. The difference between the room thermistor temperature at start-up and the target temperature is divided into two zones. Then, the unit operates in the dry mode with an appropriate capacity for each zone to maintain the temperature and humidity at a comfortable level.

Room thermistor temperature at start-up	Target temperature X	Thermostat OFF point Y	Thermostat ON point Z
24°C or more	Room thermistor temperature at start-up	$X - 2.5^{\circ}\text{C}$	$X - 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $Y + 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ (zone B) continues for 10 min.
23.5°C ⋮ 18°C		$X - 2.0^{\circ}\text{C}$	$X - 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $Y + 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ (zone B) continues for 10 min.
17.5°C ⋮		$X - 2.0^{\circ}\text{C}$	$X - 0.5^{\circ}\text{C} = 17.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $Y + 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ (zone B) continues for 10 min.



(R11581)

1.6 Automatic Operation

Outline

Automatic Cooling / Heating Function

When the AUTO mode is selected with the remote controller, the microcomputer automatically determines the operation mode as cooling or heating according to the room temperature and the set temperature at start-up, and automatically operates in that mode.

The unit automatically switches the operation mode to maintain the room temperature at the set temperature.

Detail

Ts: set temperature (set by remote controller)

Tt: target temperature (determined by microcomputer)

Tr: room thermistor temperature (detected by room temperature thermistor)

C: correction value

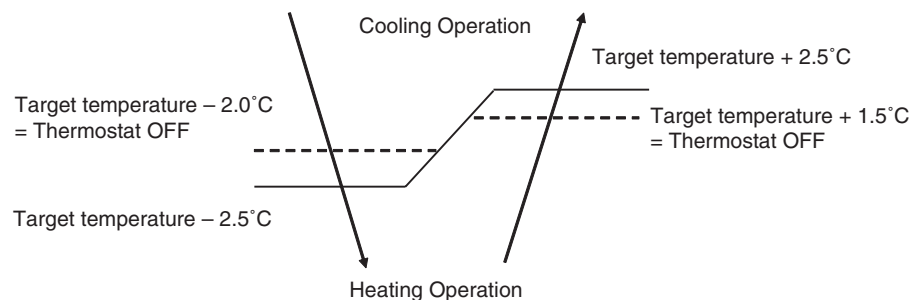
- The set temperature (Ts) determines the target temperature (Tt).
(Ts = 18 ~ 30°C).
- The target temperature (Tt) is calculated as;

$$Tt = Ts + C$$
 where C is the correction value.

$$C = 0^\circ\text{C}$$
- Thermostat ON/OFF point and mode switching point are as follows.
 Tr means the room thermistor temperature.
 - Heating → Cooling switching point:

$$Tr \geq Tt + 2.5^\circ\text{C}$$
 - Cooling → Heating switching point:

$$Tr < Tt - 2.5^\circ\text{C}$$
 - Thermostat ON/OFF point is the same as the ON/OFF point of cooling or heating operation.
- During initial operation
 - $Tr \geq Ts$: Cooling operation
 - $Tr < Ts$: Heating operation



(R11893)

Ex: When the target temperature is 25°C

Cooling → 23°C: Thermostat OFF → 22°C: Switch to heating

Heating → 26.5°C: Thermostat OFF → 27.5°C: Switch to cooling

1.7 Thermostat Control

Thermostat control is based on the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature.

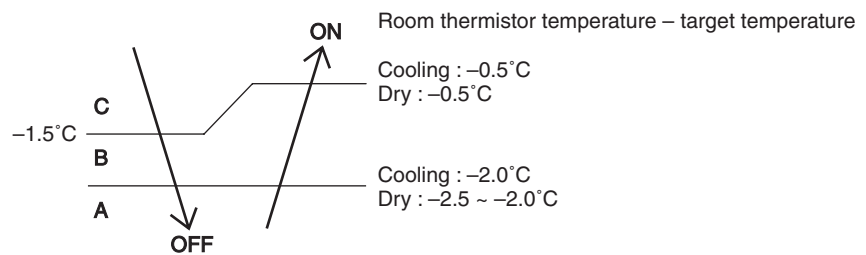
Thermostat OFF Condition

- ◆ The temperature difference is in the zone A.

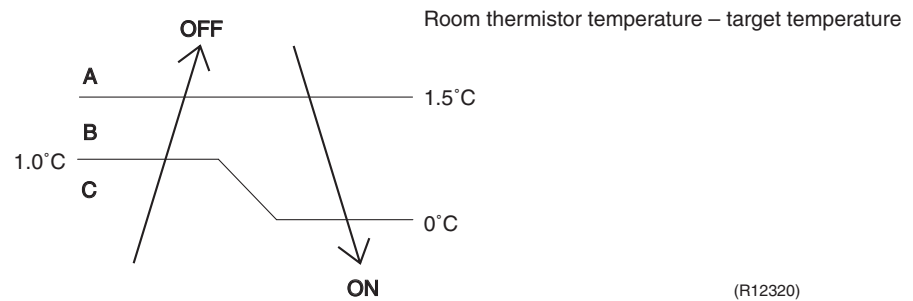
Thermostat ON Condition

- ◆ The temperature difference returns to the zone C after being in the zone A.
- ◆ The system resumes from defrost control in any zones except A.
- ◆ The operation turns on in any zones except A.
- ◆ The monitoring time has passed while the temperature difference is in the zone B.
(Cooling / Dry : 10 minutes, Heating : 10 seconds)

Cooling / Dry



Heating

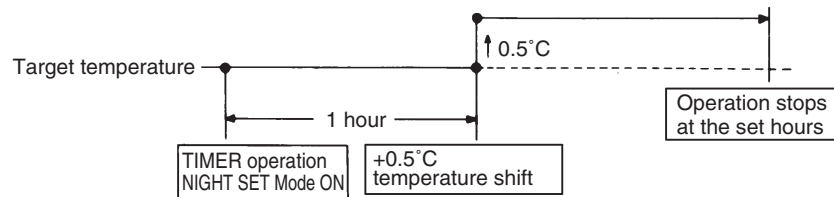


1.8 NIGHT SET Mode

Outline When the OFF timer is set, the NIGHT SET Mode is automatically activated. The NIGHT SET Mode keeps the airflow rate setting.

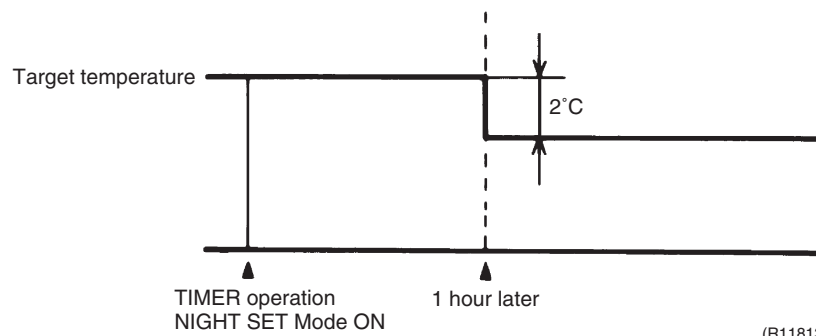
Detail The NIGHT SET Mode continues operation at the target temperature for the first one hour, then automatically raises the target temperature slightly in the case of cooling, or lowers it slightly in the case of heating. This prevents excessive cooling in summer and excessive heating in winter to ensure comfortable sleeping conditions, and also conserves electricity.

Cooling



(R10870)

Heating



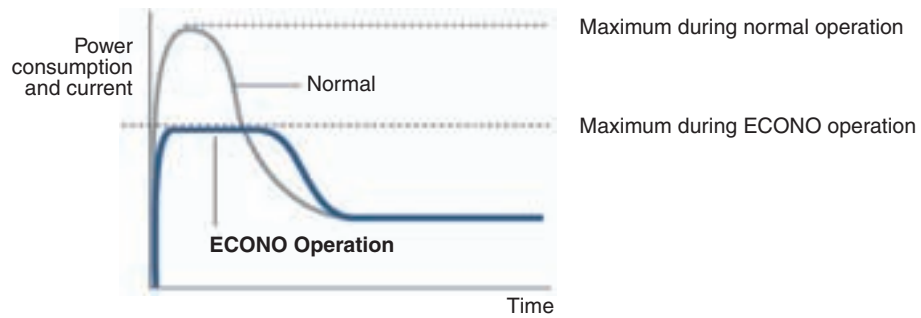
(R11813)

1.9 ECONO Operation

The "ECONO operation" reduces the maximum operating current and the power consumption. This operation is particularly convenient for energy-saving-oriented users. It is also a major bonus for those whose breaker capacities do not allow the use of multiple electrical devices and air conditioners.

It is easily activated from the wireless remote controller by pushing the ECONO button.

- When this function is activated, the maximum capacity also decreases.
- The remote controller can send the ECONO command when the unit is in COOL, HEAT, DRY, or AUTO operation. This function can only be set when the unit is running. Pressing the ON/OFF button on the remote controller cancels the function.
- This function and POWERFUL operation cannot be used at the same time. The latest command has the priority.



(R9288)

1.10 2-Area INTELLIGENT EYE Operation

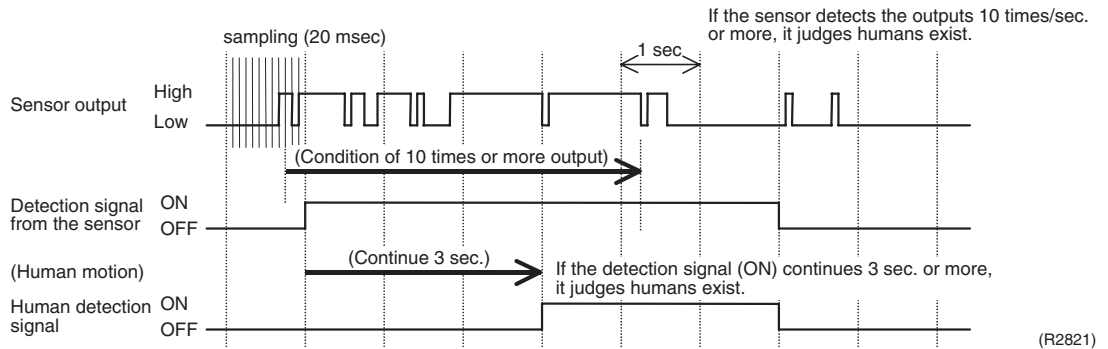
Outline

The following functions can be performed by a motion sensor (INTELLIGENT EYE).

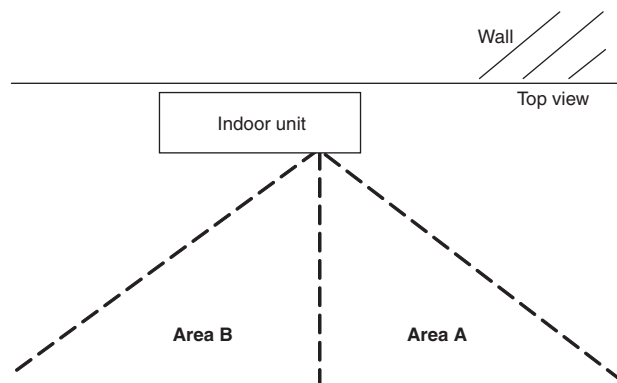
1. Reduction of the capacity when there is nobody in the room in order to save electricity (energy saving operation)
2. Dividing the room into plural areas and detecting existence of humans in each area.
Moving the airflow direction to the area with no human automatically to avoid direct airflow on humans.

Detail

1. Detection method of INTELLIGENT EYE



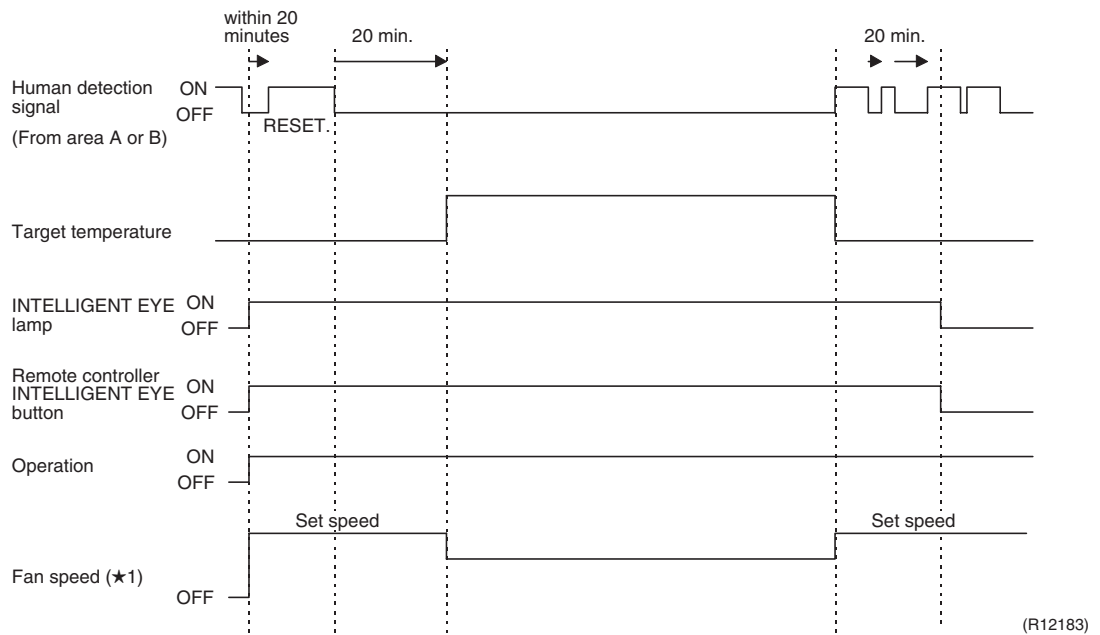
- This sensor detects human motion by receiving infrared rays and displays the pulse wave output.
- The microcomputer in the indoor unit carries out a sampling every 20 msec. and if it detects 10 cycles of the wave in one second in total (corresponding to $20 \text{ msec.} \times 10 = 200 \text{ msec.}$), and when the ON signal continues 3 sec., it judges human is in the room as the motion signal is ON
- 2-area INTELLIGENT EYE sensor is divided into 2 areas and detects humans in each area.
- Image of 2-area INTELLIGENT EYE



· A microcomputer judges human existence by the sensor signal from each area A and B.

(R12276)

2. Motions (for example: in cooling)

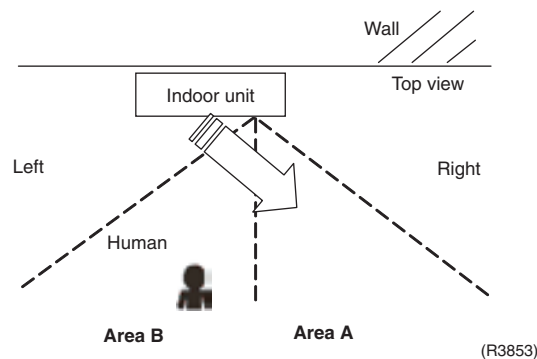


- When the microcomputer does not have a signal from the sensor in 20 minutes, it judges that nobody is in the room and operates the unit in temperature shifted from the target temperature. (Cooling / Dry : 2°C higher, Heating : 2°C lower, Auto : according to the operation mode at that time.)

★1 In case of FAN mode, the fan speed reduces by 60 rpm.

3. Airflow direction in 2-area INTELLIGENT EYE operation

- Detection method: The opposite area of detected area is set as the target direction.



1. Detection signal ON in both area A and B: Shift the airflow direction to area B (left side)
2. Detection signal ON in area A: Shift the airflow direction to area B (left side)
3. Detection signal ON in area B: Shift the airflow direction to area A (right side)
4. Detection signal OFF in both area A and B: No change

* When the detection signal is OFF for 20 minutes in both area A and B, the unit starts energy saving operation.

Others

- For dry operation, you cannot set the temperature with remote controller, but internally the target temperature is shifted by 2°C.

1.11 Inverter POWERFUL Operation

Outline

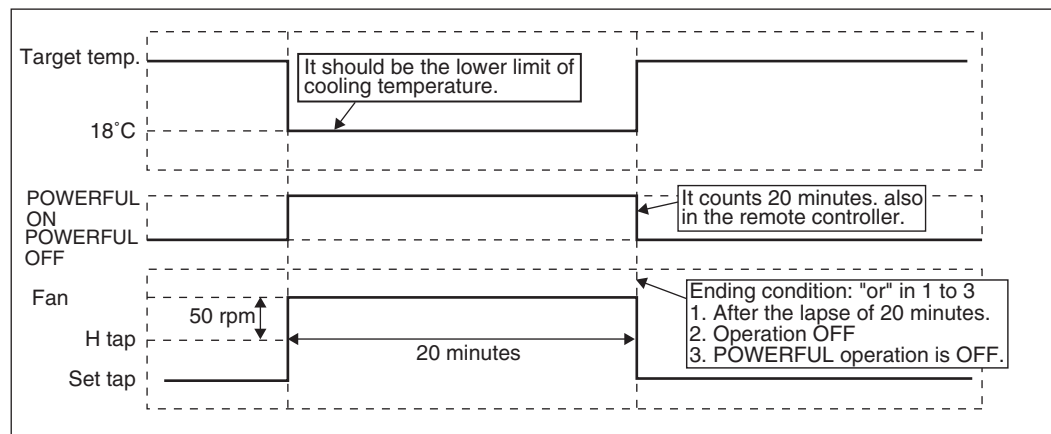
In order to exploit the cooling and heating capacity to full extent, operate the air conditioner by increasing the indoor fan rotating speed and the compressor frequency.

Detail

When POWERFUL button is pressed, the fan speed and target temperature are converted to the following states for 20 minutes.

Operation mode	Fan speed	Target temperature
COOL	H tap + 50 rpm	18°C
DRY	Dry rotating speed + 50 rpm	Lowered by 2.5°C
HEAT	H tap + 50 rpm	31°C
FAN	H tap + 50 rpm	—
AUTO	Same as cooling / heating in POWERFUL operation	The target temperature is kept unchanged.

Ex.) : POWERFUL operation in cooling mode.



(R7096)

1.12 Other Functions

1.12.1 Hot-Start Function

In order to prevent the cold air blast that normally comes when heating operation is started, the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is detected, and either the airflow is stopped or is made very weak thereby carrying out comfortable heating of the room.

*The cold air blast is also prevented using a similar control when the defrosting operation is started or when the thermostat is turned ON.

1.12.2 Signal Receiving Sign

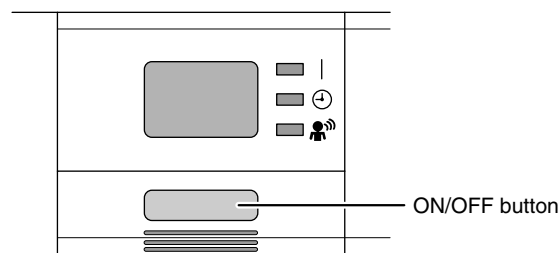
When the indoor unit receives a signal from the remote controller, the unit emits a signal receiving sound.

1.12.3 Indoor Unit ON/OFF Button

An ON/OFF button is provided on the display of the unit.

- Press this button once to start operation. Press once again to stop it.
- This button is useful when the remote controller is missing or the battery has run out.
- The operation mode refers to the following table.

	Mode	Temperature setting	Airflow rate
Cooling Only	COOL	22°C	Automatic
Heat Pump	AUTO	25°C	Automatic



(R8302)

<Forced cooling operation>

Forced cooling operation can be started by pressing the ON/OFF button for 5 to 9 seconds while the unit is not operating. Refer to page 240 for detail.

i Note: When the ON/OFF button is pressed for 10 seconds or more, the forced cooling operation is stopped.

1.12.4 Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter

This filter combines the Air-Purifying Filter and Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Deodorizing Filter as a single highly effective filter. The filter traps microscopic particles, decompose odors and even deactivates bacteria and viruses. It lasts for 3 years without replacement if washed about once every 6 months.

1.12.5 Auto-restart Function

Even if a power failure (including one for just a moment) occurs during the operation, the operation restarts automatically when the power is restored in the same condition as before the power failure.

i Note: It takes 3 minutes to restart the operation because the 3-minute standby function is activated.

1.12.6 WEEKLY TIMER Operation

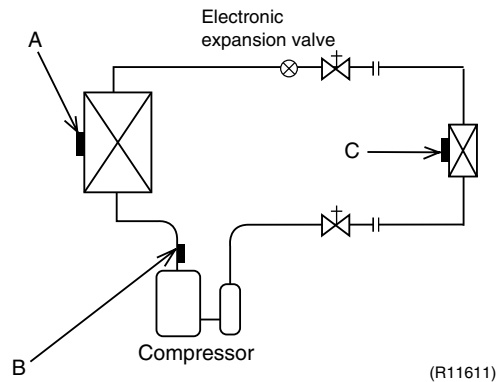
Up to 4 timer settings can be saved for each day of the week (up to 28 settings in total). Those 3 items of "ON/OFF", "temperature" and "time" can be set.



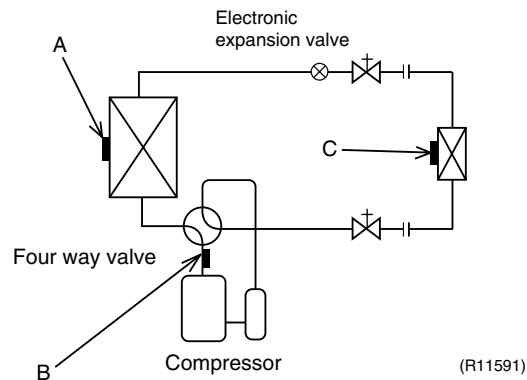
Refer to page 65 for detail.

2. Function of Thermistor

Cooling Only



Heat Pump



A Outdoor Heat Exchanger Thermistor

1. The outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for controlling target discharge pipe temperature. The system sets the target discharge pipe temperature according to the outdoor and indoor heat exchanger temperature, and controls the electronic expansion valve opening so that the target discharge pipe temperature can be obtained.
2. In cooling operation, the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor. When the discharge pipe temperature becomes lower than the outdoor heat exchanger temperature, the discharge pipe thermistor is judged as disconnected.
3. In cooling operation, the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for high pressure protection.

B Discharge Pipe Thermistor

1. The discharge pipe thermistor is used for controlling discharge pipe temperature. If the discharge pipe temperature (used in place of the inner temperature of the compressor) rises abnormally, the operating frequency becomes lower or the operation halts.
2. The discharge pipe thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor.

C Indoor Heat Exchanger Thermistor

1. The indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for controlling target discharge pipe temperature. The system sets the target discharge pipe temperature according to the outdoor and indoor heat exchanger temperature, and controls the electronic expansion valve opening so that the target discharge pipe temperature can be obtained.
2. In cooling operation, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for freeze-up protection control. If the indoor heat exchanger temperature drops abnormally, the operating frequency becomes lower or the operation halts.
3. In heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor. When the discharge pipe temperature becomes lower than the indoor heat exchanger temperature, the discharge pipe thermistor is judged as disconnected.

3. Control Specification

3.1 Mode Hierarchy

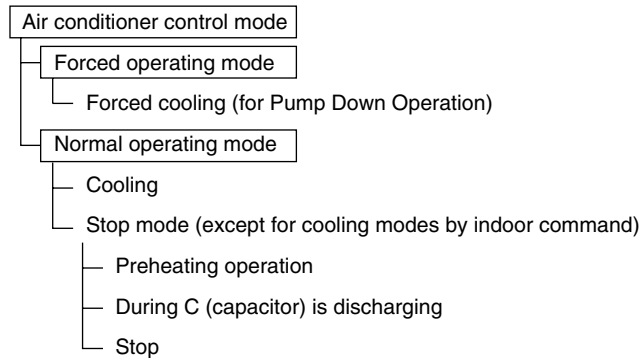
Outline

There are two modes; the one is the normal operation mode and the other is the forced operation mode for installation and providing service.

Detail

For Cooling Only Model

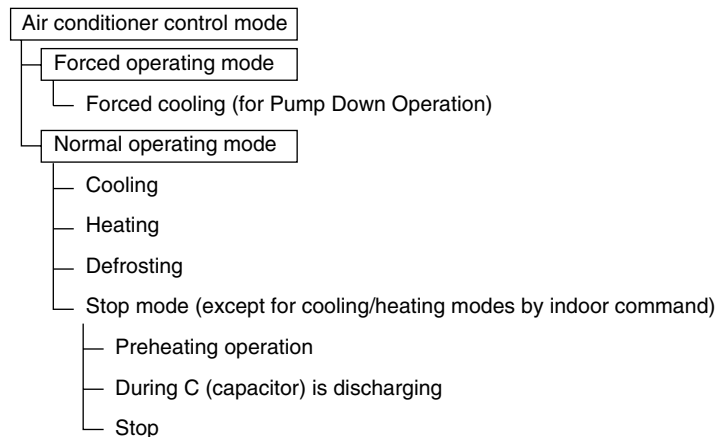
There are following modes; stop and cooling (including drying).



(R2830)

For Heat Pump Model

There are following modes; stop, cooling (includes drying), heating (include defrosting)



(R2829)



Note: Unless specified otherwise, an indoor dry operation command is regarded as cooling operation.

3.2 Frequency Control

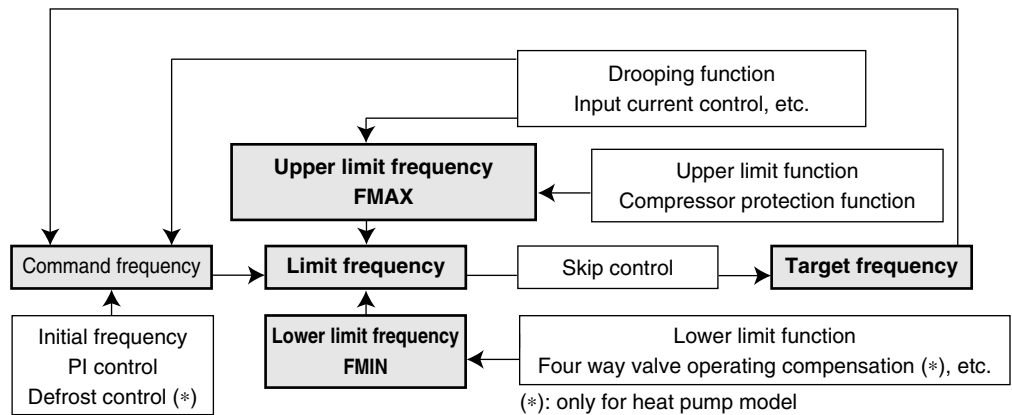
Outline

Frequency is determined according to the difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature.

The function is explained as follows.

1. How to determine frequency
2. Frequency command from the indoor unit (Difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature)
3. Frequency initial setting
4. PI control

When the shift of the frequency is less than zero ($\Delta F < 0$) by PI control, the target frequency is used as the command frequency.



(R11592)

Detail

How to Determine Frequency

The compressor's frequency is determined by taking the following steps.

For Cooling Only Model

1. Determine command frequency

- ◆ Command frequency is determined in the following order of priority.

1. Forced cooling
2. Indoor frequency command

2. Determine upper limit frequency

- ◆ The minimum value is set as an upper limit frequency among the frequency upper limits of the following functions:
Compressor protection, input current, discharge pipe temperature, freeze-up protection.

3. Determine lower limit frequency

- ◆ The maximum value is set as a lower limit frequency among the frequency lower limits of the following function:
Pressure difference upkeep.

4. Determine prohibited frequency

- ◆ There is a certain prohibited frequency such as a power supply frequency.

For Heat Pump Model

1. Determine command frequency

- ◆ Command frequency is determined in the following order of priority.

1. Limiting defrost control time
2. Forced cooling
3. Indoor frequency command

2. Determine upper limit frequency

- ◆ The minimum value is set as an upper limit frequency among the frequency upper limits of the following functions:
Compressor protection, input current, discharge pipe temperature, heating peak-cut, freeze-up protection, defrost.

3. Determine lower limit frequency

- ◆ The maximum value is set as a lower limit frequency among the frequency lower limits of the following functions:
Four way valve operation compensation, draft prevention, pressure difference upkeep.

4. Determine prohibited frequency

- ◆ There is a certain prohibited frequency such as a power supply frequency.

Indoor Frequency Command (ΔD signal)

The difference between the room thermistor temperature and the target temperature is taken as the " ΔD signal" and is used for frequency command.

Temperature difference	ΔD signal	Temperature difference	ΔD signal	Temperature difference	ΔD signal	Temperature difference	ΔD signal
-2.0	*Th OFF	0	4	2.0	8	4.0	C
-1.5	1	0.5	5	2.5	9	4.5	D
-1.0	2	1.0	6	3.0	A	5.0	E
-0.5	3	1.5	7	3.5	B	5.5	F

*Th OFF = Thermostat OFF

Frequency Initial Setting**<Outline>**

When starting the compressor, the frequency is initialized according to the ΔD value and the Q value of the indoor unit.

Q value: Indoor unit output determined from indoor unit volume, airflow rate and other factors.

PI Control (Determine Frequency Up / Down by ΔD Signal)**1. P control**

The ΔD value is calculated in each sampling time (15 ~ 20 seconds), and the frequency is adjusted according to its difference from the frequency previously calculated.

2. I control

If the operating frequency does not change for more than a certain fixed time, the frequency is adjusted according to the ΔD value.

When the ΔD value is small, the frequency is lowered.

When the ΔD value is large, the frequency is increased.

3. Frequency management when other controls are functioning

- ◆ When frequency is drooping;
Frequency management is carried out only when the frequency droops.
- ◆ For limiting lower limit
Frequency management is carried out only when the frequency rises.

4. Upper and lower limit of frequency by PI control

The frequency upper and lower limits are set according to the command on indoor unit.

When the indoor or outdoor unit quiet operation command comes from the indoor unit, the upper limit frequency is lowered than the usual setting.

3.3 Controls at Mode Changing / Start-up

3.3.1 Preheating Operation

Outline

The inverter operation in open phase starts with the conditions of the preheating command from the indoor unit, the outdoor temperature, and the discharge pipe temperature.

Detail

■ RK(X)S20/25/35J2V1B

Outdoor temperature $\geq 7^{\circ}\text{C}$ → Control A

Outdoor temperature $< 7^{\circ}\text{C}$ → Control B

Control A

- ◆ ON condition
Discharge pipe temperature $< 10^{\circ}\text{C}$
- ◆ OFF condition
Discharge pipe temperature $> 12^{\circ}\text{C}$
Radiation fin temperature $\geq 90^{\circ}\text{C}$

Control B

- ◆ ON condition
Discharge pipe temperature $< 20^{\circ}\text{C}$
- ◆ OFF condition
Discharge pipe temperature $> 22^{\circ}\text{C}$
Radiation fin temperature $\geq 90^{\circ}\text{C}$

■ RK(X)S42J2V1B

ON Condition

- ◆ When the discharge pipe temperature is below 10°C , the inverter operation in open phase starts.

OFF Condition

- ◆ When the discharge pipe temperature is higher than 12°C , the inverter operation in open phase stops.

■ RK(X)S50J2V1B

Outdoor temperature $\geq 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ → Control A

Outdoor temperature $< 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ → Control B

Control A

- ◆ ON condition
Discharge pipe temperature $< 6^{\circ}\text{C}$
- ◆ OFF condition
Discharge pipe temperature $> 8^{\circ}\text{C}$
Radiation fin temperature $\geq 90^{\circ}\text{C}$

Control B

- ◆ ON condition
Discharge pipe temperature $< 10.5^{\circ}\text{C}$
- ◆ OFF condition
Discharge pipe temperature $> 12^{\circ}\text{C}$
Radiation fin temperature $\geq 90^{\circ}\text{C}$

3.3.2 Four Way Valve Switching

Outline

In heating operation, current is conducted, and in cooling and defrosting, current is not conducted. In order to eliminate the switching sound when the heating is stopped, as the four way valve coil switches from ON to OFF, the OFF delay switch of the four way valve is carried out after the operation stopped.

Detail

OFF delay switch of four way valve:

The four way valve coil is energized for 150 ~ 160 seconds after the operation is stopped.

3.3.3 Four Way Valve Operation Compensation

Outline

At the beginning of the operation as the four way valve is switched, the differential pressure to activate the four way valve is acquired by having output frequency which is more than a certain fixed frequency, for a certain fixed time.

Detail

Starting Conditions

1. When starting compressor for heating.
 2. When the operation mode changes to cooling from heating.
 3. When starting compressor for defrosting or resetting.
 4. When starting compressor for the first time after the reset with the power is ON.
 5. When starting compressor for heating next to the suspension of defrosting.
 6. When starting compressor next to the fault of switching over cooling / heating.
- Set the lower limit frequency **A** Hz for **B** seconds with any conditions 1 through 6 above.

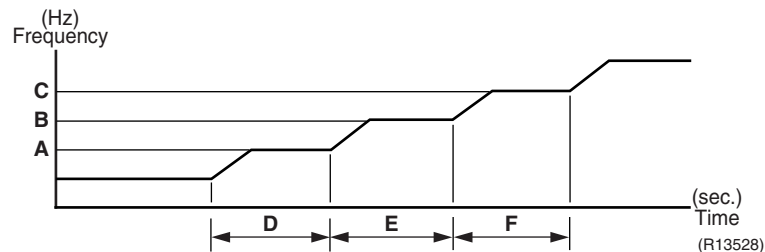
	20/25/35 class		42 class		50 class	
	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
A (Hz)	68	66	48	54	48	48
B (seconds)	45		60		70	

3.3.4 3-minute Standby

Turning on the compressor is prohibited for 3 minutes after turning it off.
(Except when defrosting.)

3.3.5 Compressor Protection Function

When turning the compressor from OFF to ON, the upper limit of frequency is set as follows.
(The function is not activated when defrosting.)



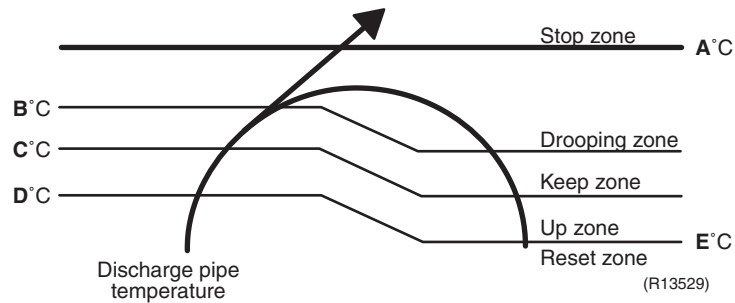
	20/25/35 class	42 class	50 class
A (Hz)	48	55	55
B (Hz)	64	70	70
C (Hz)	88	85	85
D (seconds)	240	150	120
E (seconds)	360	180	200
F (seconds)	180	300	470

3.4 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

Outline

The discharge pipe temperature is used as the internal temperature of the compressor. If the discharge pipe temperature rises above a certain level, the upper limit of frequency is set to keep this temperature from going up further.

Detail



Zone	Control
Stop zone	When the temperature reaches the stop zone, the compressor stops.
Drooping zone	The timer starts, and the frequency is drooping.
Keep zone	The upper limit of frequency is kept.
Up zone	The upper limit of frequency is increased.
Reset zone	The upper limit of frequency is canceled.

	20/25/35 class	42 class	50 class
A (°C)	110	110	110
B (°C)	105	103	103
C (°C)	101	102	101.5
D (°C)	99	100	100
E (°C)	97	95	95

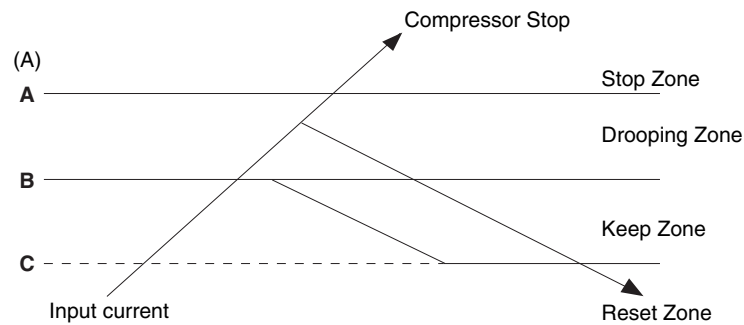
3.5 Input Current Control

Outline

The microcomputer calculates the input current during the compressor is running, and sets the frequency upper limit from the input current.

In case of heat pump model, this control which is the upper limit control of the frequency takes priority to the lower limit of control of four way valve operation compensation.

Detail



(R14246)

Frequency control in each zone

Stop zone

- After 2.5 seconds in this zone, the compressor is stopped.

Drooping zone

- The upper limit of the compressor frequency is defined as operation frequency – 2 Hz.
- After this, the output frequency is pulled down by 2 Hz every second until it reaches the keep zone.

Keep zone

- The present maximum frequency goes on.

Reset zone

- Limit of the frequency is canceled.

		20 class		25 class		35 class	
		Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
A (A)		9.25		9.25		9.25	
B (A)	Normal mode	6.0	7.5	6.25	7.5	8.25	
	ECONO mode	3.25		3.25		3.25	
C (A)	Normal mode	5.25	6.75	5.5	6.75	7.5	
	ECONO mode	2.5		2.5		2.5	

		42 class		50 class	
		Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
A (A)		14.25		20.0	
B (A)	Normal mode	10.0	10.5	10.0	15.0
	ECONO mode	4.5		7.0	10.5
C (A)	Normal mode	9.0	9.5	9.0	14.0
	ECONO mode	3.5		6.0	9.5

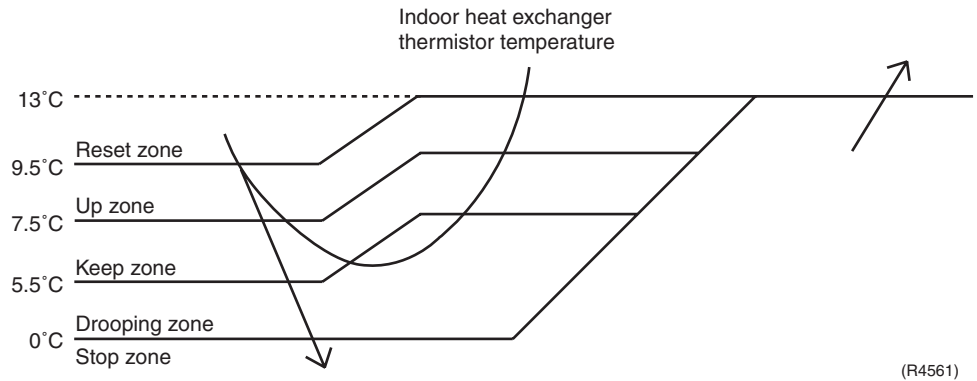
Limitation of current drooping and stop value according to the outdoor temperature

- The current droops when outdoor temperature becomes higher than a certain level (depending on the model).

3.6 Freeze-up Protection Control

Outline During cooling operation, the signal sent from the indoor unit controls the operating frequency limitation and prevents freezing of the indoor heat exchanger. (The signal from the indoor unit is divided into zones.)

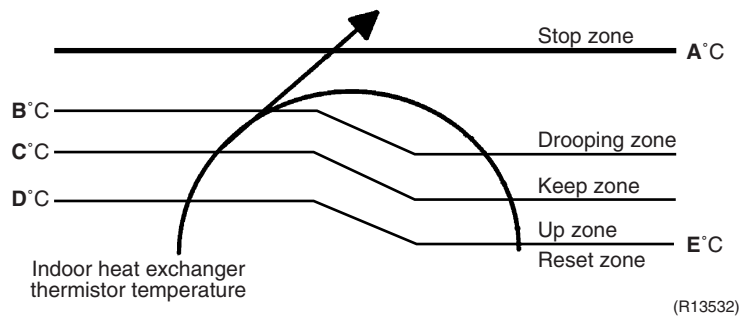
Detail The operating frequency limitation is judged with the indoor heat exchanger temperature.



3.7 Heating Peak-cut Control

Outline During heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature determines the frequency upper limit to prevent abnormal high pressure.

Detail



Zone	Control
Stop zone	When the temperature reaches the stop zone, the compressor stops.
Drooping zone	The timer starts, and the frequency is drooping.
Keep zone	The upper limit of frequency is kept.
Up zone	The upper limit of frequency is increased.
Reset zone	The upper limit of frequency is canceled.

	20/25/35 class	42 class	50 class
A (°C)	65	65	65
B (°C)	56	55	56
C (°C)	53	54	55
D (°C)	51	52	53
E (°C)	46	50	51

3.8 Outdoor Fan Control

1. Fan OFF delay when stopped

The outdoor fan is turned OFF 60 seconds after the compressor stops.

2. Fan ON control to cool down the electrical box

The outdoor fan is turned ON when the electrical box temperature is high while the compressor is OFF.

3. Fan OFF control while defrosting

The outdoor fan is turned OFF while defrosting.

4. Fan ON/OFF control when operation starts / stops

The outdoor fan is turned ON when the operation starts. The outdoor fan is turned OFF when the operation stops.

5. Fan control while forced cooling operation

The outdoor fan is controlled as well as normal operation while the forced cooling operation.

6. Fan speed control while indoor / outdoor quiet operation

The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is reduced by the command of the indoor/outdoor quiet operation.

7. Fan control for POWERFUL operation

The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is increased while the POWERFUL operation.

8. Fan speed control for pressure difference upkeep

The rotation speed of the outdoor fan is controlled for keeping the pressure difference while cooling with low outdoor temperature.

- ◆ When the pressure difference is small, the rotation speed of the outdoor fan is reduced.
- ◆ When the pressure difference is large, the rotation speed of the outdoor fan is increased.

3.9 Liquid Compression Protection Function

Outline

In order to obtain the dependability of the compressor, the compressor is stopped according to the outdoor temperature and temperature of the outdoor heat exchanger.

Detail

- Operation stops depending on the outdoor temperature

Compressor turns off under the conditions that the system is in cooling operation and outdoor temperature is below -12°C .

3.10 Defrost Control

Outline

Defrosting is carried out by the cooling cycle (reverse cycle). The defrosting time or outdoor heat exchanger temperature must be more than a certain value to finish.

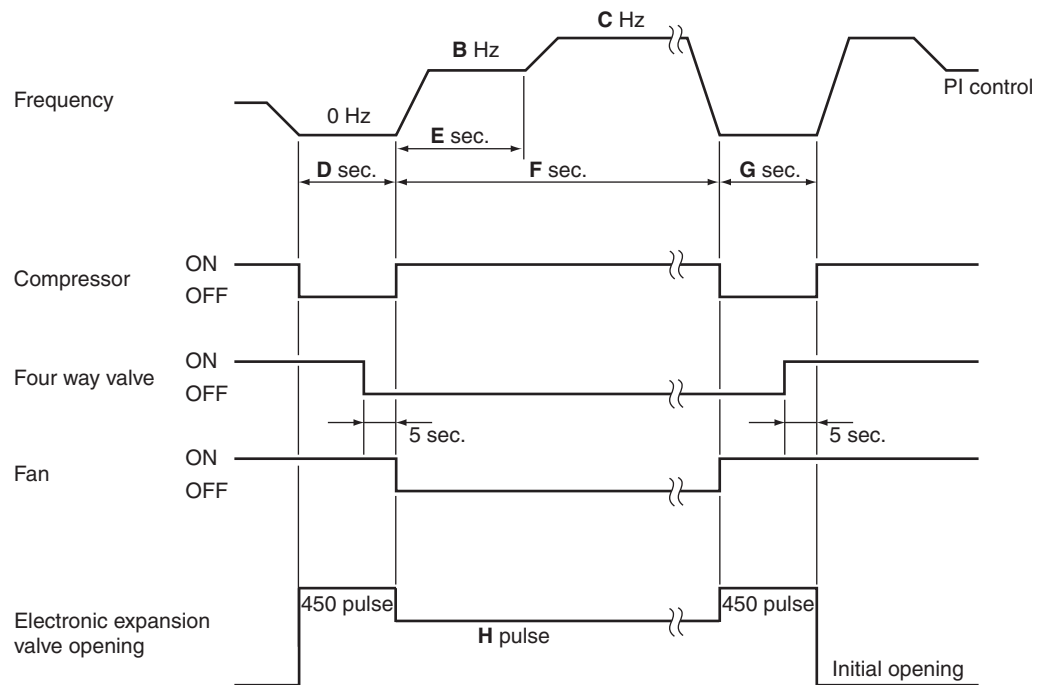
Detail

Conditions for Starting Defrost

- The starting conditions is determined with the outdoor temperature and the outdoor heat exchanger temperature.
- The system is in heating operation.
- The compressor operates for 6 minutes.
- More than **A** minutes of accumulated time pass since the start of the operation, or ending the previous defrosting.

Conditions for Canceling Defrost

The judgment is made with outdoor heat exchanger temperature. (J°C)



(R13533)

	20 class	25/35 class	42 class	50 class
A (minutes)	28	28	30	44
B (Hz)	76	76	48	55
C (Hz)	86	86	70	90
D (seconds)	50	50	60	60
E (seconds)	60	60	120	120
F (seconds)	600	600	650	460
G (seconds)	50	60	30	30
H (pulse)	350	350	350	450
J (°C)	4 ~18	4 ~18	4 ~15	4 ~12

3.11 Electronic Expansion Valve Control

Outline

The following items are included in the electronic expansion valve control.

Electronic expansion valve is fully closed

1. Electronic expansion valve is fully closed when turning on the power.
2. Pressure equalizing control

Open Control

1. Electronic expansion valve control when starting operation
2. Electronic expansion valve control when frequency changed
3. Electronic expansion valve control for defrosting
4. Electronic expansion valve control when the discharge pipe temperature is abnormally high
5. Electronic expansion valve control when the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected

Feedback Control

1. Discharge pipe temperature control

Detail

The followings are the examples of control which function in each mode by the electronic expansion valve control.

Operation pattern		Control when frequency changed	Control for abnormally high discharge pipe temperature	
When power is turned ON	○ : function × : not function	×	×	
↓		Fully closed when power is turned ON	×	×
Cooling operation		Open control when starting	×	○
↓		(Control of target discharge pipe temperature)	○	○
Stop		Pressure equalizing control	×	×
Heating operation		Open control when starting	×	○
↓		(Control of target discharge pipe temperature)	○	○
↓		Pressure equalizing control	×	×
Stop		Open control when starting	×	×
Heating operation		Continue	×	○
↓		Control of discharge pipe thermistor disconnection	×	×
Stop		Pressure equalizing control	×	×

(R2833)

3.11.1 Fully Closing with Power ON

The electronic expansion valve is initialized when turning on the power. The opening position is set and the pressure equalization is developed.

3.11.2 Pressure Equalization Control

When the compressor is stopped, the pressure equalization control is activated. The electronic expansion valve opens, and develops the pressure equalization.

3.11.3 Opening Limit

Outline

A maximum and minimum opening of the electronic expansion valve are limited.

Detail

	20/25/35 class	42 class	50 class
Maximum opening (pulse)	480	450	480
Minimum opening (pulse)	52	60	54

The electronic expansion valve is fully closed when cooling operation stops, and is opened at fixed degree during defrosting.

3.11.4 Starting Operation Control

The electronic expansion valve opening is controlled when the operation starts, and prevents the superheating or liquid compression.

3.11.5 High Discharge Pipe Temperature

When the compressor is operating, if the discharge pipe temperature exceeds a certain value, the electronic expansion valve opens and the refrigerant runs to the low pressure side. This procedure lowers the discharge pipe temperature.

3.11.6 Disconnection of the Discharge Pipe Thermistor

Outline

The disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor is detected by comparing the discharge pipe temperature with the condensing temperature. If the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected, the electronic expansion valve opens according to the outdoor temperature and the operation frequency, and operates for a specified time, and then stops.

After 3 minutes of waiting, the operation restarts and checks if the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected. If the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected, the system stops after operating for a specified time.

If the disconnection is detected 4 ~ 5 times (depending on the model) in succession, then the system is shut down. When the compressor runs for 60 minutes without any error, the error counter is reset.

Detail

When the starting control (cooling : **A** seconds, heating : **B** seconds) finishes, the detection timer for disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor (**C** seconds) starts. When the timer is over, the following adjustment is made.

1. When the operation mode is cooling

When the following condition is fulfilled, the discharge pipe thermistor disconnection is ascertained.

Discharge pipe temperature + 6°C < outdoor heat exchanger temperature

2. When the operation mode is heating

When the following condition is fulfilled, the discharge pipe thermistor disconnection is ascertained.

Discharge pipe temperature + 6°C < indoor heat exchanger temperature

	20/25/35 class	42 class	50 class
A (seconds)	10	10	10
B (seconds)	120	30	30
C (seconds)	810	630	630

Adjustment when the thermistor is disconnected

When the disconnection is ascertained, the compressor continues operation for 9 minutes and then stops.

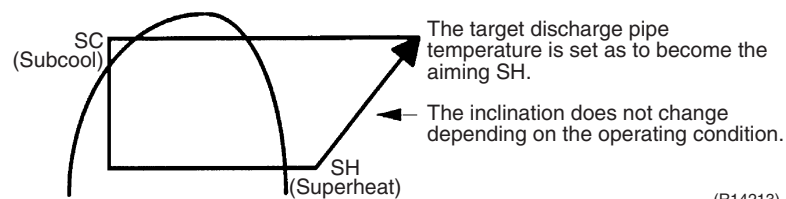
When the compressor stops repeatedly, the system is shut down.

3.11.7 Control when frequency is changed

When the target discharge pipe temperature control is active, if the target frequency is changed for a specified value in a certain time period, the target discharge pipe temperature control is canceled and the target opening of the electronic expansion valve is changed according to the shift.

3.11.8 Target Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

The target discharge pipe temperature is obtained from the indoor and outdoor heat exchanger temperature, and the electronic expansion valve opening is adjusted so that the actual discharge pipe temperature becomes close to the target discharge pipe temperature. (Indirect SH (superheating) control using the discharge pipe temperature)



(R14213)

The electronic expansion valve opening and the target discharge pipe temperature are adjusted every 20 seconds. The target discharge pipe temperature is controlled by indoor heat exchanger temperature and outdoor heat exchanger temperature. The opening degree of the electronic expansion valve is controlled by followings.

- ◆ Target discharge pipe temperature
- ◆ Actual discharge pipe temperature
- ◆ Previous discharge pipe temperature

3.12 Malfunctions

3.12.1 Sensor Malfunction Detection

Sensor malfunction may occur in the thermistor.

Relating to Thermistor Malfunction

1. Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor
2. Discharge pipe thermistor
3. Radiation fin thermistor
4. Outdoor temperature thermistor

3.12.2 Detection of Overcurrent and Overload

Outline

An excessive output current is detected and, the OL temperature is observed to protect the compressor.

Detail

- If the OL (compressor head) temperature exceeds 120 ~ 130°C (depending on the model), the system shuts down the compressor.
- If the inverter current exceeds 9.25 ~ 20 A (depending on the model), the system shuts down the compressor.

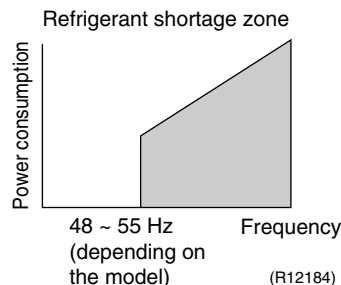
3.12.3 Refrigerant Shortage Control

Outline

I Detecting by power consumption

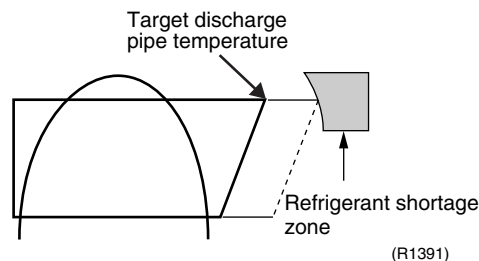
If the power consumption is below the specified value and the frequency is higher than the specified frequency, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.

The power consumption is small comparing with that in the normal operation when refrigerant is insufficient, and refrigerant shortage is detected by checking a power consumption.



II Detecting by discharge pipe temperature

If the discharge pipe temperature is higher than the target discharge pipe temperature, and the electronic expansion valve is fully open for more than the specified time, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.



III Detecting by the difference of temperature

If the difference between suction and discharge temperature is smaller than the specified value, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.



Refer to page 117 for detail.

Part 5

Operation Manual

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1. System Configuration

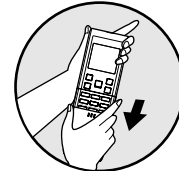
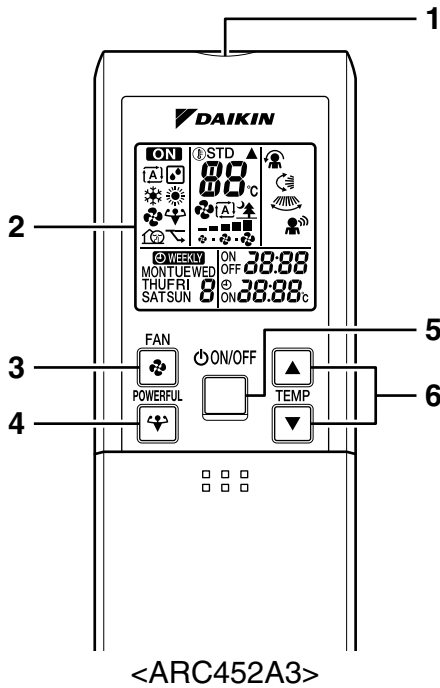
After the installation and test operation of the room air conditioner have been completed, it should be operated and handled as described below. Every user would like to know the correct method of operation of the room air conditioner, to check if it is capable of cooling (or heating) well, and to know a clever method of using it.

In order to meet this expectation of the users, giving sufficient explanations taking enough time can be said to reduce about 80% of the requests for servicing. However good the installation work is and however good the functions are, the customer may blame either the room air conditioner or its installation work because of improper handling. The installation work and handing over of the unit can only be considered to have been completed when its handling has been explained to the user without using technical terms but giving full knowledge of the equipment.

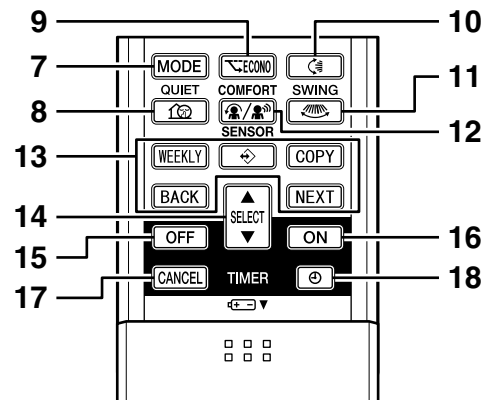
2. Operation Manual

2.1 Remote Controller

■ Remote Controller



<Open the front cover>



- 1. Signal transmitter:**
 - It sends signals to the indoor unit.
- 2. Display (LCD):**
 - It displays the current settings.
(In this illustration, each section is shown with its displays on for the purpose of explanation.)
- 3. FAN setting button:**
 - It selects the airflow rate setting.
- 4. POWERFUL button:**
 - POWERFUL operation (page 18.)
- 5. ON/OFF button:**
 - Press this button once to start operation.
Press once again to stop it.
- 6. TEMPERATURE adjustment buttons:**
 - It changes the temperature setting.
- 7. MODE selector button:**
 - It selects the operation mode.
(AUTO/DRY/COOL/HEAT/FAN) (page 10.)
- 8. QUIET button:**
 - OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation (page 19.)
- 9. ECONO button:**
 - ECONO operation (page 20.)
- 10. SWING button:**
 - Flaps (horizontal blades) (page 12.)
- 11. SWING button:**
 - Louvers (vertical blades) (page 12.)
- 12. COMFORT/SENSOR button:**
 - COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE operation (page 14.)
- 13. WEEKLY/PROGRAM/COPY/BACK/NEXT button:**
 - WEEKLY TIMER operation (page 23.)
- 14. SELECT button:**
 - It changes the ON/OFF TIMER and WEEKLY TIMER settings. (page 21, 23.)
- 15. OFF TIMER button:** (page 21.)
- 16. ON TIMER button:** (page 22.)
- 17. TIMER CANCEL button:**
 - It cancels the timer setting. (page 21, 22.)
 - It cannot be used for the WEEKLY TIMER operation.
- 18. CLOCK button**

2.2 AUTO · DRY · COOL · HEAT · FAN Operation

AUTO · DRY · COOL · HEAT · FAN Operation

The air conditioner operates with the operation mode of your choice.

From the next time on, the air conditioner will operate with the same operation mode.

■ To start operation

1. Press **MODE** and select a operation mode.

- Each pressing of the button advances the mode setting in sequence.

: AUTO : HEAT
 : DRY : FAN
 : COOL

COOLING ONLY model

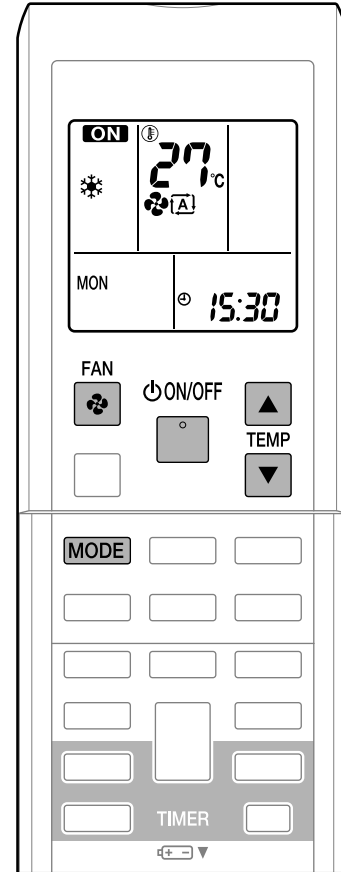


HEAT PUMP model



2. Press .

- “**ON**” is displayed on the LCD.
- The OPERATION lamp lights up.



■ To stop operation

3. Press again.

- “**ON**” disappears from the LCD.
- Then OPERATION lamp goes off.






■ To change the temperature setting


4. Press or .

AUTO or COOL or HEAT operation	DRY or FAN operation
Press raise the temperature and press lower the temperature.	The temperature setting is not variable.
Set to the temperature you like.	

■ To change the airflow rate setting

5. Press  .

AUTO or COOL or HEAT or FAN operation	DRY operation
5 levels of airflow rate setting from “  ” to “  ” plus “  ” “  ” are available. 	The airflow rate setting is not variable.

- Indoor unit quiet operation
When the airflow is set to “”, the noise from the indoor unit will become quieter. Use this when making the noise quieter.

NOTE

- Notes on HEAT operation**
 - Since this air conditioner heats the room by taking heat from outdoor air to indoors, the heating capacity becomes smaller in lower outdoor temperatures. If the heating effect is insufficient, it is recommended to use another heating appliance in combination with the air conditioner.
 - The heat pump system heats the room by circulating hot air around all parts of the room. After the start of heating operation, it takes some time before the room gets warmer.
 - In heating operation, frost may occur on the outdoor unit and lower the heating capacity. In that case, the system switches into defrosting operation to take away the frost.
 - During defrosting operation, hot air does not flow out of indoor unit.
 - A pinging sound may be heard during defrosting operation, which, however does not mean that the air conditioner has failures.
- Note on COOL operation**
 - This air conditioner cools the room by releasing the heat in the room outside. Therefore, the cooling performance of the air conditioner may be degraded if the outdoor temperature is high.
- Note on DRY operation**
 - The computer chip works to rid the room of humidity while maintaining the temperature as much as possible. It automatically controls temperature and airflow rate, so manual adjustment of these functions is unavailable.
- Notes on AUTO operation**
 - In AUTO operation, the system selects an appropriate operation mode (COOL or HEAT) based on the room and outside temperatures and starts the operation.
 - The system automatically reselects setting at a regular interval to bring the room temperature to user-setting level.
- Note on FAN operation**
 - This mode is valid for fan only.
- Note on airflow rate setting**
 - At smaller airflow rates, the cooling (heating) effect is also smaller.

2.3 Adjusting the Airflow Direction


Adjusting the Airflow Direction

You can adjust the airflow direction to increase your comfort.

■ To start auto swing


Upper and lower airflow direction

Press  .

- “” is displayed on the LCD.
- The flaps (horizontal blades) will begin to swing.





Right and left airflow direction

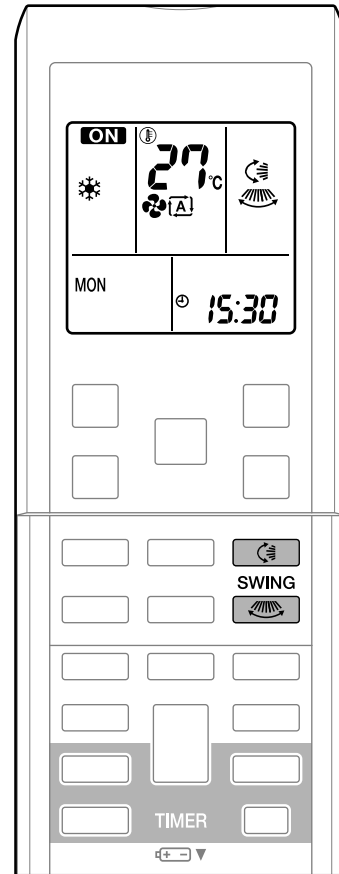
Press  .

- “” is displayed on the LCD.
- The louvers (vertical blades) will begin to swing.

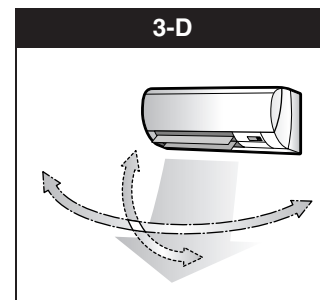
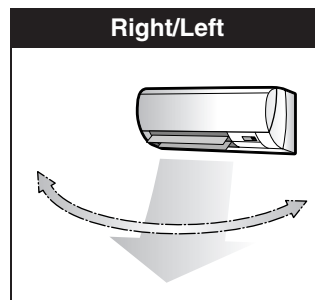
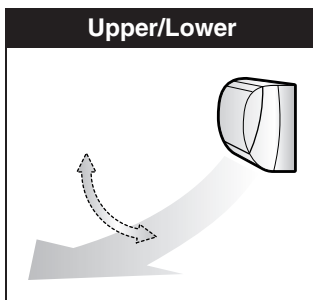
The 3-D airflow direction

Press  and  .

- “” and “” are displayed on the LCD.
- The flaps and louvers move in turn.
- To cancel 3-D airflow, press either  or  again.
The flaps or louvers will stop moving.





- The following illustrations show respective airflow directions.



■ To set the flaps or louvers at desired position

- This function is effective while flaps or louvers are in auto swing mode.

Press  and  when the flaps or louvers have reached the desired position.

- In the 3-D airflow, the flaps and louvers move in turn.
- “” or “” disappears from the LCD.

CAUTION

- Always use a remote controller to adjust the angles of the flaps and louvers. If you attempt to move the flaps and louvers forcibly with hand when they are swinging, the mechanism may be broken.
- Always use a remote controller to adjust the louvers angles. In side the air outlet, a fan is rotating at a high speed.

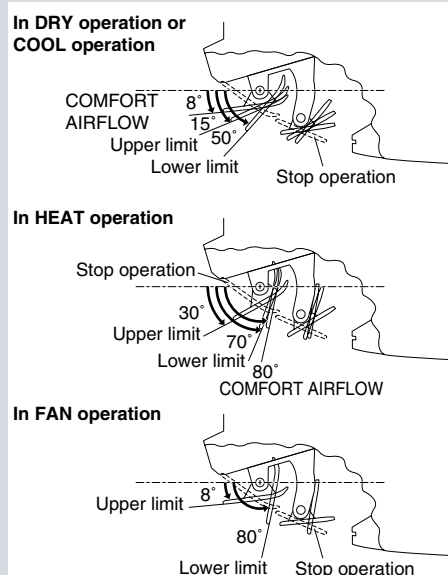
NOTE

■ Note on the angles of the flaps

- The flaps swinging range depends on the operation. (See the figure.)

■ Note on 3-D airflow

- Using 3-D airflow circulates cold air, which tends to be collected at the bottom of the room, and hot air, which tends to collect near the ceiling, throughout the room, preventing areas of cold and hot developing.

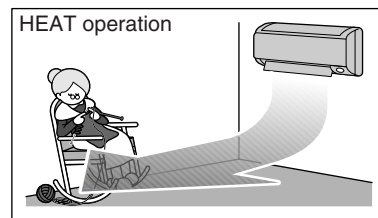
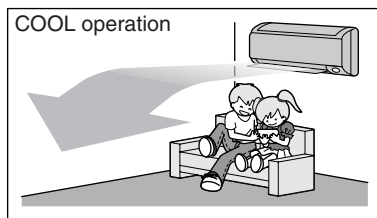


2.4 COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE Operation

COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE Operation

■ COMFORT AIRFLOW operation

The flow of air will be in the upward direction while in COOL operation and in the downward direction while in HEAT operation, which will provide a comfortable wind that will not come in direct contact with people.

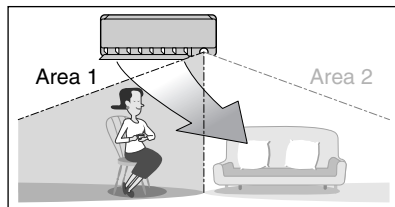


■ INTELLIGENT EYE operation

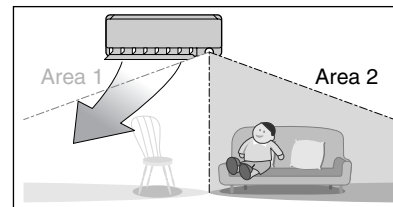
“INTELLIGENT EYE” is the infrared sensor which detects the human movement. If no one is in the room for more than 20 minutes, the operation automatically changes to energy saving operation.

The INTELLIGENT EYE sensor according to the following situations.

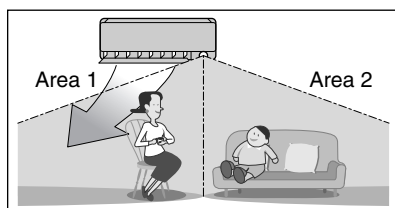
■ A person is detected in area 1.



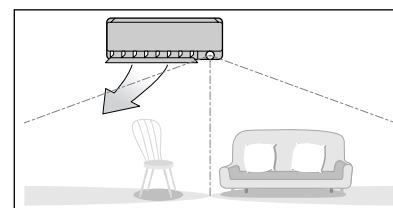
■ A person is detected in area 2.



■ People are detected in both areas.



■ No people are detected in the areas.






Use the INTELLIGENT EYE Operation in combination with the COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation.

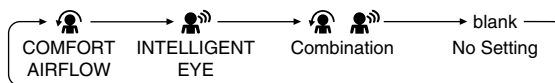
The air conditioner will go into energy-saving mode after 20 minutes.

*The wind direction may differ from the illustrated direction depending on the actions and movements of the people in the areas.

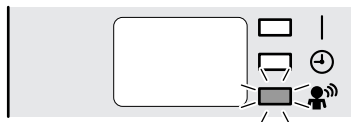
■ To start operation

Press  and select the desired mode.

- Each time the  is pressed a different setting option is displayed on the LCD.
- By selecting “” from the following icons, the air conditioner will be in COMFORT AIRFLOW operation combined with INTELLIGENT EYE operation.

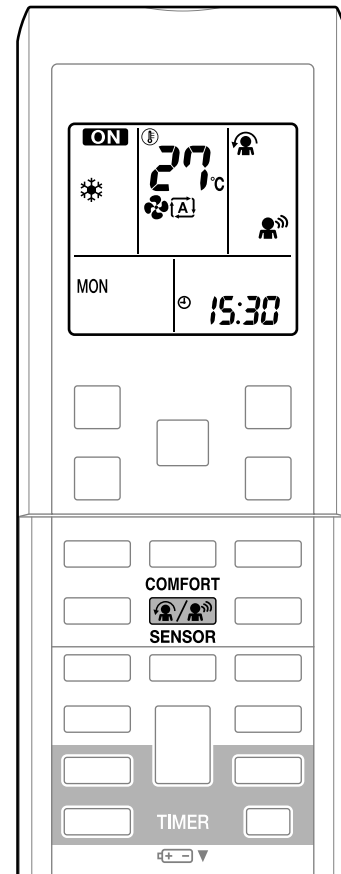





- When the flaps (horizontal blades) are swinging, the operating as above will stop movement of them.
- The INTELLIGENT EYE lamp lights up.
- The lamp will be lit while human movements are detected.



■ To cancel operation

Press  and select “blank” on the LCD.



Display	Operation mode	Explanation
	COMFORT AIRFLOW	The flaps will adjust the airflow direction upward while cooling, and adjust the airflow direction downward while heating. (page 14.)
	INTELLIGENT EYE	The sensors will detect the movement of people in the sensing areas and the louvers will adjust the airflow direction to an area where people are not present. When there are no people in the sensing areas, the air conditioner will go into energy-saving mode. (page 14.)
	COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE	The air conditioner will be in COMFORT AIRFLOW operation combined with INTELLIGENT EYE operation. (page 17.)
Blank	No function	—

COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE Operation

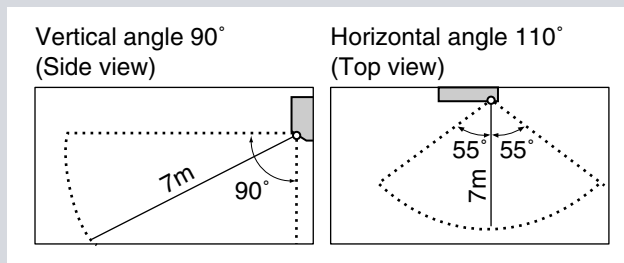
NOTE

■ Notes on COMFORT AIRFLOW operation

- The flap position will change, preventing air from blowing directly on the occupants of the room.
- POWERFUL operation and COMFORT AIRFLOW operation cannot be used at the same time.
- Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- The airflow rate will be set to AUTO. If the upper and lower airflow direction is selected, the COMFORT AIRFLOW operation will be canceled.

■ Notes on INTELLIGENT EYE operation

- Application range is as follows.



- While the air conditioner is in INTELLIGENT EYE operation, the louvers will adjust the airflow direction if there are people in the sensing areas of the INTELLIGENT EYE so that the leftward or rightward airflow will not be directed to the people.
If no people are detected in either area 1 or 2 in 20 minutes, the air conditioner will go into energy-saving mode with the set temperature shifted by 2°C.
The air conditioner may go into energy-saving operation even if there are people in the areas. This may occur depending on the clothes the people are wearing if there are no movements of the people in the areas.
- The airflow direction from the louvers will be leftward if there are people in both areas 1 and 2 or if there is a person right in front of the sensors because the sensors on the both sides will detect the person.
- Due to the position of the sensor, people might be exposed to the airflow of the indoor unit if they are close to the front side of the indoor unit.
If there are people close to the front side of the indoor unit or in both areas, it is recommended to use the COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE functions simultaneously. When both of them are in use, the air conditioner will not direct the airflow towards the people.
- Sensor may not detect moving objects further than 7m away. (Check the application range)
- Sensor detection sensitivity changes according to indoor unit location, the speed of passersby, temperature range, etc.
- The sensor also mistakenly detects pets, sunlight, fluttering curtains and light reflected off of mirrors as passersby.
- INTELLIGENT EYE operation will not go on during POWERFUL operation.
- NIGHT SET mode (page 21.) will not go on during use of INTELLIGENT EYE operation.

NOTE

■ Note on combination of COMFORT AIRFLOW operation and INTELLIGENT EYE operation

- The airflow rate will be set to AUTO. If the upper and lower airflow direction is selected, the COMFORT AIRFLOW operation will be canceled. Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.

- The air conditioner can go into operation with the COMFORT AIRFLOW and INTELLIGENT EYE functions combined.

The flaps adjust the airflow direction upward (while in cooling operation) and downward (while in heating operation), during which the sensors of the INTELLIGENT EYE are working to detect the movement of people. When the sensors detect people, the louvers will direct the airflow in such way that it will not be blown directly on them. If there are no people, the air conditioner will go into energy-saving operation after 20 minutes.

INTELLIGENT EYE operation is useful for energy saving

■ Energy saving operation

- If no presence detected in the room for 20 minutes, the energy saving operation will start.
- This operation changes the temperature -2°C in HEAT / $+2^{\circ}\text{C}$ in COOL / $+2^{\circ}\text{C}$ in DRY operation from set temperature.
- This operation decreases the airflow rate slightly in FAN operation only.

CAUTION

- Do not place large objects near the sensor. Also keep heating units or humidifiers outside the sensor's detection area. This sensor can detect undesirable objects.
- Do not hit or violently push the INTELLIGENT EYE sensor. This can lead to damage and malfunction.


2.5 POWERFUL Operation

POWERFUL Operation

POWERFUL operation quickly maximizes the cooling (heating) effect in any operation mode. You can get the maximum capacity.

■ To start POWERFUL operation

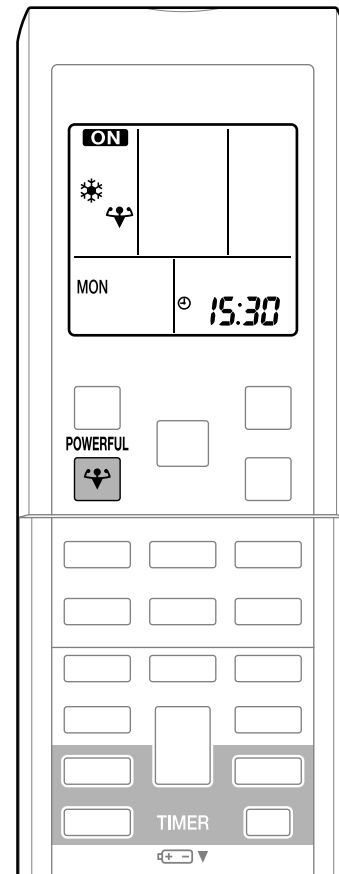
1. Press .

- POWERFUL operation ends in 20 minutes. Then the system automatically operates again with the previous settings which were used before POWERFUL operation.
- “” is displayed on the LCD.

■ To cancel POWERFUL operation

2. Press  again.

- “” disappears from the LCD.



NOTE

■ Notes on POWERFUL operation

- When using POWERFUL operation, there are some functions which are not available.
- POWERFUL operation cannot be used together with ECONO, COMFORT AIRFLOW or OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation. Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- POWERFUL operation can only be set when the unit is running.
- POWERFUL operation will not increase the capacity of the air conditioner if the air conditioner is already in operation with its maximum capacity demonstrated.
- **In COOL, HEAT and AUTO mode**
To maximize the cooling (heating) effect, the capacity of outdoor unit is increased and the airflow rate is fixed to the maximum setting.
The temperature and airflow settings are not variable.
- **In DRY operation**
The temperature setting is lowered by 2.5°C and the airflow rate is slightly increased.
- **In FAN operation**
The airflow rate is fixed to the maximum setting.

2.6 OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET Operation

OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET Operation

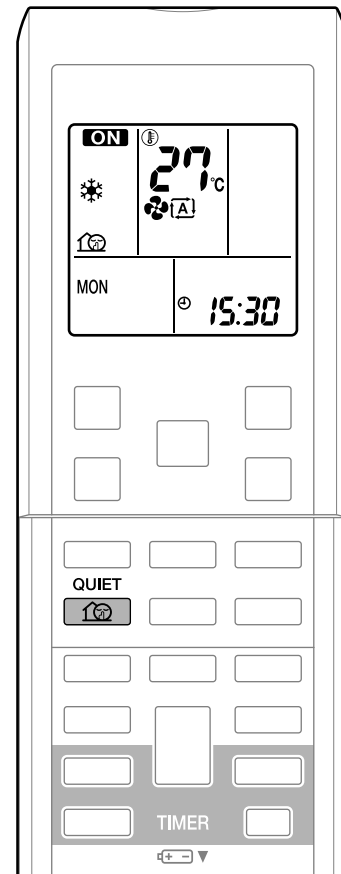
OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation lowers the noise level of the outdoor unit by changing the frequency and fan speed on the outdoor unit. This function is convenient during night.

■ To start OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation

1. Press  .
 - “” is displayed on the LCD.


■ To cancel OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation

2. Press  again.
 - “” disappears from the LCD.



NOTE

■ Notes on OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation

- This function is available in COOL, HEAT, and AUTO operation. (This is not available in FAN and DRY operation.)
- POWERFUL operation and OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation cannot be used at the same time. Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- Even the operation is stopped using the remote controller or the indoor unit ON/OFF switch when using OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation, “” will remain on the remote controller display.
- OUTDOOR UNIT QUIET operation will drop neither the frequency nor fan speed if the frequency and fan speed have been already dropped low enough.

2.7 ECONO Operation

ECONO Operation

ECONO operation is a function which enables efficient operation by limiting the maximum power consumption value.

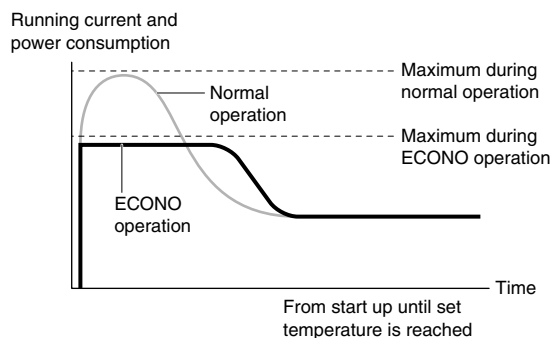
This function is useful for cases in which attention should be paid to ensure a circuit breaker will not trip when the product runs alongside other appliances.

■ To start ECONO operation

1. Press  .
 - “” is displayed on the LCD.

■ To cancel ECONO operation

2. Press  again.
 - “” disappears from the LCD.

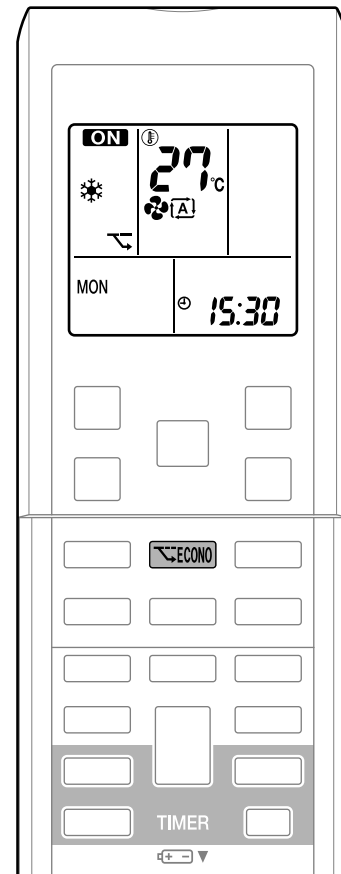


- This diagram is a representation for illustrative purposes only.
- * The maximum running current and power consumption of the air conditioner in ECONO operation vary with the connecting outdoor unit.

NOTE

■ Notes on ECONO operation

- ECONO operation can only be set when the unit is running.
- ECONO operation is a function which enables efficient operation by limiting the power consumption of the outdoor unit (operating frequency).
- ECONO operation functions in AUTO, COOL, DRY and HEAT operation.
- POWERFUL and ECONO operation cannot be used at the same time. Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- If the level of power consumption is already low, ECONO operation will not drop the power consumption.



2.8 OFF TIMER Operation

OFF TIMER Operation

Timer functions are useful for automatically switching the air conditioner on or off at night or in the morning. You can also use OFF TIMER and ON TIMER in combination.

■ To use OFF TIMER operation

- Check that the clock is correct.
If not, set the clock to the present time.

1. Press **OFF** .

- “OFF” and setting time are displayed on the LCD.
- “0:00” is displayed on the LCD.
- “OFF” blinks.

2. Press **SELECT** until the time setting reaches the point you like.

- Each pressing of either button increases or decreases the time setting by 10 minutes. Holding down either button changes the setting rapidly.

3. Press **OFF** again.

- The TIMER lamp lights up.



■ To cancel the OFF TIMER Operation

4. Press **CANCEL** .

- “OFF” and setting time disappear from the LCD.
- “⌚” and day of the week are displayed on the LCD.
- The TIMER lamp goes off.

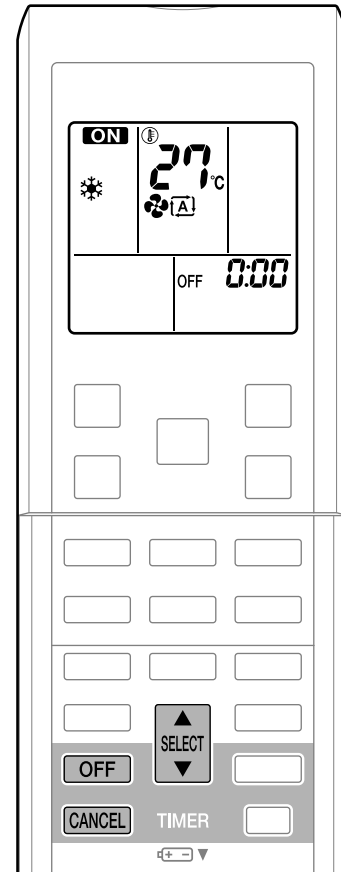
NOTE

■ Notes on TIMER operation

- When TIMER is set, the present time is not displayed.
- Once you set ON/OFF TIMER, the time setting is kept in the memory. The memory is canceled when remote controller batteries are replaced.
- When operating the unit via the ON/OFF TIMER, the actual length of operation may vary from the time entered by the user. (Maximum approx. 10 minutes)

■ NIGHT SET mode

When the OFF TIMER is set, the air conditioner automatically adjusts the temperature setting (0.5°C up in COOL, 2.0°C down in HEAT) to prevent excessive cooling (heating) for your pleasant sleep.



2.9 ON TIMER Operation

ON TIMER Operation

■ To use ON TIMER operation

- Check that the clock is correct. If not, set the clock to the present time.

1. Press **ON** .

- “ON” and setting time are displayed on the LCD.
- “6:00” is displayed on the LCD.
- “ON” blinks.

2. Press **SELECT** until the time setting reaches the point you like.

- Each pressing of either button increases or decreases the time setting by 10 minutes. Holding down either button changes the setting rapidly..

3. Press **ON** again.

- The TIMER lamp lights up.



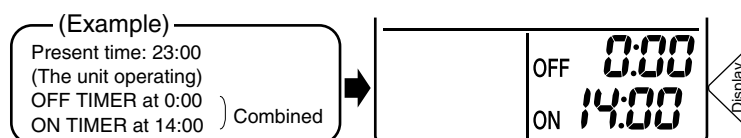
■ To cancel ON TIMER operation

4. Press **CANCEL** .

- “ON” and setting time disappear from the LCD.
- “⊕” and day of the week are displayed on the LCD.
- The TIMER lamp goes off.

■ To combine ON TIMER and OFF TIMER

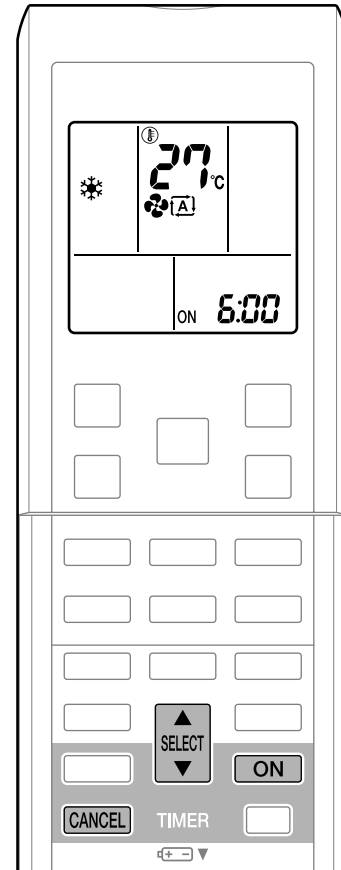
- A sample setting for combining the 2 timers is shown below.



NOTE

■ In the following cases, set the timer again.

- After a breaker has turned off.
- After a power failure.
- After replacing batteries in the remote controller.



2.10 WEEKLY TIMER Operation

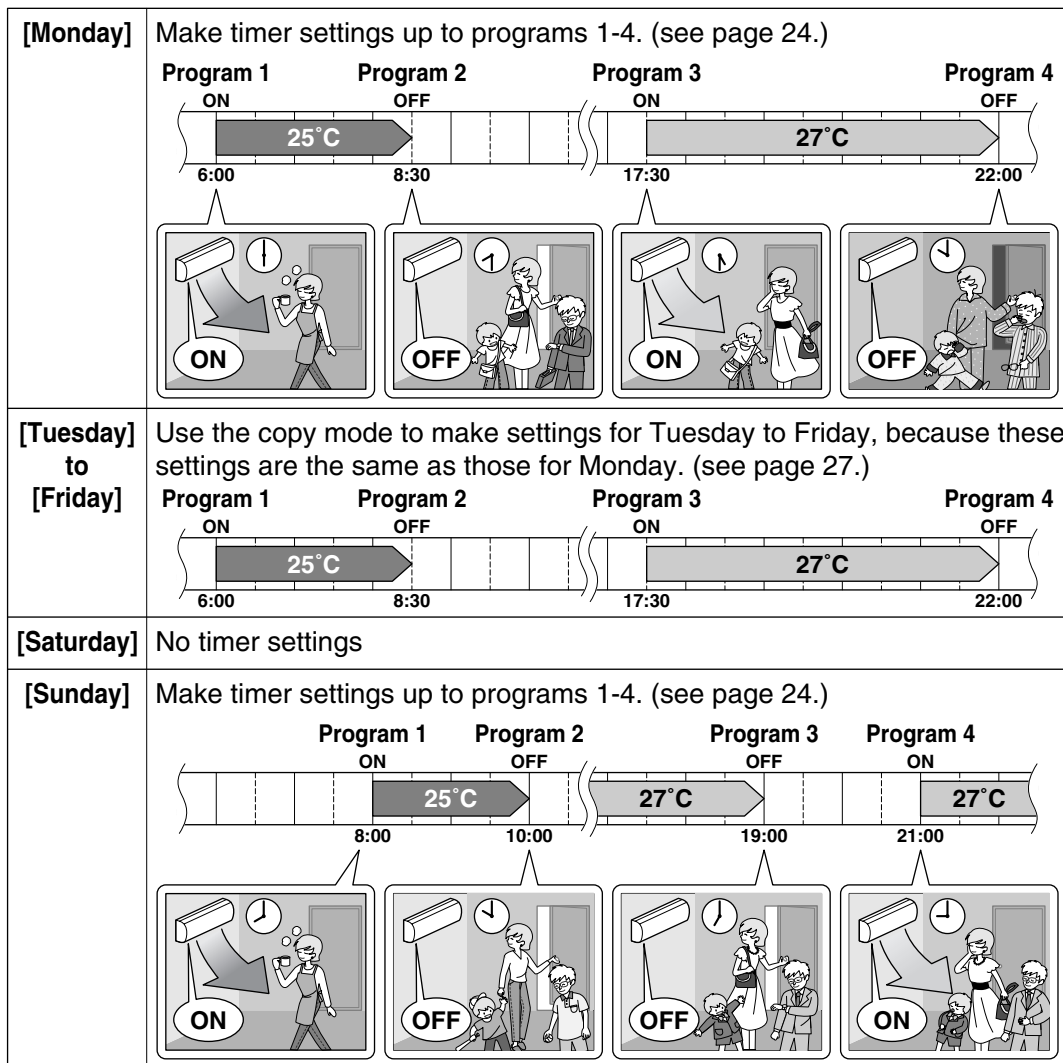
WEEKLY TIMER Operation

Up to 4 timer settings can be saved for each day of the week. It is convenient if the WEEKLY TIMER is set according to the family's life style.

■ Using in these cases of WEEKLY TIMER

An example of WEEKLY TIMER settings is shown below.

Example: The same timer settings are made for the week from Monday through Friday while different timer settings are made for the weekend.



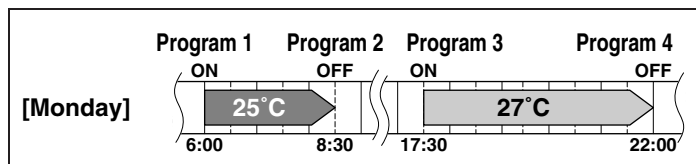
- Up to 4 reservations per day and 28 reservations per week can be set in the WEEKLY TIMER. The effective use of the copy mode ensures ease of making reservations.
- The use of ON-ON-ON-ON settings, for example, makes it possible to schedule operating mode and set temperature changes. Furthermore, by using OFF-OFF-OFF-OFF settings, only the turn-off time of each day can be set. This will turn off the air conditioner automatically if the user forgets to turn it off.

WEEKLY TIMER Operation

■ To use WEEKLY TIMER operation

Setting mode


- Make sure the day of the week and time are set. If not, set the day of the week and time.




1. Press .

- The day of the week and the reservation number of the current day will be displayed.
- 1 to 4 settings can be made per day.

2. Press to select the desired day of the week and reservation number.

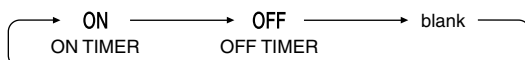
- Pressing the  changes the reservation number and the day of the week.

3. Press .

- The day of the week and reservation number will be set.
- “ WEEKLY” and “ON” blink.


4. Press to select the desired mode.

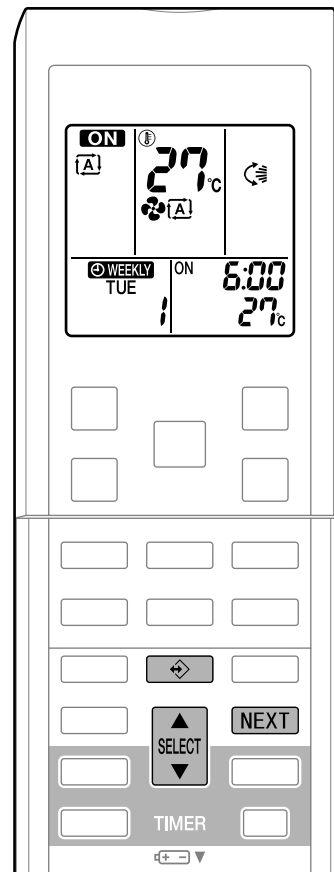
- Pressing the  changes “ON” or “OFF” setting in sequence.




- In case the reservation has already been set, selecting “blank” deletes the reservation.
- Go to step 9 if “blank” is selected.

5. Press .


- The ON/OFF TIMER mode will be set.
- “ WEEKLY” and the time blink.





6. Press  to select the desired time.

- The time can be set between 0:00 and 23:50 in 10 minute intervals.
- To return to the ON/OFF TIMER mode setting, press .
- Go to step 9 when setting the OFF TIMER.

7. Press .

- The time will be set.
- “ WEEKLY” and the temperature blink.


8. Press  to select the desired temperature.

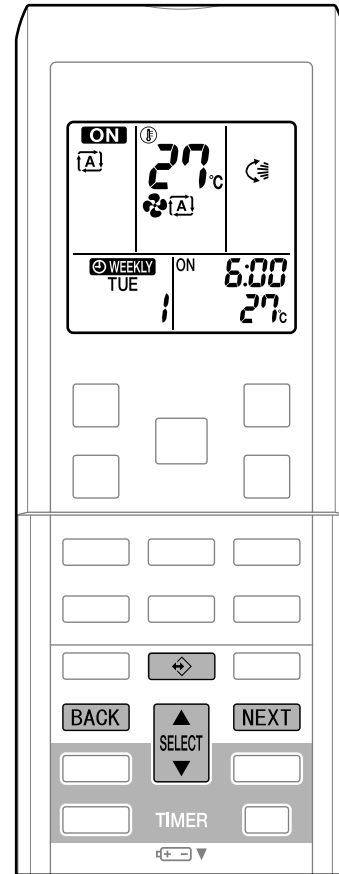
- The temperature can be set between 10°C and 32°C.
Cooling: The unit operates at 18°C even if it is set at 10 to 17°C.
Heating: The unit operates at 30°C even if it is set at 31 to 32°C.
- To return to the time setting, press .
- The set temperature is only displayed when the mode setting is on.

9. Press .

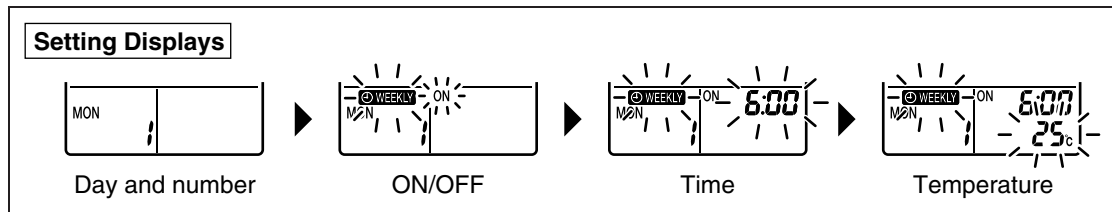
- The temperature will be set and go to the next reservation setting.
- To continue further settings, repeat the procedure from step 4.

10. Press  to complete the setting.

- Be sure to direct the remote controller toward the indoor unit and check for a receiving tone and flashing the OPERATION lamp.
- “ WEEKLY” is displayed on the LCD and WEEKLY TIMER operation is activated.
- The TIMER lamp lights up.
- A reservation made once can be easily copied and the same settings used for another day of the week.
Refer to copy mode. (page 27.)



WEEKLY TIMER Operation



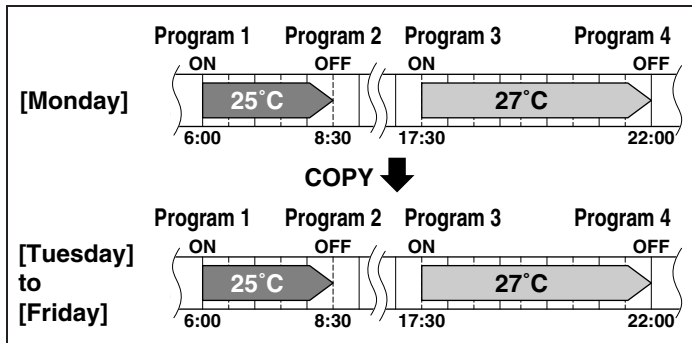
NOTE

■ Notes on WEEKLY TIMER operation

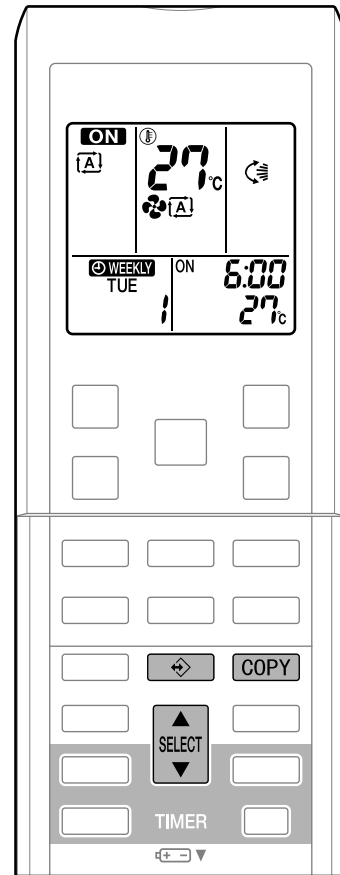
- Do not forget to set the clock on the remote control first.
- The day of the week, ON/OFF TIMER mode, time and set temperature (only for ON TIMER mode) can be set with WEEKLY TIMER. Other settings for ON TIMER are based on the settings just before the operation.
- Both WEEKLY TIMER and ON/OFF TIMER operation cannot be used at the same time. The ON/OFF TIMER operation has priority if it is set while WEEKLY TIMER is still active. The WEEKLY TIMER will go into standby state, and “**WEEKLY**” will disappear from the LCD. When ON/OFF TIMER is up, the WEEKLY TIMER will automatically become active.
- Only the time and set temperature with the weekly timer are sent with the . Set the weekly timer only after setting the operation mode, the fan strength, and the fan direction ahead of time.
- Shutting the breaker off, power failure, and other similar events will render operation of the indoor unit's internal clock inaccurate. Reset the clock.
- The **BACK** can be used only for the time and temperature settings. It cannot be used to go back to the reservation number.

Copy mode

- A reservation made once can be copied another day of the week. The whole reservation of the selected day of the week will be copied.



1. Press .
2. Press to confirm the day of the week to be copied.
3. Press to activate copy mode.
 - The whole reservation of the selected day of the week will be copied.
4. Press to select the destination day of the week.




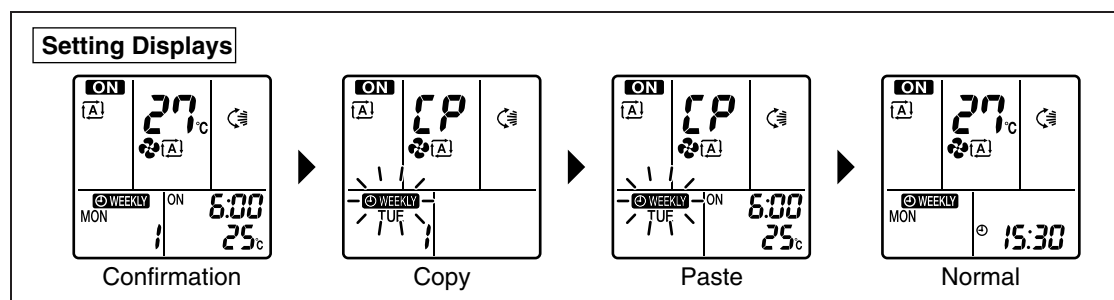
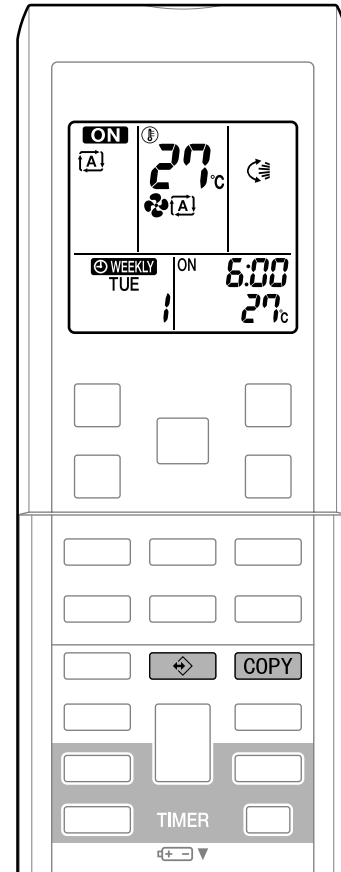
WEEKLY TIMER Operation

5. Press **COPY** .

- The reservation will be copied to the selected day of the week. The whole reservation of the selected day of the week will be copied.
- To continue copying the settings to other days of the week, repeat step 4 and step 5.


6. Press to complete the setting.

- “ WEEKLY” is displayed on the LCD and WEEKLY TIMER operation is activated.



NOTE

■ Note on COPY MODE


- The entire reservation of the source day of the week is copied in the copy mode. In the case of making a reservation change for any day of the week individually after copying the content of weekly reservations, press  and change the settings in the steps of setting mode. (page 24.)



■ Confirming a reservation

- The reservation can be confirmed.


1. Press  .

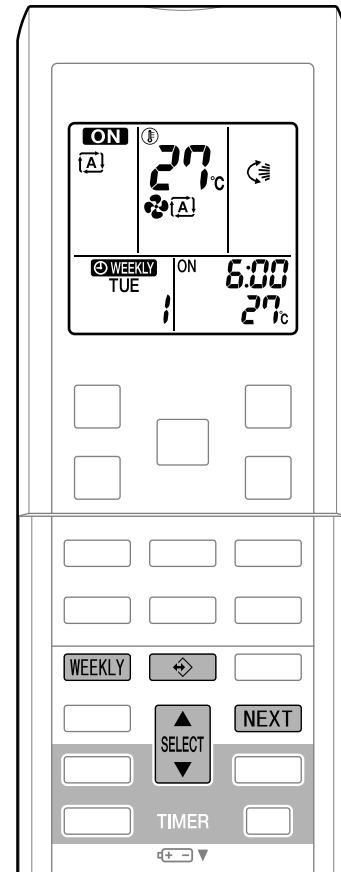
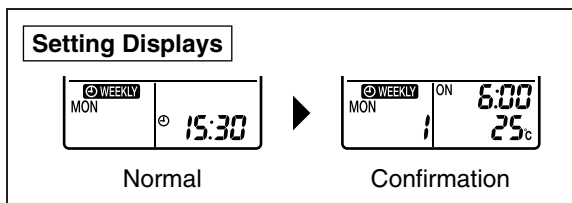
- The day of the week and the reservation number of current day will be displayed.

2. Press  to select the day of the week and the reservation number to be confirmed.

- Pressing the  displays the reservation details.
- To change the confirmed reserved settings, select the reservation number and press  .
The mode is switched to setting mode. Go to setting mode step 4. (page 24.)




3. Press  to exit confirming mode.

- “ WEEKLY” is displayed on the LCD and WEEKLY TIMER operation is activated.
- The TIMER lamp lights up.



■ To deactivate WEEKLY TIMER operation

4. Press  while “ WEEKLY” is displayed on the LCD.

- “ WEEKLY” disappears from the LCD.
- The TIMER lamp goes off.
- To reactivate the WEEKLY TIMER operation, press the  again.
- If a reservation deactivated with  is activated once again, the last reservation mode will be used.

WEEKLY TIMER Operation

■ To delete reservations

The individual reservation

- Refer to setting mode. (page 24.)
When selecting desired mode at step 4 in setting mode, select "blank". The reservation will be deleted.

The reservations for each day of the week

- This function can be used for deleting reservations for each day of the week.
- It can be used while confirming or setting reservations.

5. Press  .

6. Select the day of the week to be canceled

with  .

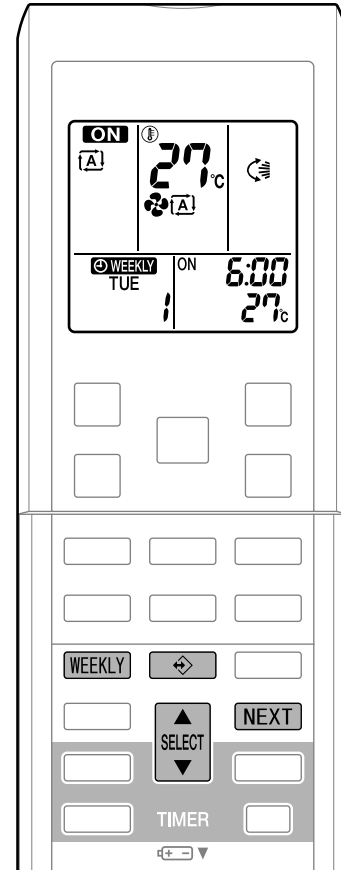
7. Hold **WEEKLY** for 5 seconds.

- The reservation of the selected day of the week will be deleted.

All reservations

8. Hold **WEEKLY** for 5 seconds while normal display.

- Be sure to direct the remote control toward the main unit and check for a receiving tone.
- This operation is not effective on the setting display of WEEKLY TIMER.
- All reservations will be deleted.



Part 6

Service Diagnosis

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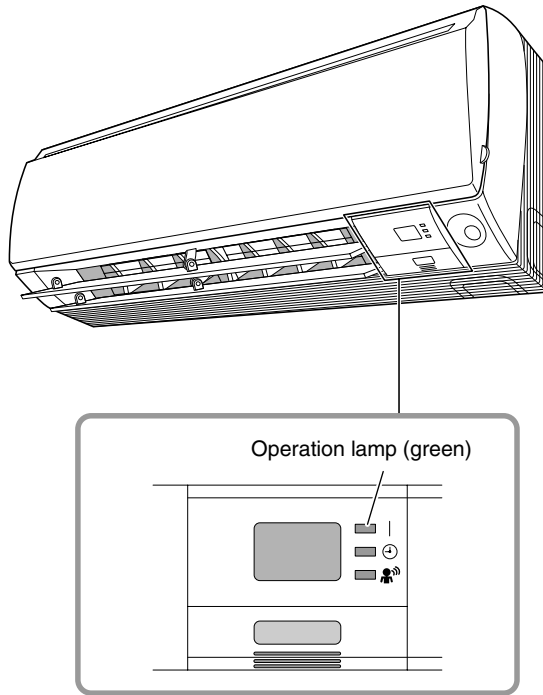
1. Troubleshooting with LED

1.1 Indoor Unit

Operation Lamp

The operation lamp blinks when any of the following errors is detected.

1. When a protection device of the indoor or outdoor unit is activated, or when the thermistor malfunctions.
 2. When a signal transmission error occurs between the indoor and outdoor units.
- In either case, conduct the diagnostic procedure described in the following pages.



Service Monitor

The indoor unit has one green LED (LED A) on the control PCB. When the microcomputer works in order, the LED A blinks.

1.2 Outdoor Unit

The outdoor unit has one green LED (LED A) on the PCB. When the microcomputer works in order, the LED A blinks.

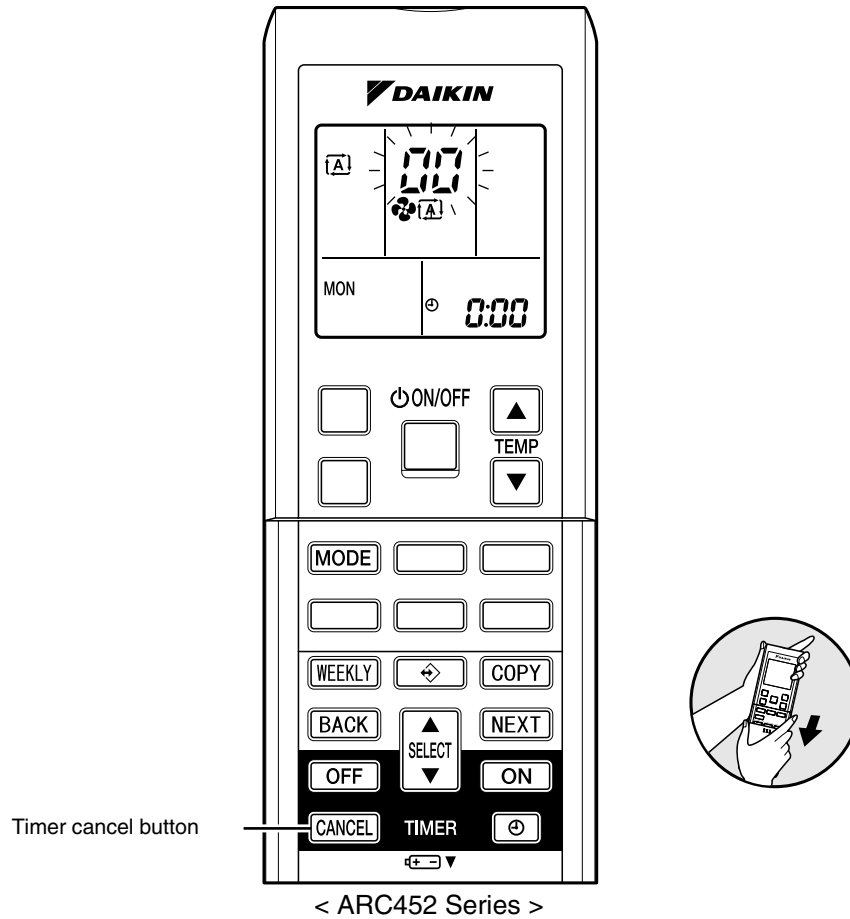
2. Problem Symptoms and Measures

Symptom	Check Item	Details of Measure	Reference Page
The unit does not operate.	Check the power supply.	Check if the rated voltage is supplied.	—
	Check the type of the indoor unit.	Check if the indoor unit type is compatible with the outdoor unit.	—
	Check the outdoor temperature.	Heating operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is 20°C or higher, and cooling operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is below -10°C.	—
	Diagnose with remote controller indication.	—	80
	Check the remote controller addresses.	Check if address settings for the remote controller and indoor unit are correct.	—
Operation sometimes stops.	Check the power supply.	A power failure of 2 to 10 cycles stops air conditioner operation. (Operation lamp OFF)	—
	Check the outdoor temperature.	Heating operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is 20°C or higher, and cooling operation cannot be used when the outdoor temperature is below -10°C.	—
	Diagnose with remote controller indication.	—	80
The unit operates but does not cool, or does not heat.	Check for wiring and piping errors in the connection between the indoor unit and outdoor unit.	—	—
	Check for thermistor detection errors.	Check if the thermistor is mounted securely.	—
	Check for faulty operation of the electronic expansion valve.	Set the unit to cooling operation, and check the temperature of the liquid pipe to see if the electronic expansion valve works.	—
	Diagnose with remote controller indication.	—	80
	Diagnose by service port pressure and operating current.	Check for refrigerant shortage.	117
Large operating noise and vibrations	Check the output voltage of the power module.	—	128
	Check the power module.	—	—
	Check the installation condition.	Check if the required spaces for installation (specified in the installation manual, etc.) are provided.	—

3. Service Check Function

3.1 ARC452 Series

- Check Method 1**
1. When the timer cancel button is held down for 5 seconds, “00” indication appears on the temperature display section.



(R13820)

2. Press the timer cancel button repeatedly until a long beep sounds.
 - The code indication changes in the sequence shown below.

No.	Code	No.	Code	No.	Code
1	00	13	07	25	UR
2	04	14	R3	26	UR
3	15	15	H8	27	P4
4	E6	16	H9	28	L3
5	H6	17	09	29	L4
6	H0	18	04	30	H7
7	R6	19	05	31	U2
8	E7	20	J3	32	ER
9	U0	21	J6	33	RR
10	F3	22	E5	34	FR
11	R5	23	R1		
12	F6	24	E1		

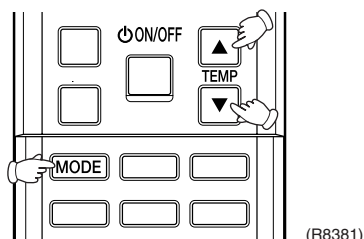


Note:

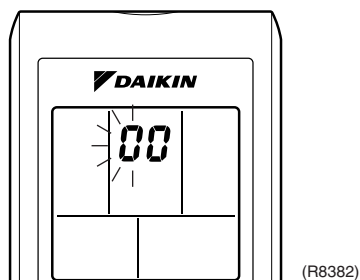
1. A short beep “pi” and two consecutive beeps “pi pi” indicate non-corresponding codes.
2. To return to the normal mode, hold the timer cancel button down for 5 seconds. When the remote controller is left untouched for 60 seconds, it also returns to the normal mode.

Check Method 2

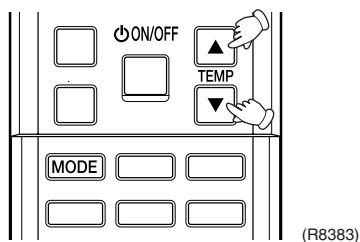
1. Press the 3 buttons (TEMP▲, TEMP▼, MODE) at the same time.



The figure of the ten's place blinks.

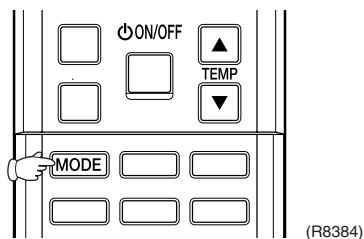


2. Press the TEMP▲ or ▼ button and change the figure until you hear the sound of "beep" or "pi pi".

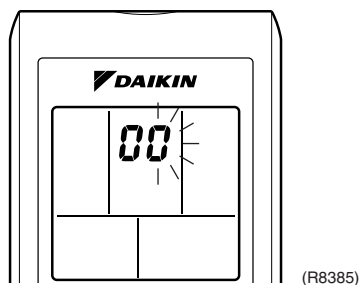


3. Diagnose by the sound.
 - ★"pi" : The figure of the ten's place does not accord with the error code.
 - ★"pi pi" : The figure of the ten's place accords with the error code but the one's not.
 - ★"beep" : The both figures of the ten's and one's place accord with the error code.
(The figures indicated when you hear the "beep" sound are error code.
→ Refer to page 80.)

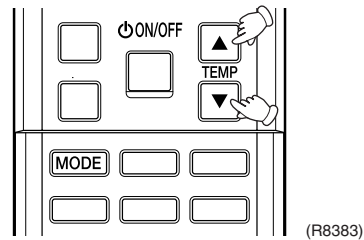
4. Press the MODE button.



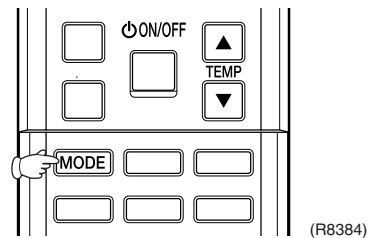
The figure of the one's place blinks.



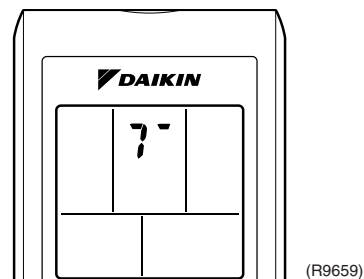
5. Press the TEMP▲ or ▼ button and change the figure until you hear the sound of “beep”.



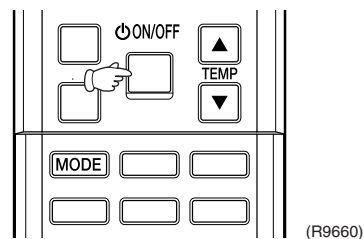
6. Diagnose by the sound.
- ★“pi” : The figure of the ten’s place does not accord with the error code.
 - ★“pi pi” : The figure of the ten’s place accords with the error code but the one’s not.
 - ★“beep” : The both figures of the ten’s and one’s place accord with the error code.
7. Determine the error code.
The figures indicated when you hear the “beep” sound are error code.
(Error codes and description → Refer to page 80.)
8. Press the MODE button to exit from the diagnosis mode.



The display “7-” means the trial operation mode.
(Refer to page 242 for trial operation.)



9. Press the ON/OFF button twice to return to the normal mode.



Note: When the remote controller is left untouched for 60 seconds, it returns to the normal mode.

4. Troubleshooting

4.1 Error Codes and Description

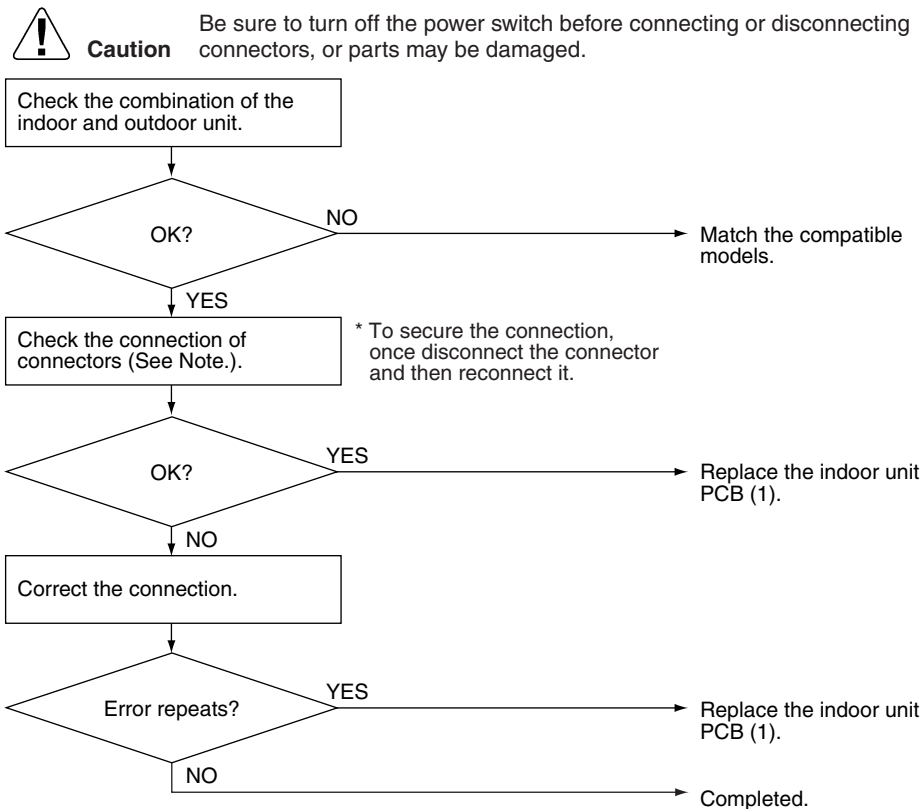
	Error Codes	Description	Reference Page
System	00	Normal	—
	U0★	Refrigerant shortage	117
	U2	Low-voltage detection or over-voltage detection	120
	U4	Signal transmission error (between indoor unit and outdoor unit)	87
	U8	Unspecified voltage (between indoor unit and outdoor unit)	88
Indoor Unit	R1	Indoor unit PCB abnormality	81
	R5	Freeze-up protection control or heating peak-cut control	82
	R6	Fan motor (DC motor) or related abnormality	84
	C4	Indoor heat exchanger thermistor or related abnormality	86
	C9	Room temperature thermistor or related abnormality	86
Outdoor Unit	E1	Outdoor unit PCB abnormality	89
	E5★	OL activation (compressor overload)	92
	E6★	Compressor lock	93
	E7	DC fan lock	94
	E8	Input overcurrent detection	95
	E9	Four way valve abnormality	96
	F3	Discharge pipe temperature control	98
	F6	High pressure control in cooling	100
	H0	Compressor system sensor abnormality	101
	H6	Position sensor abnormality	103
	H8	DC voltage / current sensor abnormality (20/25/35/42 class)	106
		CT or related abnormality (50 class)	107
	H9	Outdoor temperature thermistor or related abnormality	109
	J3	Discharge pipe thermistor or related abnormality	109
	J6	Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor or related abnormality	109
	L3	Electrical box temperature rise	111
	L4	Radiation fin temperature rise	113
	L5	Output overcurrent detection	115
	P4	Radiation fin thermistor or related abnormality	109
	U7	Signal transmission error on outdoor unit PCB (50 class only)	122

★: Displayed only when system-down occurs.

4.2 Indoor Unit PCB Abnormality

Remote Controller Display	
Method of Malfunction Detection	The system checks if the circuit works properly within the microcomputer of the indoor unit.
Malfunction Decision Conditions	The system cannot set the internal settings.
Supposed Causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Wrong models interconnected ■ Defective indoor unit PCB ■ Disconnection of connector

Troubleshooting



(R11704)

Note: Check the following connector.

Model Type	Connector
Wall Mounted Type	Terminal board ~ Control PCB

4.3 Freeze-up Protection Control or Heating Peak-cut Control

Remote
Controller
Display

85

Method of
Malfunction
Detection

- Freeze-up protection control
During cooling operation, the freeze-up protection control (operation halt) is activated according to the temperature detected by the indoor heat exchanger thermistor.
- Heating peak-cut control
During heating operation, the temperature detected by the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for the heating peak-cut control (operation halt, outdoor fan stop, etc.)

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- Freeze-up protection control
During cooling operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature is below 0°C.
- Heating peak-cut control
During heating operation, the indoor heat exchanger temperature is above 65°C

Supposed
Causes

- Short-circuited air
- Clogged air filter of the indoor unit
- Dust accumulation on the indoor heat exchanger
- Defective indoor heat exchanger thermistor
- Defective indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

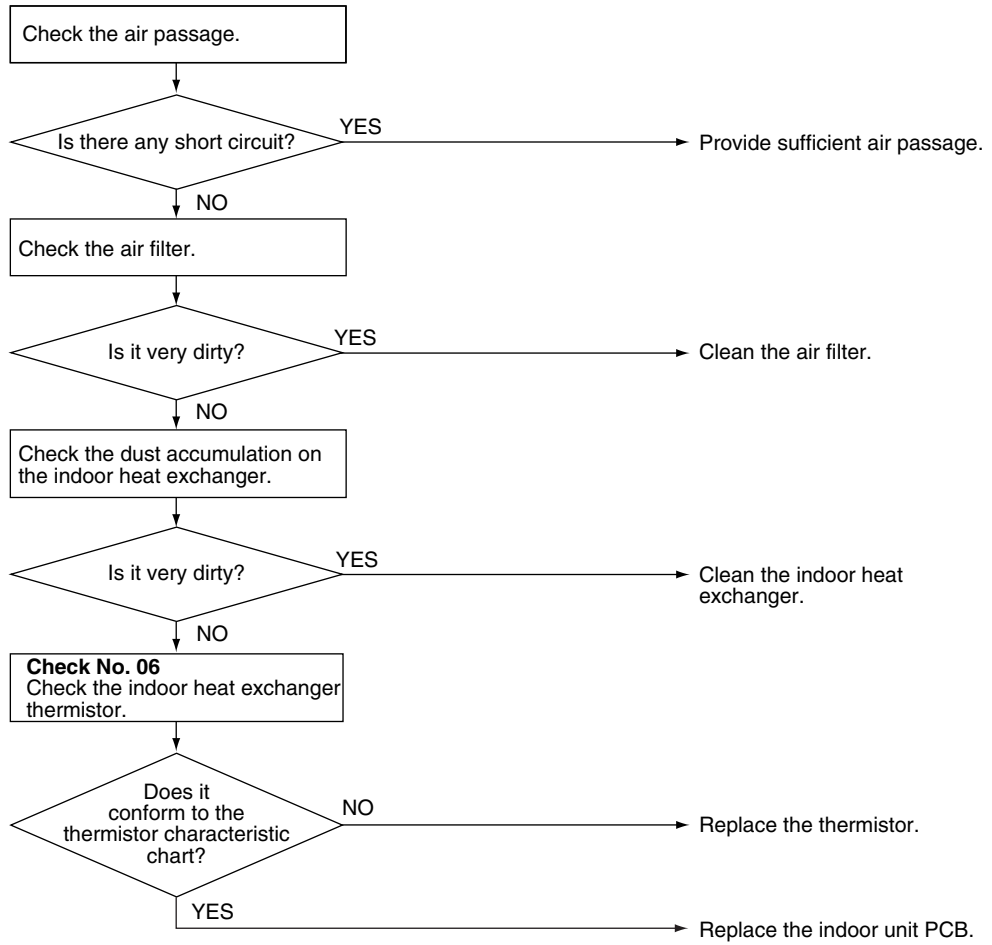


Check No.06
Refer to P.125



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R7131)

4.4 Fan Motor (DC Motor) or Related Abnormality

**Remote
Controller
Display**



**Method of
Malfunction
Detection**

The rotation speed detected by the Hall IC during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor operation.

**Malfunction
Decision
Conditions**

The detected rotation speed does not reach the demanded rotation speed of the target tap, and is less than 50% of the maximum fan motor rotation speed.

**Supposed
Causes**

- Layer short inside the fan motor winding
- Breaking of wire inside the fan motor
- Breaking of the fan motor lead wires
- Defective capacitor of the fan motor
- Defective indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

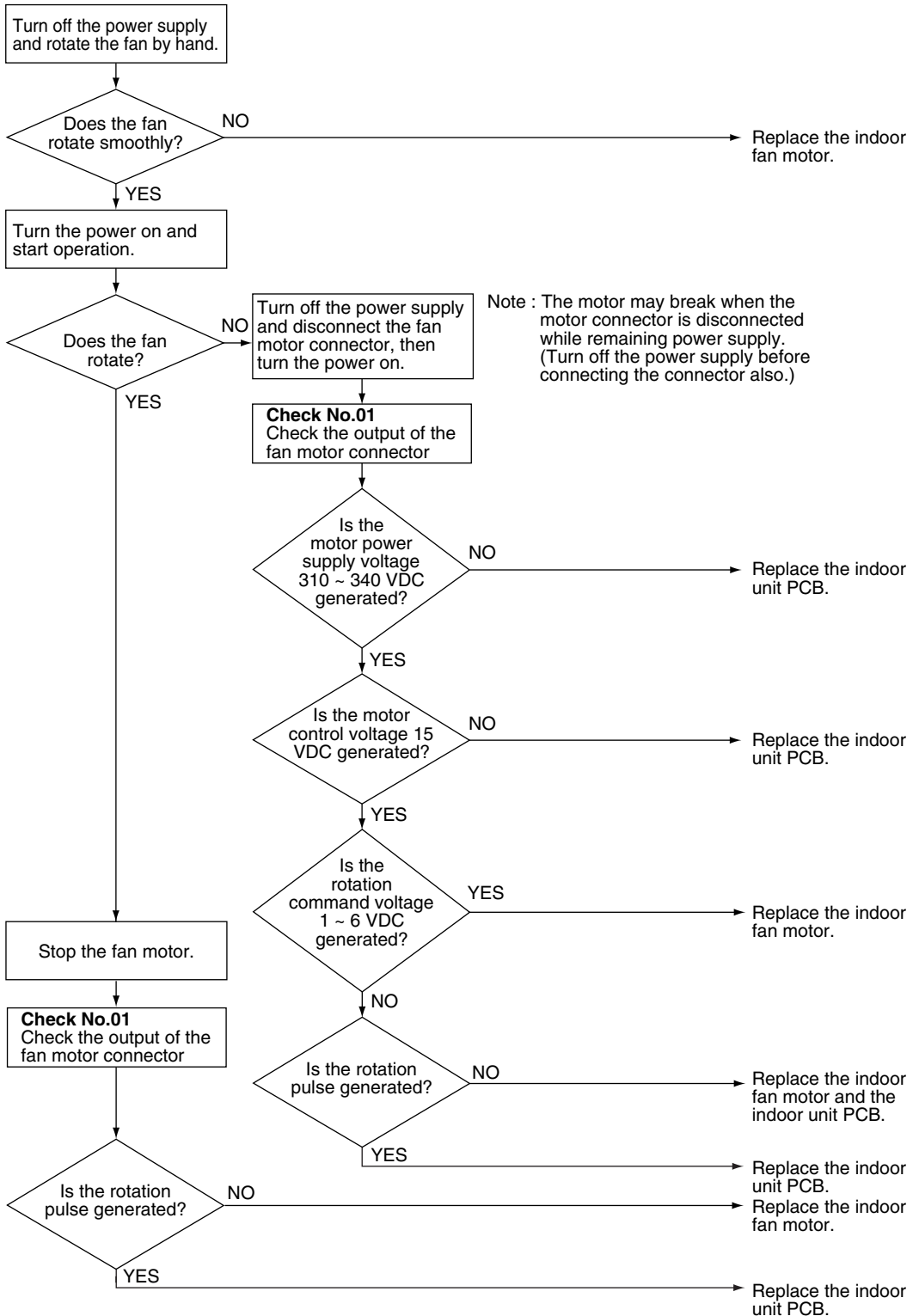


Check No.01
Refer to P.123



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R12033)

4.5 Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Indoor Unit)

Remote
Controller
Display

Ⓔ4, Ⓔ9

Method of
Malfunction
Detection

The temperatures detected by the thermistors determine thermistor errors.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

The thermistor input is more than 4.96 V or less than 0.04 V during compressor operation.

Supposed
Causes

- Disconnection of connector
- Defective thermistor
- Defective indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

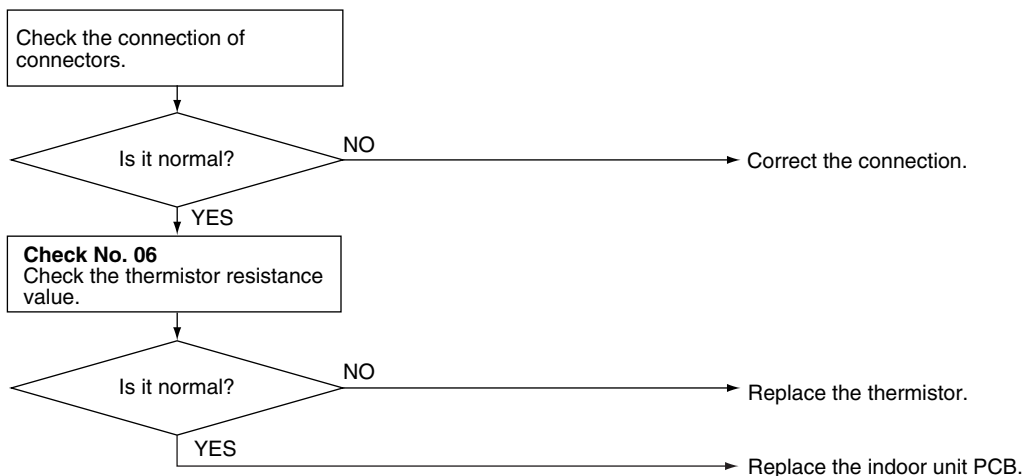


Check No.06
Refer to P.125



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R7134)

Ⓔ4 : Indoor heat exchanger thermistor

Ⓔ9 : Room temperature thermistor

4.6 Signal Transmission Error (between Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit)

Remote Controller Display



Method of Malfunction Detection

The data received from the outdoor unit in indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission is checked whether it is normal.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

The data sent from the outdoor unit cannot be received normally, or the content of the data is abnormal.

Supposed Causes

- Wiring error
- Breaking of the connection wires between the indoor and outdoor units (wire No. 3)
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective indoor unit PCB
- Disturbed power supply waveform

Troubleshooting

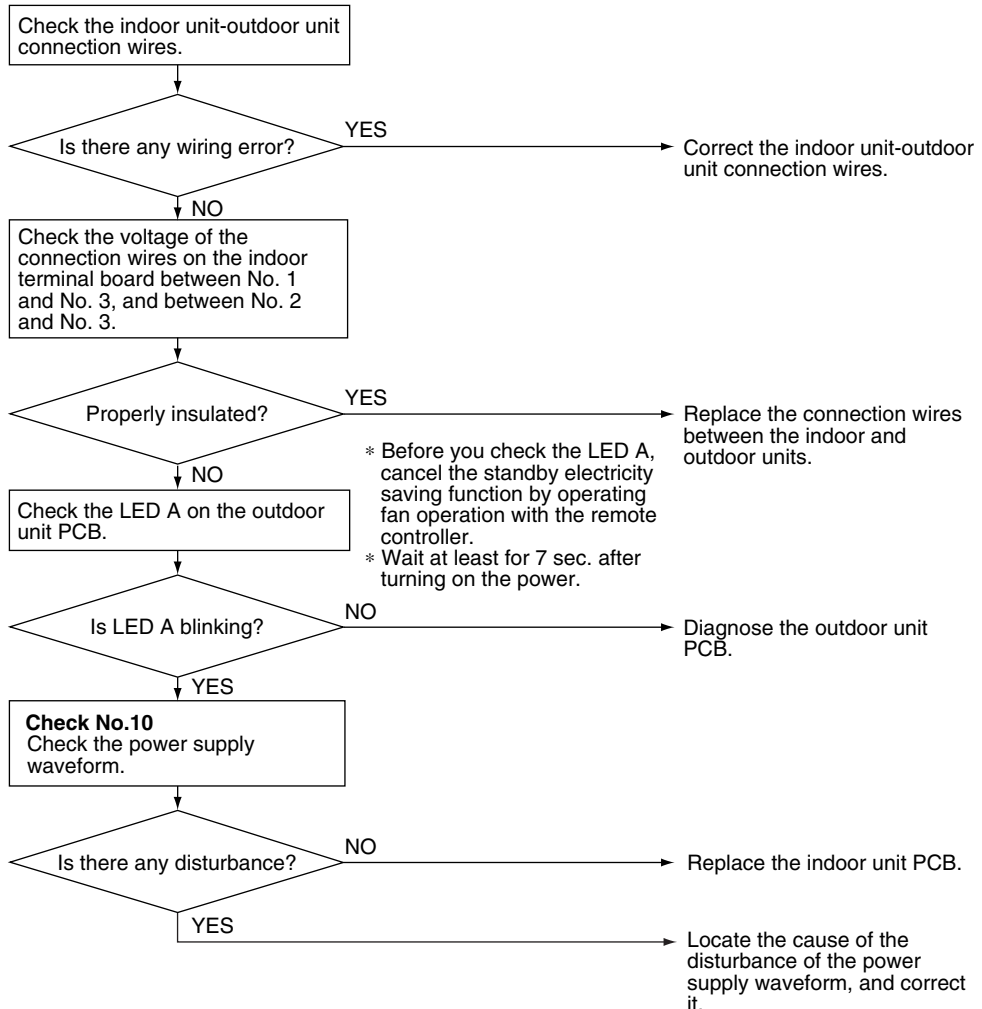


Check No.10
Refer to P.127



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R12160)

4.7 Unspecified Voltage (between Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit)

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

The supply power is detected for its requirements (different from pair type and multi type) by the indoor / outdoor transmission signal.

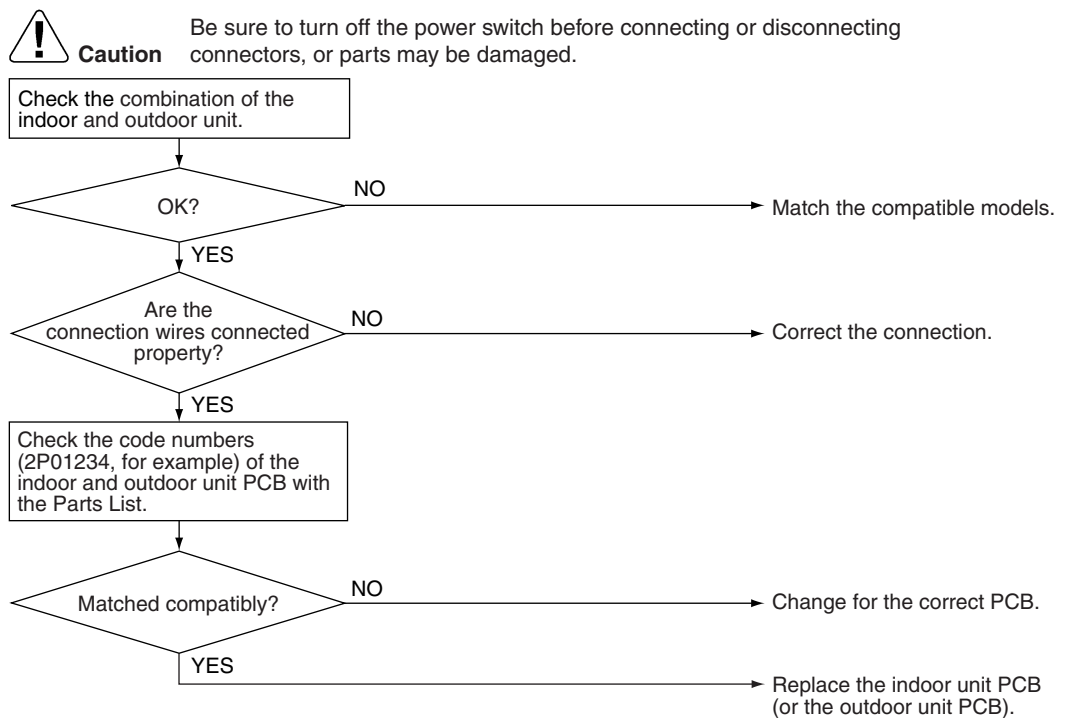
Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

The pair type and multi type are interconnected.

Supposed
Causes

- Wrong models interconnected
- Wrong wiring of connecting wires
- Wrong indoor unit PCB or outdoor unit PCB mounted
- Defective indoor unit PCB
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



(R11707)

4.8 Outdoor Unit PCB Abnormality

4.8.1 20/25/35 Class

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

- The system follows the microprocessor program as specified.
- The system checks to see if the zero-cross signal comes in properly.

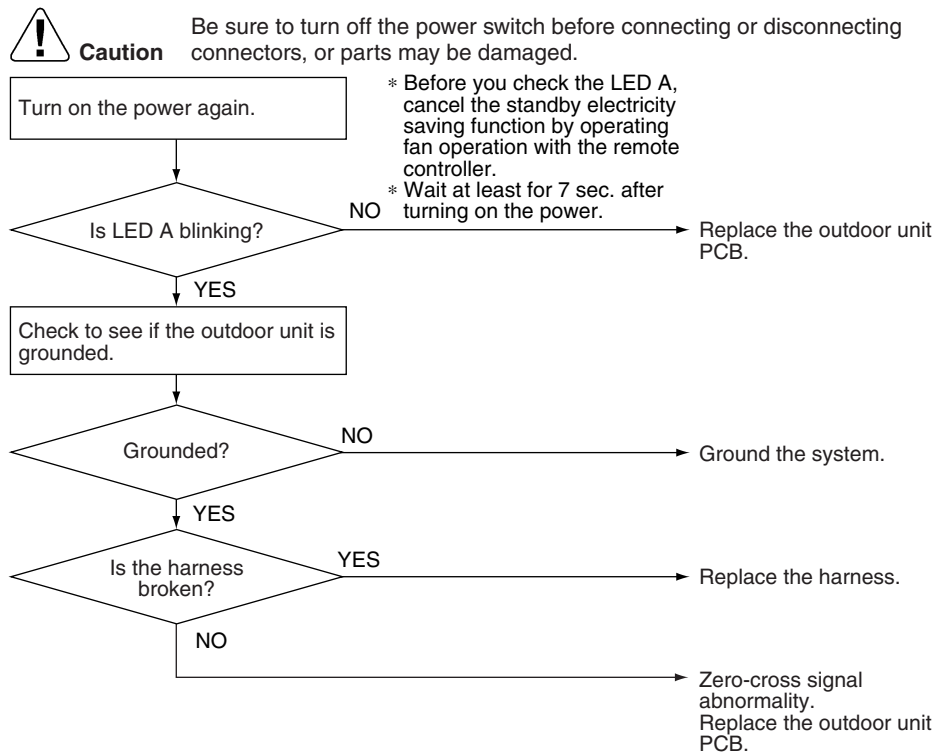
Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- The microprocessor program runs out of control.
- The zero-cross signal is not detected.

Supposed
Causes

- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Broken harness between PCBs
- Noise
- Momentary fall of voltage
- Momentary power failure, etc

Troubleshooting



(R14186)

4.8.2 42/50 Class

Remote Controller Display



Method of Malfunction Detection

- Detection within the program of the microcomputer

Malfunction Decision Conditions

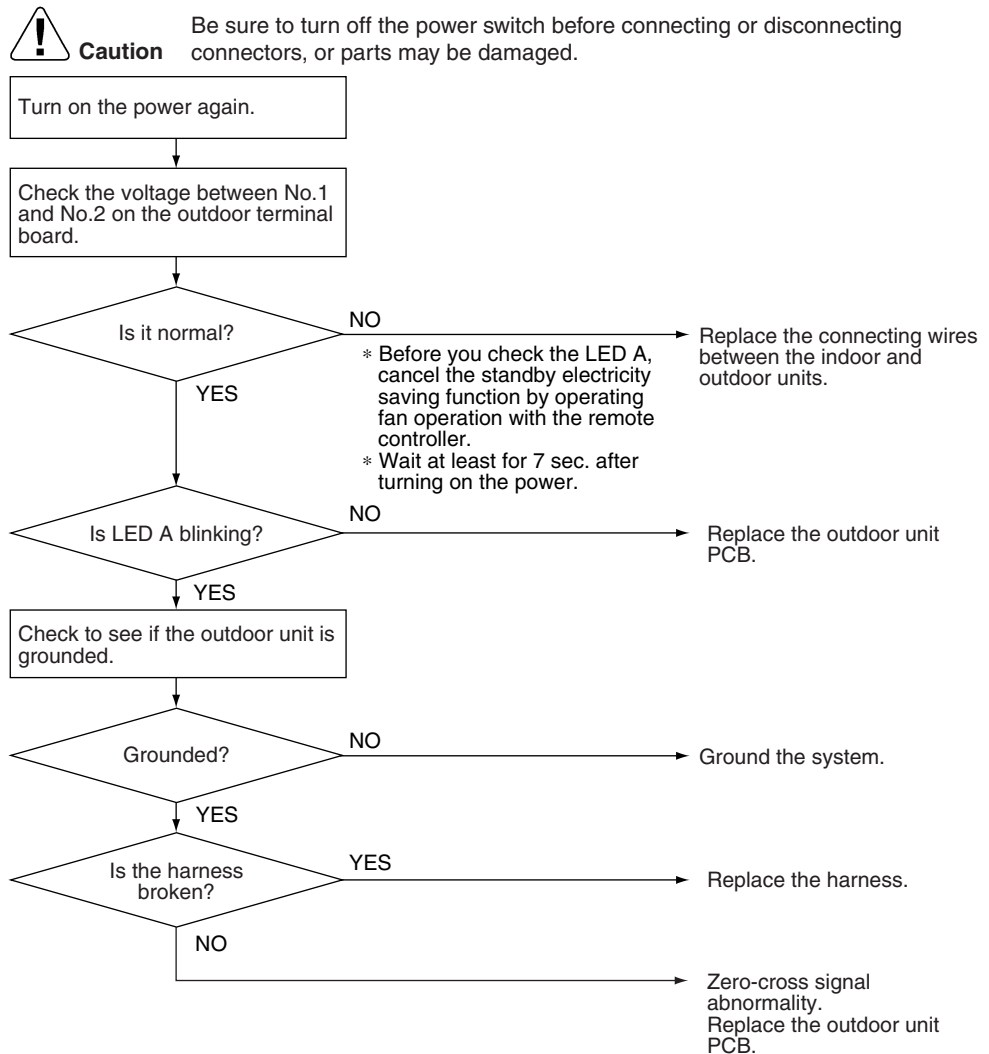
- The program of the microcomputer is in abnormal running order.

Supposed Causes

- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Noise
- Momentary fall of voltage
- Momentary power failure

Troubleshooting

42 class



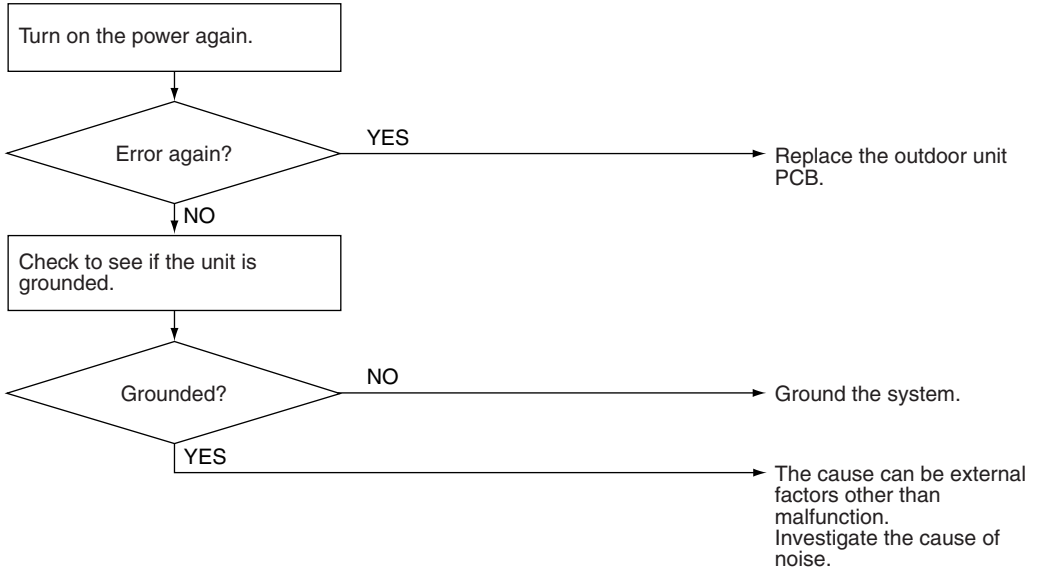
(R12188)

Troubleshooting 50 class



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R7183)

4.9 OL Activation (Compressor Overload)

Remote
Controller
Display

ES

Method of
Malfunction
Detection

A compressor overload is detected through compressor OL.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- If the error repeats twice, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error
- * The operating temperature condition is not specified.

Supposed
Causes

- Defective discharge pipe thermistor
- Defective electronic expansion valve or coil
- Defective four way valve or coil
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Refrigerant shortage
- Water mixed in refrigerant
- Defective stop valve

Troubleshooting



Check No.04
Refer to P.123



Check No.05
Refer to P.124



Check No.06
Refer to P.125

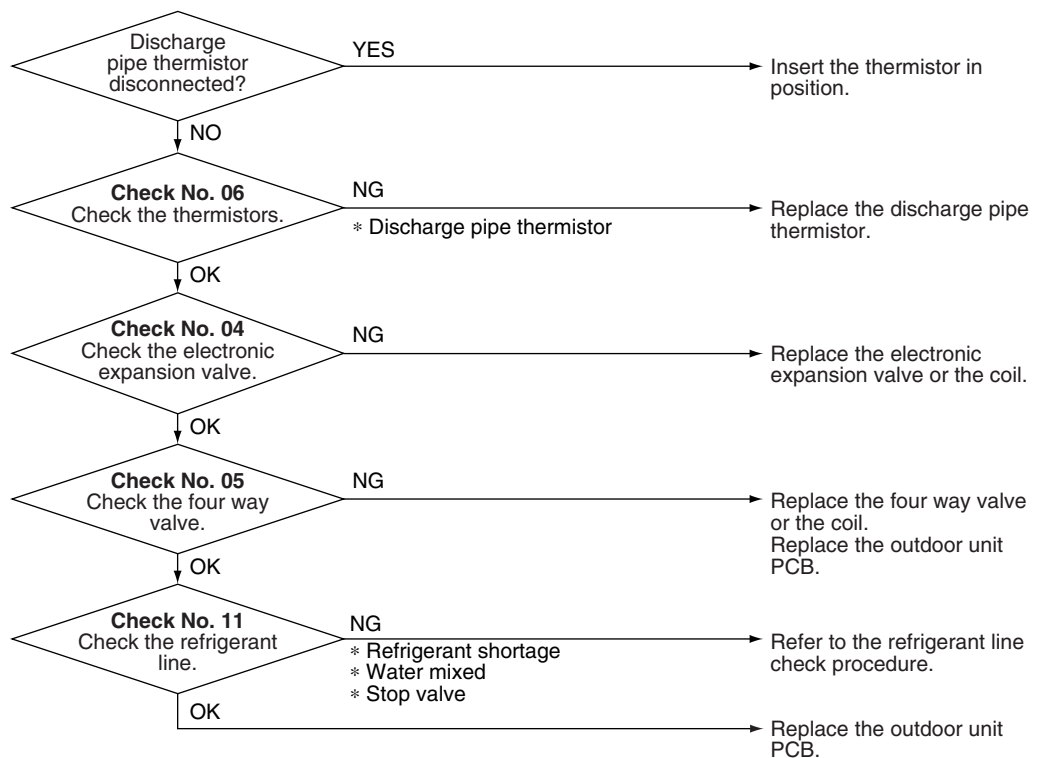


Check No.11
Refer to P.127




Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



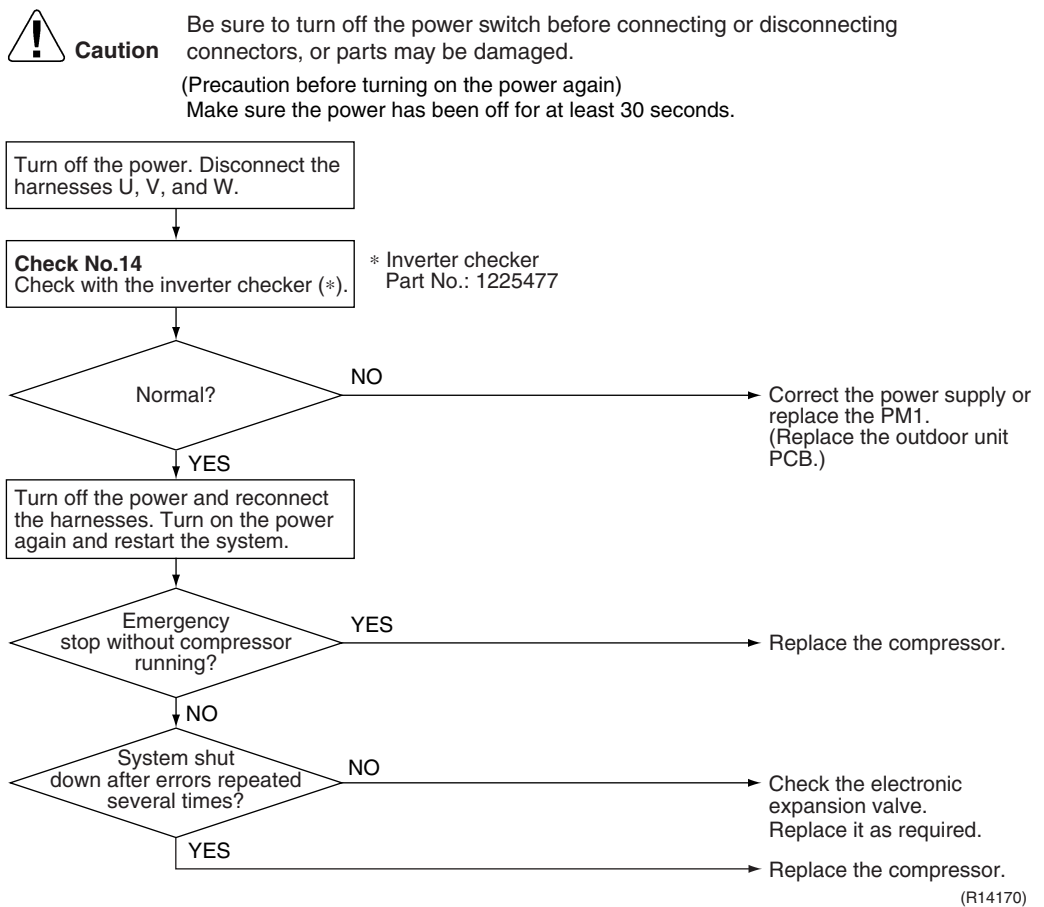
(R11999)

4.10 Compressor Lock

<p>Remote Controller Display</p>	
<p>Method of Malfunction Detection</p>	<p>A compressor lock is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.</p>
<p>Malfunction Decision Conditions</p>	<p><20/25/35/42 class></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Operation stops due to overcurrent. ■ If the error repeats 16 times, the system is shut down. ■ Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes without any other error <p><50 class></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ A compressor lock is detected by the current waveform generated when applying high-frequency voltage to the motor. ■ If the error repeats 16 times, the system is shut down ■ Reset condition: Continuous run for about 5 minutes without any other error
<p>Supposed Causes</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Compressor locked ■ Compressor harness disconnected

Troubleshooting


Check No.14
 Refer to P.129



(R14170)

4.11 DC Fan Lock

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

An error is determined with the high-voltage fan motor rotation speed detected by the Hall IC.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- The fan does not start in 15 ~ 60 seconds (depending on the model) even when the fan motor is running.
- If the error repeats 16 times, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (50 class: 5 minutes) without any other error

Supposed
Causes

- Disconnection of the fan motor
- Foreign matters stuck in the fan
- Defective fan motor
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

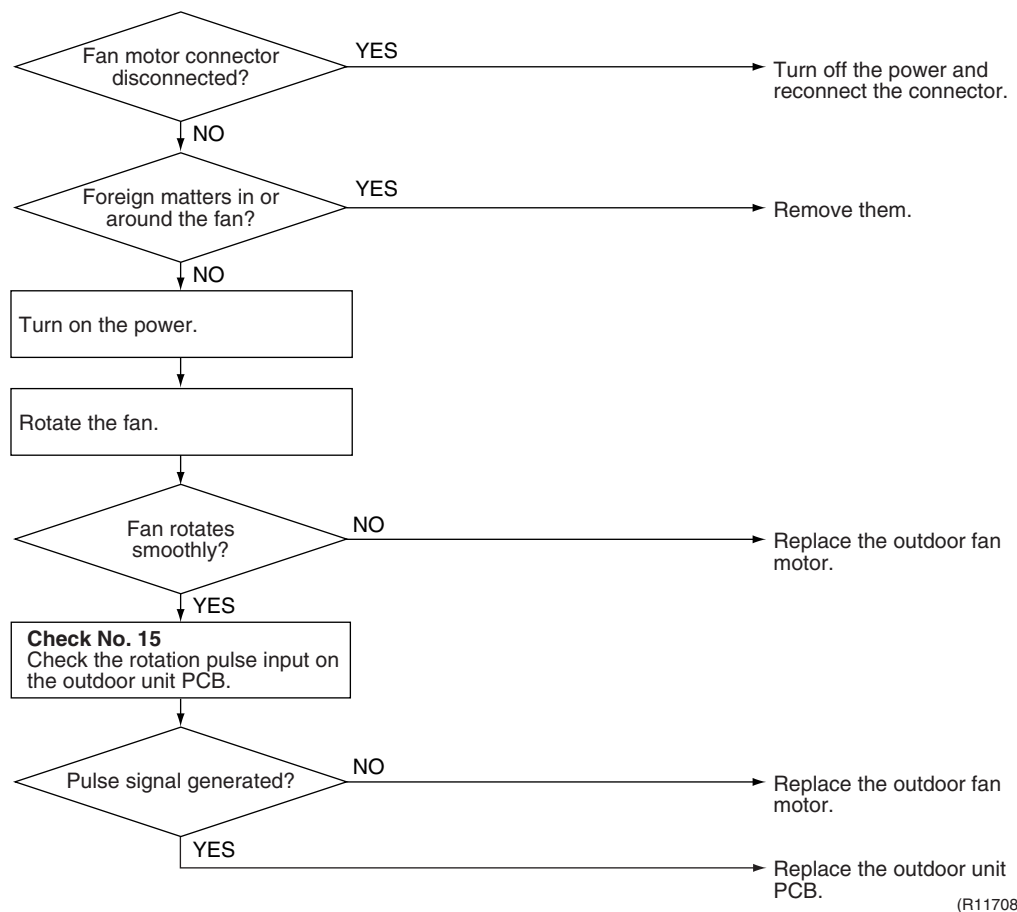


Check No.15
Refer to P.131



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



4.12 Input Overcurrent Detection

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

An input overcurrent is detected by checking the input current value with the compressor running.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- The following current with the compressor running continues for 2.5 seconds.
Cooling / Heating: Above 9.25 ~ 20 A (depending on the model)

Supposed
Causes

- Defective compressor
- Defective power module
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Short circuit

Troubleshooting



Check No.07
Refer to P.126



Check No.08
Refer to P.126



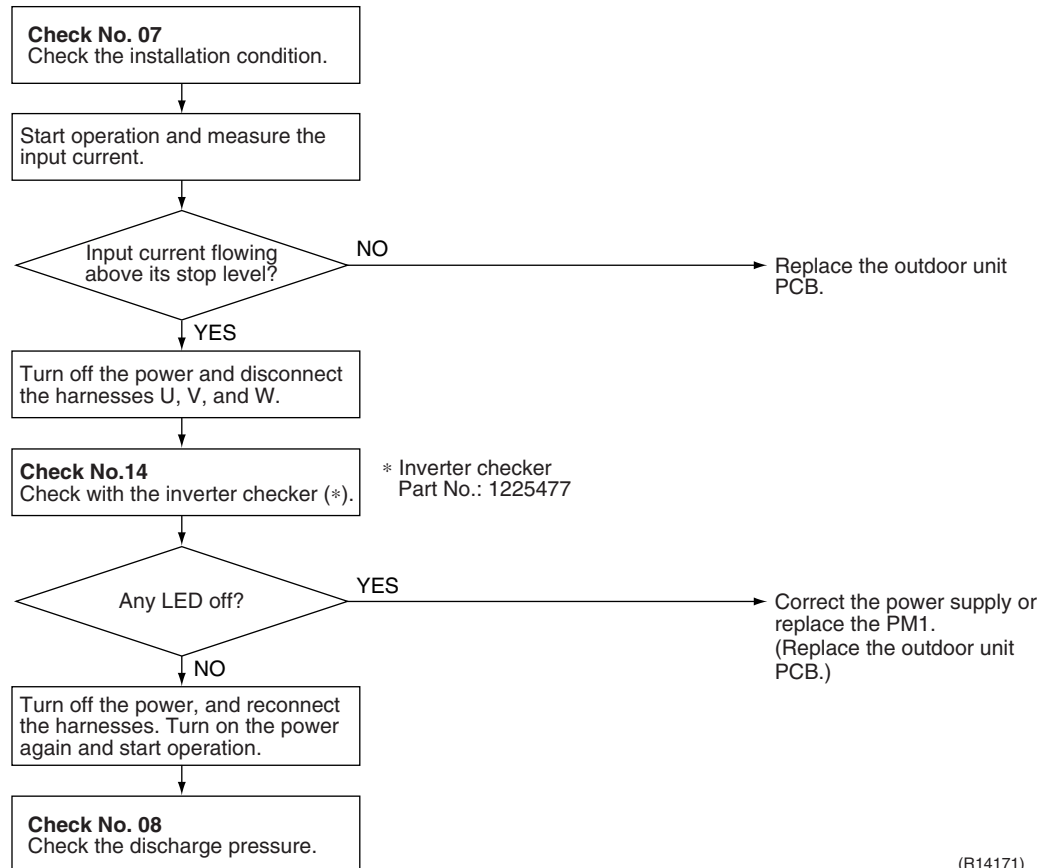
Check No.14
Refer to P.129



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

* An input overcurrent may result from wrong internal wiring. If the wires have been disconnected and reconnected for part replacement, for example, and the system is interrupted by an input overcurrent, take the following procedure.



(R14171)

4.13 Four Way Valve Abnormality

Remote
Controller
Display

EA

Method of
Malfunction
Detection

The room temperature thermistor, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor, the outdoor temperature thermistor, and the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor are checked if they function within their normal ranges in each operation mode.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

A following condition continues over 1 ~ 10 minutes (depending on the model) after operating for 5 ~ 10 minutes (depending on the model).

- Cooling / Dry
(room thermistor temp. – indoor heat exchanger temp.) < –5°C
- Heating
(indoor heat exchanger temp. – room thermistor temp.) < –5°C
- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed
Causes

- Disconnection of four way valve coil
- Defective four way valve, coil, or harness
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective thermistor
- Refrigerant shortage
- Water mixed in refrigerant
- Defective stop valve

Troubleshooting



Check No.05
Refer to P.124



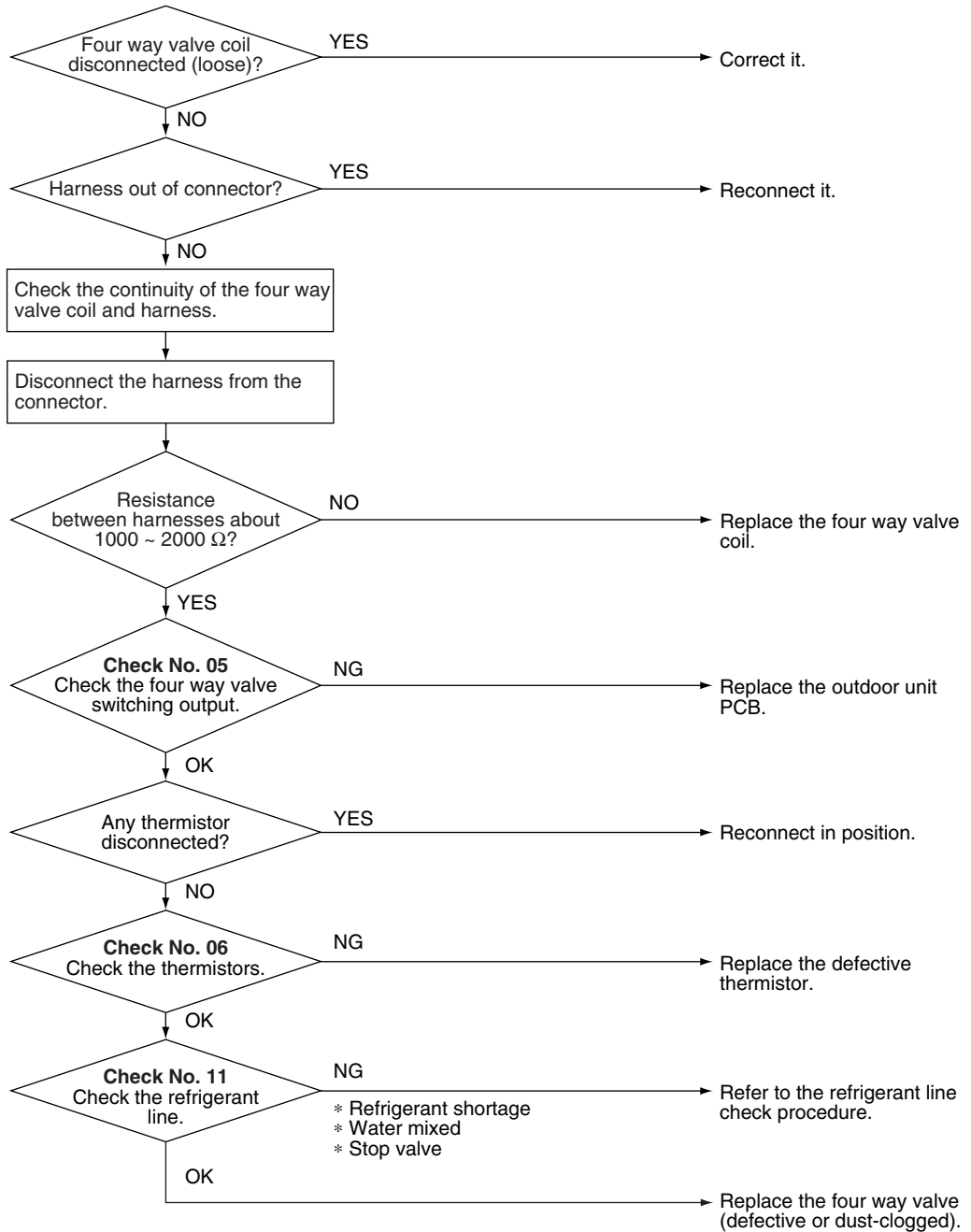
Check No.06
Refer to P.125



Check No.11
Refer to P.127



Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R11710)

4.14 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

An error is determined with the temperature detected by the discharge pipe thermistor.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- If the temperature detected by the discharge pipe thermistor rises above **A** °C, the compressor stops.
- The error is cleared when the discharge pipe temperature has dropped below **B** °C.

<20/25/35 class>

Stop temperatures	A (°C)	B (°C)
(1) above 45 Hz (rising), above 40 Hz (dropping)	110	97
(2) 30 ~ 45 Hz (rising), 25 ~ 40 Hz (dropping)	105	92
(3) below 30 Hz (rising), below 25 Hz (dropping)	99	86

<42 class>

Stop temperatures	A (°C)	B (°C)
(1) above 30Hz (rising), above 25Hz (dropping)	110	95
(2) below 30Hz (rising), below 25Hz (dropping)	108	93

<50 class>

A (°C)	B (°C)
110	95

- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed
Causes

- Defective discharge pipe thermistor
(Defective outdoor heat exchanger thermistor or outdoor temperature thermistor)
- Defective electronic expansion valve or coil
- Refrigerant shortage
- Defective four way valve
- Water mixed in refrigerant
- Defective stop valve
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



Check No.04
Refer to P.123



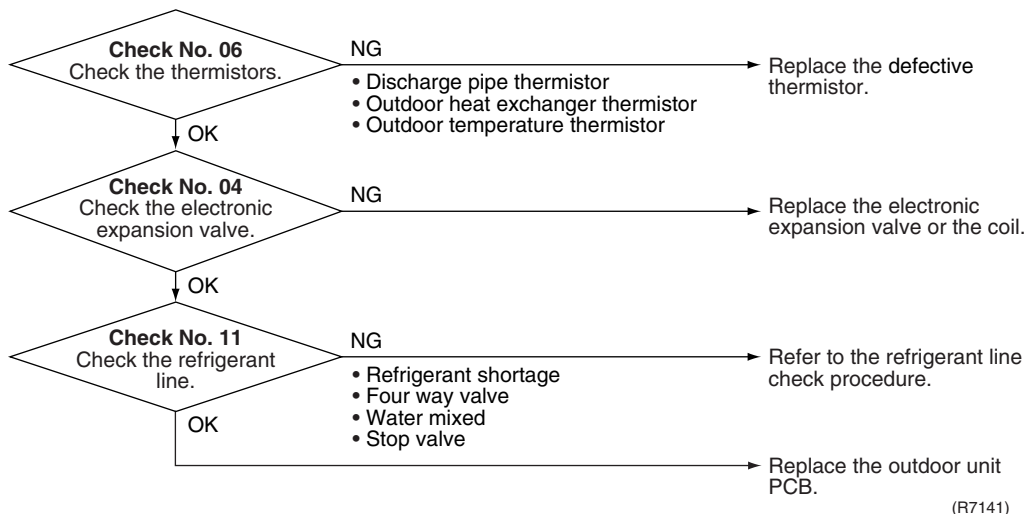
Check No.06
Refer to P.125



Check No.11
Refer to P.127



Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R7141)

4.15 High Pressure Control in Cooling

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

High-pressure control (operation halt, frequency drop, etc.) is activated in cooling operation if the temperature sensed by the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor exceeds the limit.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- The temperature sensed by the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor rises above about 65°C.
- The error is cleared when the temperature drops below about 50°C.

Supposed
Causes

- The installation space is not large enough.
- Dirty outdoor heat exchanger
- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Defective stop valve
- Defective electronic expansion valve or coil
- Defective outdoor heat exchanger thermistor
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



Check No.04
Refer to P.123



Check No.06
Refer to P.125



Check No.07
Refer to P.126



Check No.08
Refer to P.126

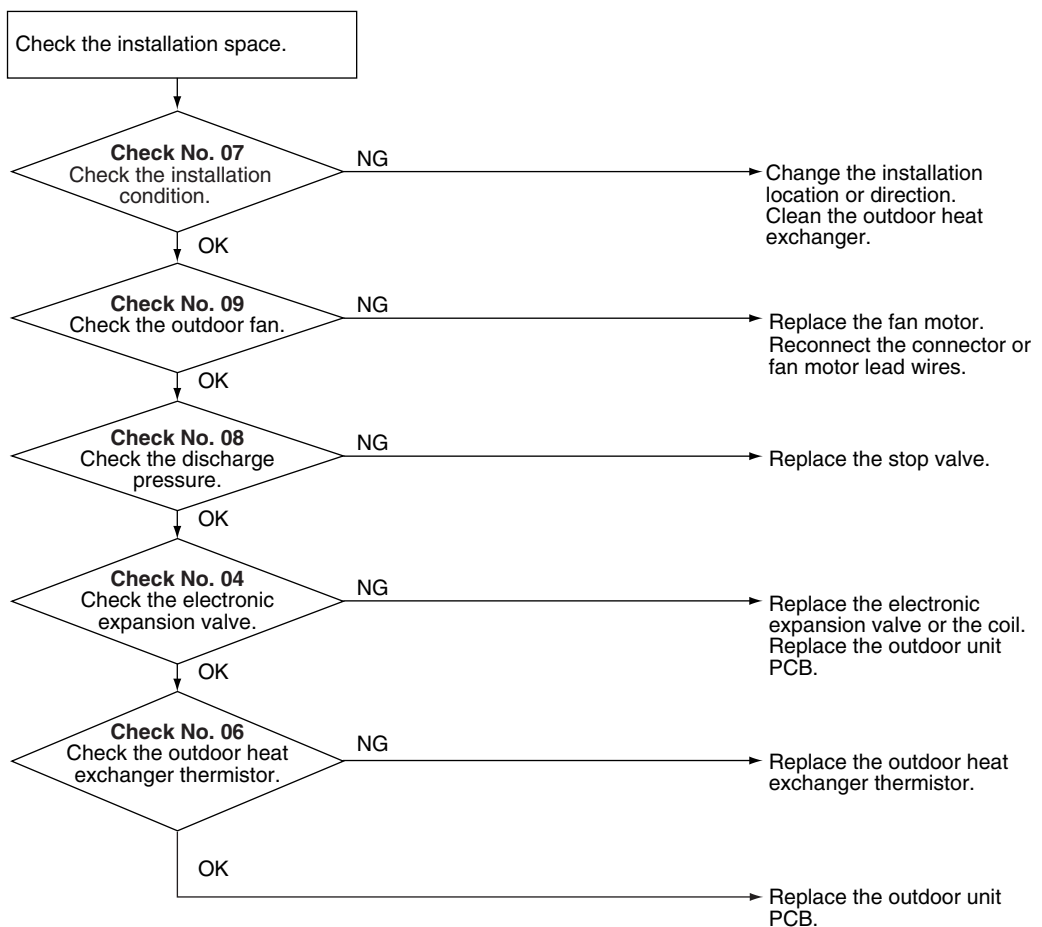


Check No.09
Refer to P.127



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R11897)

4.16 Compressor System Sensor Abnormality

4.16.1 20/25/35/42 Class

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

- The system checks the DC current before the compressor starts.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- The DC current before compressor start-up is out of the range 0.5 ~ 4.5 V (sensor output converted to voltage value)
- The DC voltage before compressor start-up is below 50 V.

Supposed
Causes

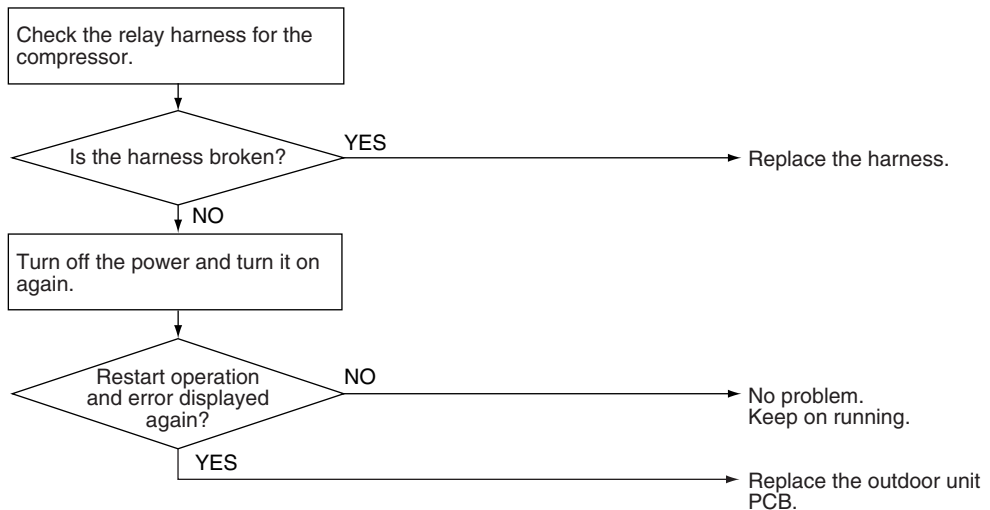
- Broken or disconnection of harness
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R11712)

4.16.2 50 Class

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

- The system checks the supply voltage and the DC voltage before the compressor starts.
- The system checks the compressor current right after the compressor starts.

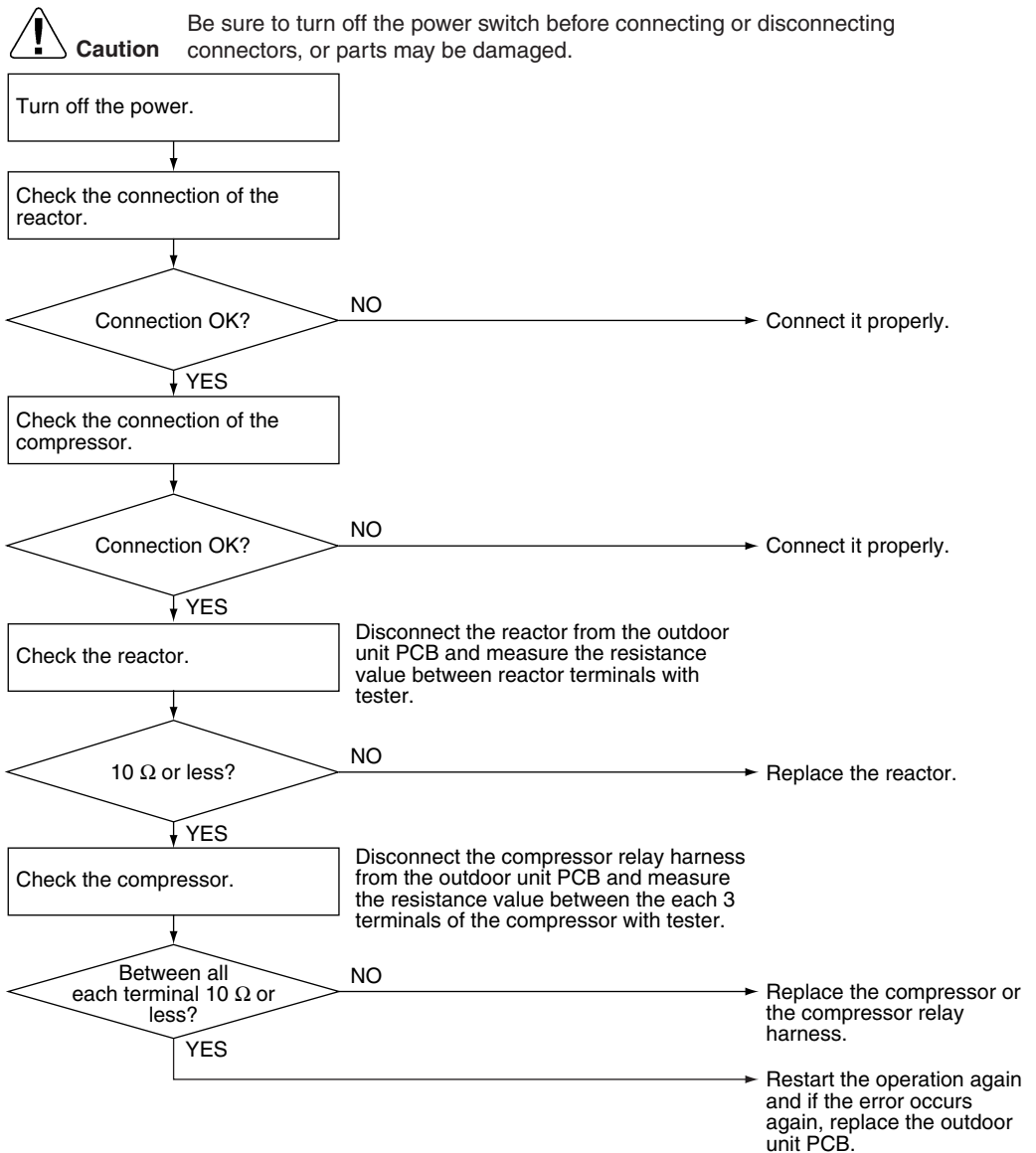
Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- The supply voltage and the DC voltage is obviously low or high.
- The compressor current does not run when the compressor starts.

Supposed
Causes

- Disconnection of reactor
- Disconnection of compressor harness
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective compressor

Troubleshooting



(R7174)

4.17 Position Sensor Abnormality

**Remote
Controller
Display**



**Method of
Malfunction
Detection**

A compressor start-up failure is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.

**Malfunction
Decision
Conditions**

- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (50 class: 5 minutes) without any other error

**Supposed
Causes**

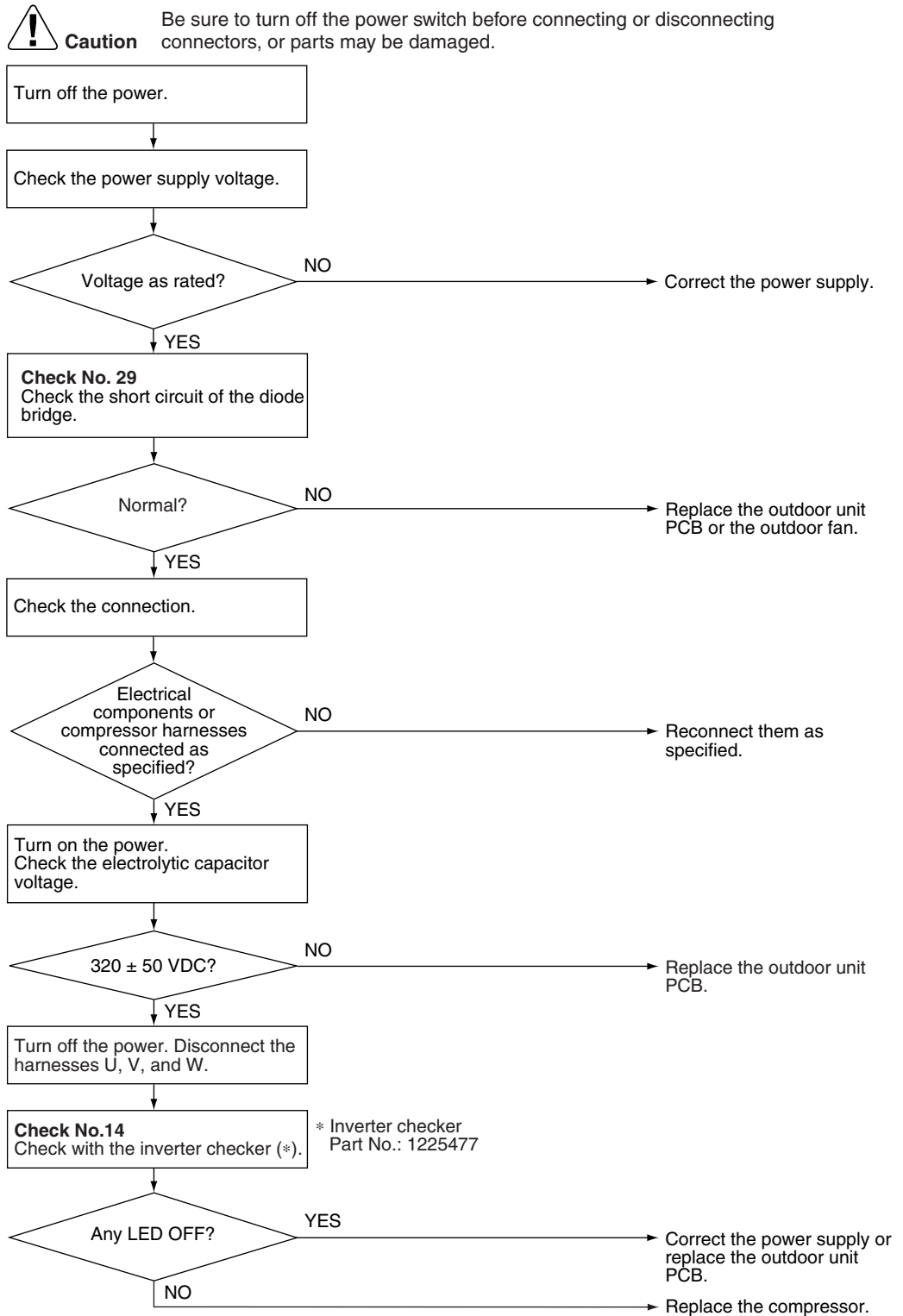
- Disconnection of the compressor relay cable
- Defective compressor
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Start-up failure caused by the closed stop valve
- Input voltage is out of specification

Troubleshooting

20/25/35/42 class


Check No.14
 Refer to P.129


Check No.29
 Refer to P.132




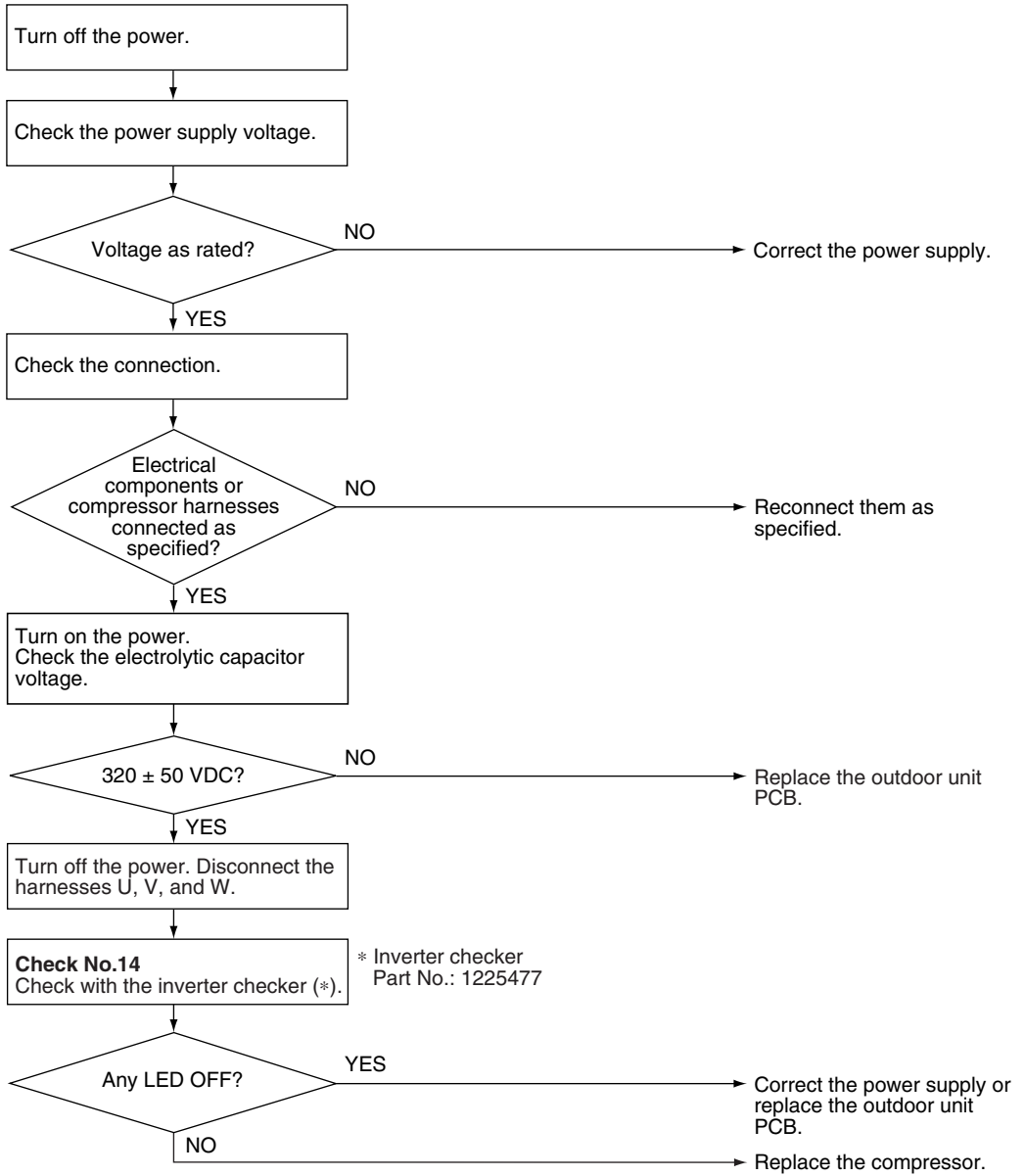
(R14172)

Troubleshooting

50 class


Check No.14
 Refer to P.129

 **Caution** Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



* Inverter checker
 Part No.: 1225477

(R14173)

4.18 DC Voltage / Current Sensor Abnormality (20/25/35/42 Class)

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

DC voltage or DC current sensor abnormality is identified based on the compressor running frequency and the input current.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- The compressor running frequency is above 52 Hz.
- If the error repeats 4 times, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed
Causes

- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

Replace the outdoor unit PCB.

4.19 CT or Related Abnormality (50 Class)

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

A CT or related error is detected by checking the compressor running frequency and CT-detected input current.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- The compressor running frequency is more than 55 Hz, and the CT input current is below 0.5 A.
- If the error repeats 4 times, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error


Supposed
Causes

- Defective power module
- Breakage of wiring or disconnection
- Defective reactor
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

 **Check No.12**
Refer to P.128

 **Check No.14**
Refer to P.129

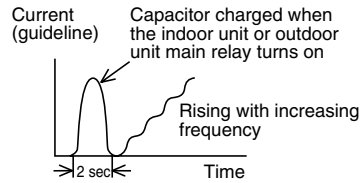
 **Caution** Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

Turn off the power and turn it on again.

Start operation.

* Running current as shown at right with relay cable 1 or 2?

YES → Replace the outdoor unit PCB.



Check No. 12
Check the capacitor voltage.

320 ± 50 VDC?

YES → Turn off the power. Disconnect the harnesses U, V, and W.

Measure the rectifier input voltage.

Check No.14
Check with the inverter checker (*).
* Inverter checker Part No.: 1225477

Any LED OFF?

YES → Correct the power supply or replace the PM1. (Replace the outdoor unit PCB.)

Turn off the power and reconnect the harnesses. Then turn on the power again and restart operation.

Compressor running?

YES → Replace the outdoor unit PCB.

NO → Replace the compressor.

Voltage within the allowable range (Supply voltage ± 15%)?

YES → Replace the outdoor unit PCB.

NO → Check the supply voltage.

(R14174)

4.20 Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Outdoor Unit)

Remote
Controller
Display

49, 43, 46, P4

Method of
Malfunction
Detection

This fault is identified based on the thermistor input voltage to the microcomputer.
A thermistor fault is identified based on the temperature sensed by each thermistor.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- The thermistor input voltage is above 4.96 V (42 class: 4.98 V) or below 0.04 V (42 class: 0.02 V) with the power on.
- 43 error is judged if the discharge pipe temperature is lower than the heat exchanger temperature.

Supposed
Causes

- Disconnection of the connector for the thermistor
- Defective thermistor
- Defective heat exchanger thermistor in the case of 43 error (outdoor heat exchanger thermistor in cooling operation, or indoor heat exchanger thermistor in heating operation)
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective indoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting

In case of “P4”



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

Replace the outdoor unit PCB.

P4 : Radiation fin thermistor

Troubleshooting



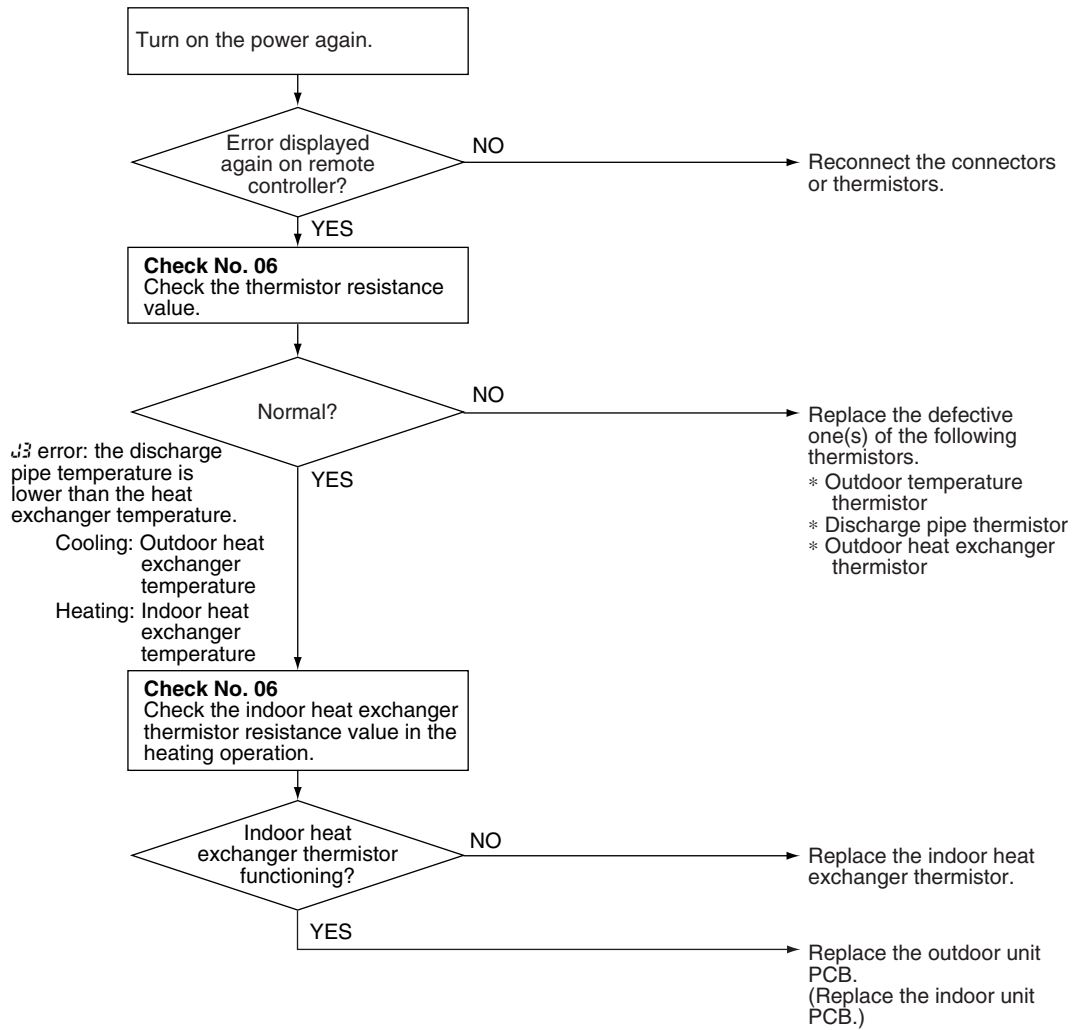
Check No.06
Refer to P.125

In case of "H3" "J3" "J5"



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R11905)

- H3 : Outdoor temperature thermistor
- J3 : Discharge pipe thermistor
- J5 : Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor

4.21 Electrical Box Temperature Rise

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

An electrical box temperature rise is detected by checking the radiation fin thermistor with the compressor off.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- With the compressor off, the radiation fin temperature is above **A** °C.
- The error is cleared when the radiation fin temperature drops below **B** °C.
- To cool the electrical components, the outdoor fan starts when the radiation fin temperature rises above **C** °C and stops when it drops below **B** °C.

	A (°C)	B (°C)	C (°C)
20/25/35 class	98	75	83
42 class	80	70	75
50 class	95	80	85

Supposed
Causes

- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Short circuit
- Defective radiation fin thermistor
- Disconnection of connector
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



Check No.07
Refer to P.126



Check No.09
Refer to P.127



Caution

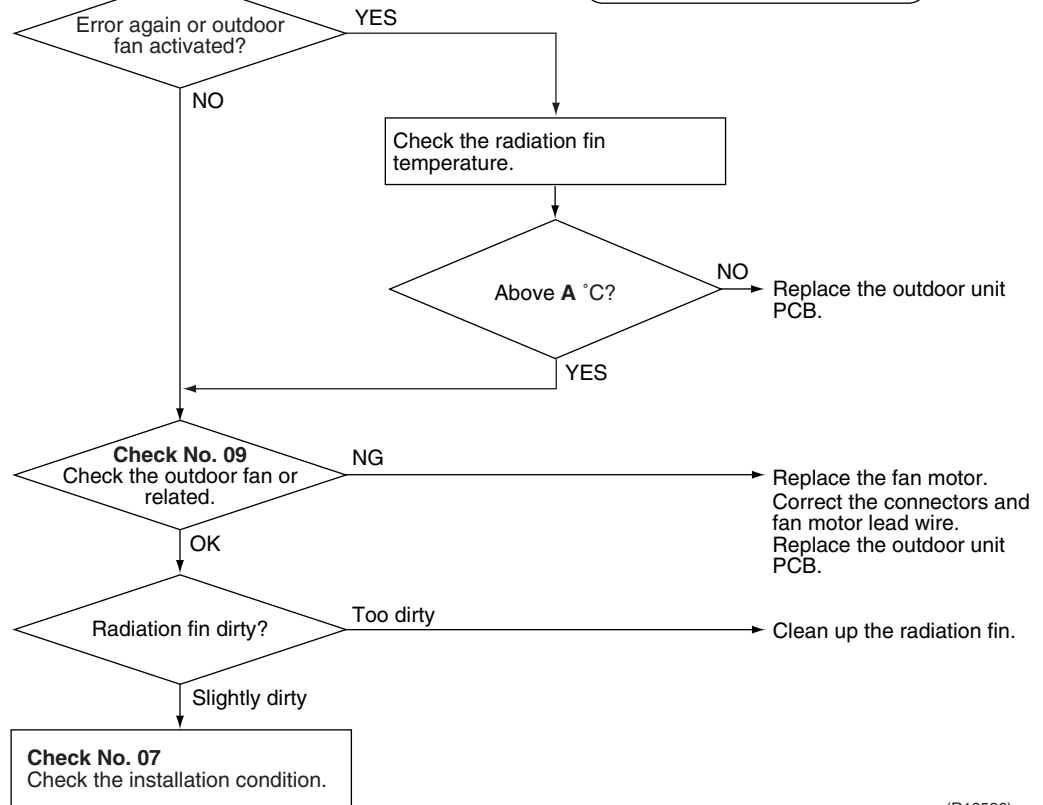
Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

Turn off the power and turn it on again.



WARNING

To cool the electrical components, the outdoor fan starts when the radiation fin temperature rises above **C** °C and stops when it drops below **B** °C.



(R13536)

	A (°C)	B (°C)	C (°C)
20/25/35 class	98	75	83
42 class	80	70	75
50 class	95	80	85

4.22 Radiation Fin Temperature Rise

Remote
Controller
Display

L4

Method of
Malfunction
Detection

A radiation fin temperature rise is detected by checking the radiation fin thermistor with the compressor on.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- If the radiation fin temperature with the compressor on is above **A** °C.
- The error is cleared when the radiation fin temperature drops below **B** °C.
- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

	A (°C)	B (°C)
20/25/35 class	98	78
42 class	92.5	85
50 class	105	99

Supposed
Causes

- Defective outdoor fan motor
- Short circuit
- Defective radiation fin thermistor
- Disconnection of connector
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Silicon grease is not applied properly on the radiation fin after replacing the outdoor unit PCB.

Troubleshooting



Check No.07
Refer to P.126

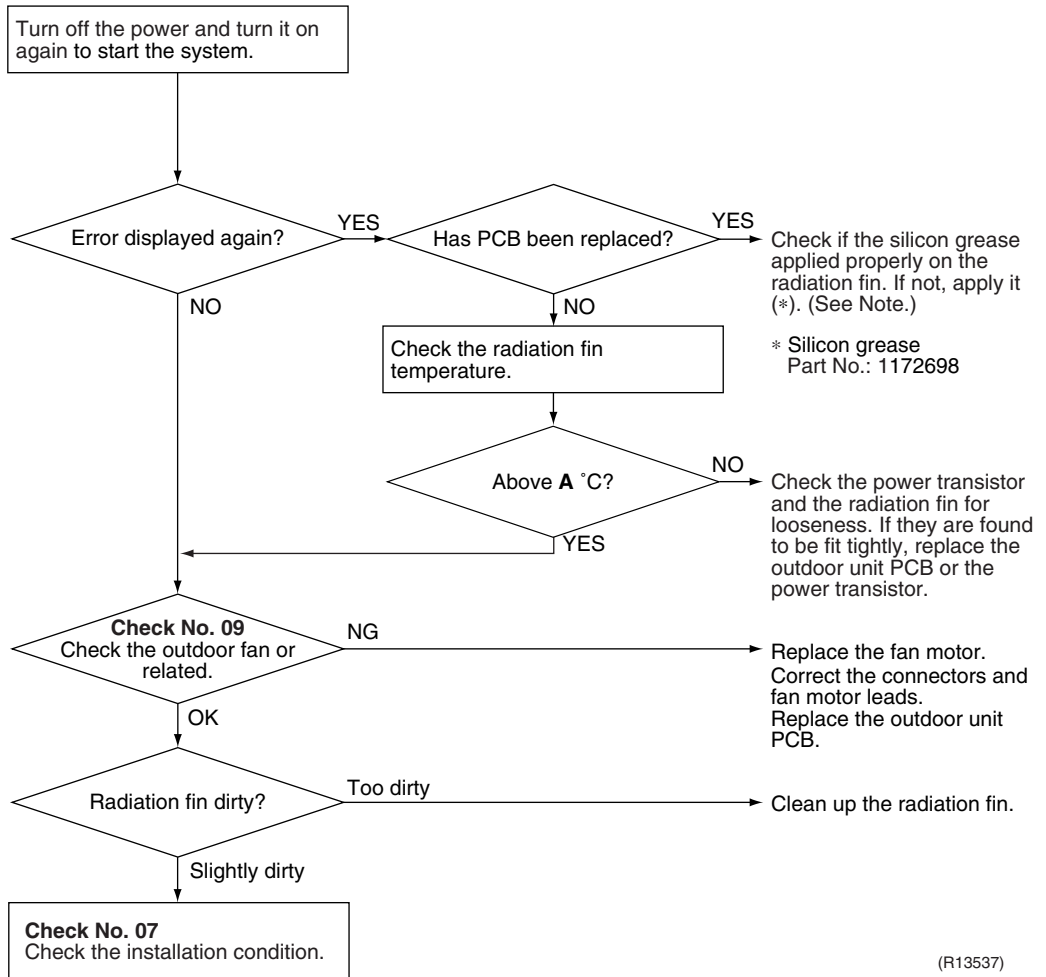


Check No.09
Refer to P.127



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R13537)

	A (°C)
20/25/35 class	98
42 class	92.5
50 class	105



Note: Refer to “Application of silicon grease to a power transistor and a diode bridge” on page 247 for detail.

4.23 Output Overcurrent Detection

Remote
Controller
Display

LS

Method of
Malfunction
Detection

An output overcurrent is detected by checking the current that flows in the inverter DC section.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- A position signal error occurs while the compressor is running.
- A speed error occurs while the compressor is running.
- An output overcurrent signal is fed from the output overcurrent detection circuit to the microcomputer.
- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (50 class: 5 minutes) without any other error

Supposed
Causes

- Poor installation condition
- Closed stop valve
- Defective power module
- Wrong internal wiring
- Abnormal supply voltage
- Defective outdoor unit PCB
- Defective compressor

Troubleshooting



Check No.07
Refer to P.126



Check No.08
Refer to P.126



Check No.13
Refer to P.128



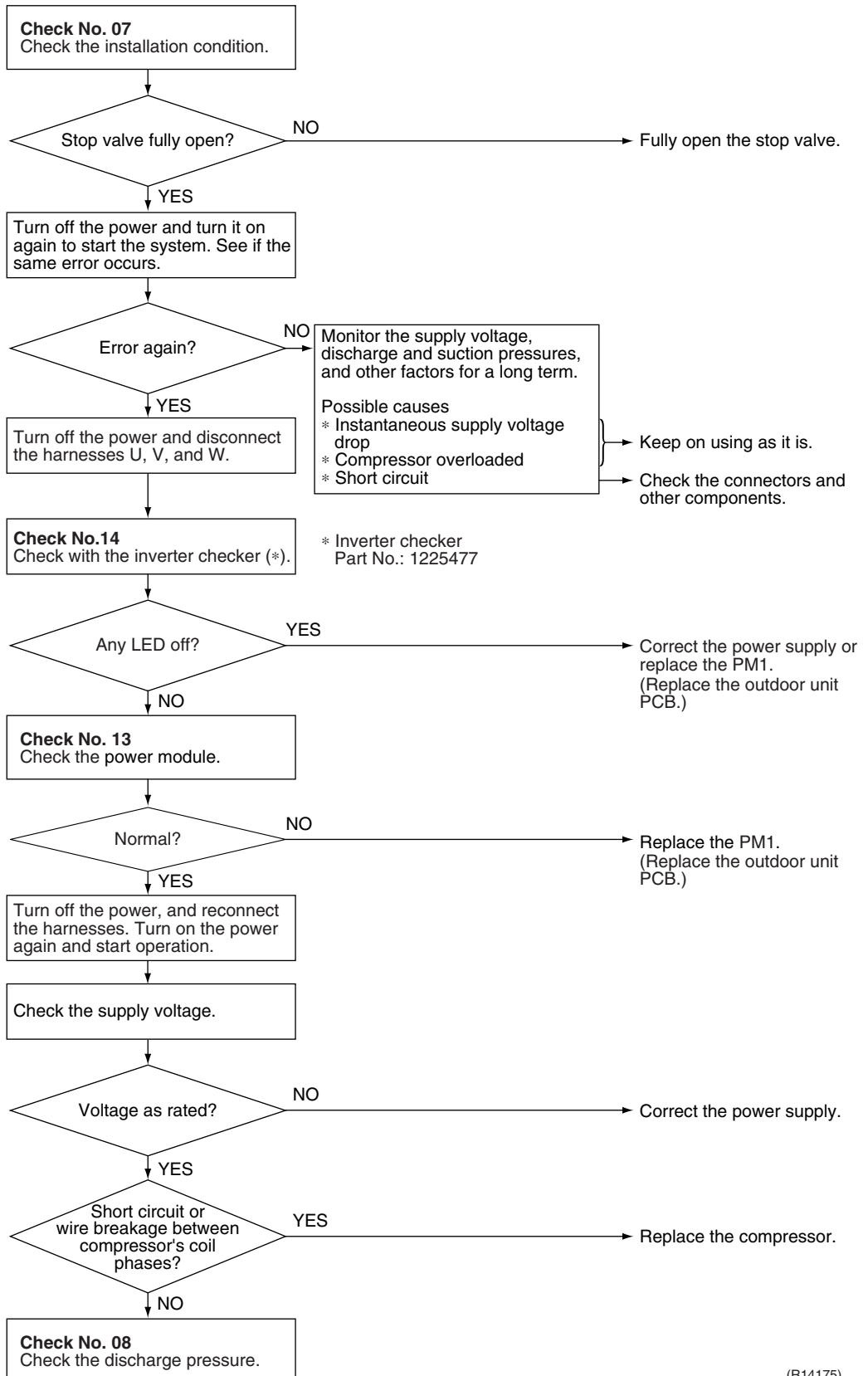
Check No.14
Refer to P.129



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.

* An output overcurrent signal may result from wrong internal wiring. If the wires have been disconnected and reconnected and the system is interrupted by an output overcurrent, take the following procedure.



(R14175)

4.24 Refrigerant Shortage

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

Refrigerant shortage detection I:

Refrigerant shortage is detected by checking the input current value and the compressor running frequency. If the refrigerant is short, the input current is smaller than the normal value.

Refrigerant shortage detection II:

Refrigerant shortage is detected by checking the discharge pipe temperature and the opening of the electronic expansion valve. If the refrigerant is short, the discharge pipe temperature tends to rise.

Refrigerant shortage detection III:

Refrigerant shortage is detected by checking the difference between suction and discharge temperature.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

Refrigerant shortage detection I:

The following conditions continue for 7 minutes.

<20/25/35/42 class>

- ◆ Input current × input voltage ≤ **A** × output frequency + **B**
- ◆ Output frequency > **C**

	A (-)	B (W)	C (Hz)
20/25/35 class	640/256	0	55
42 class	3446/256	-346	48

<50 class>

- ◆ Input current ≤ **D** × output frequency + **E**
- ◆ Output frequency > **F**

	D (-)	E (A)	F (Hz)
50 class	18/1000	0.7	55

Refrigerant shortage detection II :

The following conditions continue for 80 seconds.

- ◆ Opening of the electronic expansion valve ≥ **G**
- ◆ Discharge pipe temperature > **H** × target discharge pipe temperature + **J**

	G (pulse)	H (-)	J (°C)
20/25/35 class	480	128/128	30
42 class	450	128/128	40
50 class	480	128/128	cooling: 20, heating: 45

Refrigerant shortage detection III : (20/25/35 class only)

When the difference of the temperature is smaller than **K** °C, it is regarded as refrigerant shortage.

		K (°C)
Cooling	room thermistor temperature – indoor heat exchanger temperature	4.0
	outdoor heat exchanger temperature – outdoor temperature	4.0
Heating	indoor heat exchanger temperature – room thermistor temperature	3.0
	outdoor temperature – outdoor heat exchanger temperature	3.0

- If the error repeats 4 times, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 60 minutes without any other error

Supposed Causes

- Disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor, indoor or outdoor heat exchanger thermistor, room or outdoor temperature thermistor
- Closed stop valve
- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage)
- Poor compression performance of compressor
- Defective electronic expansion valve

Troubleshooting



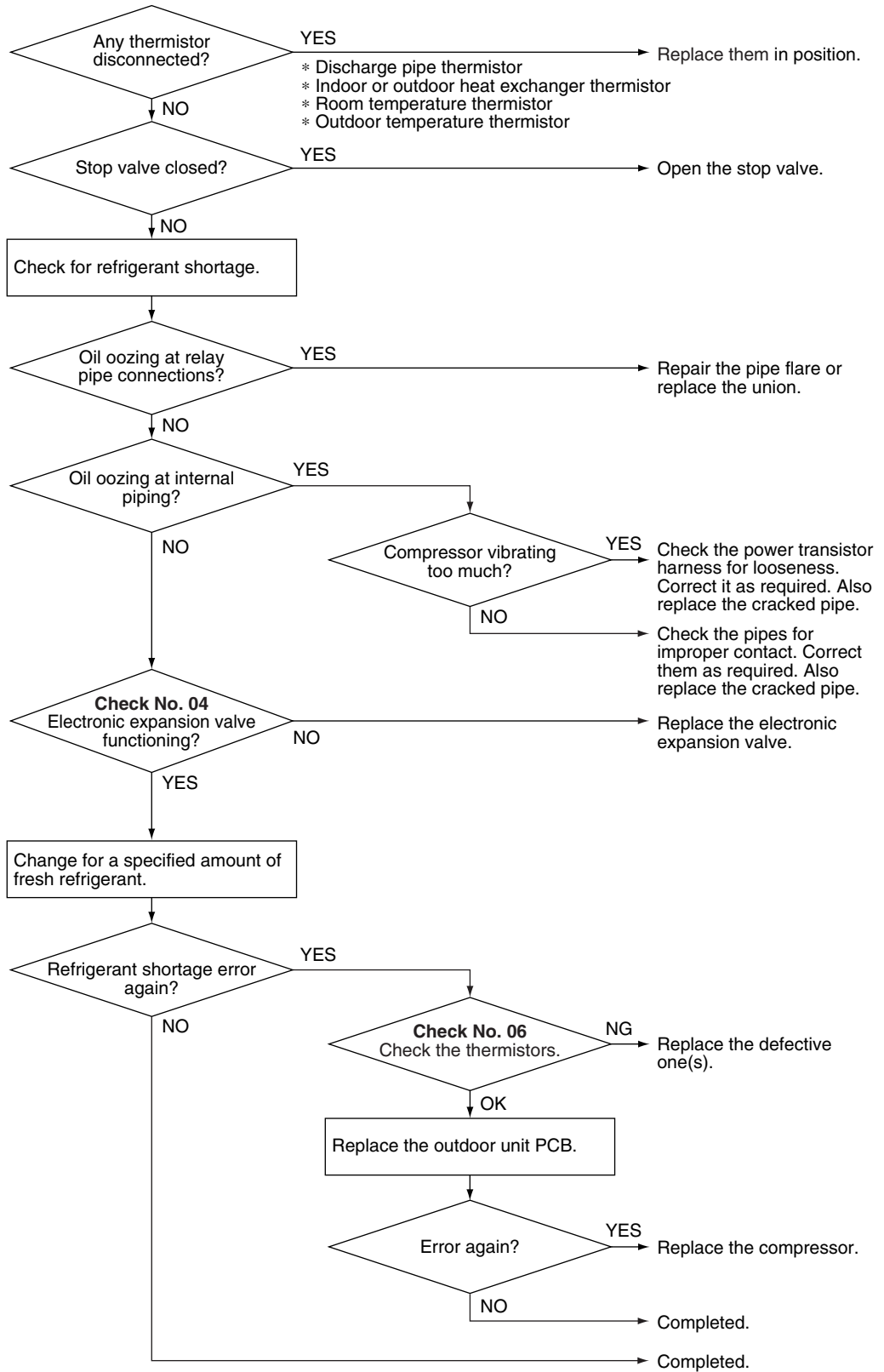
Check No.04
Refer to P.123



Check No.06
Refer to P.125



Caution Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



(R12015)

4.25 Low-voltage Detection or Over-voltage Detection

Remote
Controller
Display

U2

Method of
Malfunction
Detection

Low-voltage detection:

An abnormal voltage drop is detected by the DC voltage detection circuit.

Over-voltage detection:

An abnormal voltage rise is detected by the over-voltage detection circuit.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

Low-voltage detection:

- The voltage detected by the DC voltage detection circuit is below 150 ~ 180 V (depending on the model).

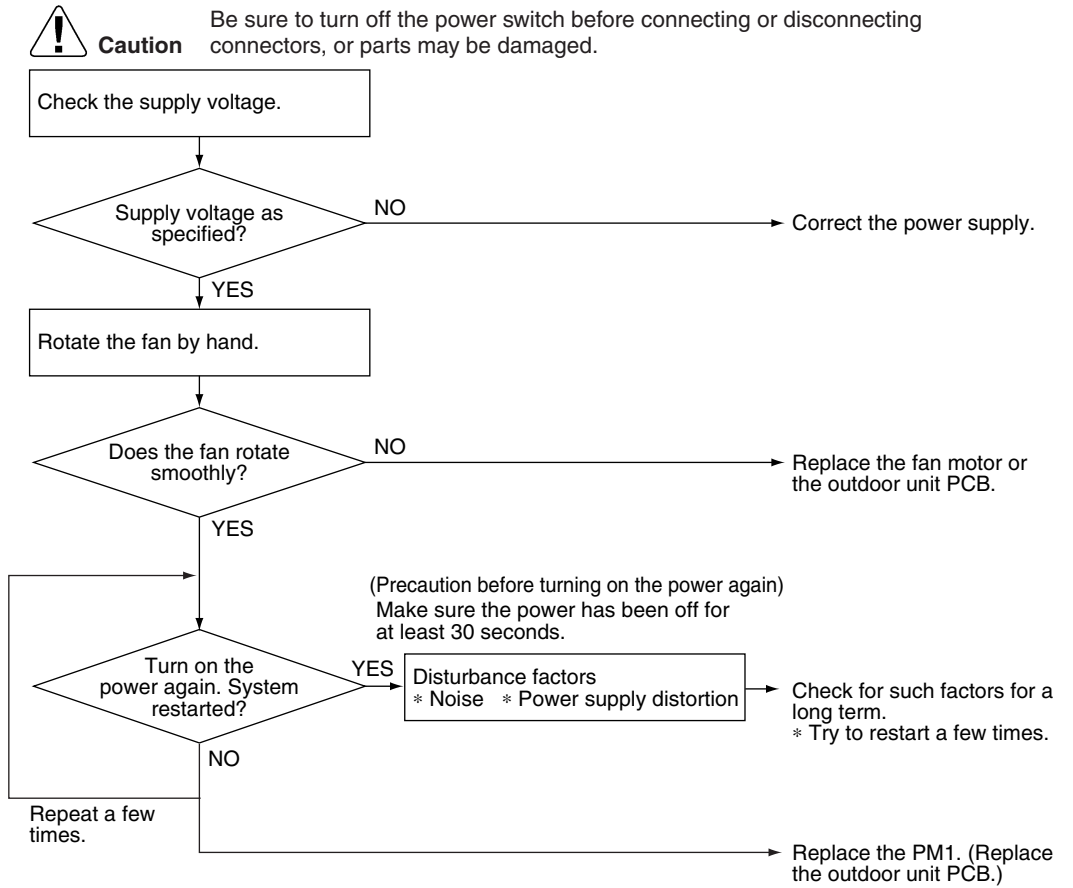
Over-voltage detection:

- An over-voltage signal is fed from the over-voltage detection circuit to the microcomputer. (The voltage is over 400 V.)
- If the error repeats, the system is shut down.
- Reset condition: Continuous run for about 11 minutes (50 class: 5 minutes) without any other error

Supposed
Causes

- Supply voltage is not as specified.
- Defective DC voltage detection circuit
- Defective over-voltage detection circuit
- Defective PAM control part
- Layer short inside the fan motor winding

Troubleshooting



(R8402)

4.26 Signal Transmission Error on Outdoor Unit PCB (50 Class Only)

Remote
Controller
Display



Method of
Malfunction
Detection

Communication error between microcomputer mounted on the main microcomputer and PM1.

Malfunction
Decision
Conditions

- The abnormality is determined when the data sent from the PM1 can not be received for 9 seconds.
- The error counter is reset when the data from the PM1 can be successfully received.

Supposed
Causes

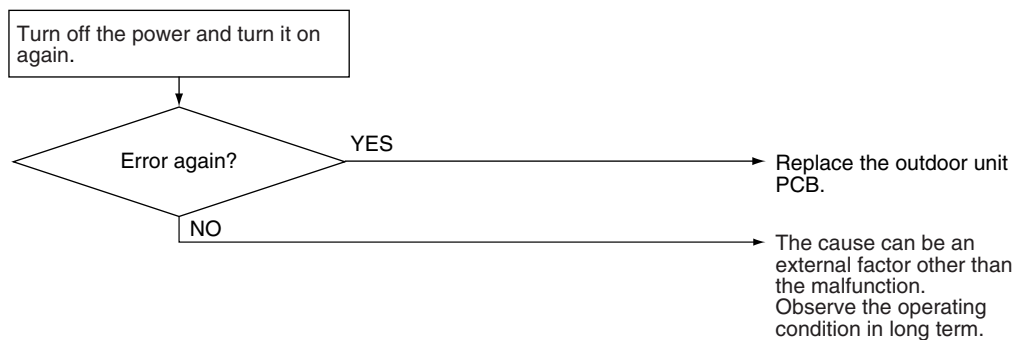
- Defective outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting



Caution

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting connectors, or parts may be damaged.



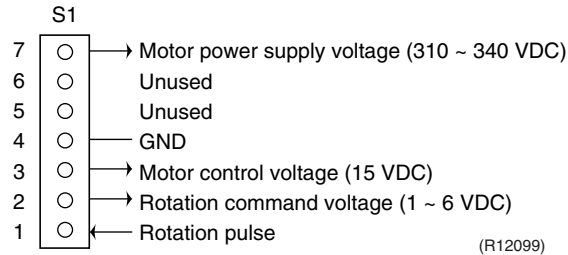
(R7185)

5. Check

5.1 Fan Motor Connector Output Check

Check No.01

1. Check the connection of connector.
2. Check the motor power supply voltage output (pins 4 - 7).
3. Check the motor control voltage (pins 4 - 3).
4. Check the rotation command voltage (pins 4 - 2).
5. Check the rotation pulse (pins 4 - 1).

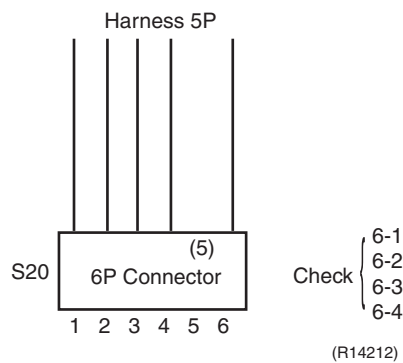


5.2 Electronic Expansion Valve Check

Check No.04

Conduct the followings to check the electronic expansion valve (EV).

1. Check to see if the EV connector is correctly connected to the PCB.
2. Turn the power off and on again, and check to see if the EV generate latching sound.
3. If the EV does not generate latching sound in the above step 2, disconnect the connector and check the continuity using a tester.
4. Check the continuity between the pins 1 - 6, 2 - 6, 3 - 6, and 4 - 6. If there is no continuity between the pins, the EV coil is faulty.



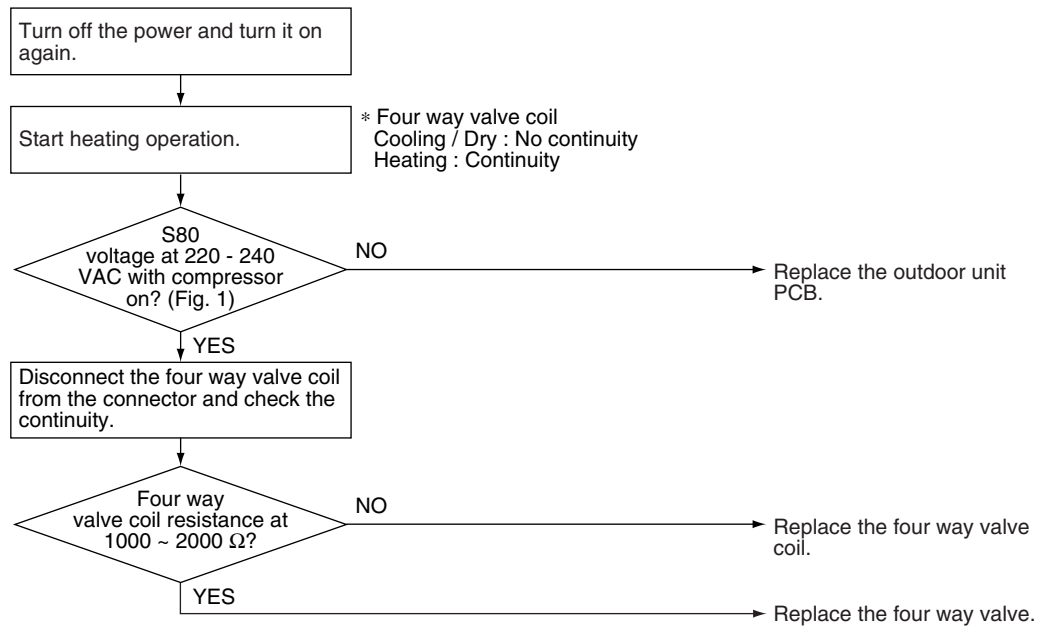
5. If the continuity is confirmed in the above step 3, the outdoor unit PCB is faulty.



Note: Please note that the latching sound varies depending on the valve type.

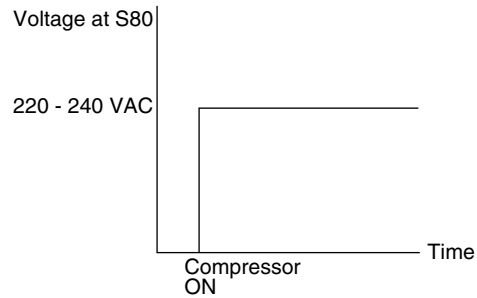
5.3 Four Way Valve Performance Check

Check No.05



(R11903)

(Fig. 1)



(R11904)

5.4 Thermistor Resistance Check

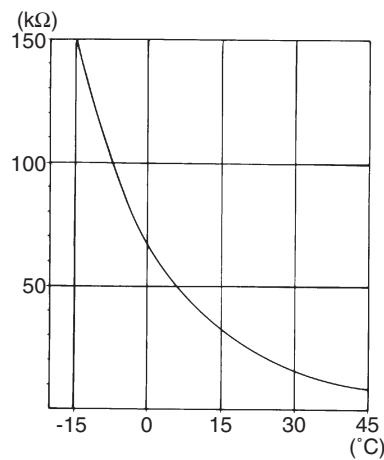
Check No.06

Disconnect the connectors of the thermistors from the PCB, and measure the resistance of each thermistor using tester.

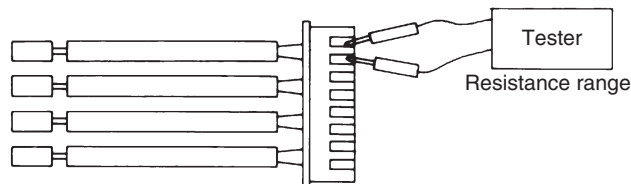
The relationship between normal temperature and resistance is shown in the table and the graph below.

Thermistor temperature (°C)	Resistance (kΩ)
-20	211.0
-15	150.0
-10	116.5
-5	88.0
0	67.2
5	51.9
10	40.0
15	31.8
20	25.0
25	20.0
30	16.0
35	13.0
40	10.6
45	8.7
50	7.2

(R25°C = 20 kΩ, B = 3950 K)

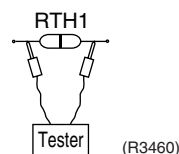


(R11905)



(R11906)

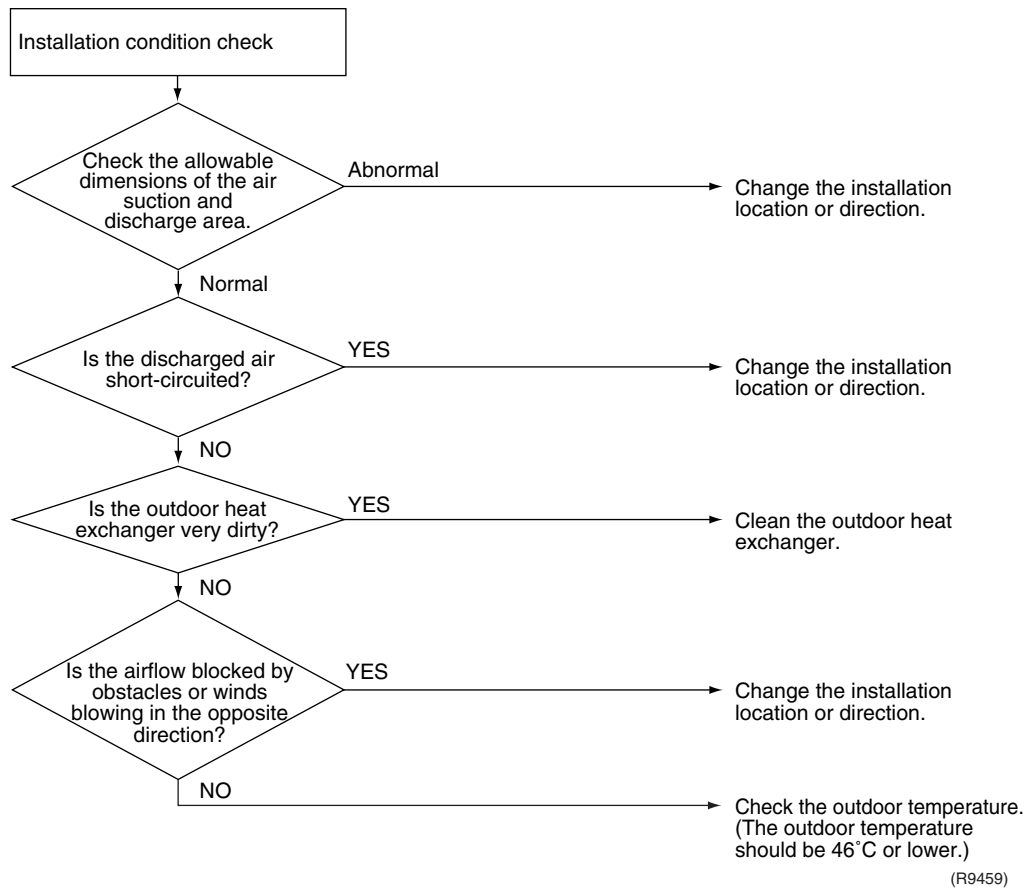
- For the models in which the thermistor is directly mounted on the PCB, disconnect the connector for the PCB and measure.



(R3460)

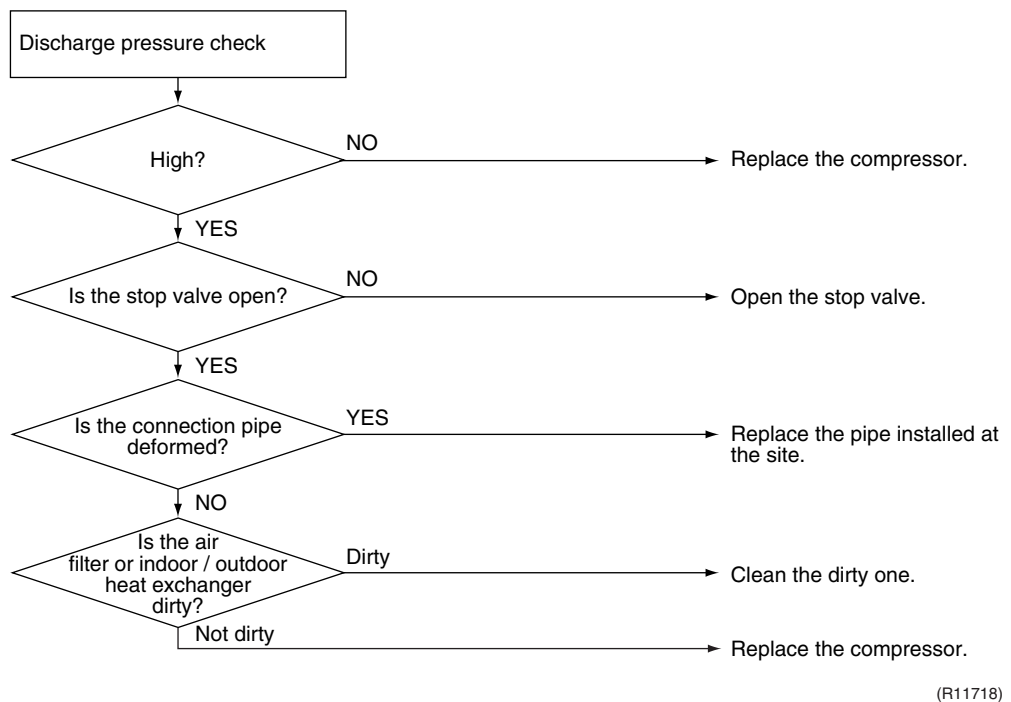
5.5 Installation Condition Check

Check No.07



5.6 Discharge Pressure Check

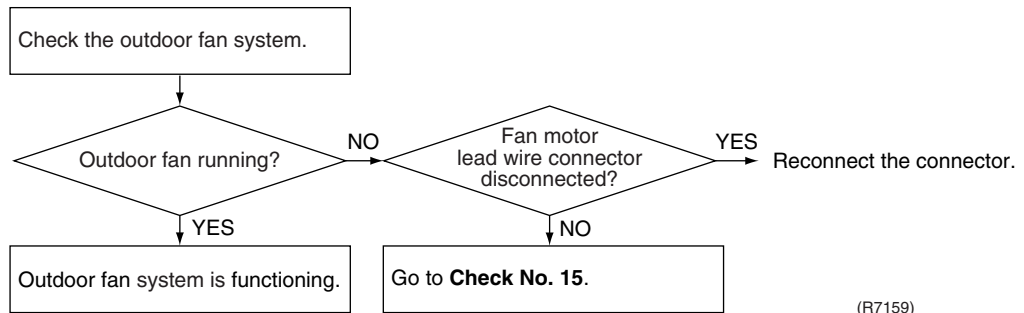
Check No.08



5.7 Outdoor Fan System Check

Check No.09

DC motor



5.8 Power Supply Waveforms Check

Check No.10

Measure the power supply waveform between No. 1 and No. 2 on the terminal board, and check the waveform disturbance.

- Check to see if the power supply waveform is a sine wave. (Fig.1)
- Check to see if there is waveform disturbance near the zero cross. (sections circled in Fig.2)

Fig.1

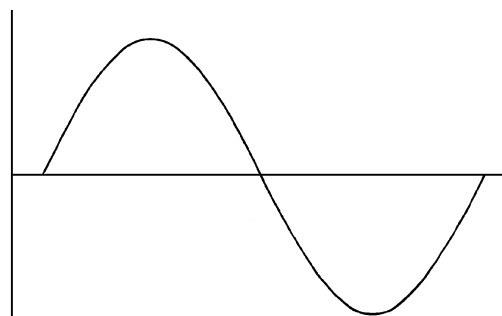
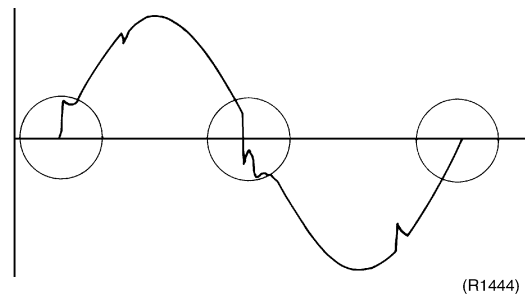
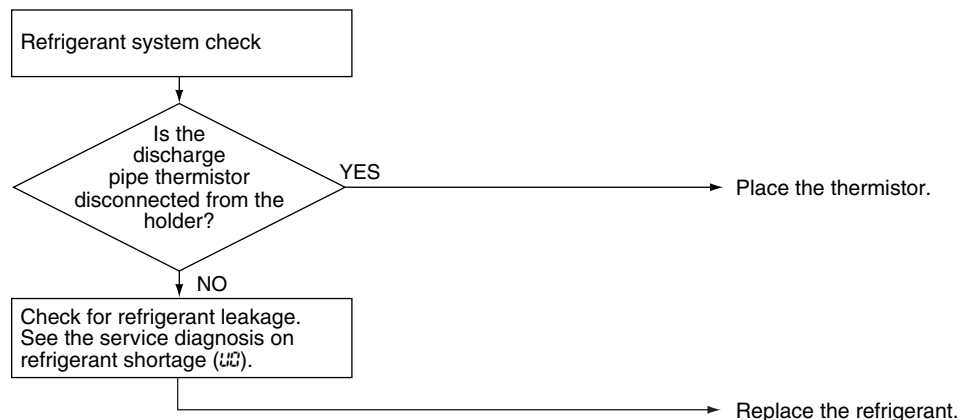


Fig.2



5.9 Inverter Units Refrigerant System Check

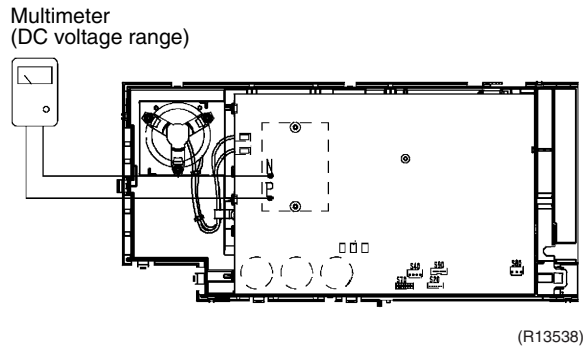
Check No.11



5.10 Capacitor Voltage Check

Check No.12

Before this check, be sure to check the main circuit for short circuit.
With the circuit breaker still on, measure the voltage according to the drawing of the model in question. Be careful never to touch any live parts.



5.11 Power Module Check

Check No.13



Note: Check to make sure that the voltage between (+) and (-) of the diode bridge (DB1) is approx. 0 V before checking.

- Disconnect the compressor harness connector from the outdoor unit PCB. To disengage the connector, press the protrusion on the connector.
- Follow the procedure below to measure resistance between the terminals of the DB1 and the terminals of the compressor with a multi-tester. Evaluate the measurement results for a judgment.

Negative (-) terminal of tester (positive terminal (+) for digital tester)	DB1 (+)	UVW	DB1 (-)	UVW
Positive (+) terminal of tester (negative terminal (-) for digital tester)	UVW	DB1 (+)	UVW	DB1 (-)
Resistance in OK	several k Ω ~ several M Ω			
Resistance in NG	0 Ω or ∞			

5.12 “Inverter Checker” Check

Check No.14

■ Characteristics

If abnormal stop occurs due to compressor startup failure or overcurrent output when using inverter unit, it is difficult to judge whether it is caused by the compressor failure or other failure (control PCB, power module, etc.). The inverter checker makes it possible to judge the cause of trouble easily and securely. (Connect this checker as a quasi-compressor instead of compressor and check the output of inverter)

■ Operation Method

Step 1

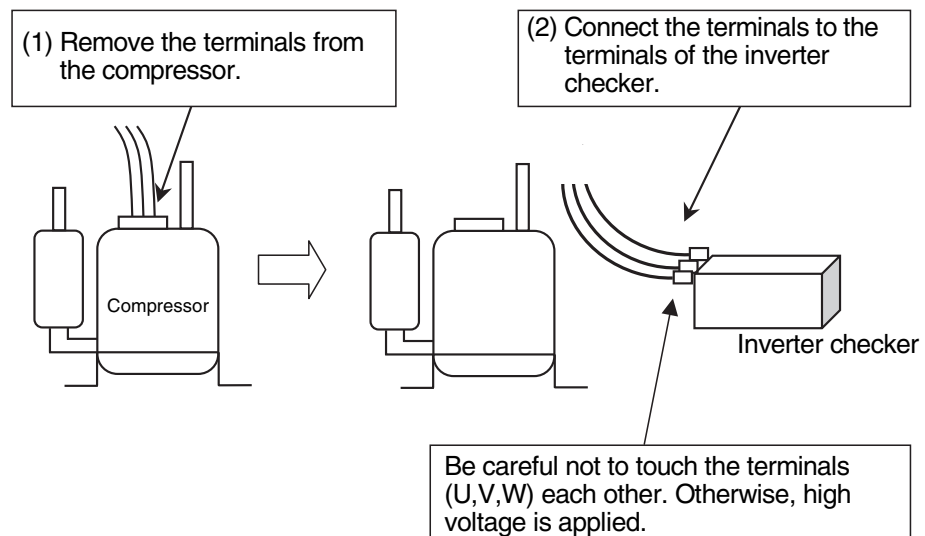
Be sure to turn the power off.

Step 2

Install the inverter checker instead of a compressor.

Note:

Make sure the charged voltage of the built-in smoothing electrolytic capacitor drops to 10 VDC or below before carrying out the service work.



Reference:

If the terminals of the compressor are not FASTON terminals (difficult to remove the wire on the terminals), it is possible to connect wires available on site to the outdoor unit from output side of PCB. (Do not connect them to the compressor at the same time, otherwise it may result in incorrect detection.)

Step 3

20/25/35/50 class: Activate power transistor test operation from the outdoor unit.

1) Press the forced cooling operation ON/OFF button for 5 seconds.

(Refer to page 240 for the position.)

→ Power transistor test operation starts.

42 class: Activate power transistor test operation from indoor unit.

- 1) Turn the power on.
- 2) Select FAN operation with the [MODE] button on the remote controller.
- 3) Press the 3 buttons (TEMP▲, TEMP▼, MODE) simultaneously.
→ 00 is displayed with the figure of ten's place blinking.
- 4) Press the [MODE] button.
→ 00 is displayed with the figure of one's place blinking.
- 5) Press the [MODE] button.
→ 7` is displayed.
- 6) Press the [ON/OFF] button.
→ Power transistor test operation starts.

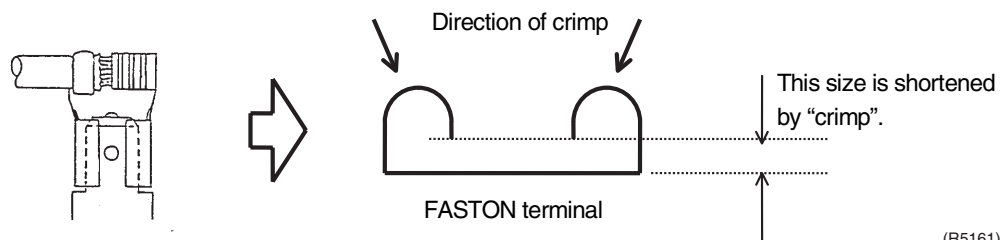
■ **Diagnose method (Diagnose according to 6 LEDs lighting status.)**

- (1) When all the LEDs are lit uniformly, the compressor is defective.
→ Replace the compressor.
- (2) When the LEDs are not lit uniformly, check the power module.
→ Refer to **Check No.13**.
- (3) If NG in **Check No.13**, replace the power module (PCB).
If OK in **Check No.13**, check if there is any solder cracking on the PCB.
- (4) If any solder cracking is found, replace the PCB or repair the soldered section.
If there is no solder cracking, replace the PCB.



Caution

- (1) When the output frequency is low, the LEDs blink slowly. As the output frequency increases, the LEDs blink quicker. (The LEDs look like they are lit.)
- (2) On completion of diagnose by the inverter checker, be sure to re-crimp the FASTON terminals. Otherwise, the terminals may be burned due to loosening.

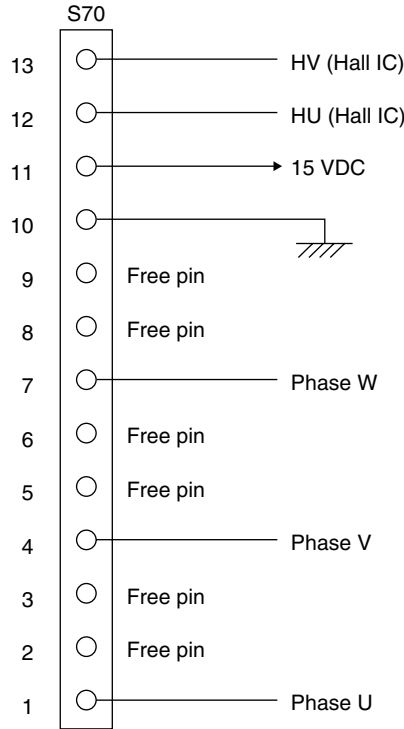


5.13 Rotation Pulse Check on the Outdoor Unit PCB

Check No.15

20/25/35 class

1. Check that the voltage between the pins 10 - 11 is 15 VDC.
2. Check if the Hall IC generates the rotation pulse (0 ~ 15 VDC) 4 times between the pins 10 - 12, 10 - 13, when the fan motor is manually rotated once.



(R11907)

42/50 class

Make sure that the voltage of 320 ± 30 V is applied.

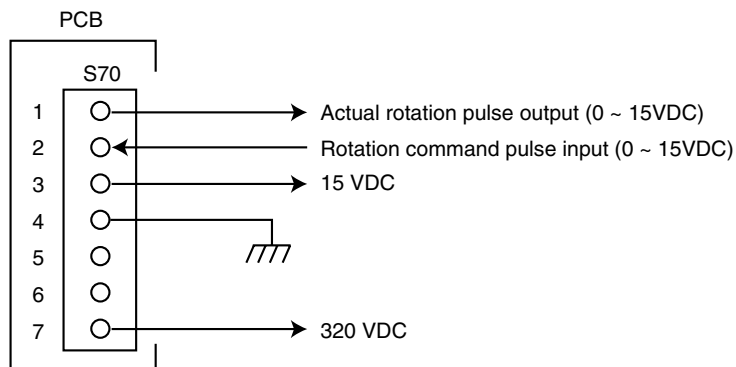
1. Set operation off and power off. Disconnect the connector S70.
2. Check that the voltage between the pins 4 - 7 is 320 VDC.
3. Check that the control voltage between the pins 3 - 4 is 15 VDC.
4. Check that the rotation command voltage between the pins 2 - 4 is 0 ~ 15 VDC.
5. Keep operation off and power off. Connect the connector S70.
6. Check whether 2 pulses (0 ~ 15 VDC) are output at the pins 1 - 4 when the fan motor is rotated 1 turn by hand.

When the fuse is melted, check the outdoor fan motor for proper function.

If NG in step 2 → Defective PCB → Replace the outdoor unit PCB.

If NG in step 4 → Defective Hall IC → Replace the outdoor fan motor.

If OK in both steps 2 and 4 → Replace the outdoor unit PCB.



(R10811)

5.14 Main Circuit Short Check

Check No.29

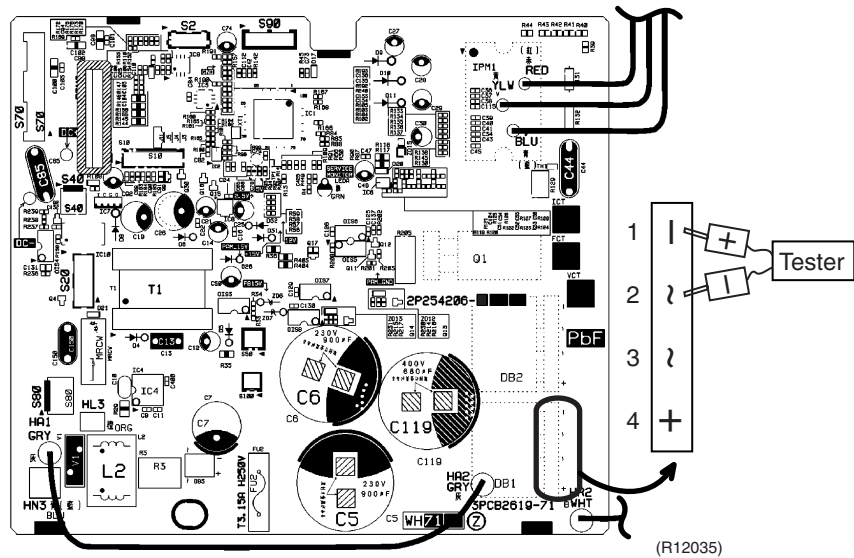


Note: Check to make sure that the voltage between (+) and (-) of the diode bridge (DB1) is approx. 0 V before checking.

- Measure the resistance between the pins of the DB1 as below.
- If the resistance is ∞ or less than 1 k Ω , short circuit occurs on the main circuit.

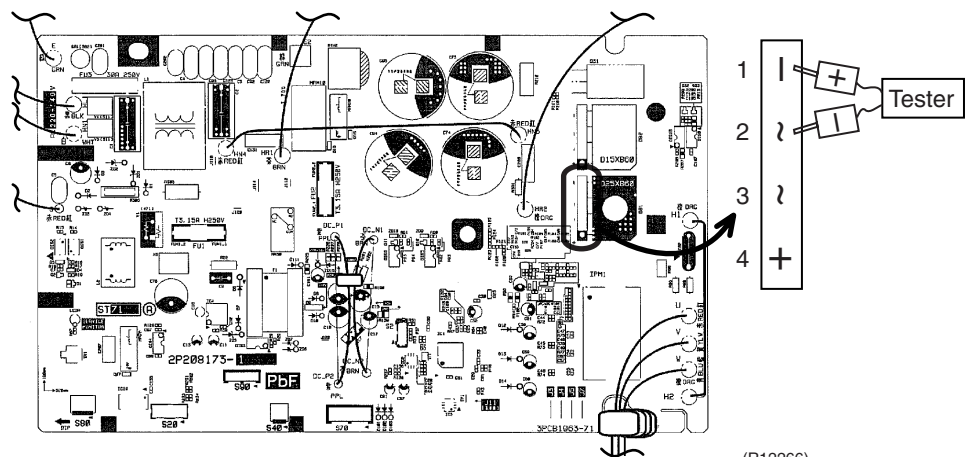
(-) terminal of the tester (in case of digital, (+) terminal)	~ (2, 3)	+ (4)	~ (2, 3)	-(1)
(+) terminal of the tester (in case of digital, (-) terminal)	+ (4)	~ (2, 3)	-(1)	~ (2, 3)
Resistance in OK	several k Ω ~ several M Ω	∞	∞	several k Ω ~ several M Ω
Resistance in NG	0 Ω or ∞	0	0	0 Ω or ∞

20/25/35 class



(R12035)

42 class



(R12266)

Part 7

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4.8 Removal of Compressor.....	235

1. Indoor Unit

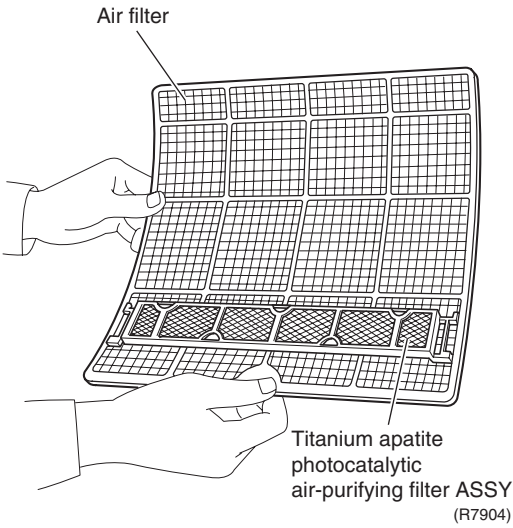
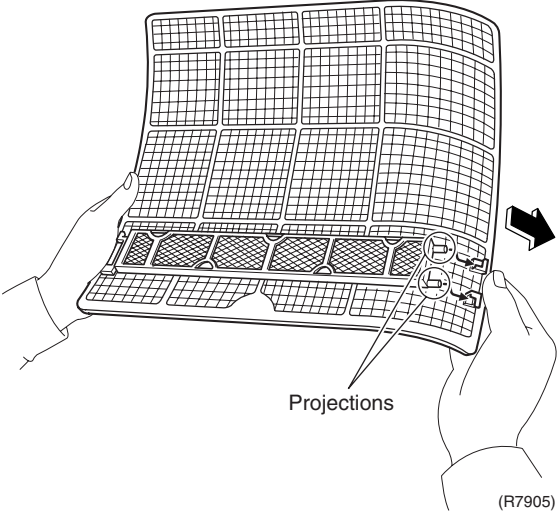
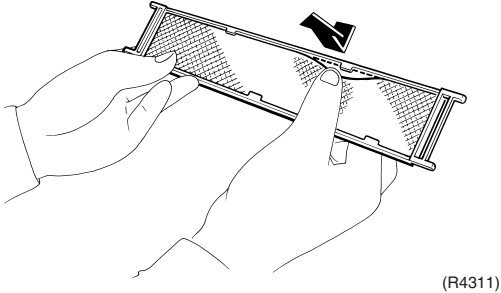
1.1 Removal of Air Filters

Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1. Appearance features	<p>(R7900)</p> <p>(R7901)</p>	<p>Warning Dangerous: High voltage A high voltage is applied to all the electric circuits of this product including thermistors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ When the signal receiver catches a signal from the remote controller, the receiving tone sounds and the operation lamp blinks immediately to confirm the signal reception. ■ When the ON/OFF button is kept pressed for 5 seconds, the forced cooling operation is performed for about 15 minutes.
2. Remove the air filters.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Hold the both sides of the front panel, and open the panel to the position where it stops. 2 Slightly push up the center knob of the air filter and release the hooks. 3 Pull out the air filter downward and remove it. <p>(R7902)</p> <p>(R7903)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The air filter is not marked for difference between the right and left sides. ■ The air filter can be set easily by inserting it along the guides. ■ Insert the air filter with the "FRONT"-mark faced up. ■ Be sure to insert the hooks (at 2 lower positions) when mounting the air filter.

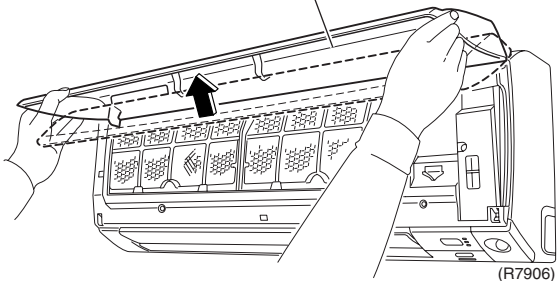
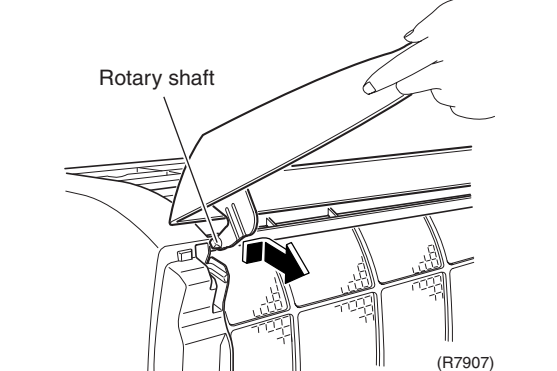
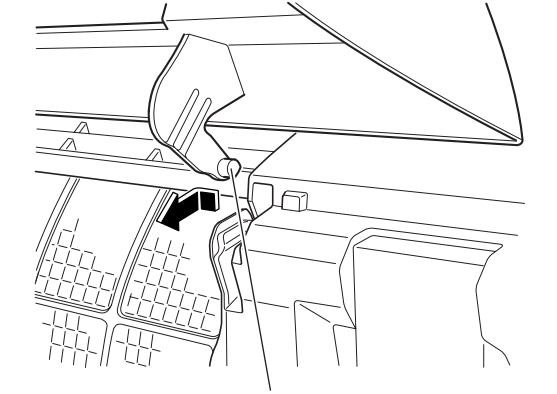
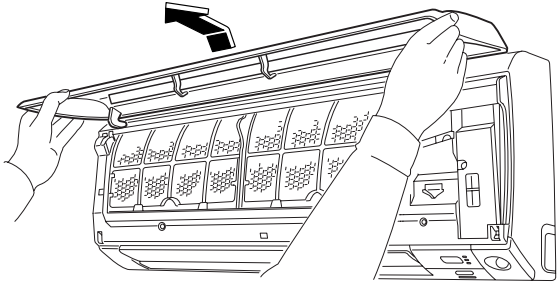
Step	Procedure	Points
<p>3. Remove the Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filters.</p>	<p>1 The Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter ASSY is attached to the back of the air filter.</p>  <p>2 Remove the Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter ASSY by bending the air filter and unfastening the projections from the air filter frame.</p>  <p>3 Remove the Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter from its frame (at 5 positions) by bending it.</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter is not marked for difference between the right and left sides.

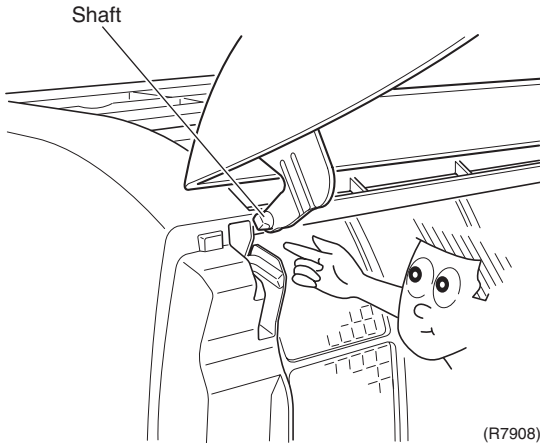
1.2 Removal of Front Panel

Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1	<p>Hold the both sides of the front panel, and open the panel over the position where it stops.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R7906)</p>	
2	<p>Slide the left rotary shaft to the right and release it.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R7907)</p>	
3	<p>Slide the right rotary shaft to the left and release it.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R7909)</p>	
4	<p>Remove the front panel.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R7910)</p>	

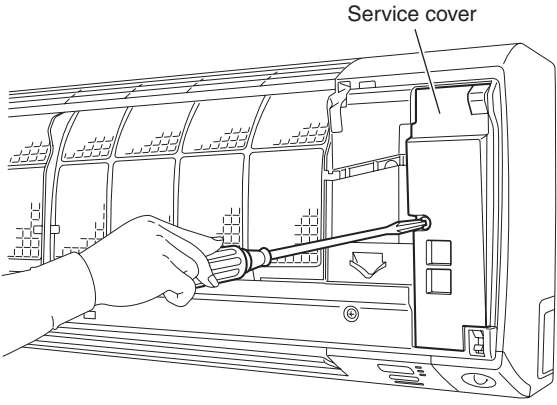
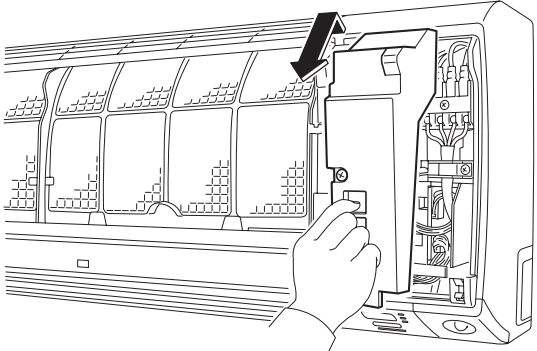
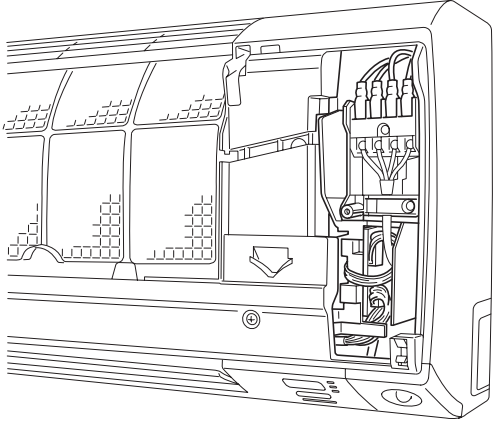
Step	Procedure	Points
<p>5</p>	<p>When mounting the front panel, make sure that the shaft is fitted in the guide before closing the panel.</p> 	<p>Caution on Mounting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When mounting the front panel, fit the right and left rotary shafts one by one into the grooves and fully push them in position.

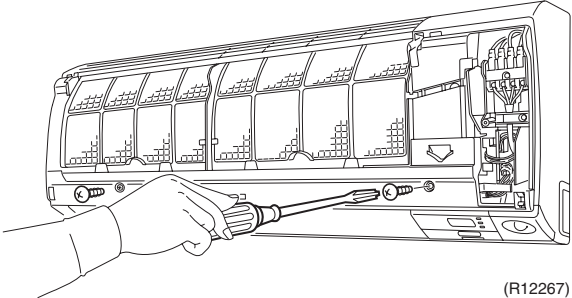
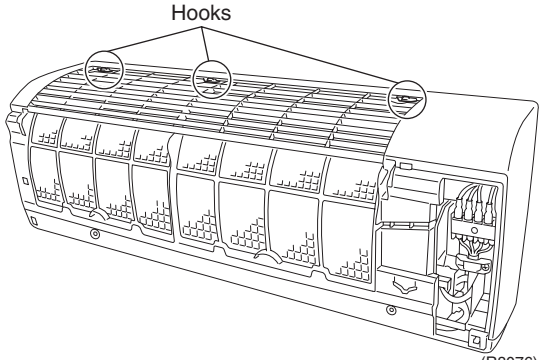
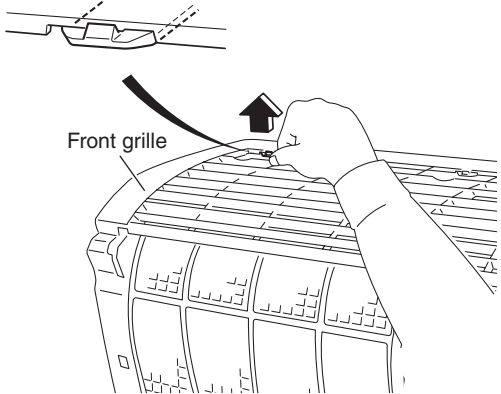
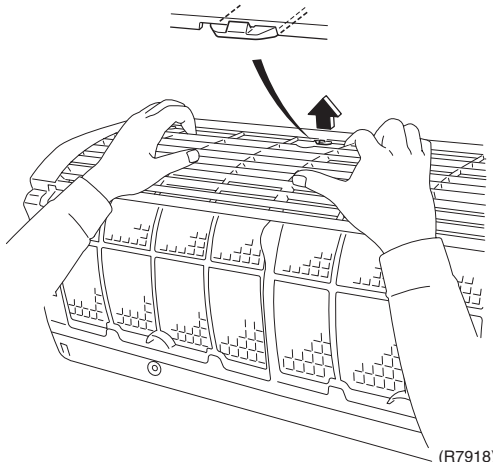
1.3 Removal of Front Grille

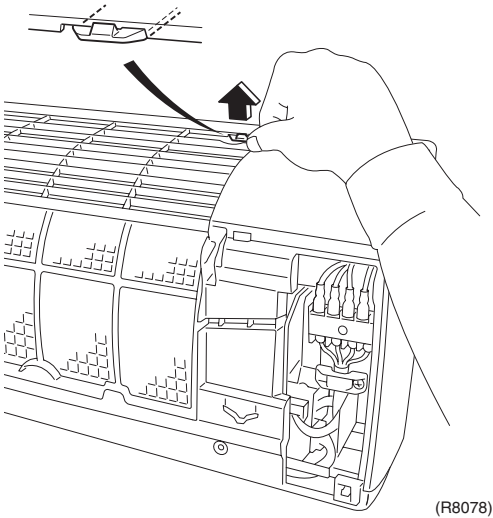
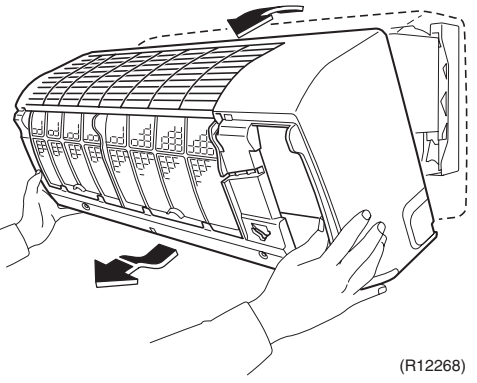
Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1. Remove the service cover.		
1	Remove the screw of the service cover.  <p style="text-align: right;">(R7911)</p>	Preparation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove the front panel according to the "Removal of Front Panel".
2	Pull out the service cover diagonally down in the direction of the arrow.  <p style="text-align: right;">(R8077)</p>	
3	The figure shows the appearance of the inside.  <p style="text-align: right;">(R7913)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
2.	Remove the front grille.	
1	<p>Remove the 2 screws. (one each at the right and left)</p>  <p>(R12267)</p>	
2	<p>The front grille has 3 hooks at the top.</p>  <p>(R8076)</p>	
3	<p>Unfasten the left hook.</p>  <p>(R7917)</p>	
4	<p>Unfasten the center hook.</p>  <p>(R7918)</p>	

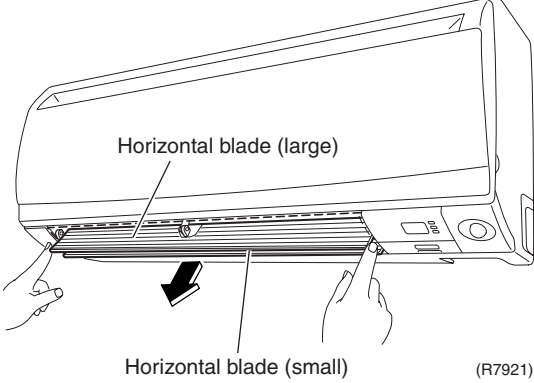
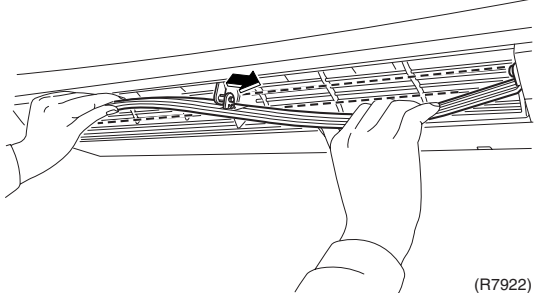
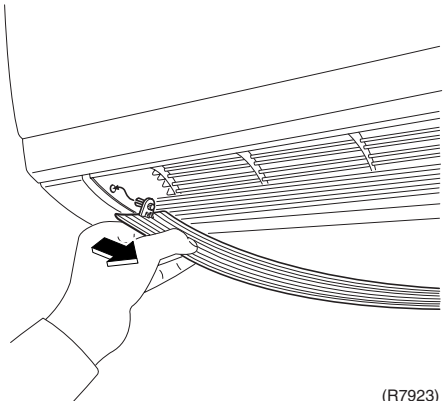
Step	Procedure	Points
5	Unfasten the right hook.	
	 <p>(R8078)</p>	
6	Pull the upper part of the front grille out and lift the lower part up, and then remove the front grille.	
	 <p>(R12268)</p>	<p>Caution on Mounting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ When mounting the front grille, make sure that the 3 hooks are fastened as they were.

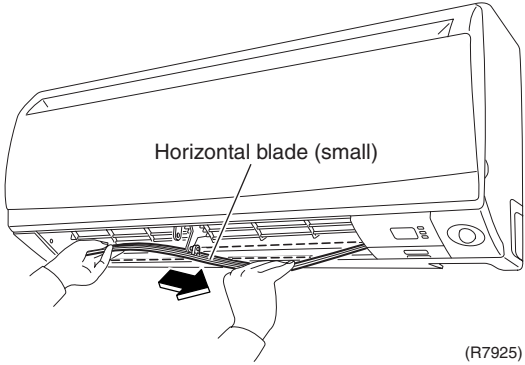
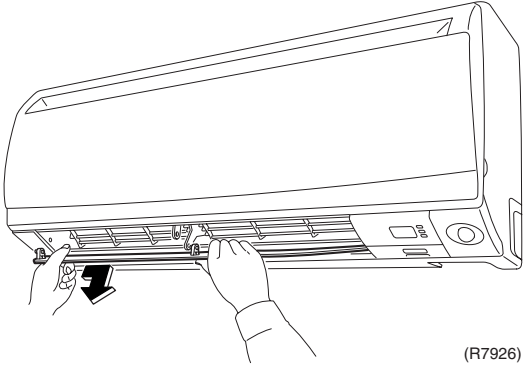
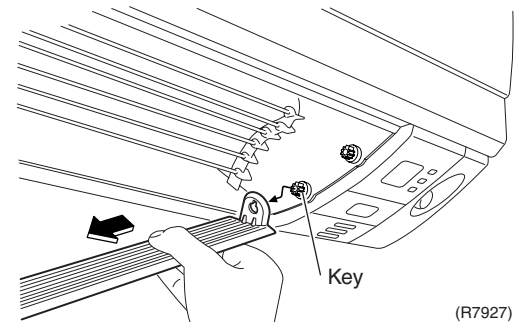
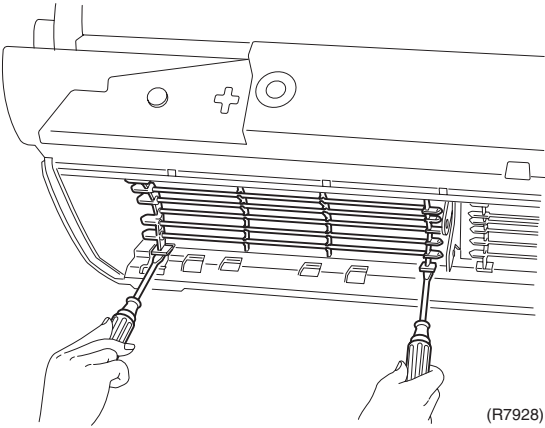
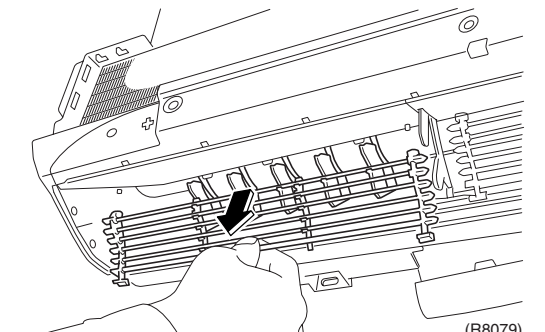
1.4 Removal of Horizontal Blades / Vertical Blades

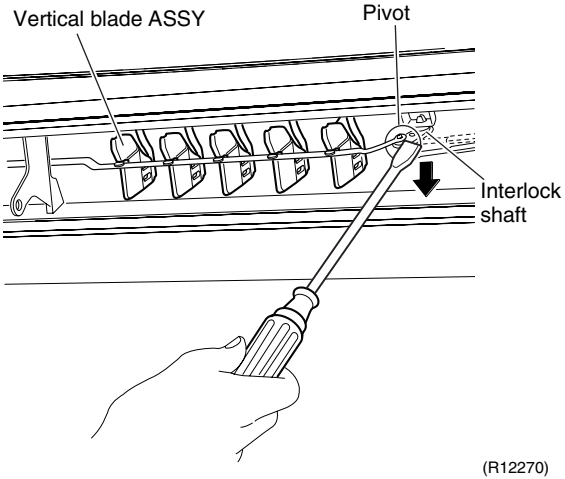
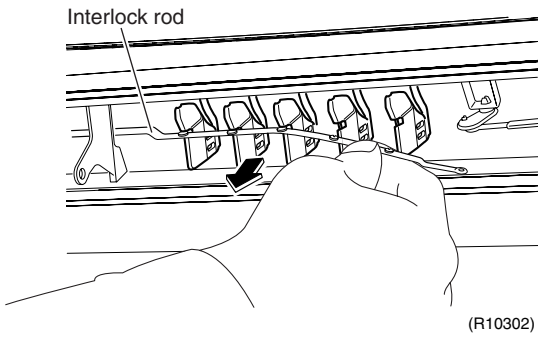
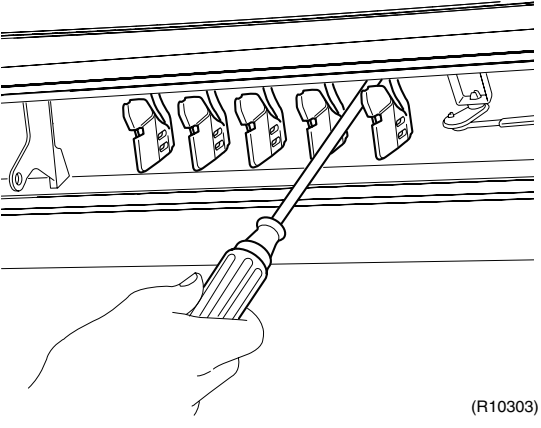
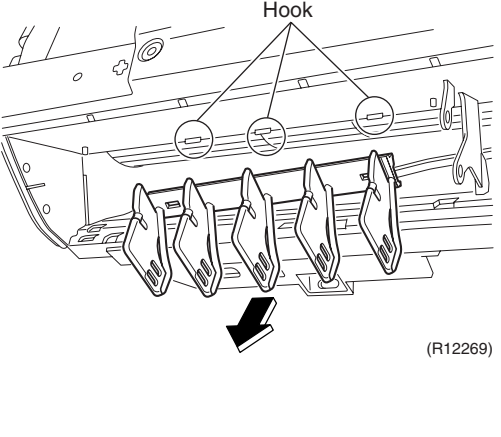
Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points	
1. Remove the horizontal blade (large).			
1	Open the horizontal blade (large).	<p>Caution on Mounting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mount the large horizontal blade to the upper side and the small horizontal blade to the lower side. Do not put them in the wrong place. 	
2	Unfasten the center shaft while bending the horizontal blade (large) slightly.		
3	Unfasten the left shaft.		
4	Unfasten the key alignment shaft at the right side.		
		<p>Caution on Mounting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is a key alignment at the right shaft. When mounting, insert the right shaft first while turning. After inserting the right shaft, mount the horizontal blade first to the center shaft and then to the left shaft. 	

Step	Procedure	Points
<p>2. Remove the horizontal blade (small).</p> <p>1 Unfasten the center shaft while bending the horizontal blade (small) slightly.</p> <p>2 Unfasten the left shaft.</p> <p>3 Unfasten the key alignment shaft at the right side.</p>	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R7925)</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R7926)</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R7927)</p>	
<p>3. Remove the fan guards.</p> <p>1 Unfasten the hooks at the lower part of the fan guard with a flat screwdriver.</p> <p>2 Remove the fan guard.</p>	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R7928)</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R8079)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
4. Remove the vertical blade ASSYs.		
1	<p>Detach the pivot from the interlock shaft for vertical blades with a flat screwdriver.</p> 	
2	<p>Remove the interlock rod.</p> 	
3	<p>Unfasten the hooks at the upper 3 positions by pressing them with a flat screwdriver.</p> 	
4	<p>Remove the vertical blade ASSY.</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ A vertical blade ASSY has 5 fins. It is impossible to replace only one fin. ■ The vertical blade ASSY is not marked for difference between right and left.

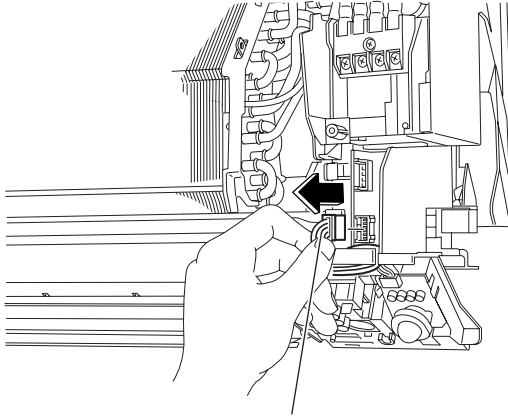
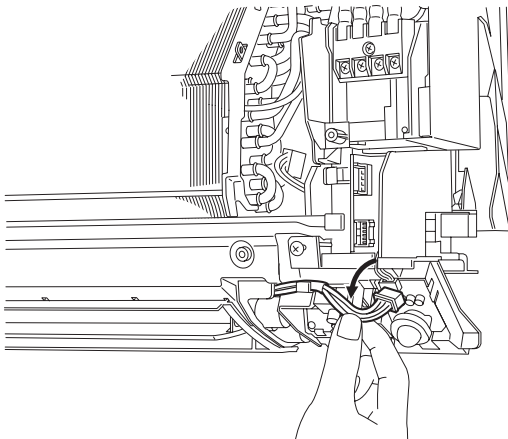
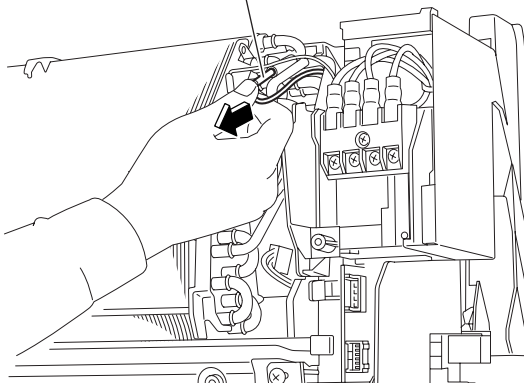
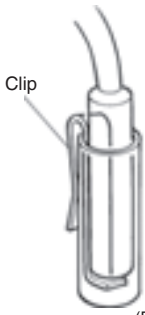
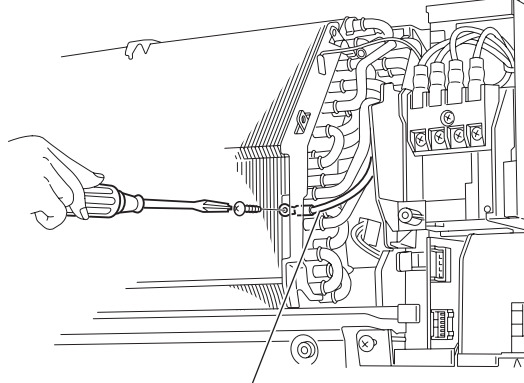
1.5 Removal of Electrical Box

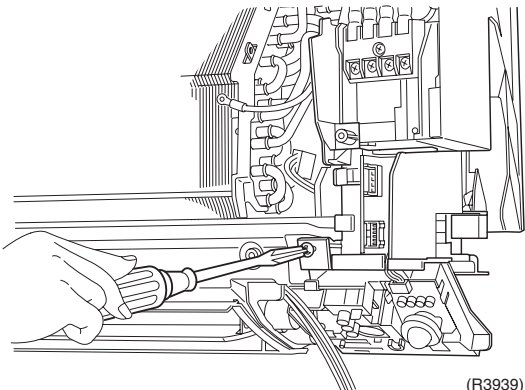
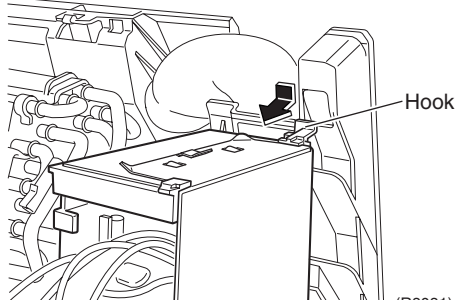
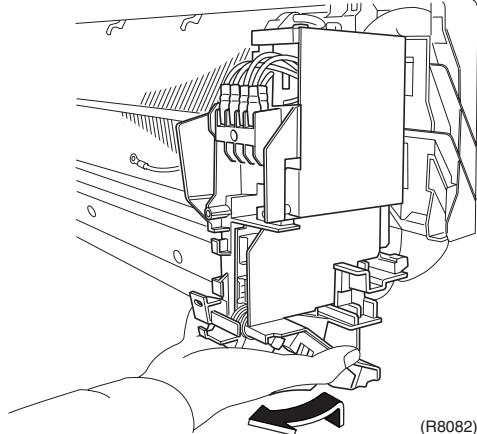
Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1	The figure shows the connections of wire harnesses.	Preparation ■ Remove the front grille according to the "Removal of Front Grille".
2	Remove the screw of the wire fixture.	
3	Remove the screws on the terminal board to disconnect the connecting wires.	
4	Disconnect the connector for fan motor [S1].	

Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
5	Disconnect the connector for swing motors [S41].	 <p>[S41] (R7935)</p>	
6	Release the harness for swing motors from the hook.	 <p>(R7936)</p>	
7	Pull out the indoor heat exchanger thermistor.	<p>Indoor heat exchanger thermistor</p>  <p>(R7937)</p>	<p>■ Be careful not to lose the clip of the thermistor.</p>  <p>Clip (R11268)</p>
8	Remove the screw and detach the earth wire.	 <p>Earth wire (R7938)</p>	

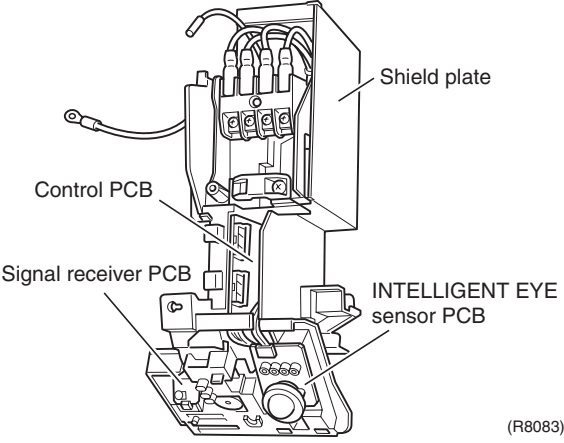
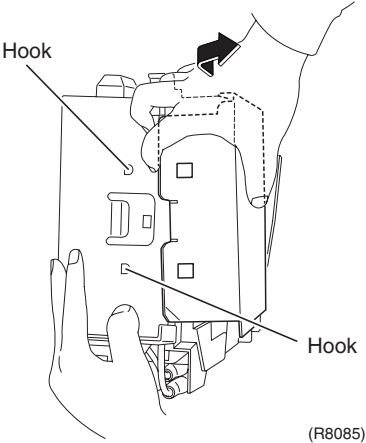
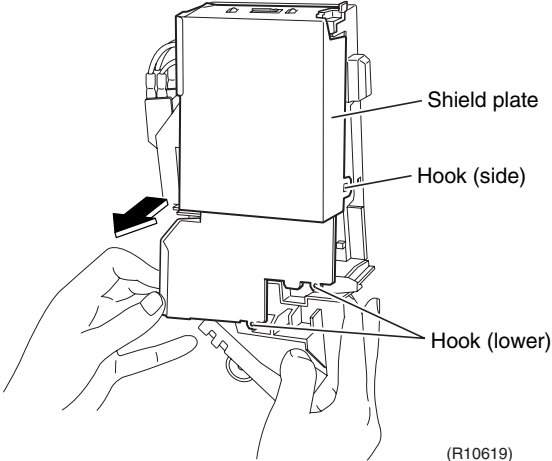
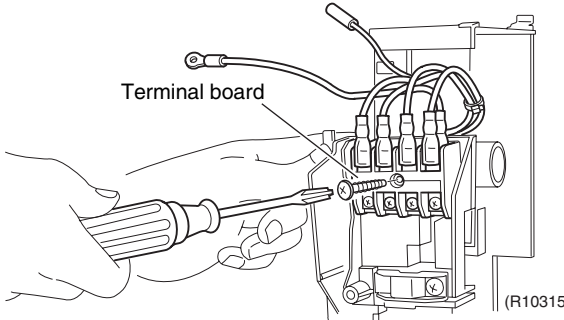
Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
9	Remove the screw of the electrical box.	 <p>(R3939)</p>	
10	Unfasten the hook at the upper far side by pressing it from above and pulling the electrical box toward yourself.	 <p>Hook</p> <p>(R8081)</p>	
11	Lift up the electrical box and pull it out.	 <p>(R8082)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ There is a hook also at the lower part of the back. When mounting the electrical box, make sure that it is securely fastened.

1.6 Removal of PCBs

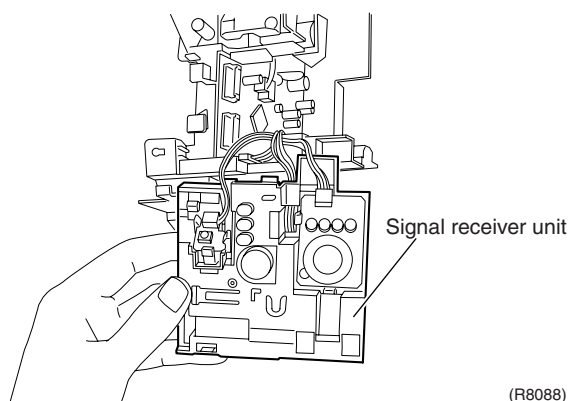
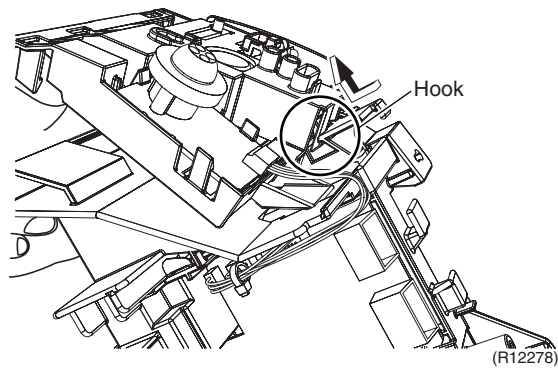
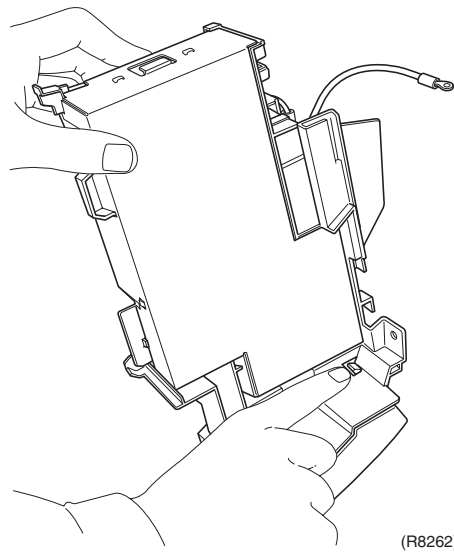
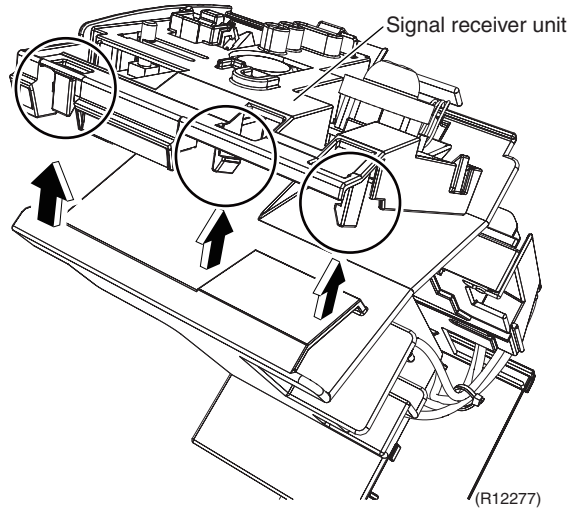
Procedure

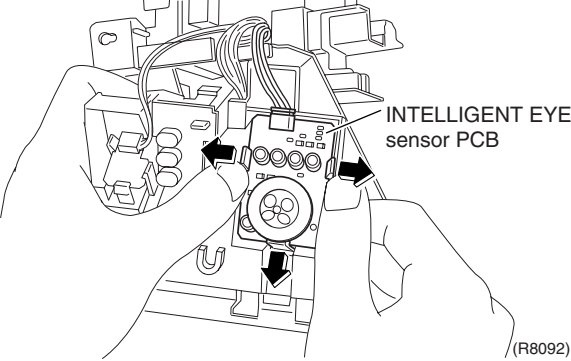
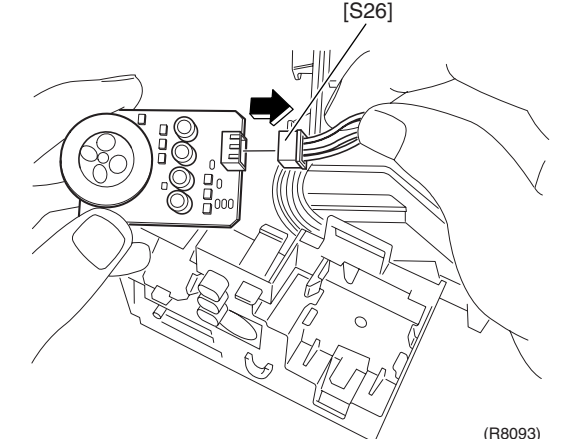
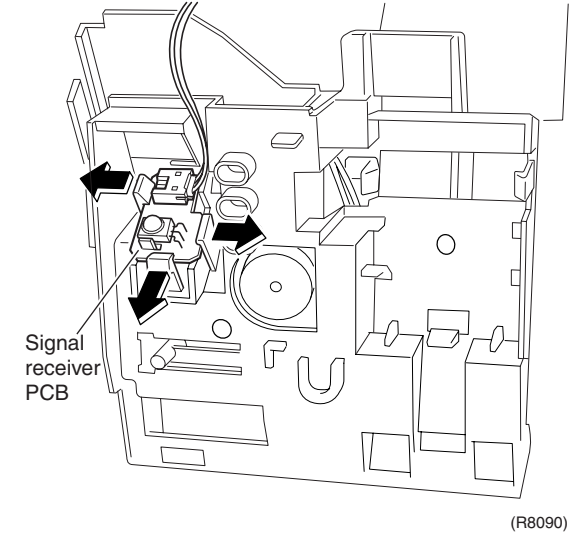
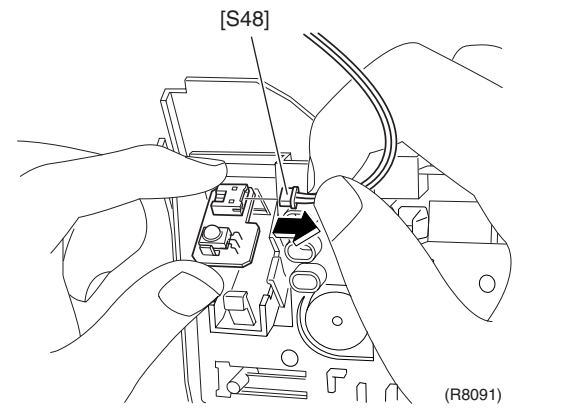


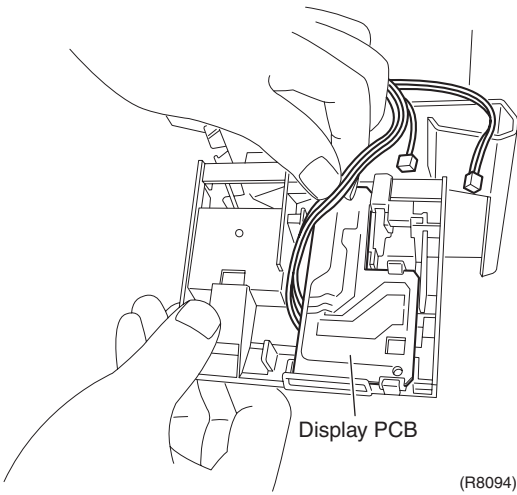
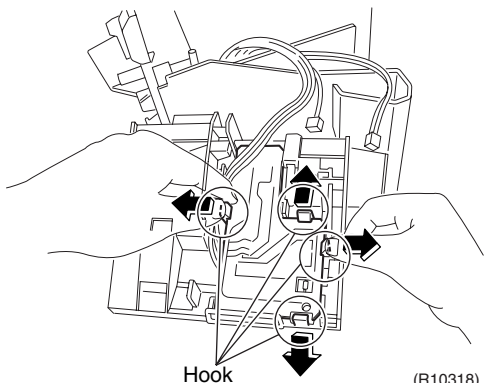
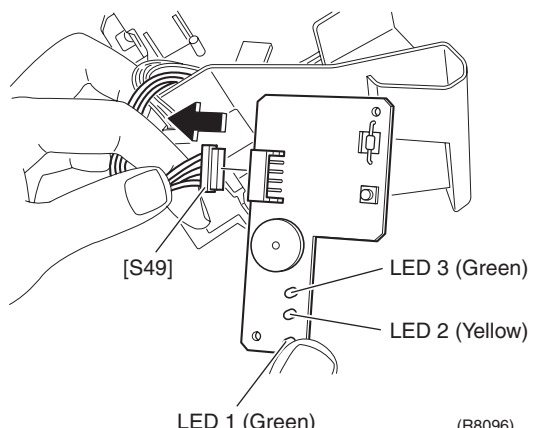
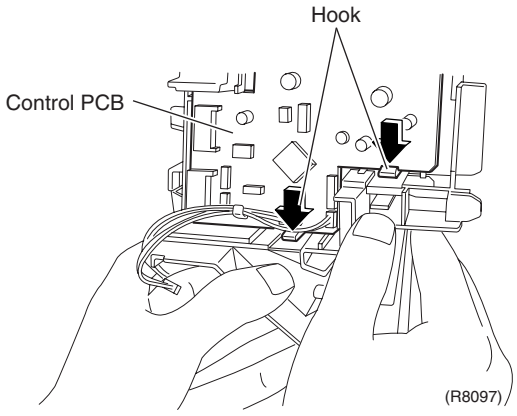
Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
<p>1. Remove the shield plate.</p> <p>1 The figure shows the appearance of the electrical box.</p> <p>2 Unfasten the hooks at the upper 2 positions of the shield plate.</p> <p>3 Unfasten the hook at the side of the shield plate.</p> <p>4 Lift up the shield plate to unfasten the lower hooks and remove it.</p>	 <p>(R8083)</p>  <p>(R8085)</p>  <p>(R10619)</p>	<p>Preparation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove the electrical box according to the "Removal of Electrical Box".
<p>2. Remove the terminal board.</p> <p>1 Remove the screw to remove the terminal board.</p>	 <p>(R10315)</p>	

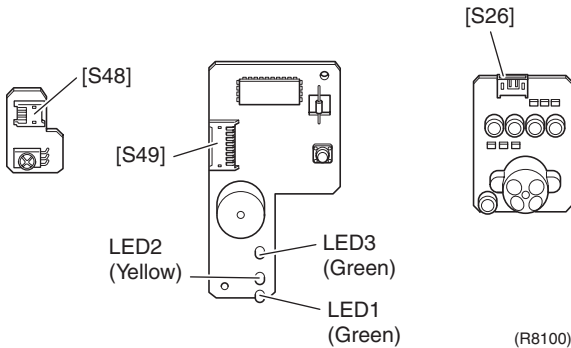
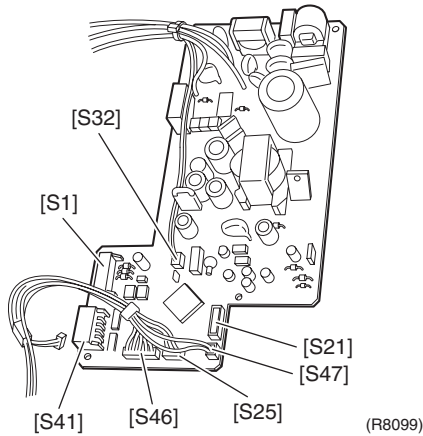
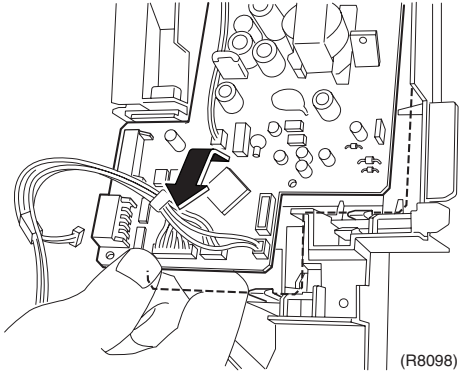
Step	Procedure	Points
3. Remove the signal receiver unit.		
1	Unfasten the 3 hooks.	
2	Unfasten the book on the opposite side, and lift up the signal receiver unit.	
3	Remove the signal receiver unit.	



Step	Procedure	Points
<p>4. Remove the INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB.</p>	<p>1 Unfasten the 3 hooks and remove the INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB.</p>  <p>(R8092)</p> <p>2 Disconnect the connector [S26] from the INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB.</p>  <p>(R8093)</p>	
<p>5. Remove the signal receiver PCB.</p>	<p>1 Unfasten the 3 hooks and remove the signal receiver PCB.</p>  <p>(R8090)</p> <p>2 Disconnect the connector [S48] from the signal receiver PCB.</p>  <p>(R8091)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
<p>6. Remove the display PCB.</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p>	<p>The figure shows the connection of wire harness for the display PCB.</p>  <p>(R8094)</p> <p>Unfasten the 4 hooks and remove the display PCB.</p>  <p>(R10318)</p> <p>Disconnect the connector [S49] from the display PCB.</p>  <p>(R8096)</p>	<p>■ The display PCB is positioned on the rear side of the signal receiver unit.</p>
<p>7. Remove the control PCB.</p> <p>1</p>	<p>Unfasten the lower 2 hooks of the control PCB.</p>  <p>(R8097)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
2	Lift up the bottom of the control PCB and pull it out.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When mounting the control PCB, make sure that it is fixed by upper 2 hooks.
3	The figures show the names of the PCB component parts.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [S1]: DC fan motor [S21]: HA connector [S25]: INTELLIGENT EYE sensor PCB [S26]: control PCB [S32]: indoor heat exchanger thermistor [S41]: swing motors [S46]: display PCB [S47]: signal receiver PCB [S48] [S49]: control PCB <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to page 12, 13 for detail.



1.7 Removal of Indoor Heat Exchanger

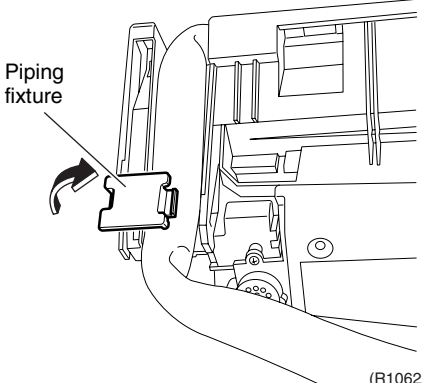
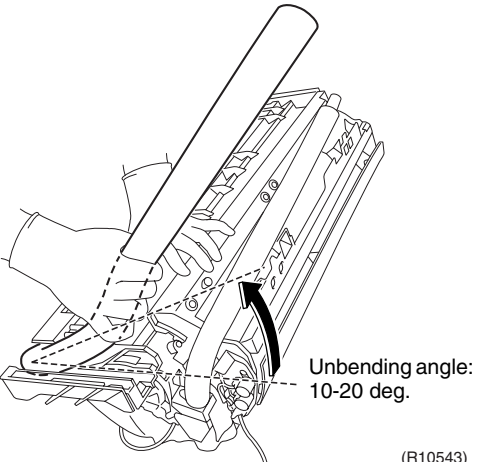
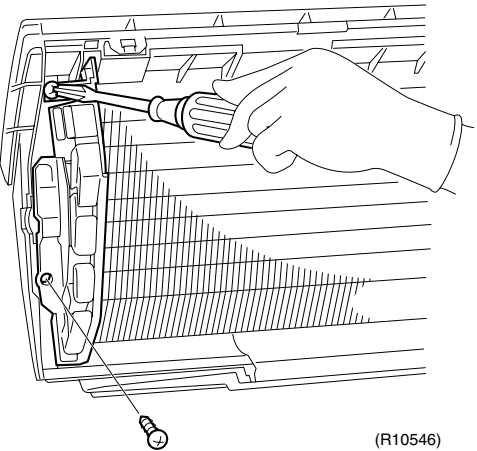
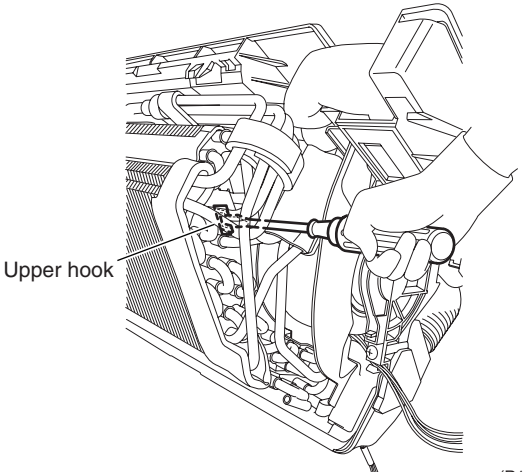
Procedure



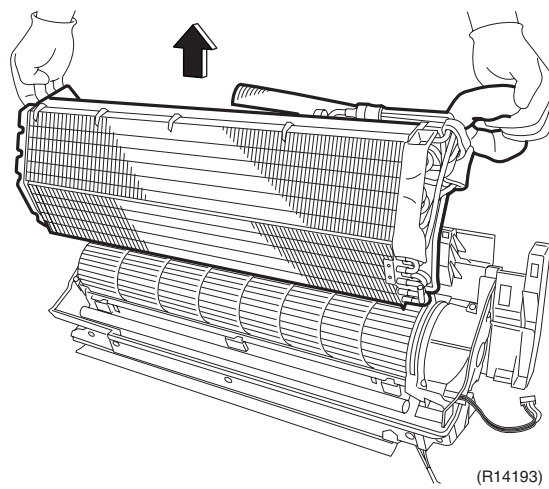
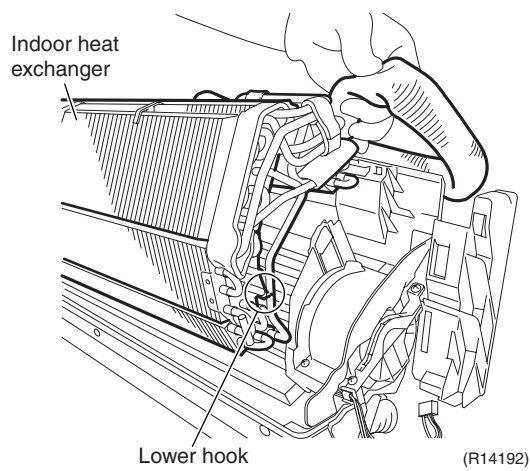
Warning

Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1. Disconnect the refrigerant piping.	<p>(R8103)</p>	
1 Remove the screws which fix the indoor heat exchanger to the installation plate.	<p>(R8104)</p>	<p>Caution In pump-down work, be sure to stop the compressor before disconnecting the refrigerant pipe. If the refrigerant pipe is disconnected with the compressor operating and the stop valve open, air may be sucked in to generate an over-pressure in refrigeration cycle, thus resulting in pipe rupture or accidental injury.</p>
2 Lift the indoor unit with a wooden base.	<p>Drain hose</p> <p>(R8101)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Place a plastic sheet under the drain pan to prevent from wetting the floor with remaining drain. ■ If the drain hose is embedded in the wall, disconnect the drain hose beforehand.
3 Lift up the indoor unit slightly and pull out the drain hose. (The illustration is for the case of left piping.)	<p>(R8105)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carry out the removal works with 2 wrenches. ■ When the pipings are disconnected, protect the both openings of pipe side and unit side from entering of moisture.
4 Disconnect the piping connection with 2 wrenches.	<p>Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, be sure to use a vacuum pump for air purging.</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
2.	Remove the indoor heat exchanger.	<p>Preparation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove the indoor unit from the installation plate.
1	<p>Unfasten the hook of the piping fixture at the back of the indoor unit and pull out the pipe.</p>  <p>Piping fixture</p> <p>(R10622)</p>	
2	<p>Widen the auxiliary pipe by about 10-20 degrees.</p>  <p>Unbending angle: 10-20 deg.</p> <p>(R10543)</p>	<p>Caution</p> <p>When dismantling or mounting the indoor heat exchanger, be sure to wear gloves or wrap it with cloth before proceeding. (You may be injured by the fins.)</p>
3	<p>Remove the 2 screws on the left side.</p>  <p>(R10546)</p>	
4	<p>Unfasten the upper hook on the right side with a flat screwdriver.</p>  <p>Upper hook</p> <p>(R14191)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
5	After unfastening the lower hook, lift up the indoor heat exchanger by its right side.	■ When mounting the indoor heat exchanger, make sure that the right hooks are fastened.
6	Remove the indoor heat exchanger.	



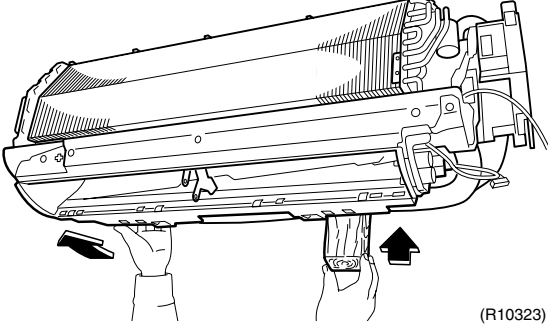
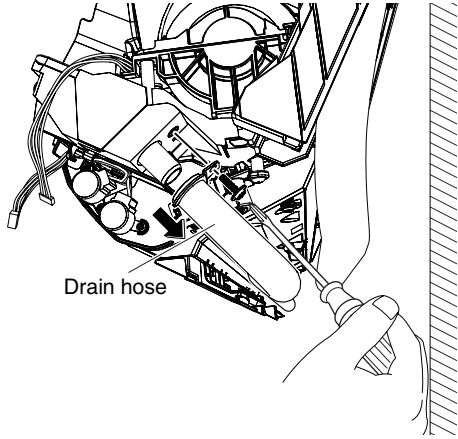
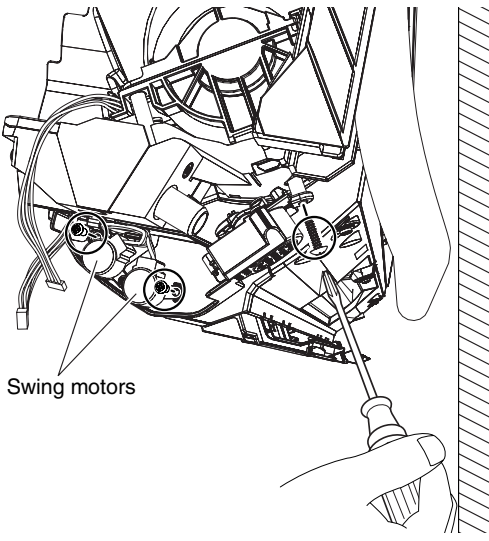
1.8 Removal of Swing Motors

Procedure

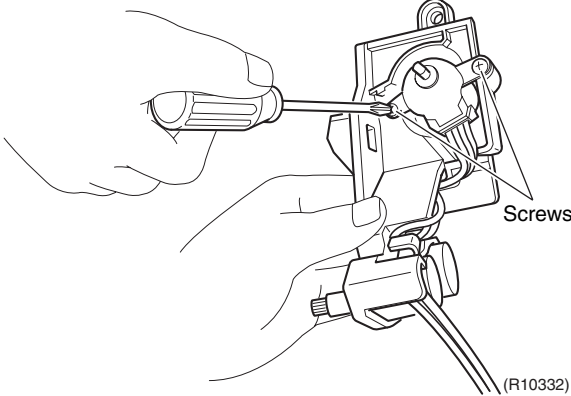
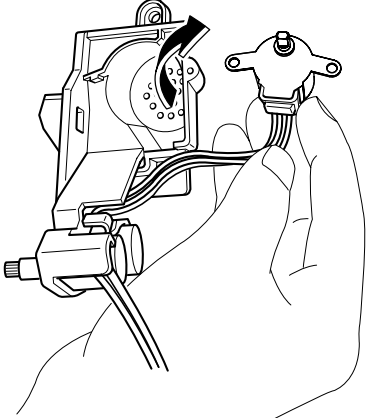
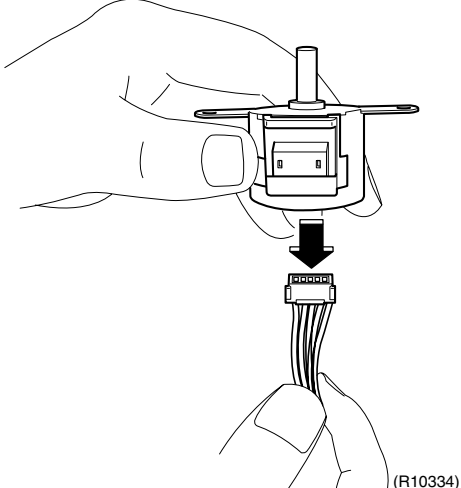


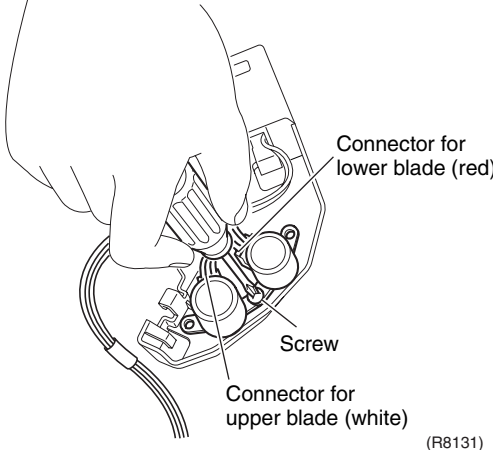
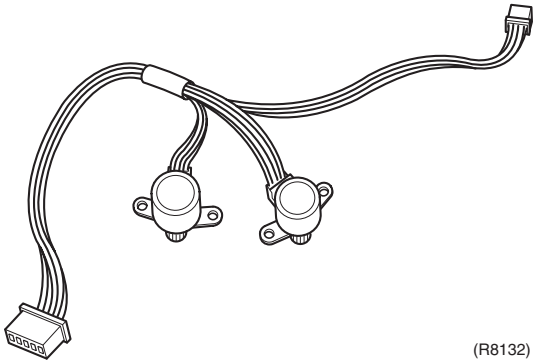

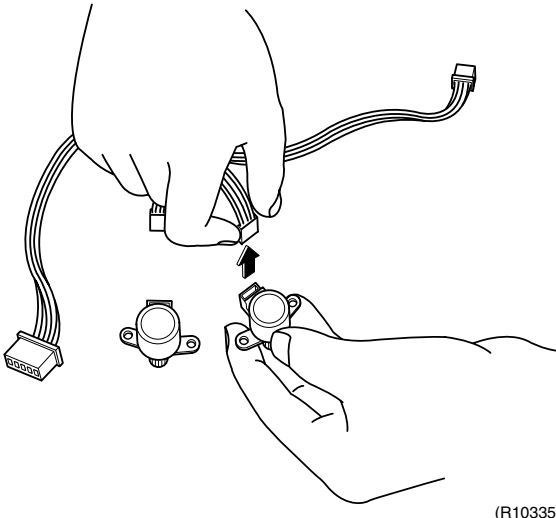
Warning

Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1.	Remove the swing motor for vertical blade.	
1	Lift the indoor unit with a wooden base.	 <p>(R10323)</p>
2	Remove the screw behind the drain hose, and disconnect the drain hose.	 <p>Drain hose</p> <p>(R10329)</p>
3	Remove the screw at the rear, and remove the screws on the right and the left side of the swing motors.	 <p>Swing motors</p> <p>(R10330)</p>

Step	Procedure	Points
4	Detach the pivot from the interlock shaft for vertical blades with a flat screwdriver.	
	<p>Vertical blade ASSY</p> <p>Pivot</p> <p>Interlock shaft</p> <p>(R12270)</p>	
5	Remove the swing motor unit.	
	<p>Swing motor unit</p> <p>(R8126)</p>	
6	Detach the interlock shaft from the swing motor with a flat screwdriver.	
	<p>Interlock shaft</p> <p>(R8127)</p>	
7	Remove the vertical blade interlock with a flat screwdriver.	
	<p>Vertical blade interlock</p> <p>(R10331)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
8	Remove the 2 screws.  <p>(R10332)</p>	
9	Remove the swing motor for vertical blade.  <p>(R10333)</p>	
10	Disconnect the connector.  <p>(R10334)</p>	■ Connector : green

Step	Procedure	Points
2.	Remove the swing motor for horizontal blade.	
1	<p>Remove the screw and remove the swing motors for horizontal blades.</p>  	<p>Caution  When reassembling, do not confuse the installing order of the 2 motors and the colors of the connectors. If you set the connectors or motors opposite, the horizontal blades do not move smoothly or the noise may be heard.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Set the motor for the upper blade first. (connector: white) (2) Then, set the motor for the lower blade. (connector: red) (3) Fix the both motors with a screw.
2	<p>Disconnect the harnesses from the motors.</p> 	

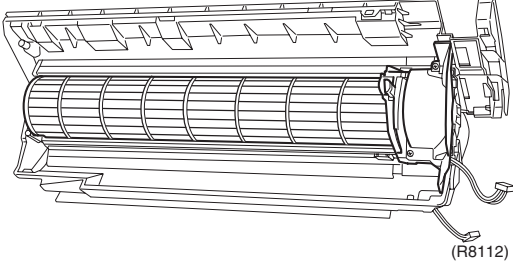
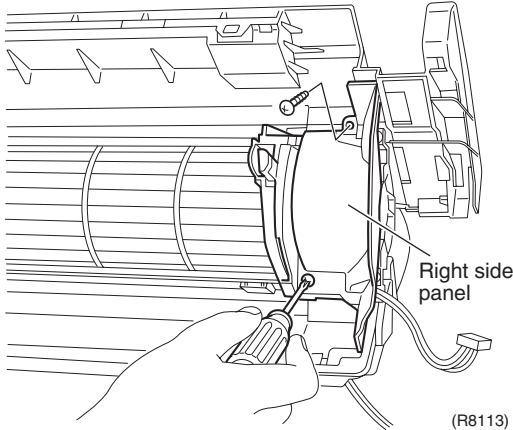
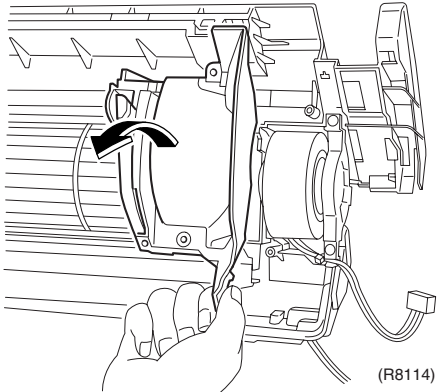
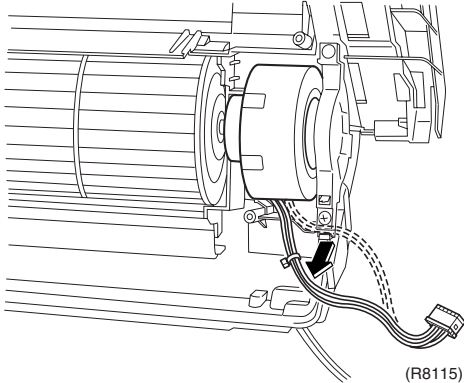
1.9 Removal of Fan Motor

Procedure

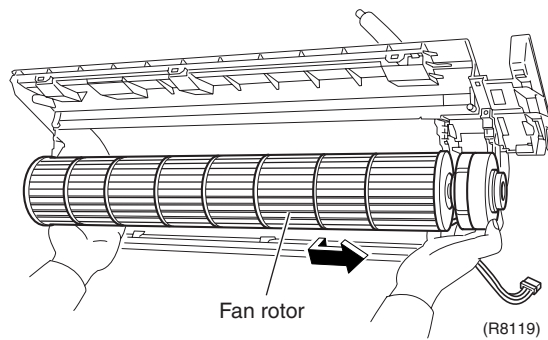
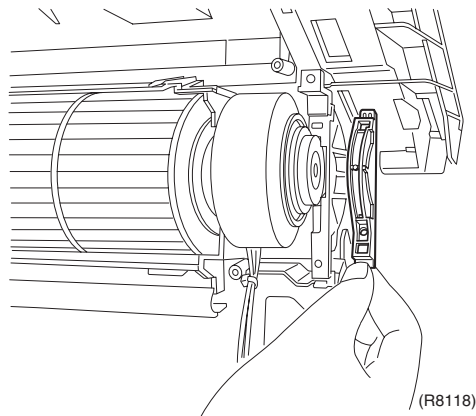
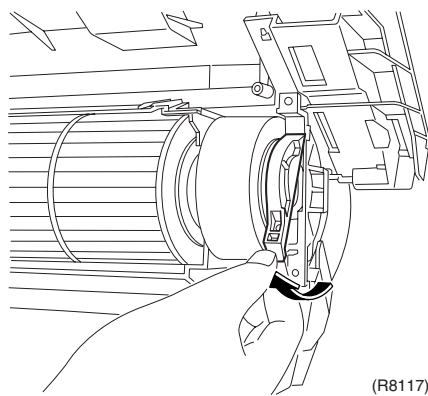
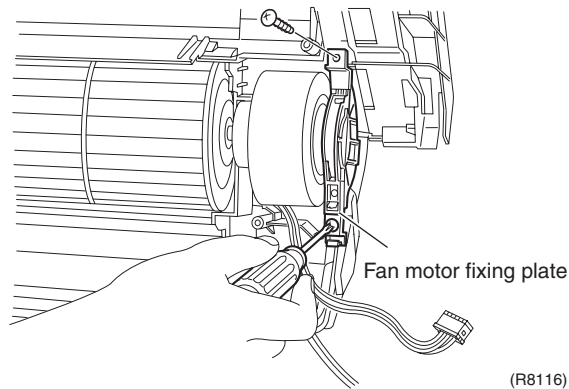


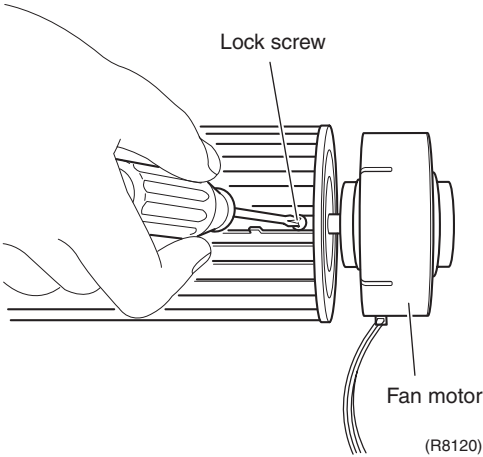
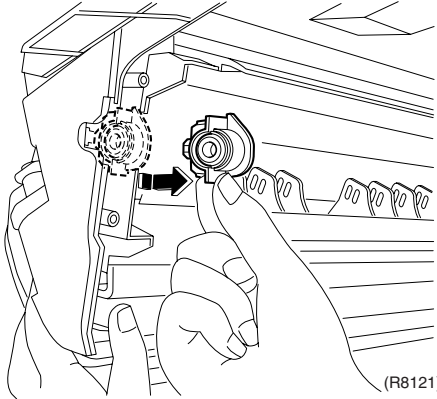
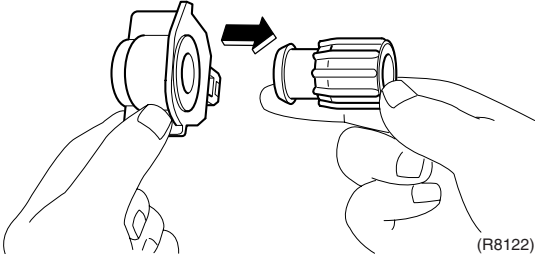
Warning

Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
<p>1. Remove the right side panel.</p>	 <p>(R8112)</p>  <p>Right side panel (R8113)</p>  <p>(R8114)</p>  <p>(R8115)</p>	<p>Preparation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove the indoor heat exchanger according to the "Removal of Indoor Heat Exchanger".
<p>2. Release the fan motor wire harness from the hook.</p>		

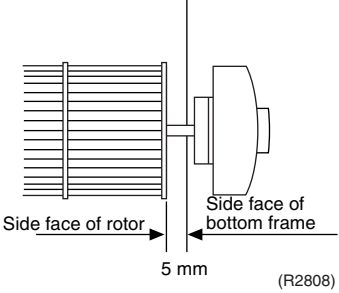
Step	Procedure	Points
3	Remove the 2 screws of the fan motor fixing plate.	
4	Unfasten the hook of the fan motor fixing plate and remove the plate.	
2. Remove the fan rotor.		
1	Dislocate the fan rotor by sliding it to the right.	



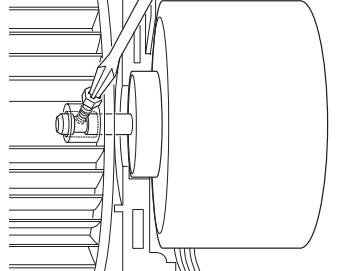
Step	Procedure	Points
2	Loosen the lock screw and remove the fan rotor.	 <p>(R8120)</p>
3	Press the bearing ASSY from outside.	 <p>(R8121)</p>
4	Remove the bearing.	 <p>(R8122)</p>

Points

- When reassembling the fan rotor, provide as much as 5 mm of play between the side face of the rotor and the bottom frame.



(R2808)



(R9582)

- Insert the fan motor with approx. 5 mm left.
- Tighten the screw until it stops. Then turn the screw in one scroll.
- Move the fan rotor and confirm the fan motor and the fan rotor are installed appropriately.
- Tighten the screw completely if appropriate.
- If not appropriate, go back to (1).

2. Outdoor Unit - RK(X)S20/25/35J2V1B

Note: Illustrations are for heat pump models as representative.

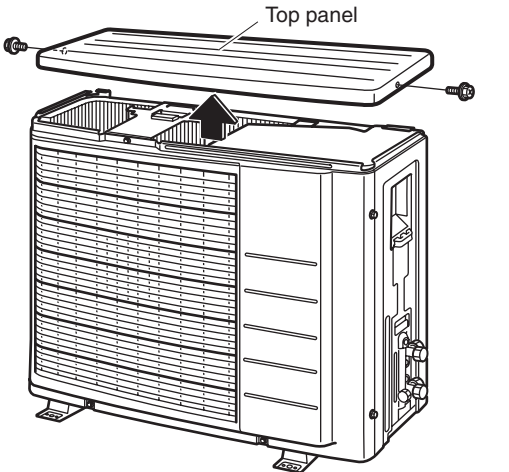
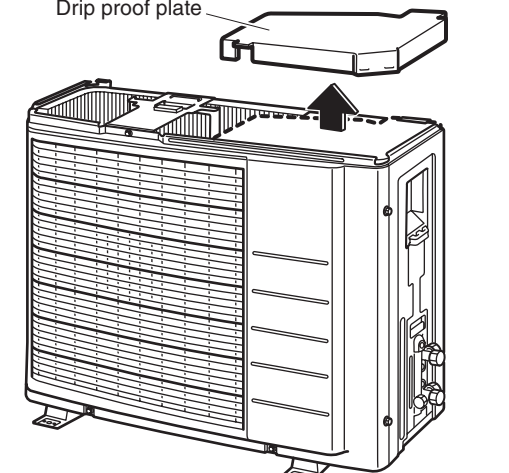
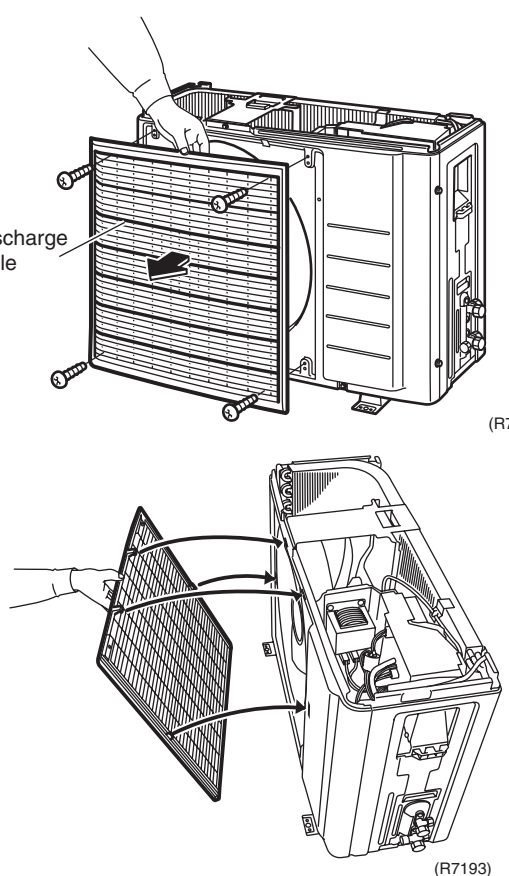
2.1 Removal of Outer Panels / Fan Motor

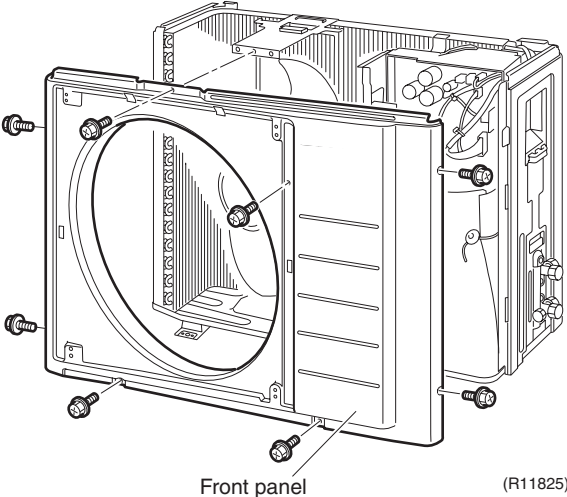
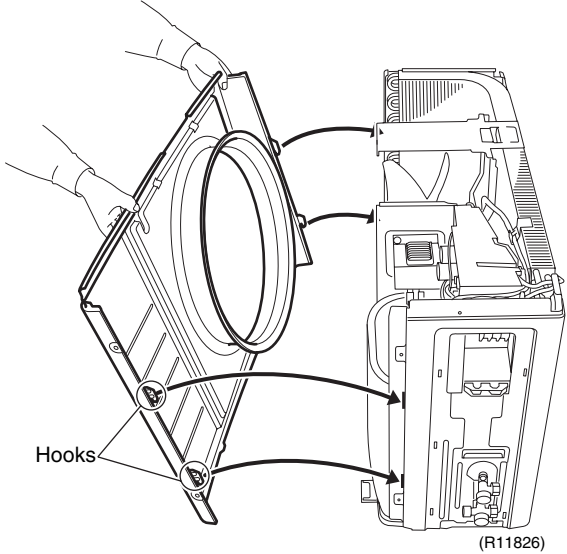
Procedure

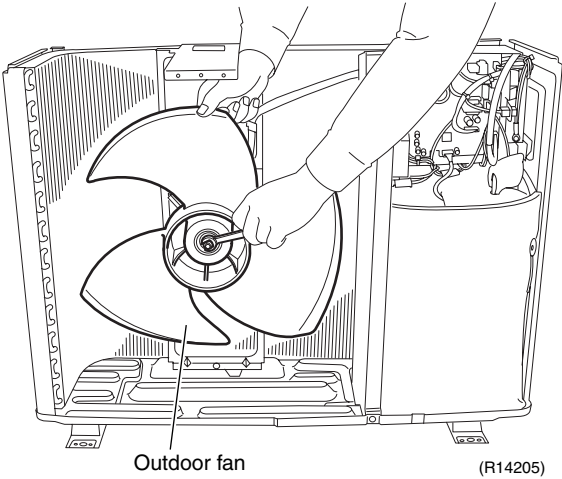
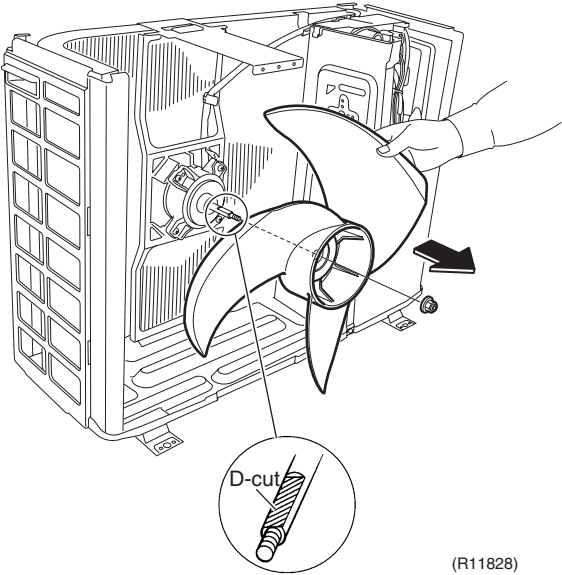
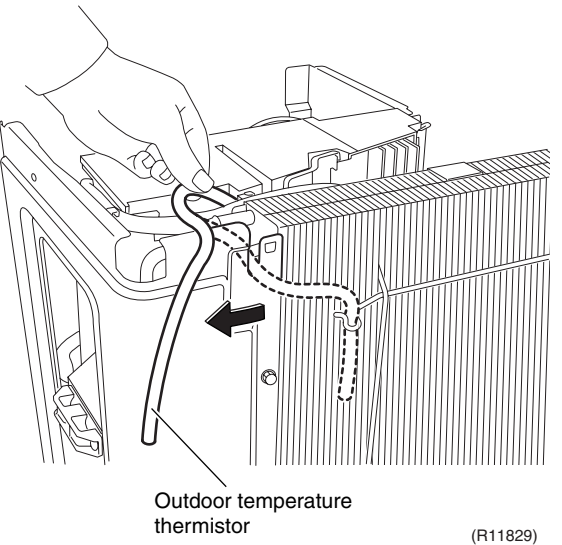
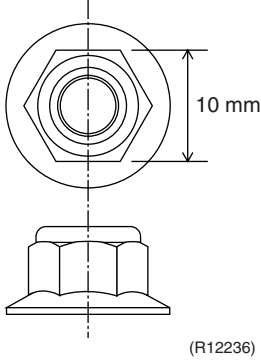


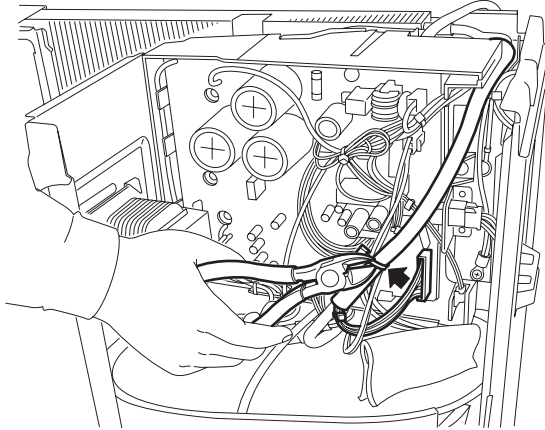
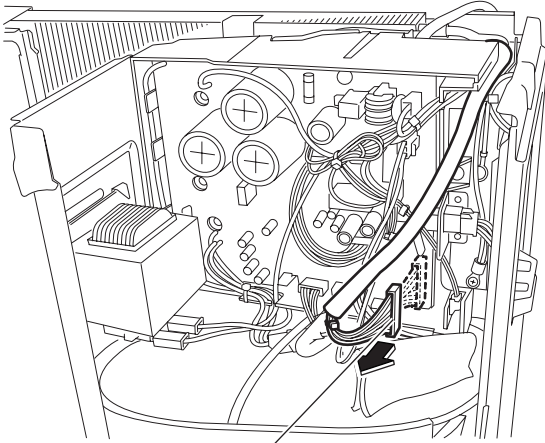
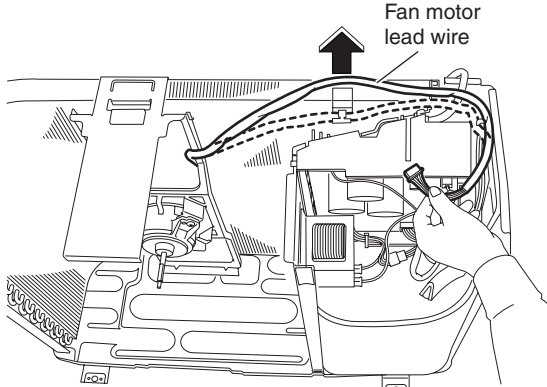
Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

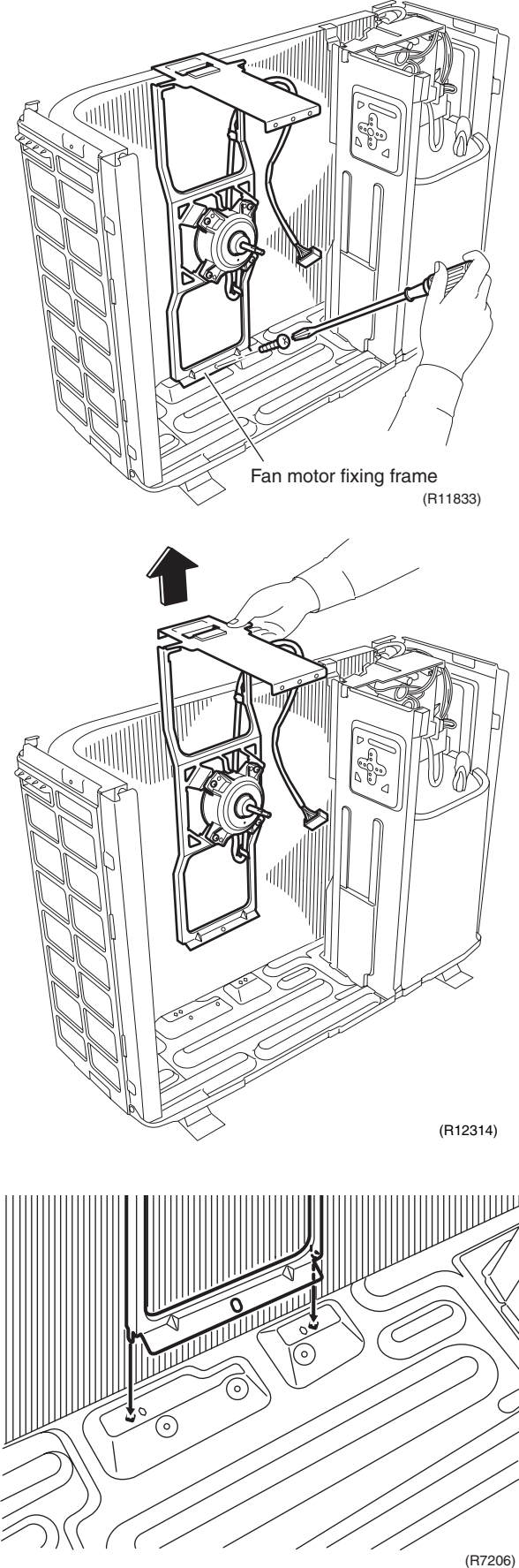
Step	Procedure	Points
<p>1. Appearance features</p>	<p>(R7186)</p> <p>(R11890)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Take care not to cut your finger by the fins of the outdoor heat exchanger.
<p>2. Remove the panels.</p> <p>1 Remove the screw of the stop valve cover. Pull down the stop valve cover and remove it.</p>	<p>Stop valve cover</p> <p>Shield plate</p> <p>Hooks</p> <p>(R7188)</p> <p>(R7189)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The stop valve cover is united with the shield plate. ■ When reassembling, make sure to fit the 5 hooks.

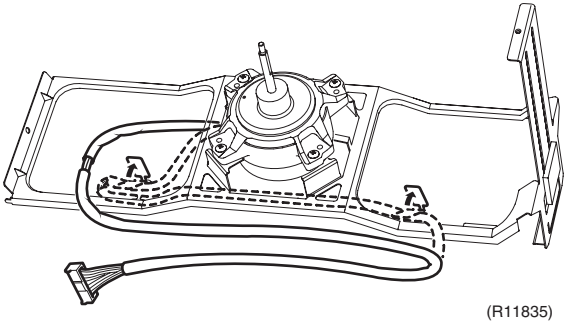

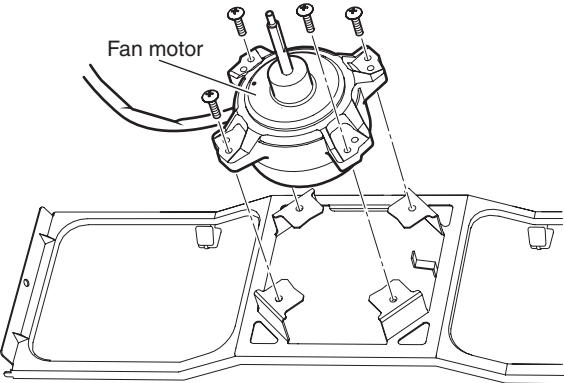
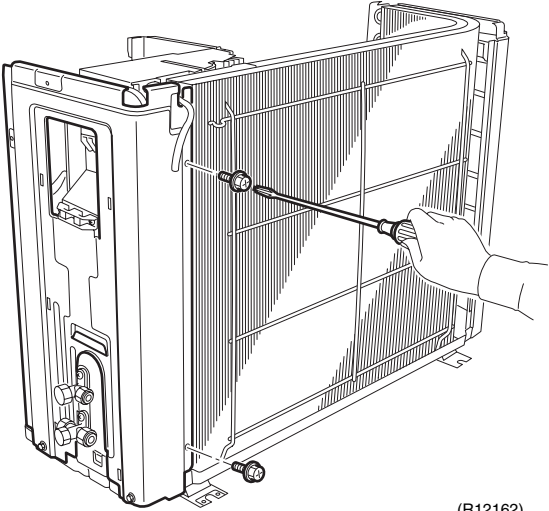
Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
2	Remove the 2 screws and lift the top panel.	 <p>Top panel</p> <p>(R7190)</p>	
3	Remove the drip proof plate.	 <p>Drip proof plate</p> <p>(R7191)</p>	
4	Remove the 4 screws and remove the discharge grille.	 <p>Discharge grille</p> <p>(R7192)</p> <p>(R7193)</p>	<p>■ The discharge grille has 4 hooks.</p>

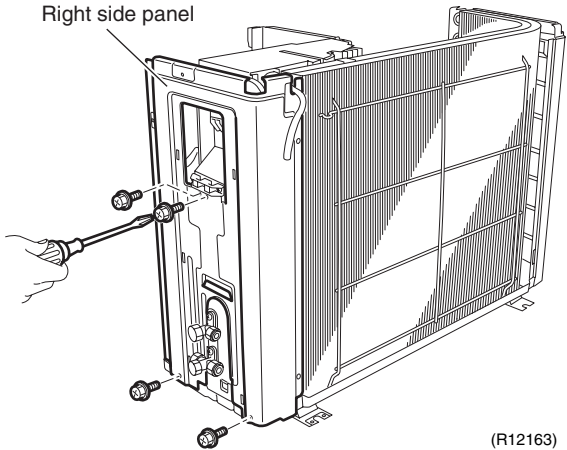
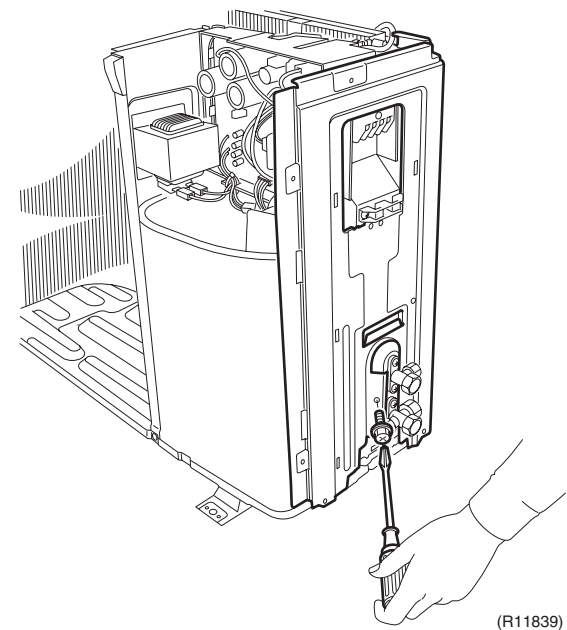
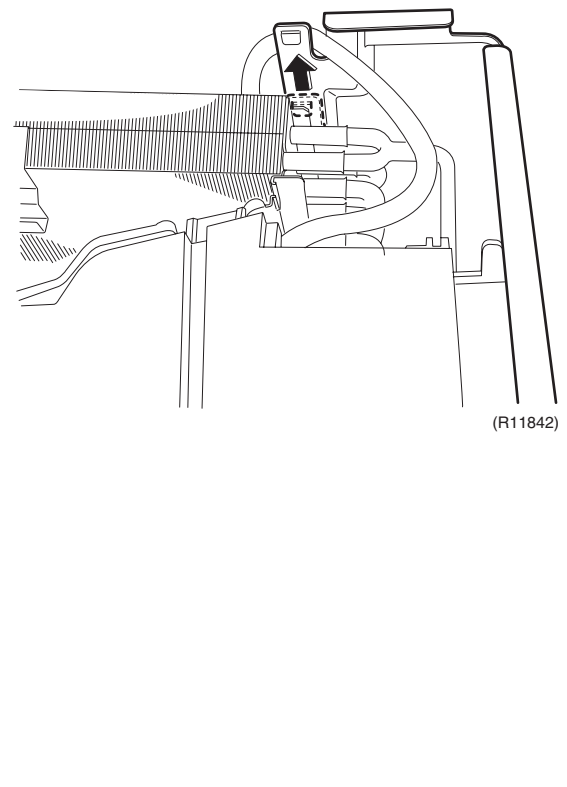
Step	Procedure	Points
5	Remove the 8 screws of the front panel.	
		
6	Unfasten the hooks. Pull and remove the front panel.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The front panel has 4 hooks.
		

Step	Procedure	Points
<p>3. Remove the fan motor.</p>	<p>1 Remove the washer-fitted nut of the outdoor fan.</p>  <p>Outdoor fan (R14205)</p> <p>2 Remove the outdoor fan.</p>  <p>D-cut (R11828)</p> <p>3 Release the outdoor temperature thermistor.</p>  <p>Outdoor temperature thermistor (R11829)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The screw has reverse winding. ■ Nut size: M6  <p>10 mm (R12236)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ When reassembling, align ▼ mark of the outdoor fan with D-cut section of the motor shaft.

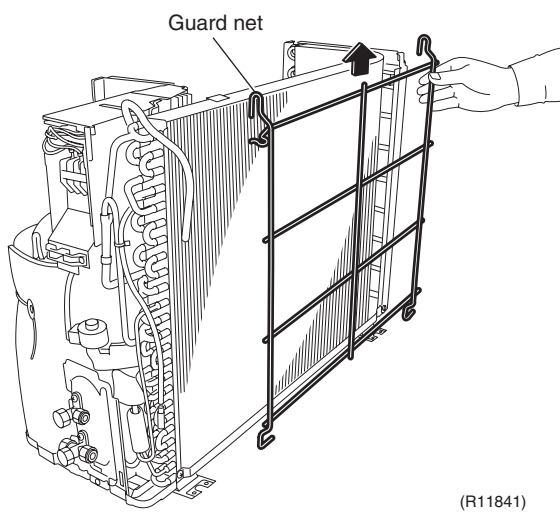
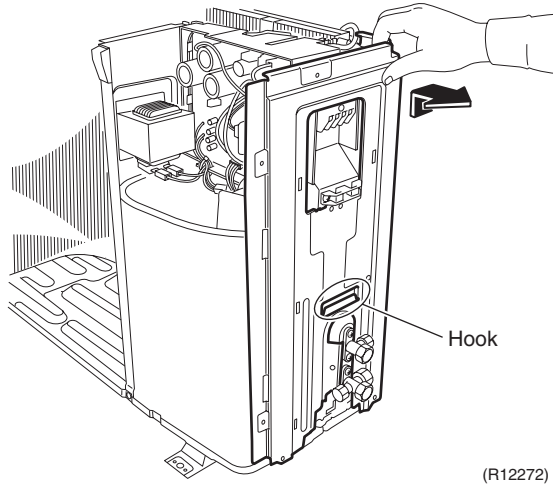
Step	Procedure	Points
4	Cut the clamp.	
	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R11830)</p>	
5	Disconnect the connector for the fan motor [S70].	
	 <p style="text-align: center;">[S70] (R11831)</p>	
6	Release the fan motor lead wire from the hook.	
	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R11832)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
7	<p data-bbox="199 219 464 309">Remove the screw and remove the fan motor fixing frame.</p>  <p data-bbox="767 757 1034 808">Fan motor fixing frame (R11833)</p> <p data-bbox="983 1496 1054 1525">(R12314)</p> <p data-bbox="1011 1984 1075 2013">(R7206)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="1093 1541 1449 1637">■ When reassembling, fit the lower hooks into the bottom frame.

Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
8	Open the hooks and release the fan motor lead wire.	 <p>(R11835)</p>	<p>■ When reassembling, put the fan motor lead wire through the back of the fan motor (so as not to be entangled with the outdoor fan).</p>  <p>Lead wire Outdoor fan (R3249)</p>
9	Remove the 4 screws and remove the fan motor.	 <p>Fan motor</p> <p>(R12311)</p>	
4.	Remove the right side panel.	 <p>(R12162)</p>	
1	Remove the 2 screws on the rear side.		

Step	Procedure	Points
2	<p>Remove the 4 screws on the right side panel.</p>  <p>Right side panel</p> <p>(R12163)</p>	
3	<p>Remove the screw near the stop valves.</p>  <p>(R11839)</p>	
4	<p>Unfasten the hook on the rear side.</p>  <p>(R11842)</p>	<p>■ When reassembling, make sure to fit the hook.</p>

Step	Procedure	Points
5	Lift up the right side panel and remove it.	■ When reassembling, make sure to fit the hook.
6	Lift up the guard net and remove it.	



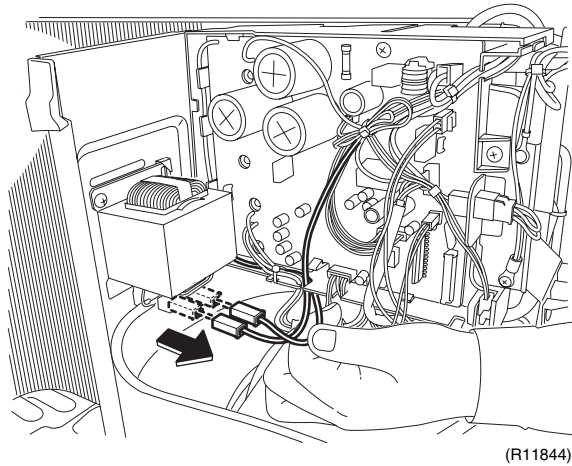
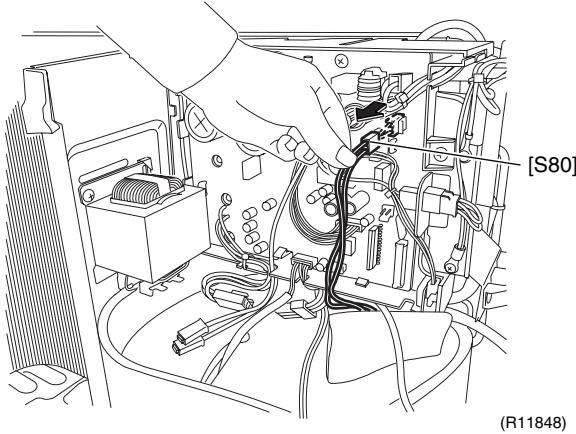
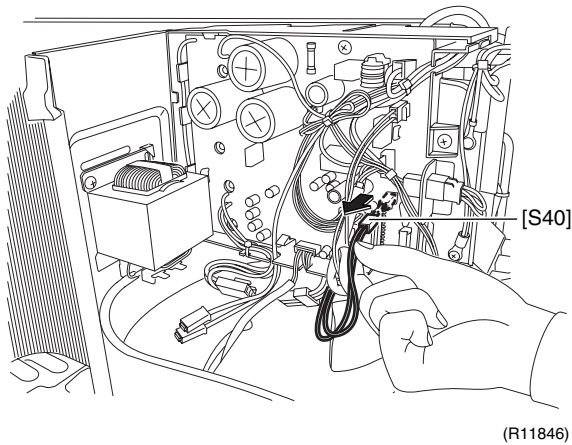
2.2 Removal of Electrical Box

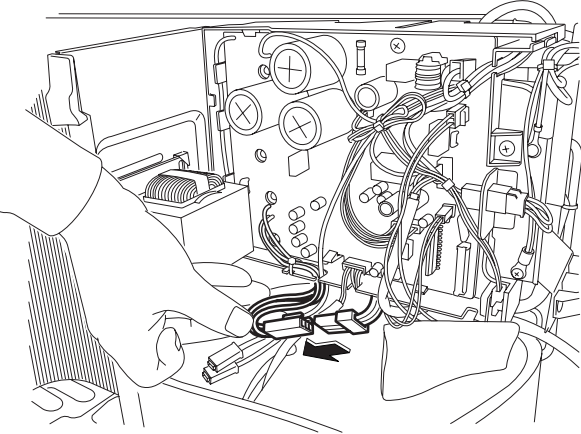
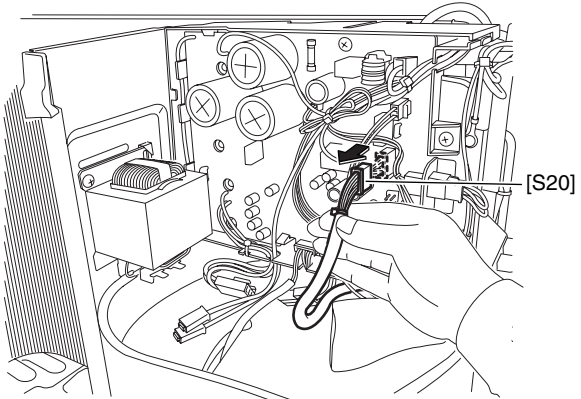
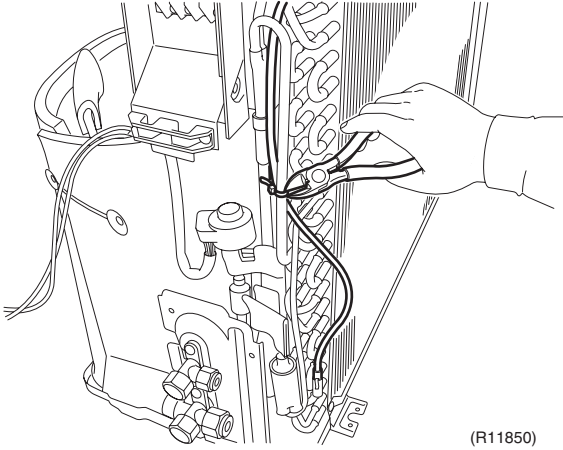
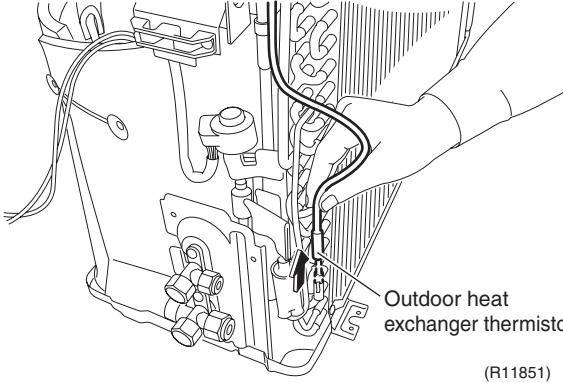
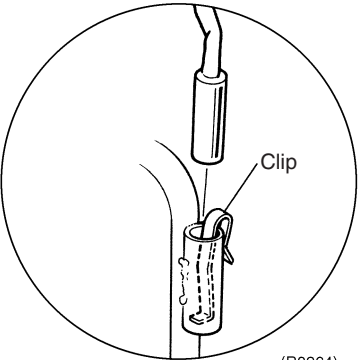
Procedure

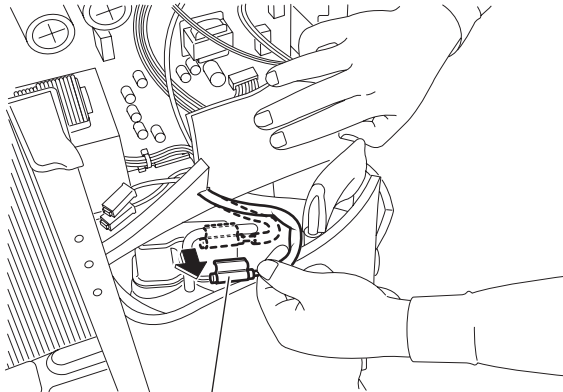
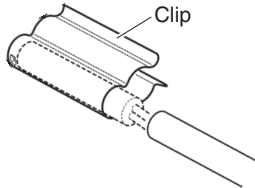
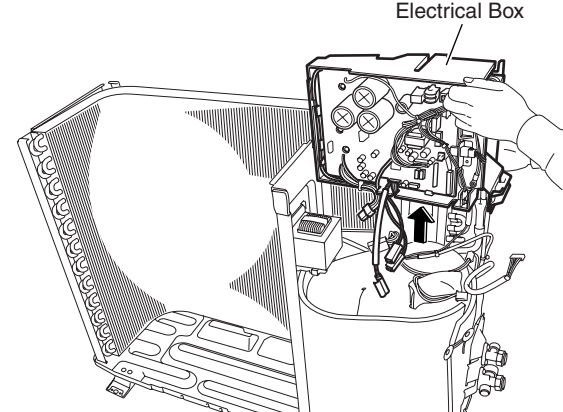


Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1	Disconnect the connector for the overload protector [S40].	<p>Preparation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove the panels and disconnect the connector for the fan motor according to the "Removal of Outer Panels / Fan Motor".
2	Disconnect the connector for the four way valve coil [S80].	
3	Disconnect the 2 connectors for the reactor.	



Step	Procedure	Points
4	<p>Disconnect the relay connector for the compressor.</p>  <p>(R11845)</p>	
5	<p>Disconnect the connector for the electronic expansion valve coil [S20].</p>  <p>(R11847)</p>	
6	<p>Cut the clamp.</p>  <p>(R11850)</p>	
7	<p>Pull out the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor.</p>  <p>Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor</p> <p>(R11851)</p>	<p>■ Be careful not to lose the clip for the thermistor.</p>  <p>(R3264)</p>

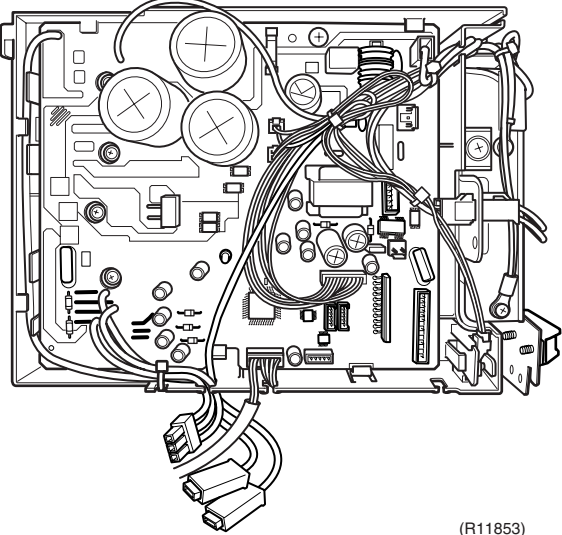
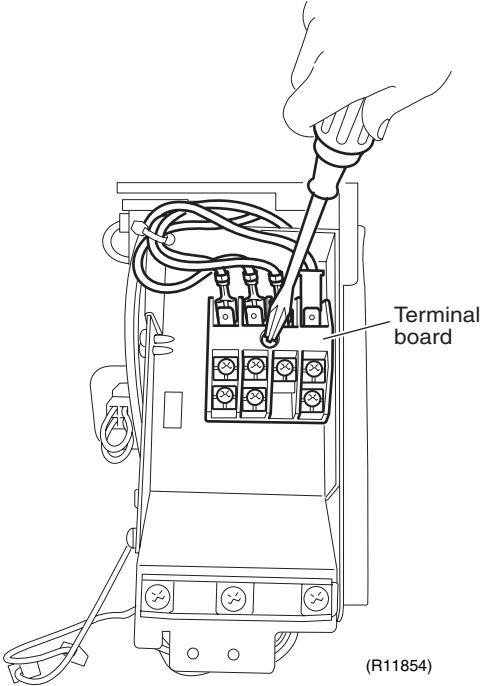
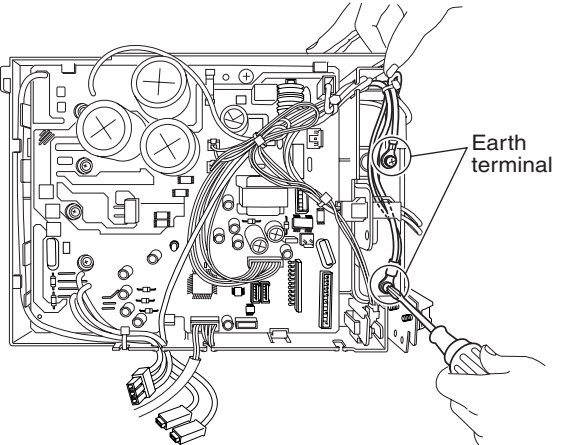
Step	Procedure	Points
8	Release the discharge pipe thermistor.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Be careful not to lose the clip for the thermistor.
 <p style="text-align: center;">Discharge pipe thermistor (R11849)</p>		 <p style="text-align: center;">Clip</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(R12279)</p>
9	Lift and remove the electrical box.	
 <p style="text-align: center;">Electrical Box</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(R11852)</p>		

2.3 Removal of PCBs

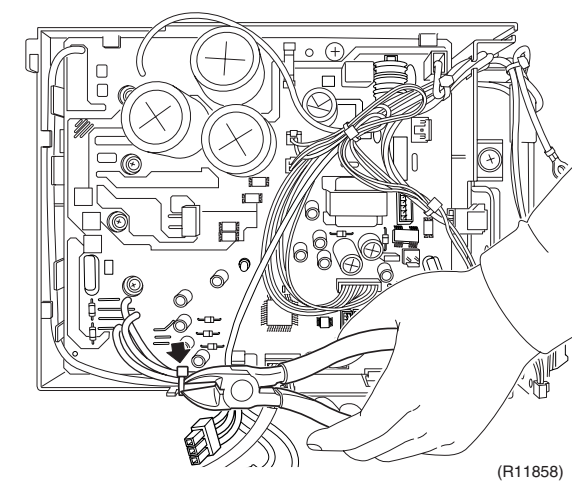
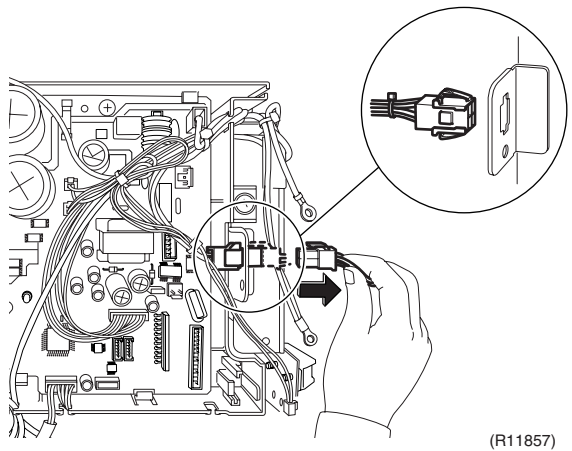
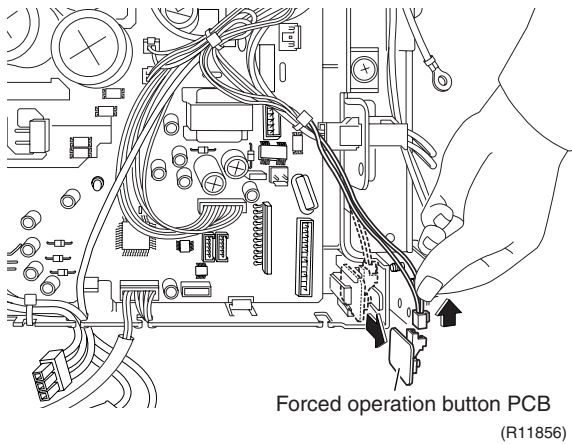
Procedure

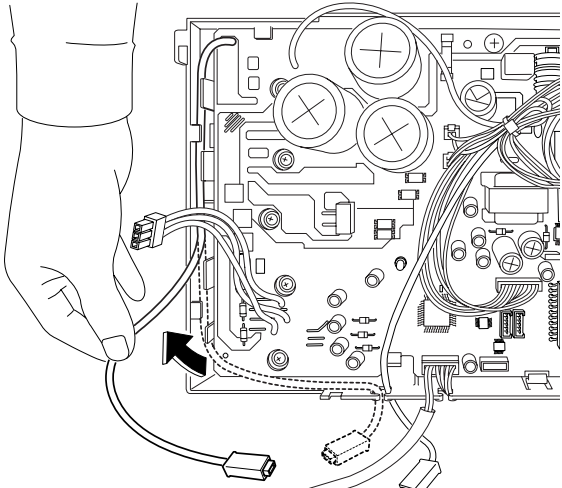
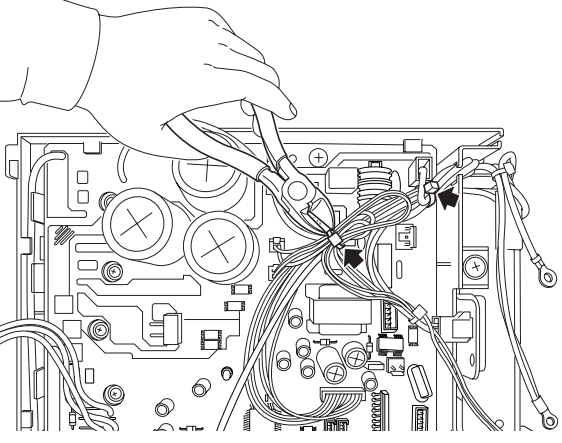
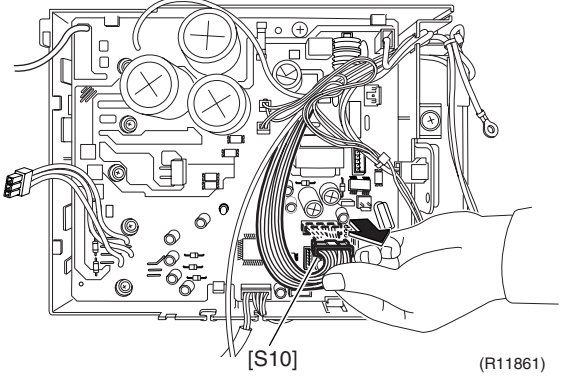


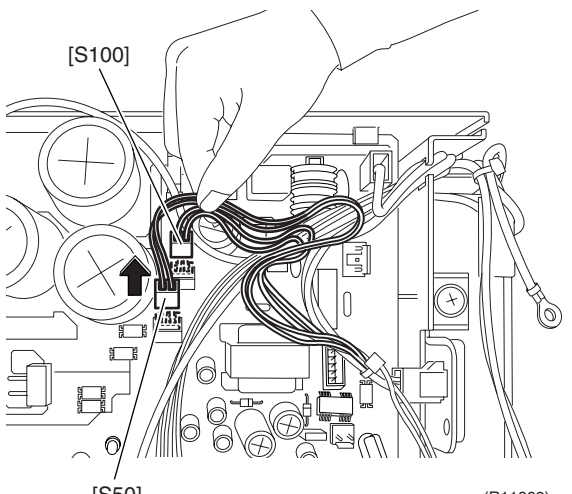
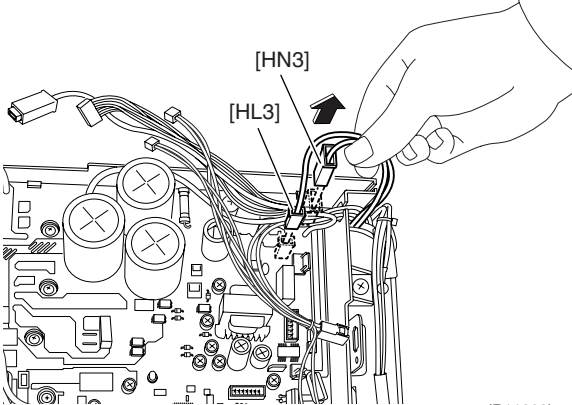
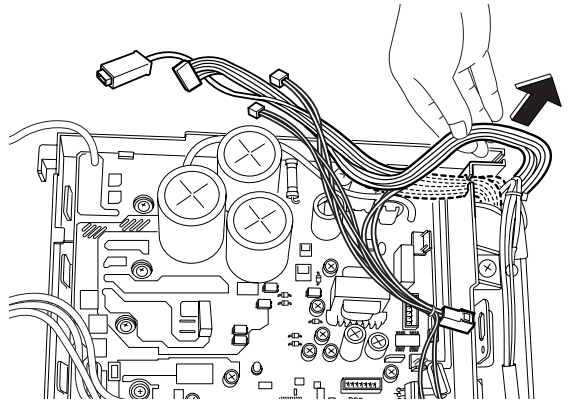
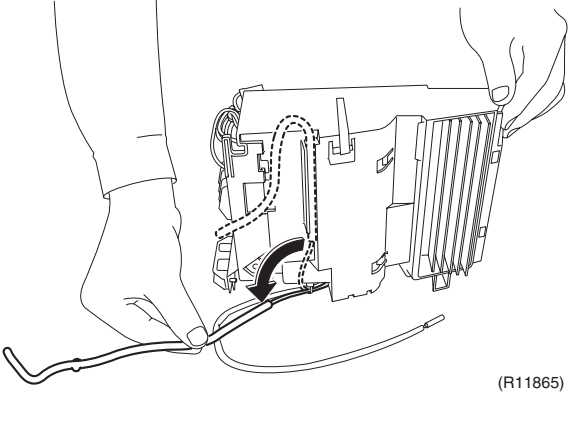
Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
<p>1. Remove the main PCB.</p> <p>1 Feature of the main PCB</p> <p>2 Remove the screw on the terminal board.</p> <p>3 Release the 2 earth terminals.</p>	 <p>(R11853)</p>  <p>Terminal board</p> <p>(R11854)</p>  <p>Earth terminal</p> <p>(R11855)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ You can remove the main PCB when you disconnect the lead wires on the terminal board without removing the electrical box.

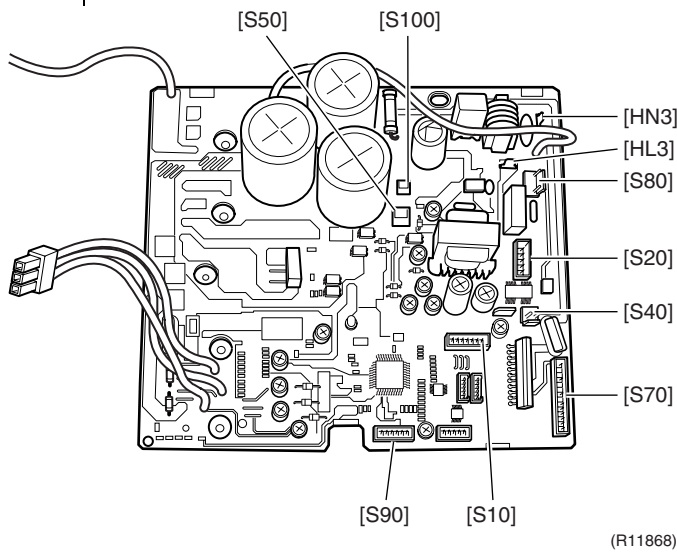
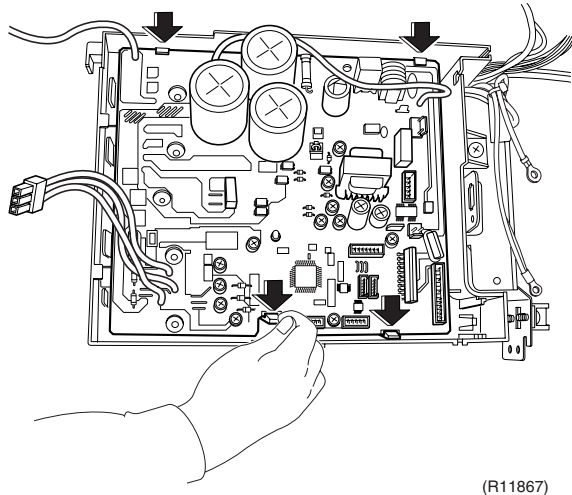
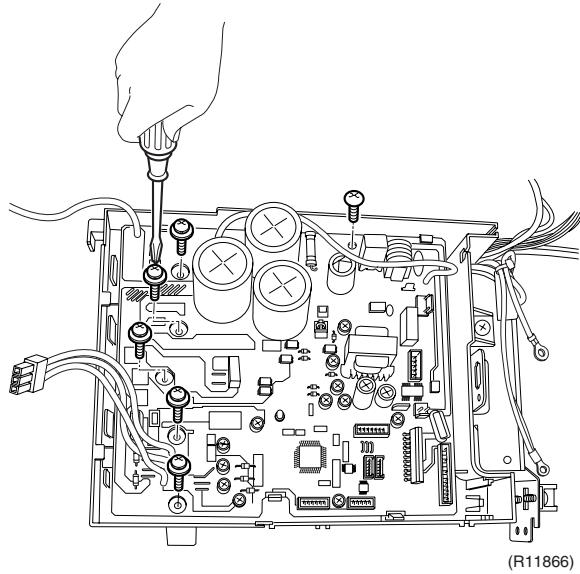
Step	Procedure	Points
4	<p>Pull out the forced operation button PCB. Disconnect the connector [S110] to remove the forced operation button PCB.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Be careful of a sharp protrusion at the back of the forced operation button PCB.
5	<p>Disconnect the relay connector.</p>	
6	<p>Cut the clamp.</p>	

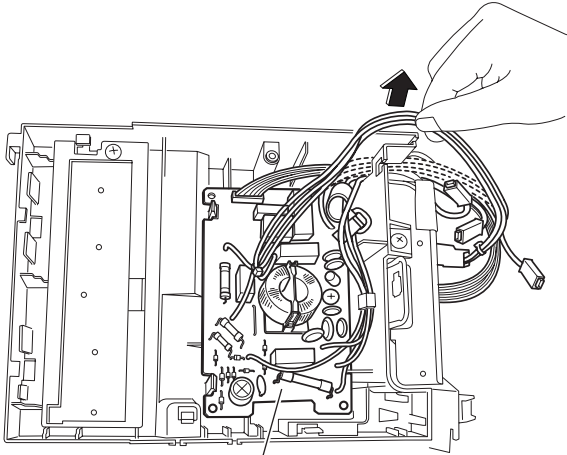
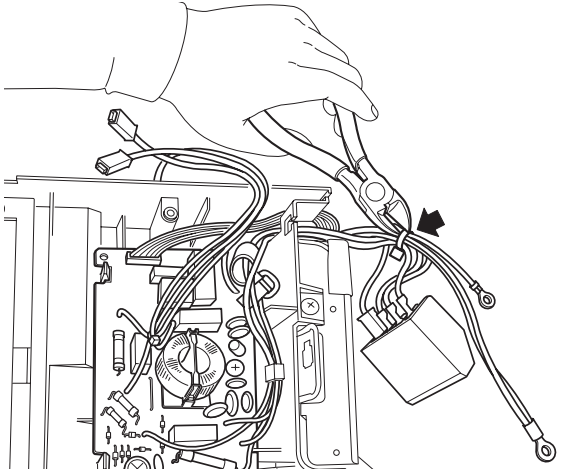
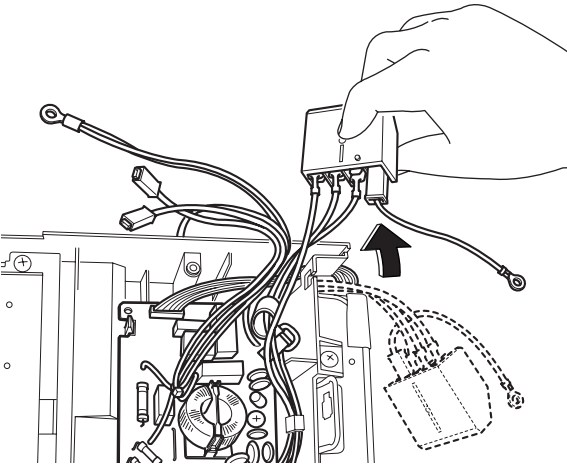


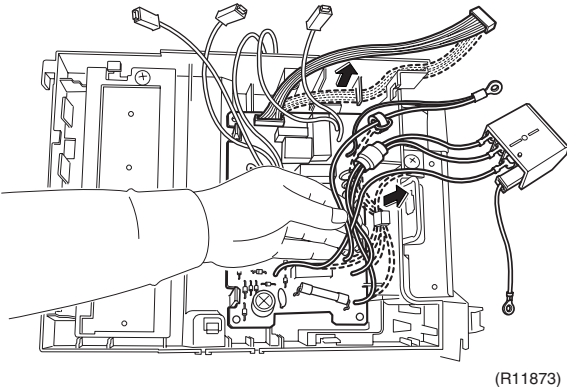
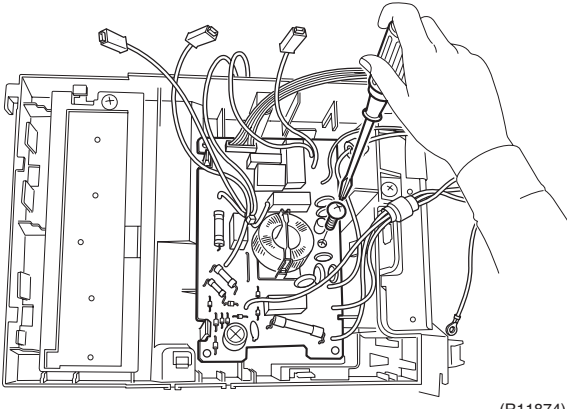
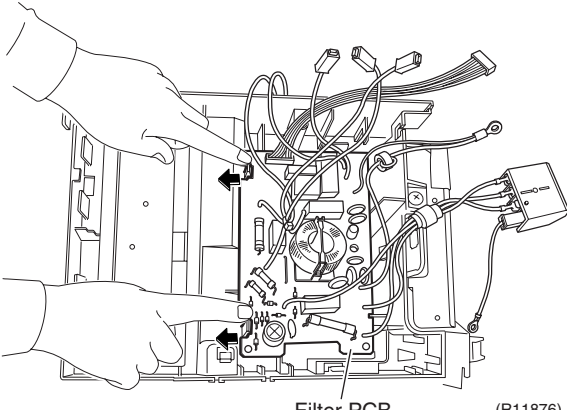
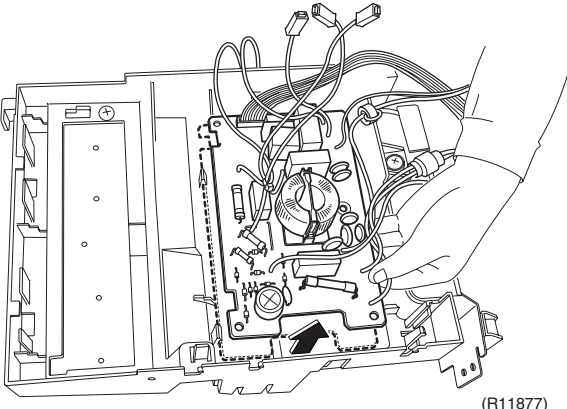
Step	Procedure	Points
7	<p>Release the harness.</p>  <p>(R11859)</p>	
8	<p>Cut the clamps at the 2 locations.</p>  <p>(R11860)</p>	
9	<p>Disconnect the connector for the filter PCB [S10].</p>  <p>[S10] (R11861)</p>	

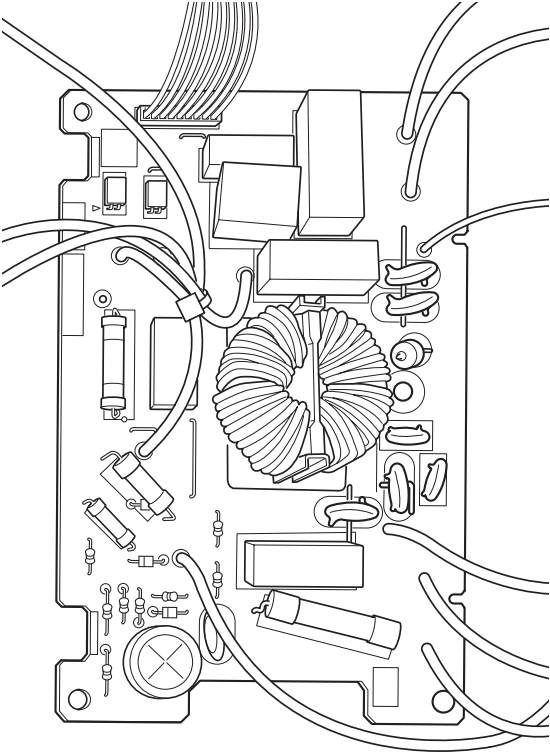
Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
10	Disconnect the connectors for the magnetic relay [S50] and for the forced operation button PCB [S100].		
11	Disconnect the connector for the filter PCB [HL3] [HN3].		
12	Release the harnesses from the hook.		
13	Release the harness for the outdoor temperature thermistor.		

Step	Procedure	Points
14	Remove the 6 screws.	
15	Unfasten the 4 hooks and remove the main PCB.	<p>■ Refer to page 15 for detail.</p> <p>[S10] [HL3] [HN3]: filter PCB [S20]: electronic expansion valve coil [S40]: overload protector [S50]: magnetic relay [S70]: fan motor [S80]: four way valve coil [S90]: thermistors [S100]: forced operation button PCB</p>



Step	Procedure	Points
2.	Remove the filter PCB.	
1	<p>Release the harnesses from the hook.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Filter PCB (R11869)</p>	
2	<p>Cut the clamp.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">(R11871)</p>	
3	<p>Release the harnesses from the hook.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">(R11872)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
4	Release the harnesses from the hooks.	
	 <p>(R11873)</p>	
5	Remove the screw.	
	 <p>(R11874)</p>	
6	Unfasten the 2 hooks.	
	 <p>Filter PCB (R11876)</p>	
7	Lift and pull out the filter PCB.	
	 <p>(R11877)</p>	

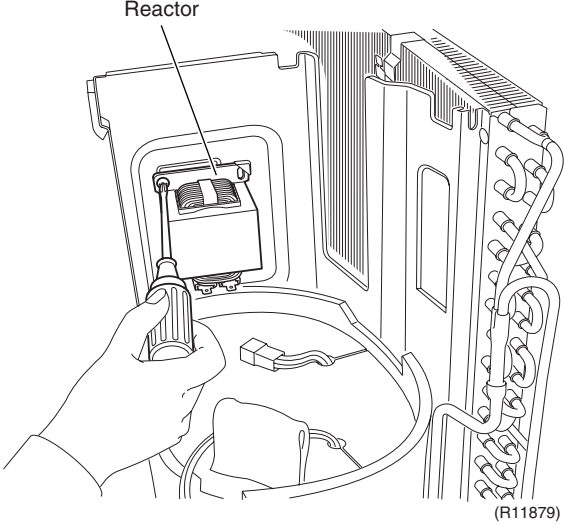
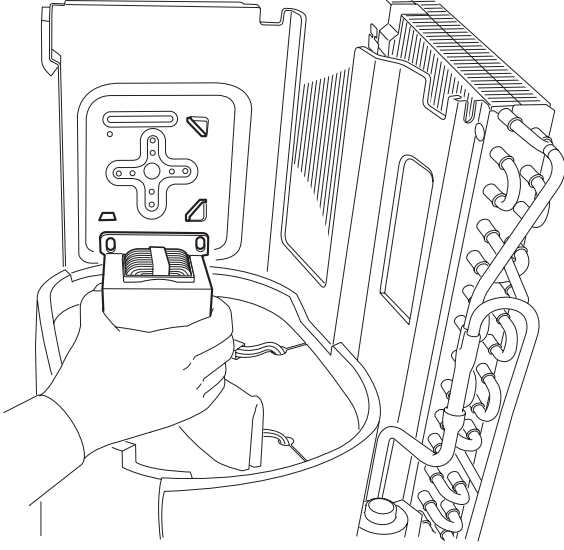
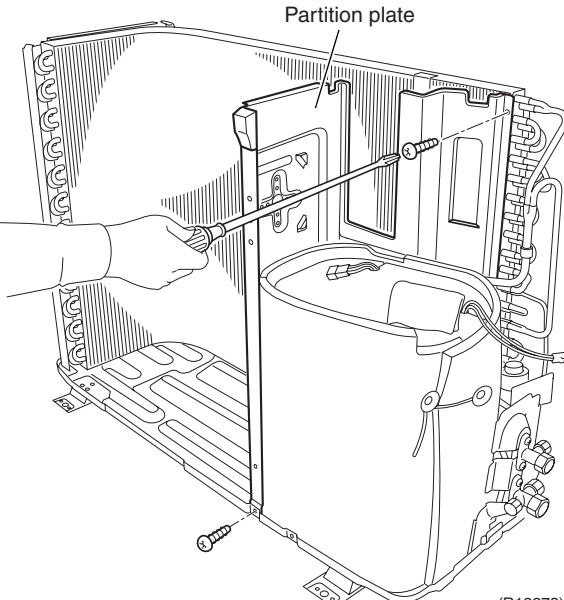
Step	Procedure	Points
8	<p data-bbox="201 215 416 275">Feature of the filter PCB</p>  <p data-bbox="986 999 1054 1021">(R11878)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="1094 215 1437 244">■ Refer to page 15 for detail.

2.4 Removal of Reactor / Partition Plate

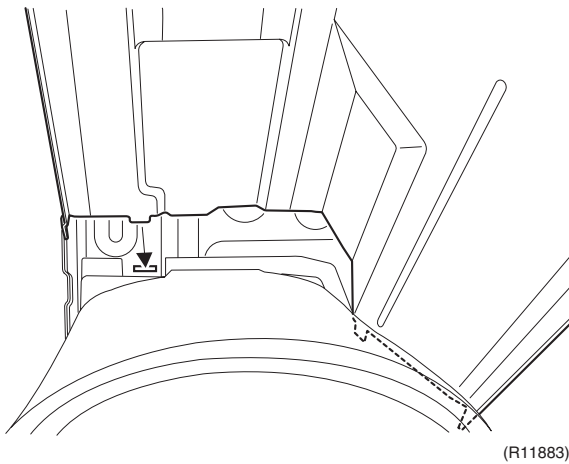
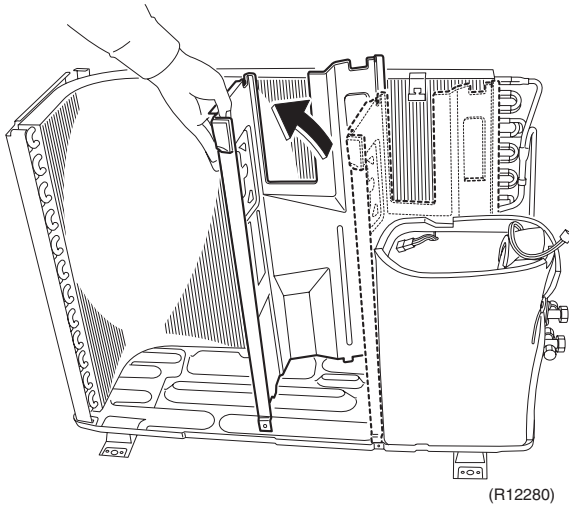
Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1. Remove the reactor. 1 Remove the screw and remove the reactor.	 <p>(R11879)</p>  <p>(R11880)</p>	Preparation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remove the outer panels according to the “Removal of Outer Panels / Fan Motor”. ■ Remove the electrical box according to the “Removal of Electrical Box”.
2. Remove the partition plate. 1 Remove the 2 screws.	 <p>(R12273)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
2	<p>The partition plate has a hook on the lower side. Lift and pull the partition plate to remove.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ When reassembling, fit the lower hook into the bottom frame.

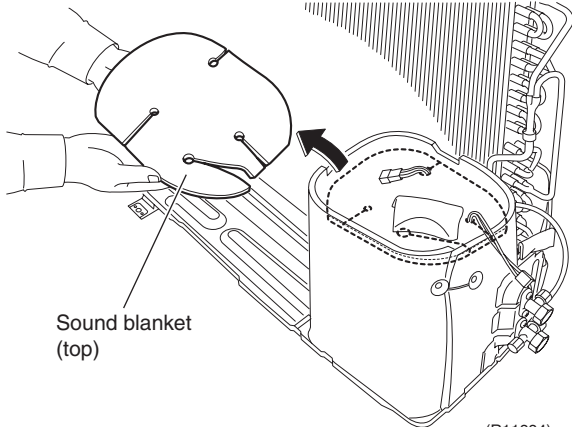
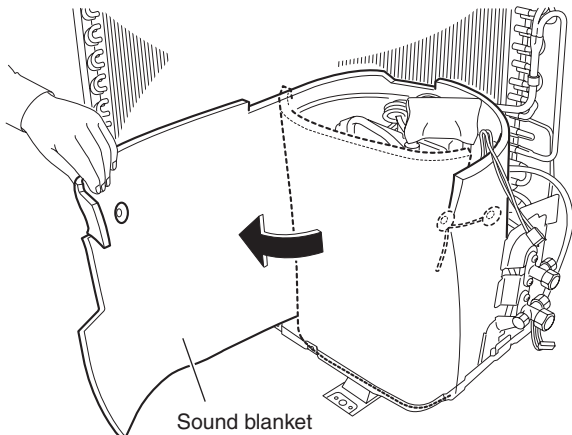
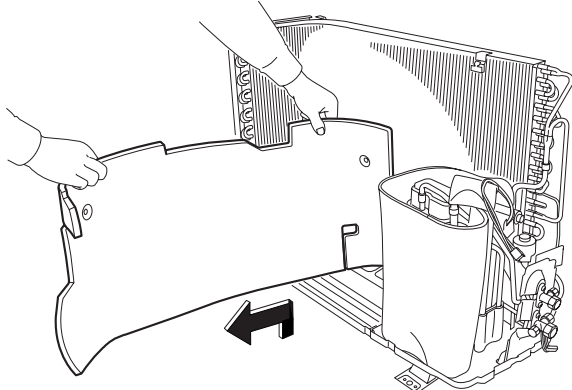


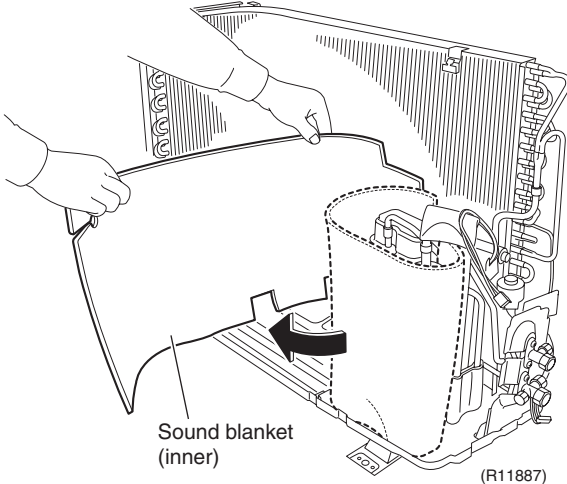
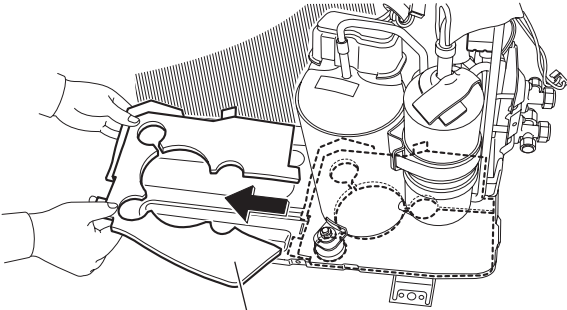
2.5 Removal of Sound Blankets

Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
1	Remove the sound blanket (top).	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R11884)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Since the piping ports are torn easily, remove the sound blanket carefully.
2	Untie the string and open the sound blanket (outer).	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R11885)</p>	
3	Lift and remove the sound blanket (outer).	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R11886)</p>	

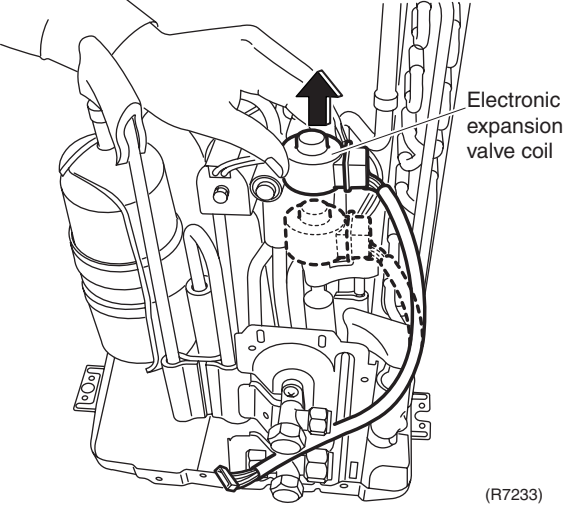
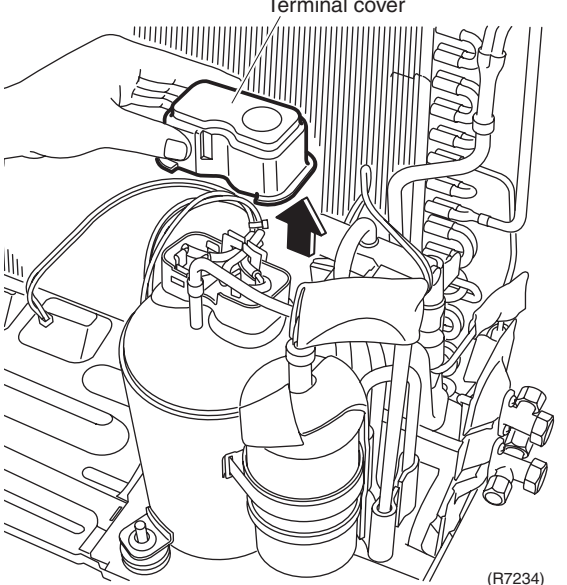
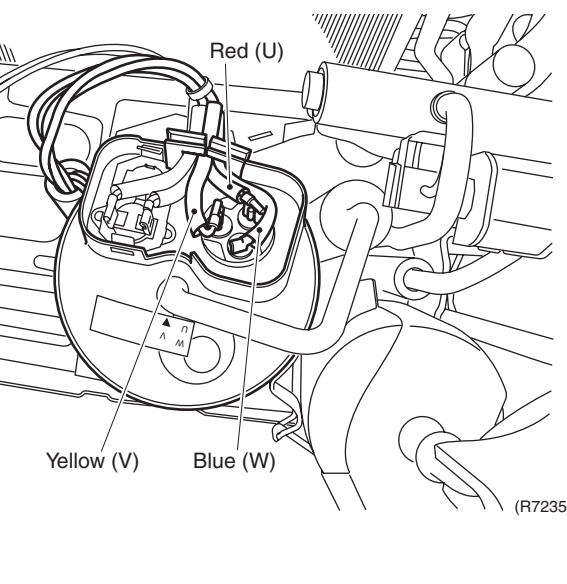
Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
4	Pull the sound blanket (inner) out.	 <p data-bbox="651 645 794 701">Sound blanket (inner)</p> <p data-bbox="975 696 1050 712">(R11887)</p>	
5	Pull the sound blanket (bottom) out.	 <p data-bbox="711 1144 855 1200">Sound blanket (bottom)</p> <p data-bbox="975 1178 1050 1193">(R11888)</p>	

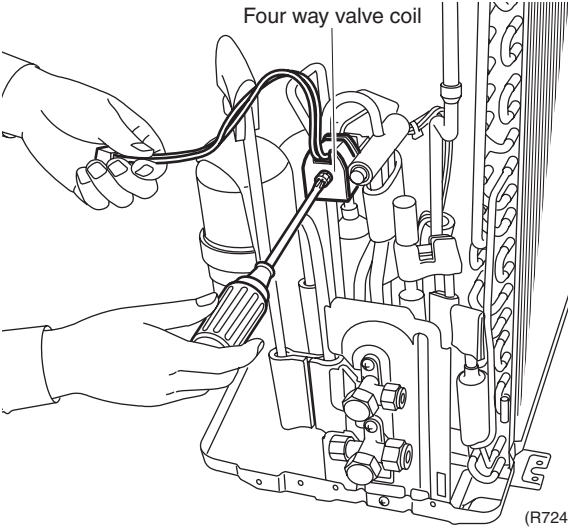
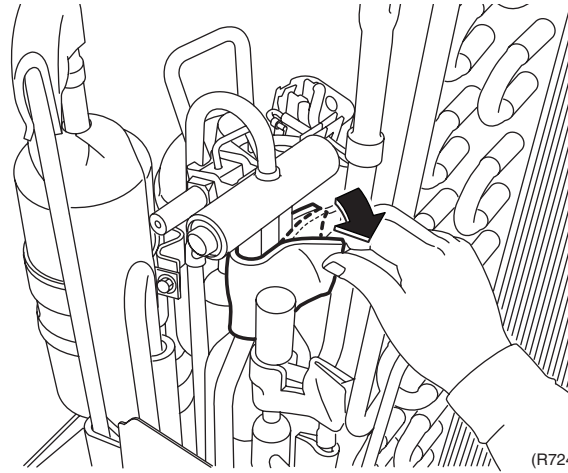
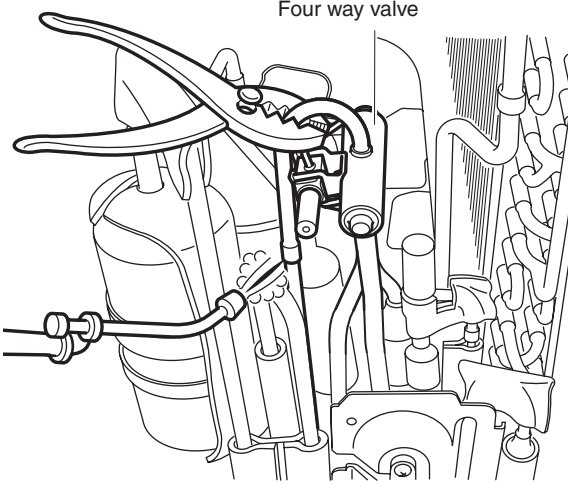
2.6 Removal of Four Way Valve

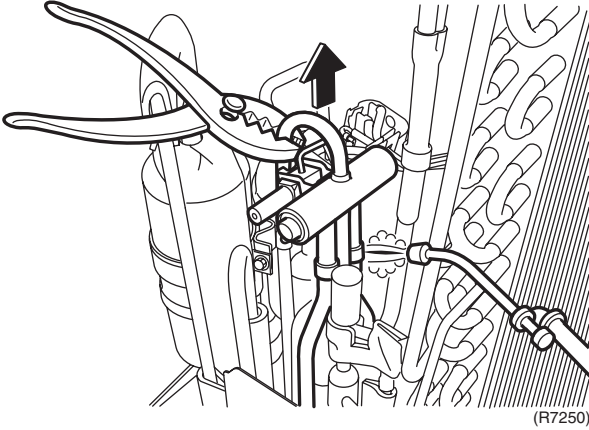
Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
1	Pull out the electronic expansion valve coil.	 <p>(R7233)</p>	
2	Remove the terminal cover.	 <p>(R7234)</p>	
3	Disconnect the lead wires of the compressor.	 <p>(R7235)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
<p>4 Remove the screw and remove the four way valve coil.</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">Four way valve coil</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(R7247)</p>	<p>Warning Be careful not to get yourself burnt with the pipes and other parts that are heated by the gas brazing machine.</p> <p>Warning If the refrigerant gas leaks during work, ventilate the room. (If the refrigerant gas is exposed to flames, toxic gas may be generated.)</p> <p>Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, do not discharge the refrigerant gas in the atmosphere. Make sure to collect all the refrigerant gas.</p> <p>Cautions for restoration</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restore the piping by non-oxidation brazing. 2. It is required to prevent the carbonization of the oil inside the four way valve and the deterioration of the gaskets affected by heat. (Keep below 120°C.) For the sake of this, wrap the four way valve with wet cloth and provide water so that the cloth does not dry.
<p>5 Remove the sheets of putty.</p>	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R7248)</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Before working, make sure that the refrigerant gas is empty in the circuit. ■ Be sure to apply nitrogen replacement when heating up the brazed part. 	 <p style="text-align: center;">Four way valve</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(R7249)</p>	
<p>6 Heat up the brazed part and withdraw the piping with pliers.</p>		<p>In case of difficulty with gas brazing machine</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect the brazed part where is easy to disconnect and restore. 2. Cut pipes on the main unit with a tube cutter in order to make it easy to disconnect.

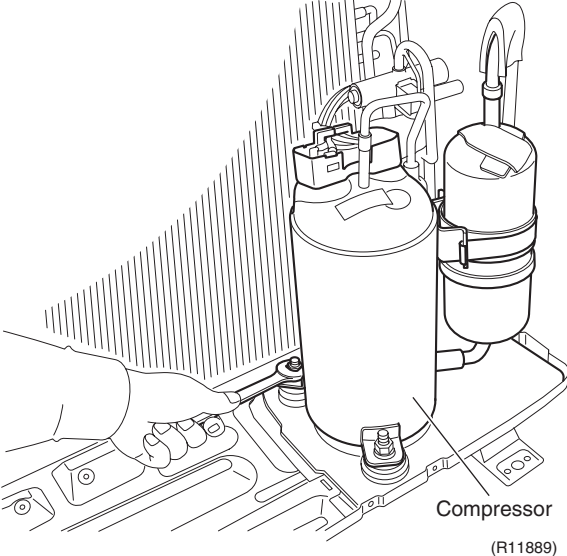
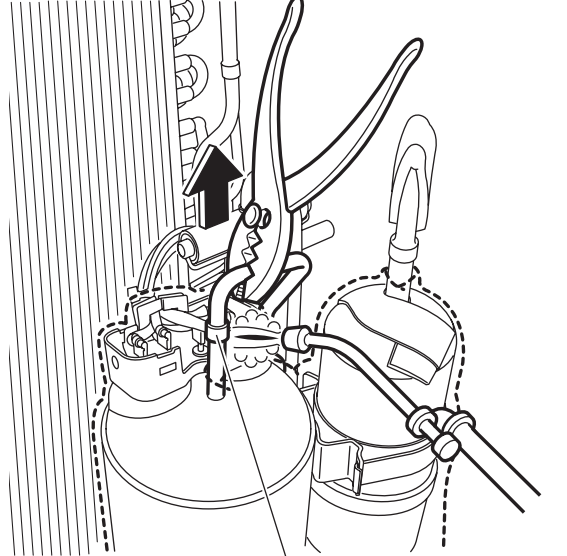
Step	Procedure	Points
	 <p>(R7250)</p>	<p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Do not use a metal saw for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit.■ When withdrawing the pipes, be careful not to pinch them firmly with pliers. The pipes may get deformed.■ Provide a protective sheet or a steel plate so that the brazing flame cannot influence peripheries.

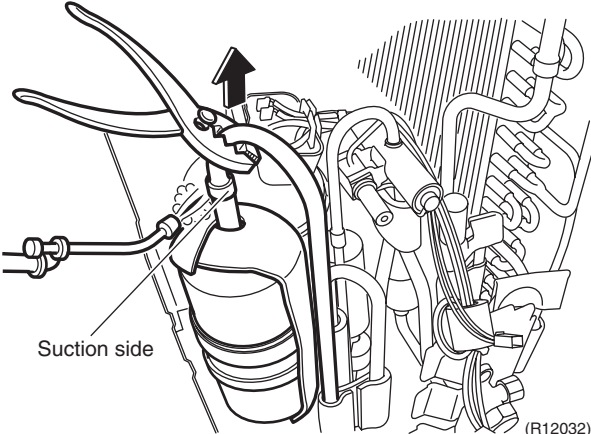
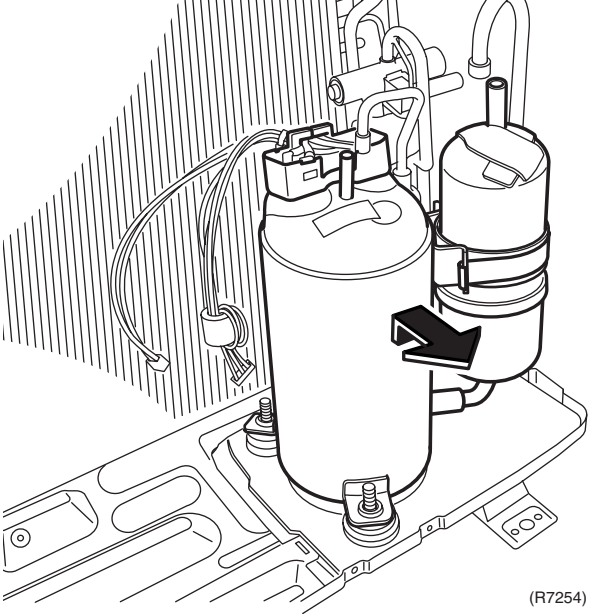
2.7 Removal of Compressor

Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1	<p>Remove the 2 nuts of the compressor.</p> 	<p>Warning Be careful not to get yourself burnt with pipes and other parts that are heated by the gas brazing machine.</p> <p>Warning If the refrigerant gas leaks during work, ventilate the room. (If the refrigerant gas is exposed to flames, toxic gas may be generated.)</p> <p>Warning Since it may happen that the refrigerant oil in the compressor catches fire, prepare wet cloth so as to extinguish fire immediately.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Before working, make sure that the refrigerant is empty in the circuit. ■ Be sure to apply nitrogen replacement when heating up the brazed part. 		<p>Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, do not discharge the refrigerant gas in the atmosphere. Make sure to collect all the refrigerant gas.</p>
2	<p>Heat up the brazed part of the discharge side and disconnect.</p>	<p>Cautions for restoration</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restore the piping by non-oxidation brazing. 2. It is required to prevent the carbonization of the oil inside the four way valve and the deterioration of the gaskets affected by heat. (Keep below 120°C.) For the sake of this, wrap the four way valve with wet cloth and provide water so that the cloth does not dry. <p>In case of difficulty with gas brazing machine</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect the brazed part where is easy to disconnect and restore. 2. Cut pipes on the main unit with a tube cutter in order to make it easy to disconnect.

Step	Procedure	Points
3	Heat up the brazed part of the suction side and disconnect. 	Note: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Do not use a metal saw for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit. ■ When withdrawing the pipes, be careful not to pinch them firmly with pliers. The pipes may get deformed. ■ Provide a protective sheet or a steel plate so that the brazing flame cannot influence peripheries.
4	Lift the compressor up and remove it. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Be careful so as not to burn the compressor terminals, the name plate, the heat exchanger fin.

3. Outdoor Unit - RK(X)S42J2V1B

Note: Illustrations are for heat pump models as representative.

3.1 Removal of Outer Panels

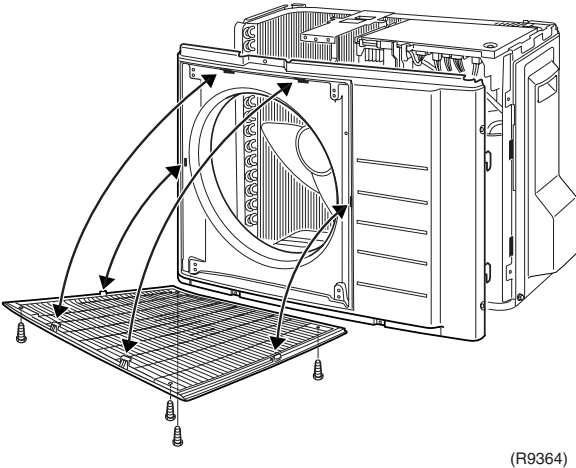
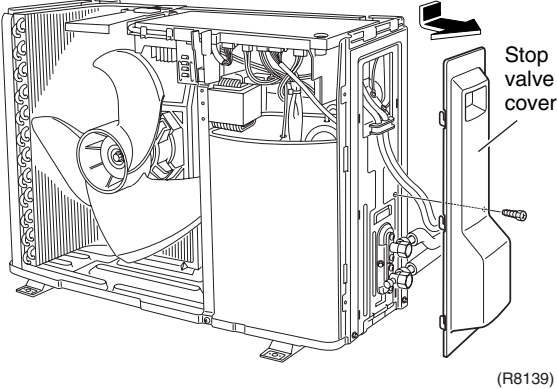
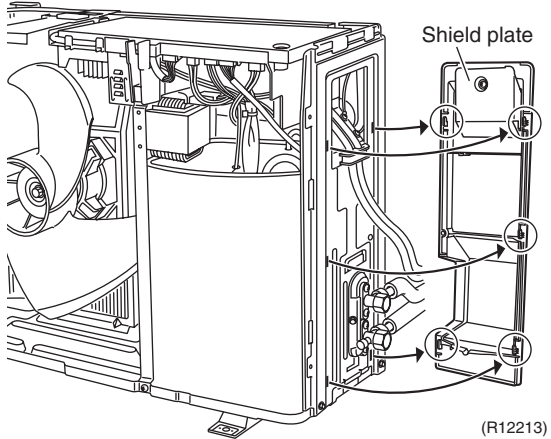
Procedure



Warning

Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1. Appearance features	<p>(R7186)</p> <p>(R12281)</p>	
2. Remove the panels.	<p>1 Remove the 2 screws to remove the top panel, and 8 screws to remove the front panel.</p> <p>(R9363)</p>	<p>■ The front panel has 4 hooks.</p>

Step	Procedure	Points
2	Remove the 4 screws and remove the discharge grille.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When reassembling, make sure to fit the 4 hooks.
3	Remove the screw and remove the stop valve cover.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The stop valve cover is united with the shield plate.
	 <p>(R9364)</p>	
	 <p>(R8139)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When reassembling, make sure to fit the 5 hooks.
	 <p>(R12213)</p>	

3.2 Removal of Electrical Box

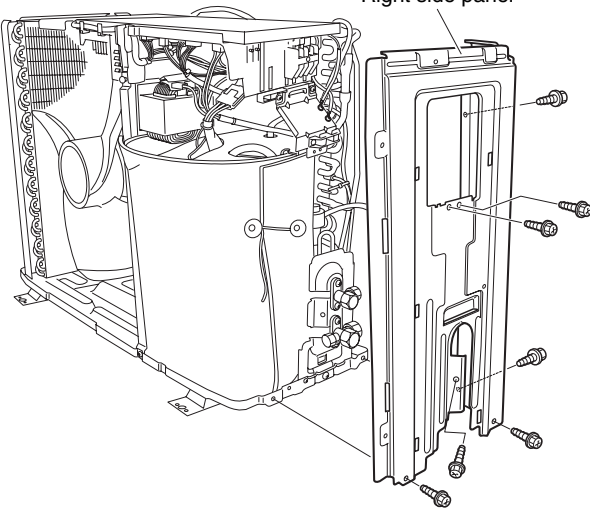
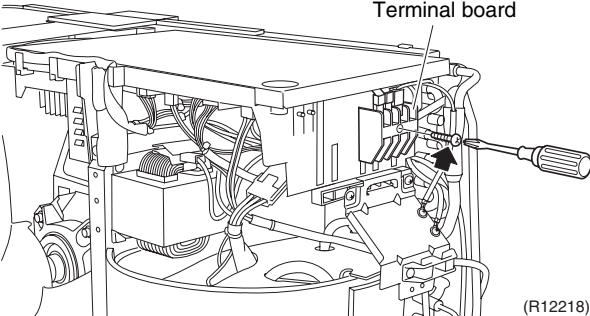
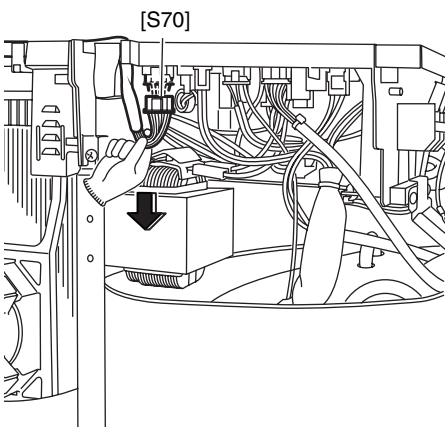
Procedure



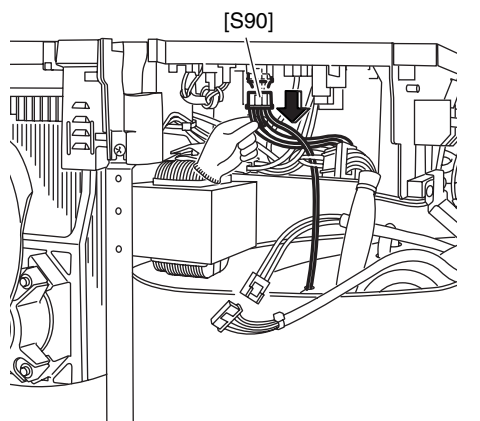
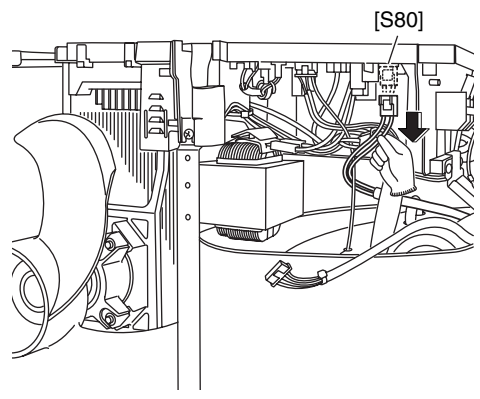
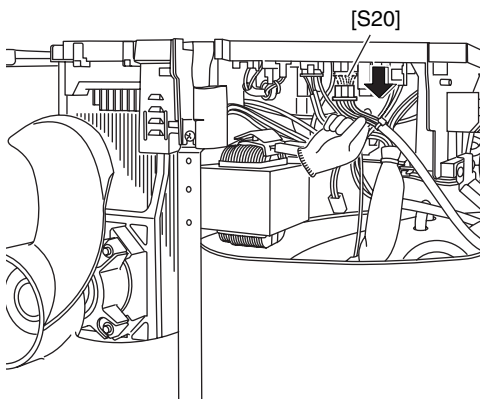
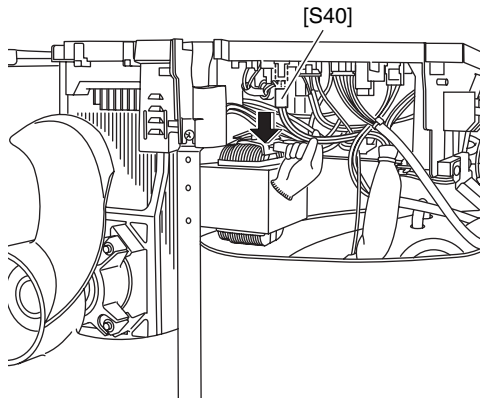
Warning

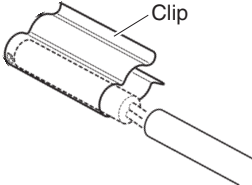
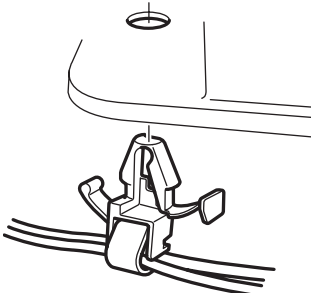
Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

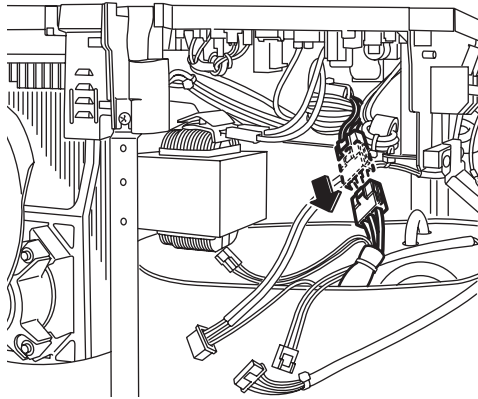
Step	Procedure	Points
<p>1. Disconnect the connecting wires.</p> <p>1 Remove the 3 screws to remove the wiring fixture. Then remove the all screws to disconnect the power supply cables and the connecting wires.</p>		<p>■ When reassembling, fasten the wires with screws on the terminal board.</p>
<p>2. Remove the electrical box.</p> <p>1 Release the outdoor temperature thermistor.</p> <p>2 Lift up the guard net and remove it.</p>		

Step	Procedure	Points
3	<p>Remove the 7 screws, and remove the right side panel.</p>  <p>(R12217)</p>	
4	<p>Remove the screw of the terminal board.</p>  <p>(R12218)</p>	
5	<p>Disconnect the connector for the fan motor [S70].</p>  <p>(R0254)</p>	<p>■ For removal procedure of the fan motor lead wire, refer to "Removal of Outdoor Fan / Fan Motor".</p>

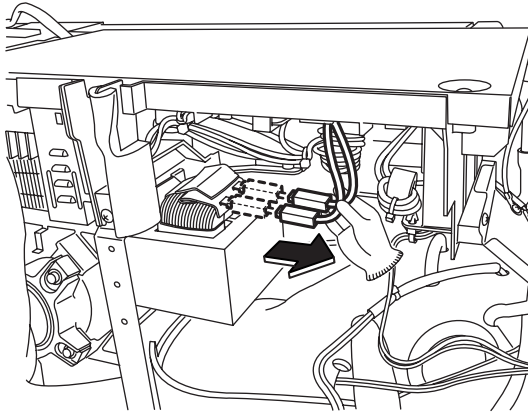
Step	Procedure	Points
6	Disconnect the connector for the overload protector [S40].	(R0255)
7	Disconnect the connector for the electronic expansion valve coil [S20].	(R0256)
8	Disconnect the connector for the four way valve coil [S80].	(R0257)
9	Disconnect the connector for the thermistors [S90].	(R0258)



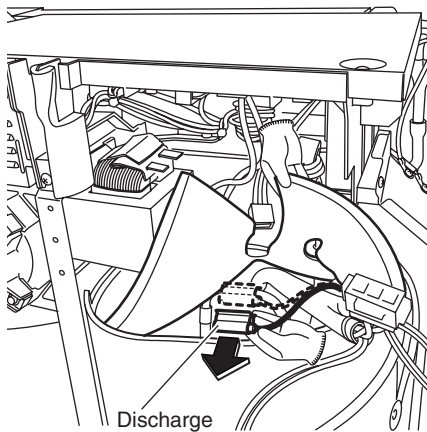
Step	Procedure	Points
10	Disconnect the relay connector for the compressor.	
11	Disconnect the 2 connectors for the reactor.	
12	Release the discharge pipe thermistor.	<p>■ Be careful not to lose the clip for the thermistor.</p>  <p>Clip</p> <p>(R12279)</p>
13	Detach the clamp for the thermistors from the electrical box.	 <p>(R12196)</p>



(R0259)

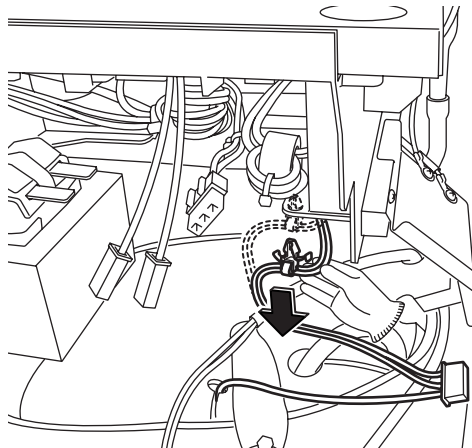


(R0260)



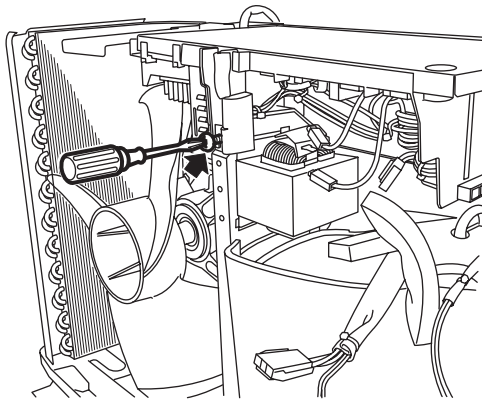
Discharge pipe thermistor

(R12197)

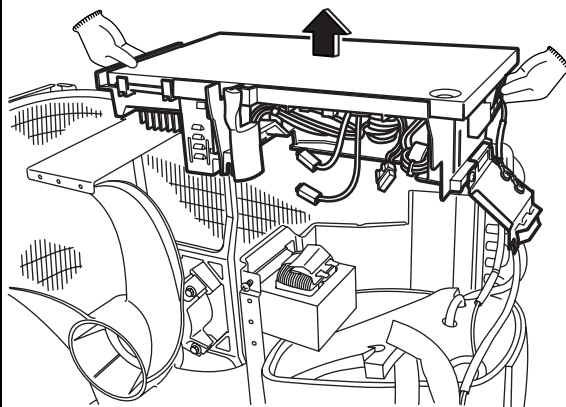


(R0262)

Step	Procedure	Points
14	Remove the screw in front of the electrical box.	
15	Lift and remove the electrical box.	



(R0263)



(R0264)

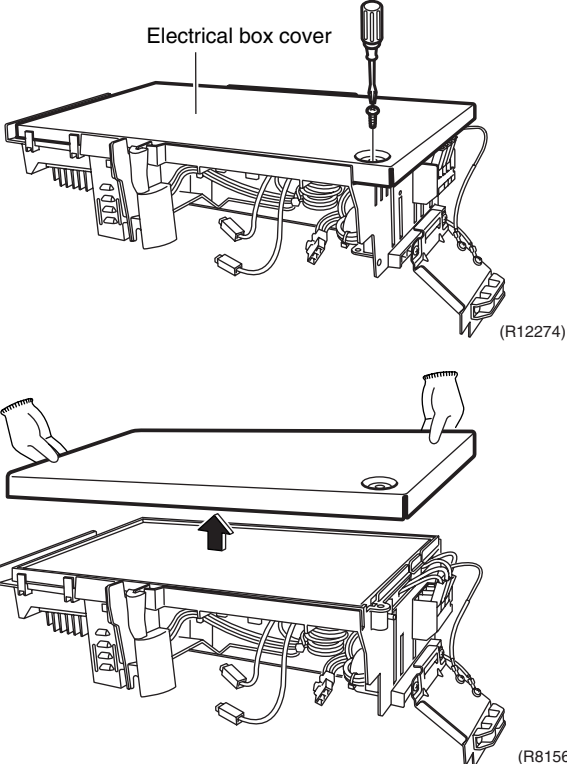
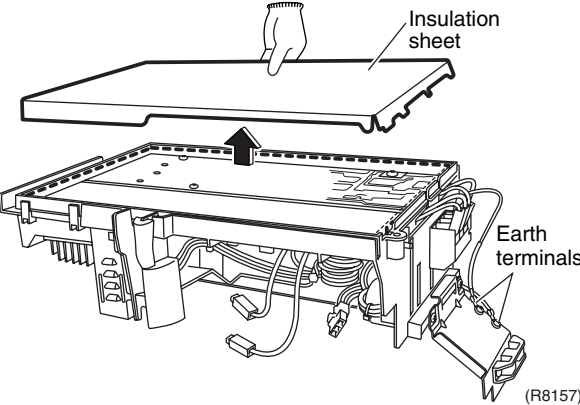
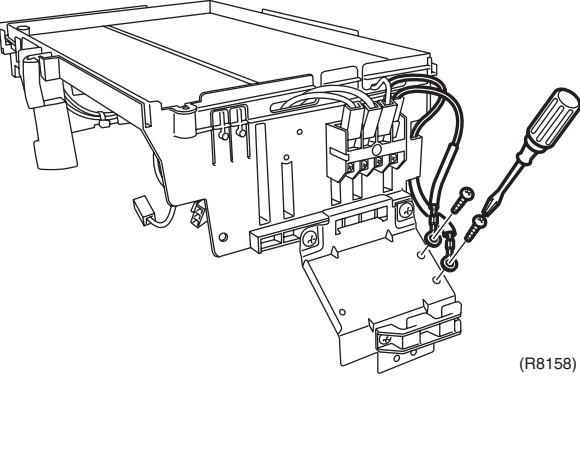
3.3 Removal of PCB

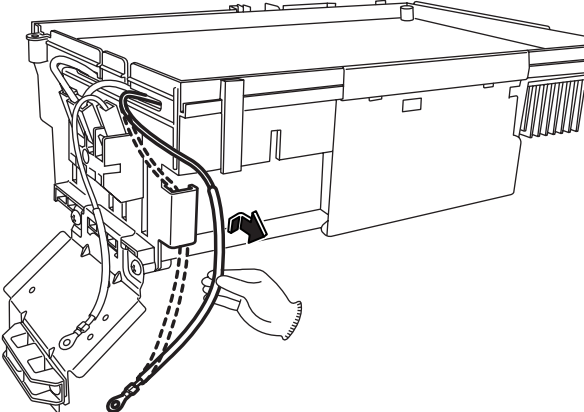
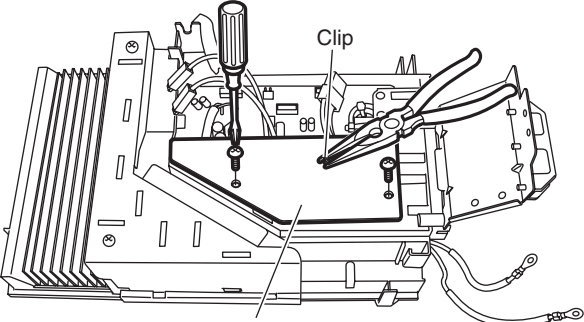
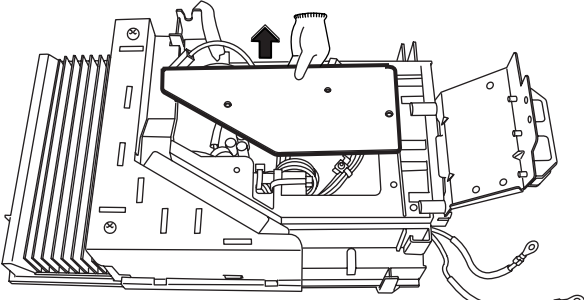
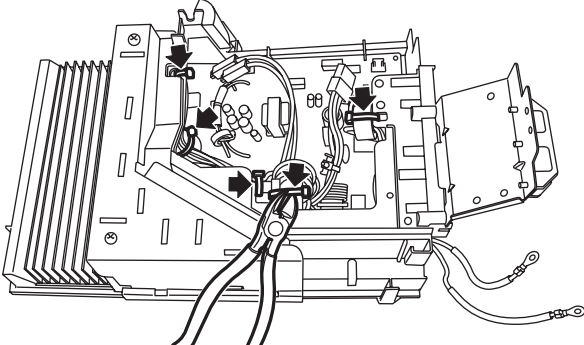
Procedure

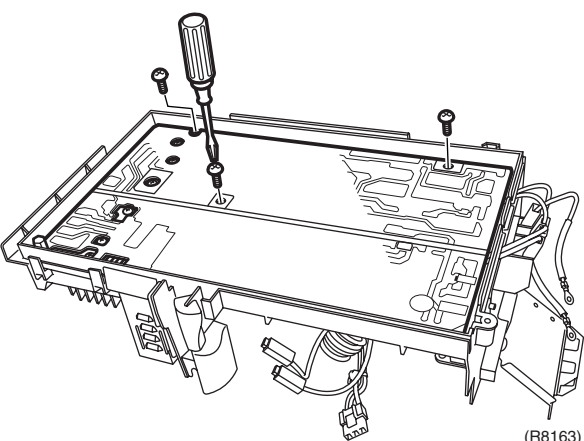
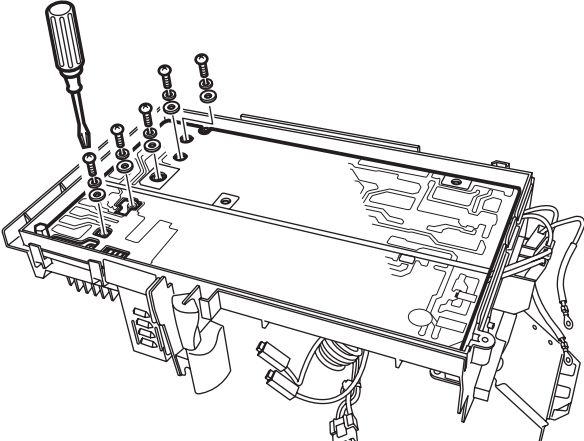
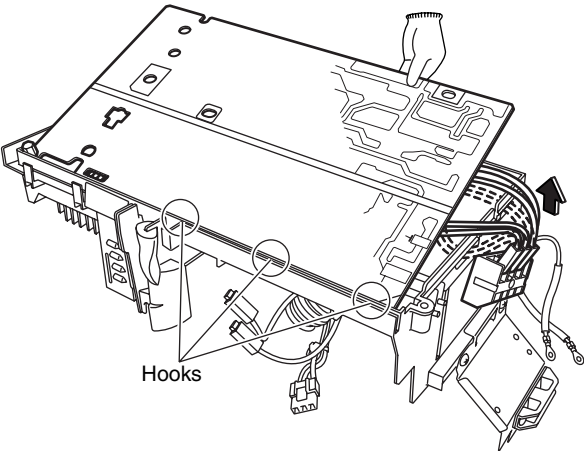
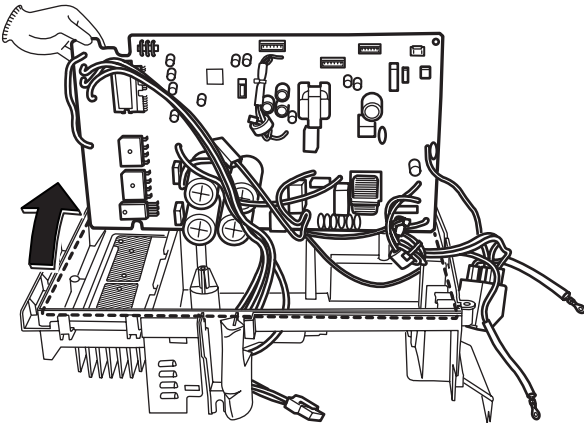


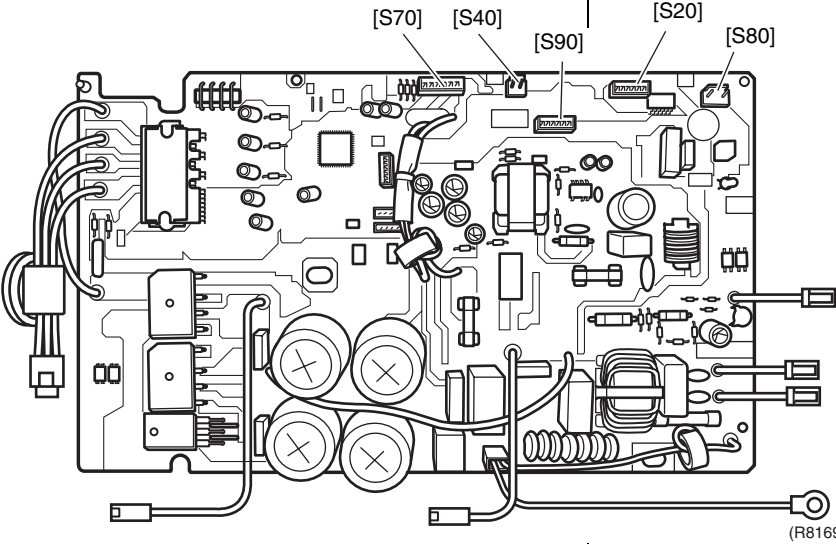
Warning

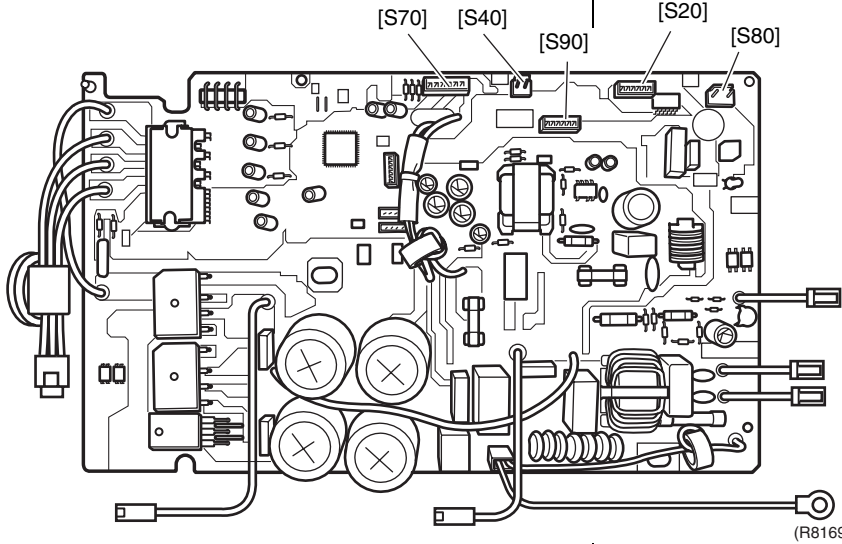
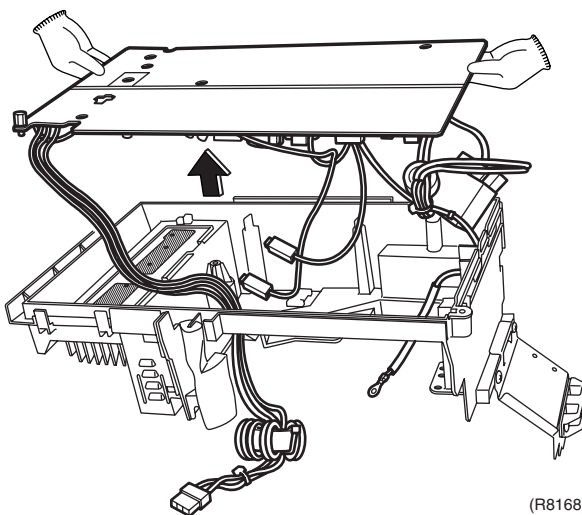
Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

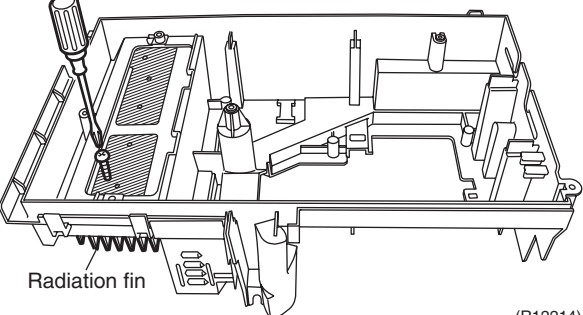
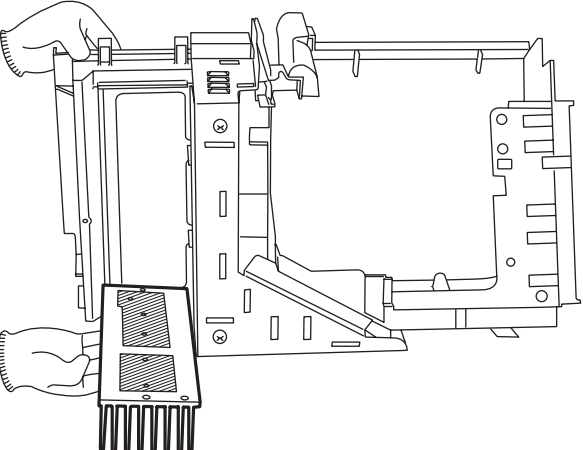
Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
1	Remove the screw and remove the electrical box cover.	 <p>Electrical box cover</p> <p>(R12274)</p> <p>(R156)</p>	<p>Preparation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remove the panels according to the “Removal of Outer Panels”. ■ Remove the electrical box according to the “Removal of Electrical Box”.
2	Detach the insulation sheet.	 <p>Insulation sheet</p> <p>Earth terminals</p> <p>(R8157)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The trimmed part goes front.
3	Remove the 2 screws of the earth terminals.	 <p>(R8158)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
4	Release the earth wire from the hook.	
	 <p>(R8159)</p>	
5	Remove the 2 screws and detach the 1 clip to remove the radiation shield plate.	
	 <p>Radiation shield plate</p> <p>(R12198)</p>	
	 <p>(R8161)</p>	
6	Cut off the 5 clamps and disconnect the wire harnesses.	
	 <p>(R8162)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
7	Remove the 8 screws in total to remove the PCB.	
	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R8163)</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R8164)</p>	
8	Lift up the back side slightly and unfasten the hooks of the front.	<p>■ When reassembling, make sure that the hooks of the electrical box are placed on the PCB.</p>
	 <p style="text-align: center;">Hooks</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(R8166)</p>	
9	Lift up the PCB.	
	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R8167)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
10	Remove the PCB.	
11	Detach the terminals from the terminal board.	<p>■ Refer to page 17 for detail.</p>  <p>[S20]: electronic expansion valve coil [S40]: overload protector [S70]: fan motor [S80]: four way valve coil [S90]: thermistors</p>



Step	Procedure	Points
12	<p data-bbox="199 219 446 280">Remove the screw of the radiation fin.</p>  <p data-bbox="518 548 638 571">Radiation fin</p> <p data-bbox="1005 593 1077 616">(R12214)</p>  <p data-bbox="1013 1086 1077 1108">(R8171)</p>	

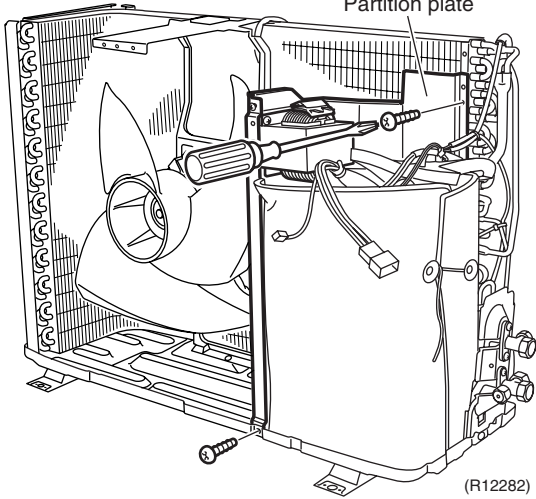
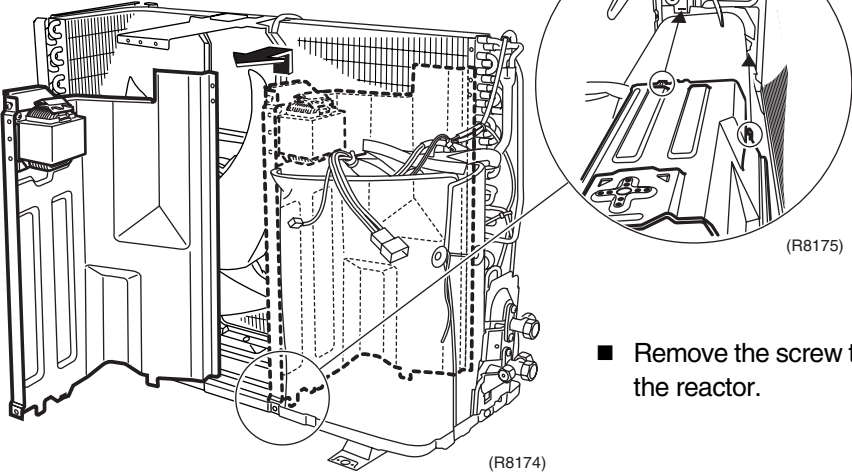
3.4 Removal of Sound Blankets

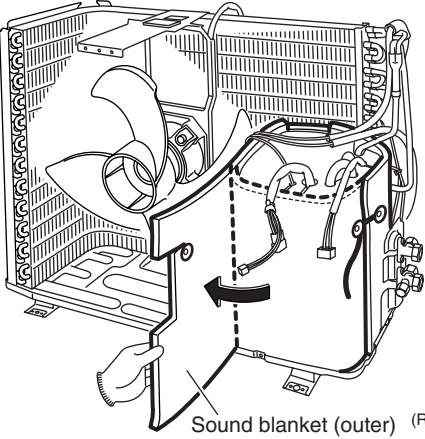
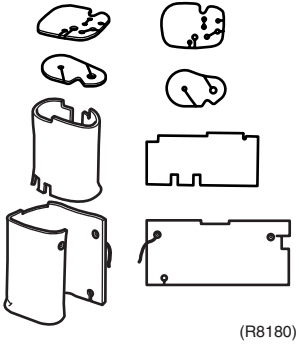
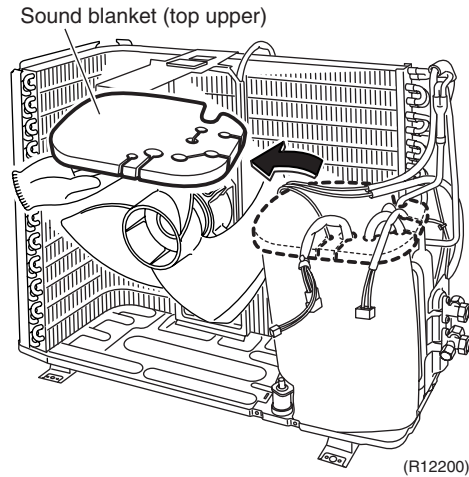
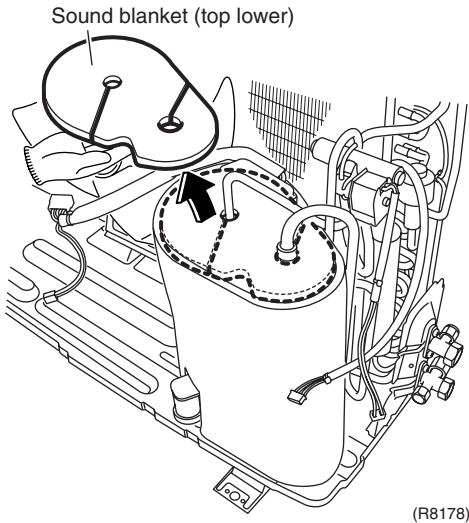
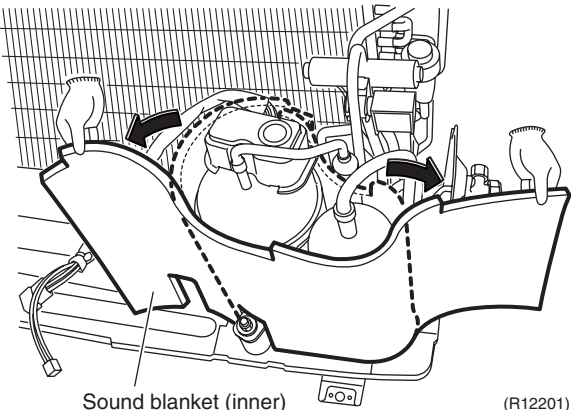
Procedure



Warning

Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1. Remove the partition plate.	<p data-bbox="193 427 453 456">1 Remove the 2 screws.</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="1086 792 1465 891">■ When reassembling, fit the lower hook into the bottom frame.
2	<p data-bbox="193 927 453 1093">The partition plate has hooks on the lower side. Lift and pull the partition plate to remove.</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="1086 1352 1465 1420">■ Remove the screw to remove the reactor.

Step	Procedure	Points
2. Remove of the sound blanket.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Since the piping ports are torn easily, remove the blanket carefully.
1. Untie the string, open the sound blanket (outer) and pull it out.	 <p>Sound blanket (outer) (R12199)</p>	 <p>(R8180)</p>
2. Remove the sound blanket (top upper).	 <p>Sound blanket (top upper)</p> <p>(R12200)</p>	
3. Remove the sound blanket (top lower).	 <p>Sound blanket (top lower)</p> <p>(R8178)</p>	
4. Open the sound blanket (inner) and pull it out.	 <p>Sound blanket (inner) (R12201)</p>	

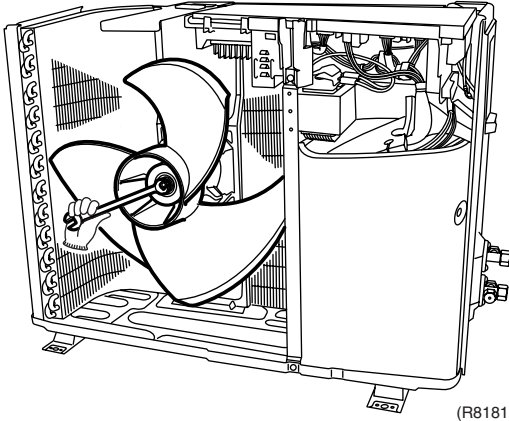
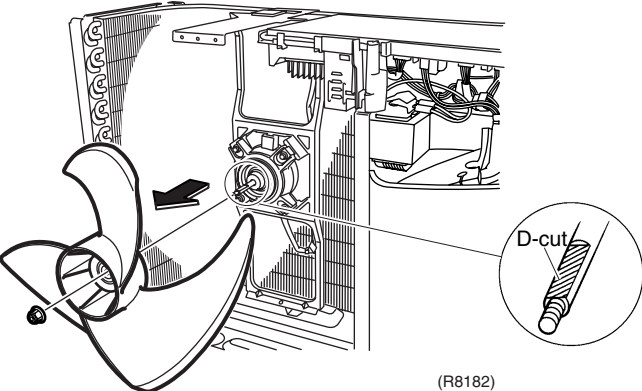
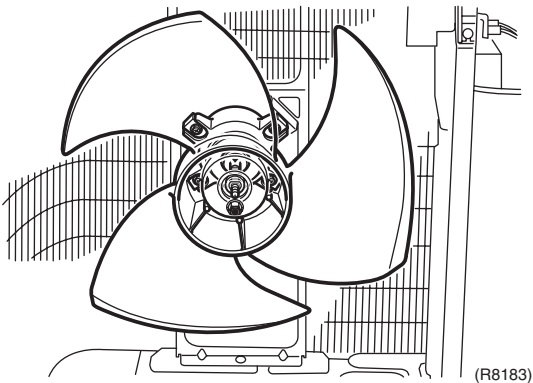
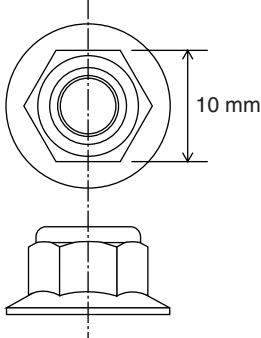
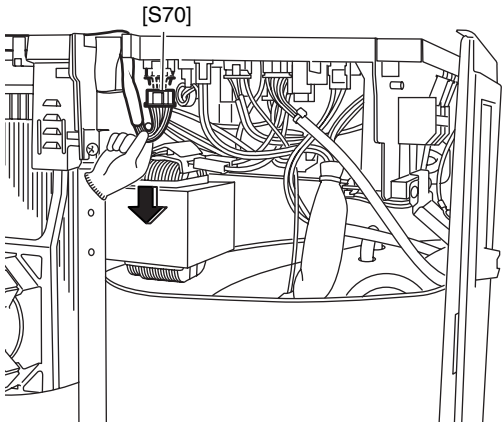
3.5 Removal of Outdoor Fan / Fan Motor

Procedure

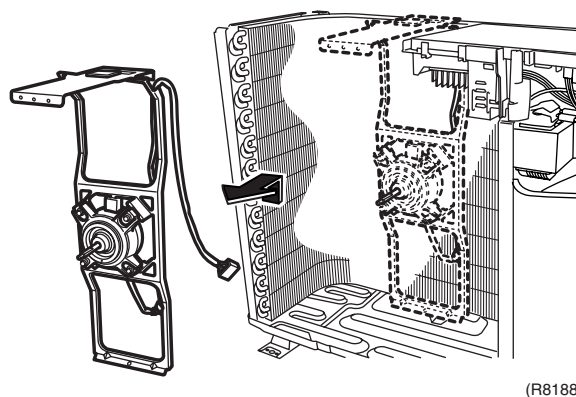
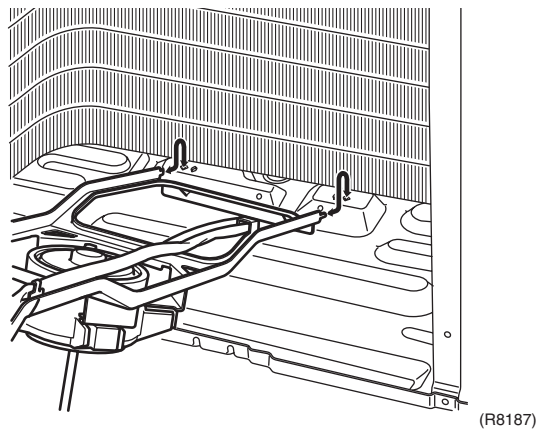
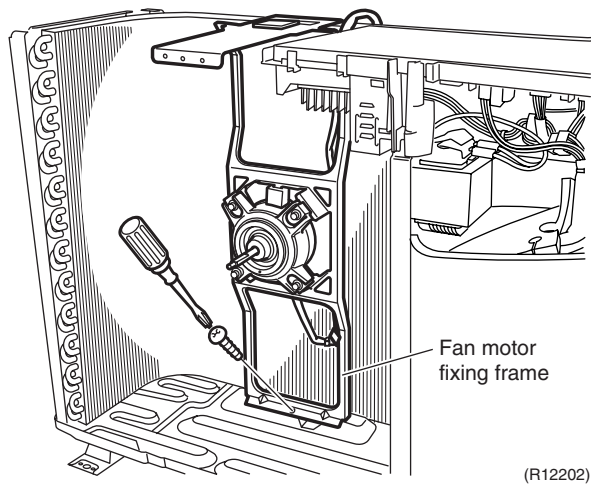
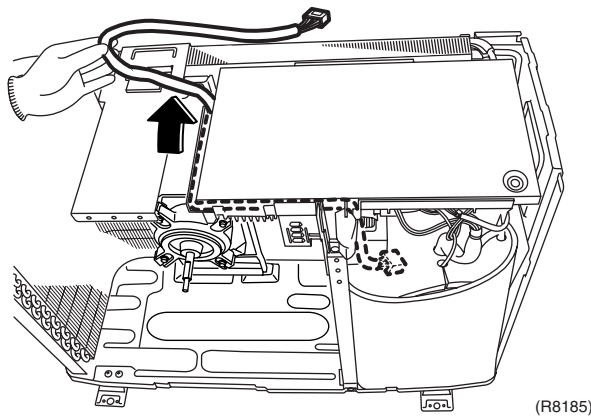


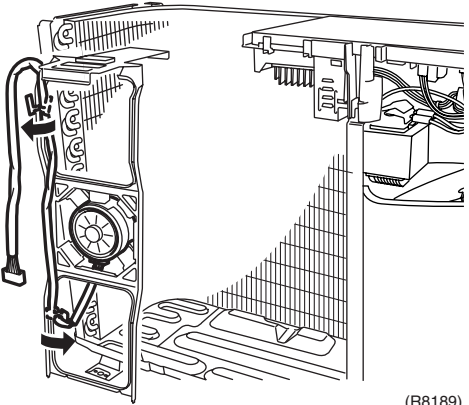
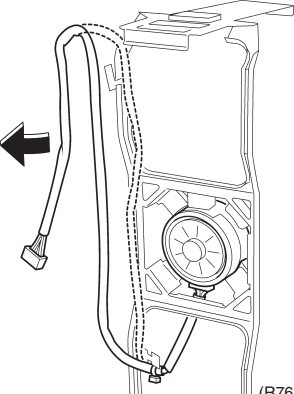
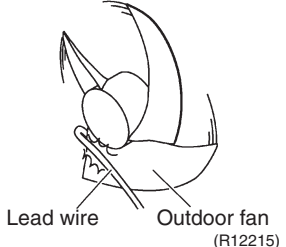
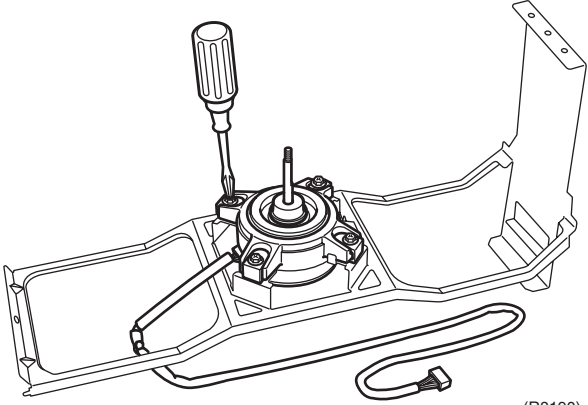
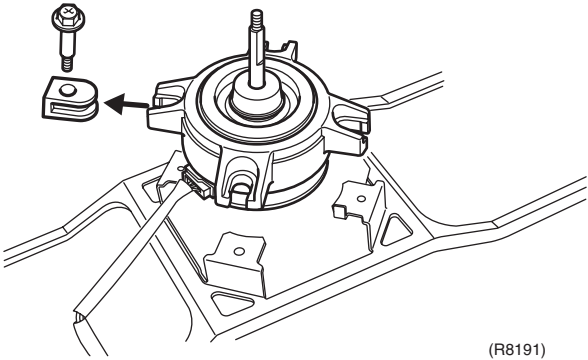
Warning

Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
<p>1. Remove the outdoor fan.</p> <p>1 Remove the washer fitted nut of the outdoor fan.</p> <p>2 Remove the outdoor fan.</p>	 <p>(R8181)</p>  <p>(R8182)</p>  <p>(R8183)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The screw has reverse winding. ■ Nut size: M6  <p>10 mm</p> <p>(R12236)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ When reassembling, align ▼ mark of the outdoor fan with D-cut section of the motor shaft.
<p>2. Remove the fan motor.</p> <p>1 Disconnect the connector for the fan motor [S70].</p>	 <p>[S70]</p> <p>(R8184)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
2	The figure shows the arrangement of the fan motor lead wire.	
3	Remove the 1 screw of the fan motor fixing frame.	
4	Remove the fan motor fixing frame.	



Step	Procedure	Points
5	<p>Turn the fan motor fixing frame backward and open the 2 hooks of the fan motor lead wire.</p>  <p>(R8189)</p>	
6	<p>Release the fan motor lead wire.</p>  <p>(R7627)</p>	<p>■ When reassembling, put the fan motor lead wire through the back of the fan motor (so as not to be entangled with the outdoor fan).</p>  <p>Lead wire Outdoor fan (R12215)</p>
7	<p>Remove the 4 screws and 4 rubber vibration isolators to remove the fan motor.</p>  <p>(R8190)</p>  <p>(R8191)</p>	

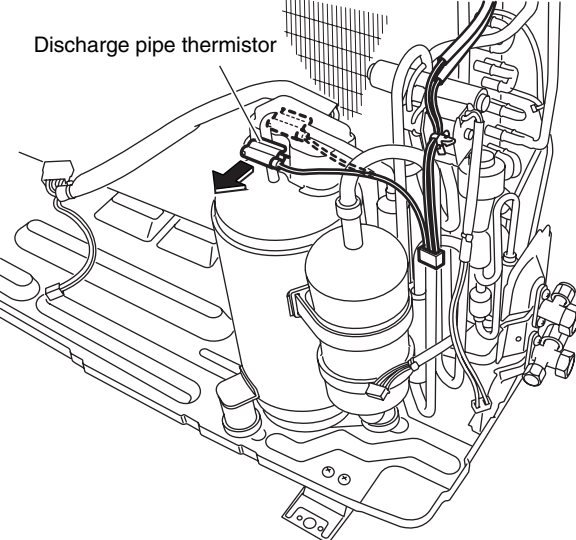
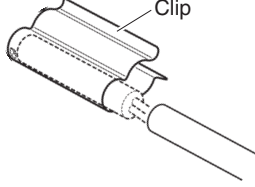
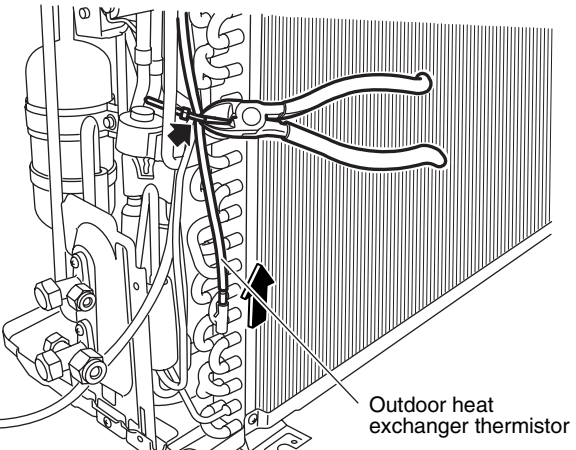
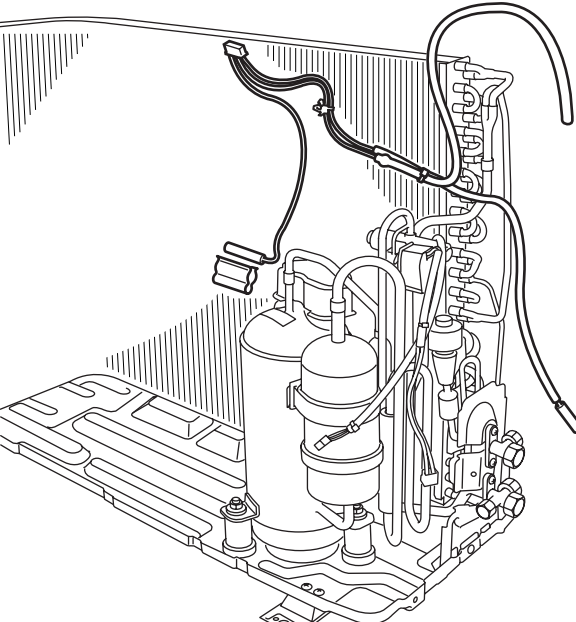
3.6 Removal of Thermistors

Procedure



Warning

Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
1	Release the discharge pipe thermistor.	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R8192)</p>	<p>■ Be careful not to lose the clip for the thermistor.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R12279)</p>
2	Cut the clamp and pull out the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor.	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R8193)</p>	
3	The thermistors for outdoor temperature / discharge pipe / outdoor heat exchanger are united as one assembly.	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R8194)</p>	
4	The figure shows the arrangement of the thermistors.		

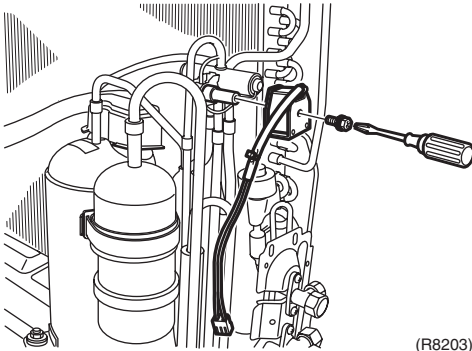
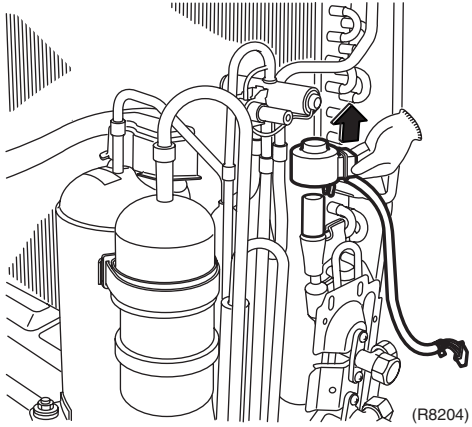
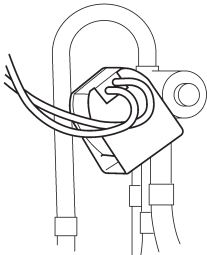
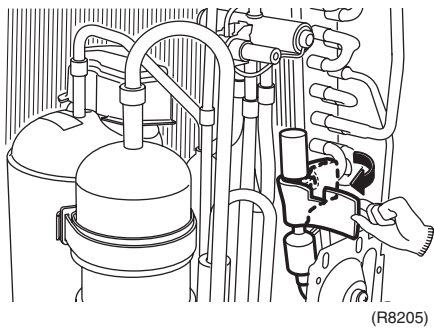
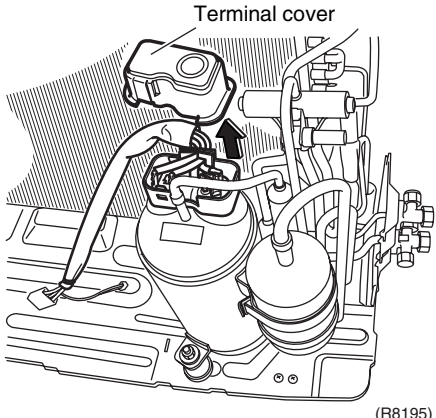
3.7 Removal of Four Way Valve / Electronic Expansion Valve

Procedure

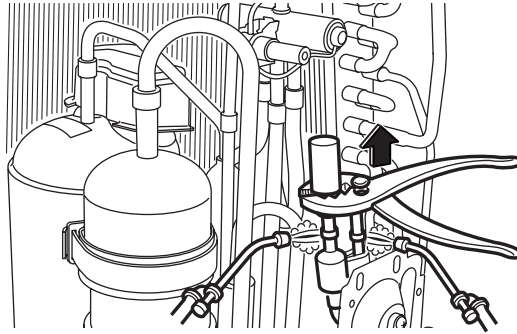


Warning

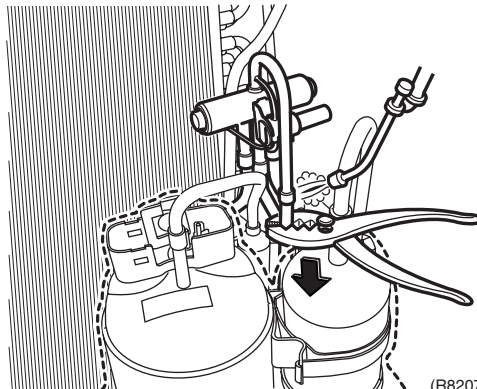
Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
1.	Remove the peripheries.		Preparation
1	Remove the screw and remove the four way valve coil.	 <p>(R8203)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remove the sound blankets.
2	Pull out the electronic expansion valve coil.	 <p>(R8204)</p>	 <p>(R7703)</p>
3	Remove the putty.	 <p>(R8205)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Detach the four way valve coil and the 2 clamps, and then detach the wire harnesses.
4	Remove the terminal cover.	 <p>Terminal cover</p> <p>(R8195)</p>	

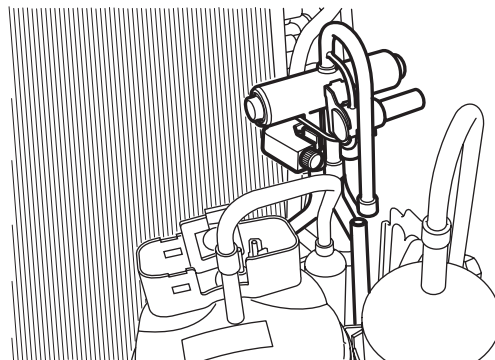
Step	Procedure	Points
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Before working, make sure that the refrigerant gas is empty in the circuit. ■ Be sure to apply nitrogen replacement when heating up the brazed part. 		<p>Warning Be careful not to get yourself burnt with the pipes and other parts that are heated by the gas brazing machine.</p>
2.	Remove the four way valve and electronic expansion valve.	<p>Warning If the refrigerant gas leaks during work, ventilate the room. (If the refrigerant gas is exposed to flames, toxic gas may be generated.)</p>
1	Heat up the 2 brazed parts of the electronic expansion valve and remove it.	<p>Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, do not discharge the refrigerant gas in the atmosphere. Make sure to collect all the refrigerant gas.</p>
2	Heat up the brazed parts of the four way valve.	<p>Cautions for restoration</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restore the piping by non-oxidation brazing. 2. It is required to prevent the carbonization of the oil inside the four way valve and the deterioration of the gaskets affected by heat. (Keep below 120°C.) For the sake of this, wrap the four way valve with wet cloth and provide water so that the cloth does not dry.
3	Pull the pipe with pliers and disconnect.	<p>In case of difficulty with gas brazing machine</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect the brazed part where is easy to disconnect and restore. 2. Cut pipes on the main unit with a tube cutter in order to make it easy to disconnect.



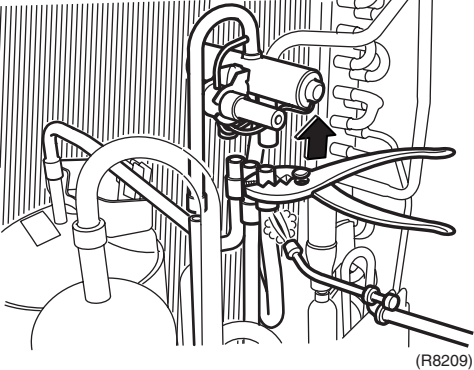
(R8206)



(R8207)



(R8208)

Step	Procedure	Points
	 <p>(R8209)</p>	<p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Do not use a metal saw for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit.■ When withdrawing the pipes, be careful not to pinch them firmly with pliers. The pipes may get deformed.■ Provide a protective sheet or a steel plate so that the brazing flame cannot influence peripheries.

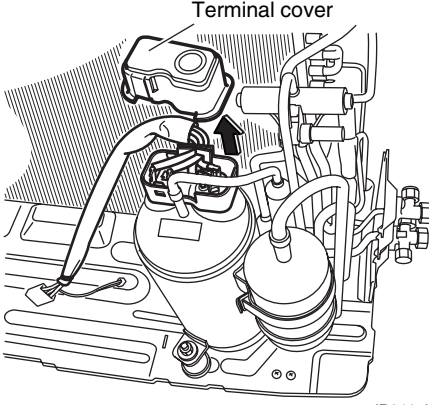
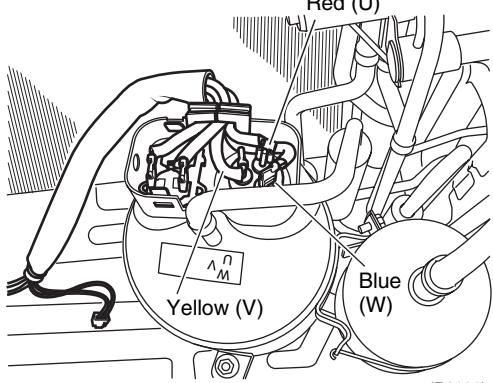
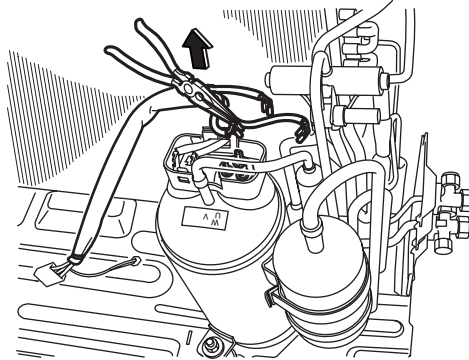
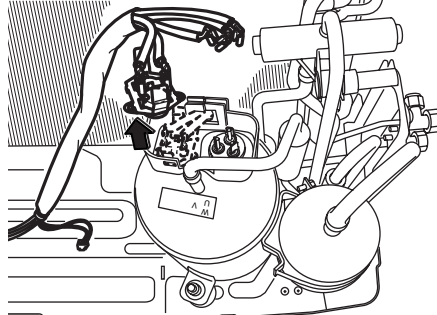
3.8 Removal of Compressor

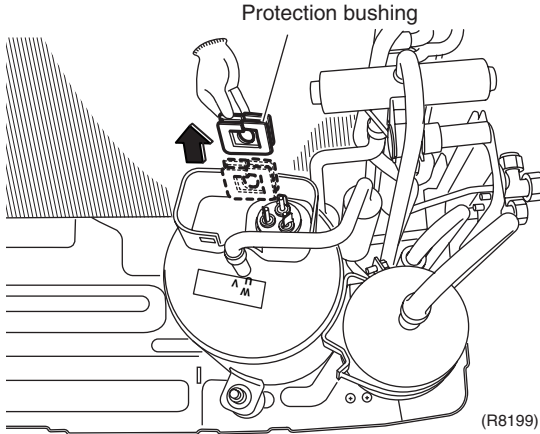
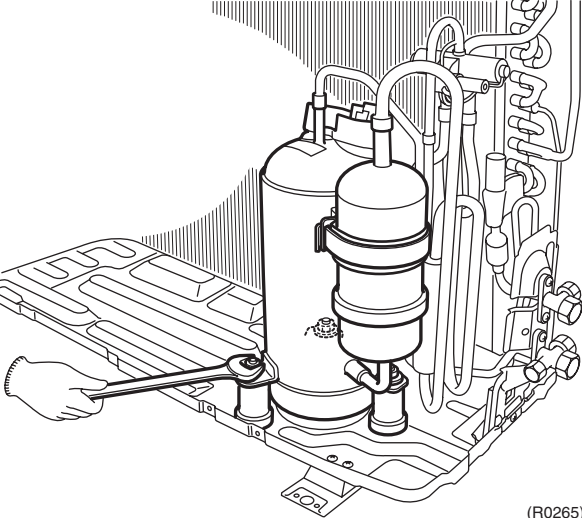
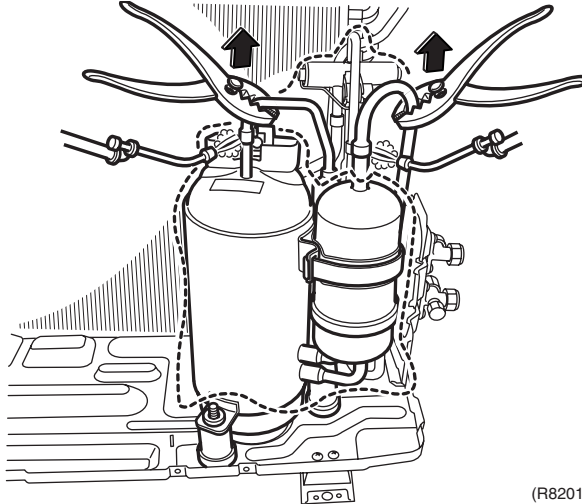
Procedure



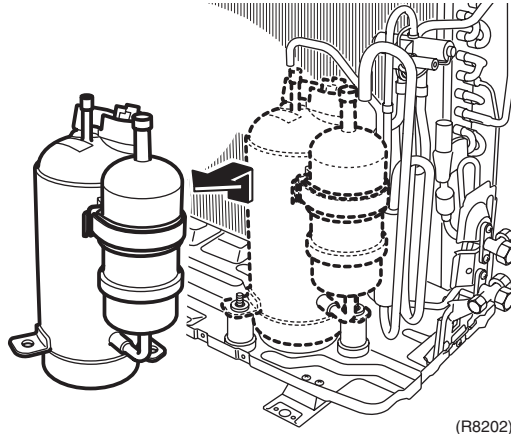
Warning

Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
1	Remove the terminal cover.	 <p style="text-align: center;">Terminal cover</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(R8195)</p>	
2	Disconnect the lead wires of the compressor.	 <p style="text-align: center;">Red (U)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Yellow (V)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Blue (W)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(R8196)</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R8197)</p>	
3	Unfasten the hooks with a flat screwdriver to remove the overload protector.	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R8198)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
4	<p>Remove the protection bushing.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R8199)</p>	
5	<p>Remove the 2 nuts of the compressor.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R0265)</p>	<p>Warning Be careful not to get yourself burnt with the pipes and other parts that are heated by the gas brazing machine.</p>
6	<p>Heat up the brazed part of the discharge side and disconnect.</p> <p>7 Heat up the brazed part of the suction side and disconnect.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R8201)</p>	<p>Warning If the refrigerant gas leaks during work, ventilate the room. (If the refrigerant gas is exposed to flames, toxic gas may be generated.)</p> <p>Warning Since it may happen that the refrigerant oil in the compressor catches fire, prepare wet cloth so as to extinguish fire immediately.</p> <p>Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, do not discharge the refrigerant gas in the atmosphere. Make sure to collect all the refrigerant gas.</p>

Step	Procedure	Points
8	Lift the compressor up to remove.	<p>Cautions for restoration</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restore the piping by non-oxidation brazing. 2. It is required to prevent the carbonization of the oil inside the four way valve and the deterioration of the gaskets affected by heat. (Keep below 120°C.) For the sake of this, wrap the four way valve with wet cloth and provide water so that the cloth does not dry. <p>In case of difficulty with gas brazing machine</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect the brazed part where is easy to disconnect and restore. 2. Cut pipes on the main unit with a tube cutter in order to make it easy to disconnect. <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Do not use a metal saw for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit. ■ When withdrawing the pipes, be careful not to pinch them firmly with pliers. The pipes may get deformed. ■ Provide a protective sheet or a steel plate so that the brazing flame cannot influence peripheries. ■ Be careful so as not to burn the compressor terminals, the name plate, the heat exchanger fin.



4. Outdoor Unit - RK(X)S50J2V1B

Note: Illustrations are for heat pump models as representative.

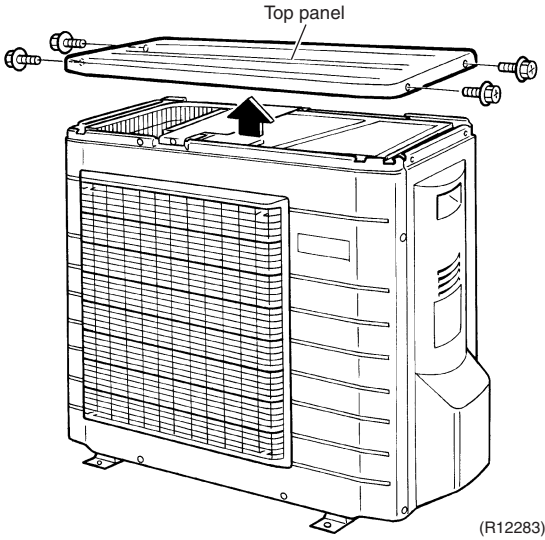
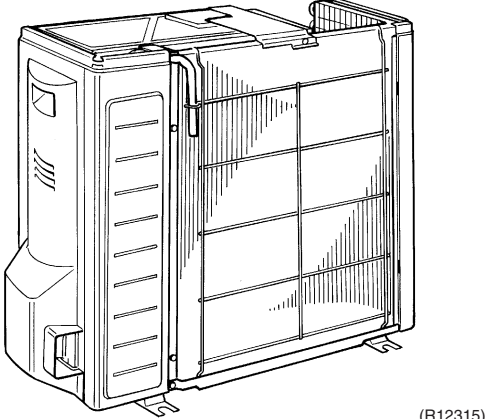
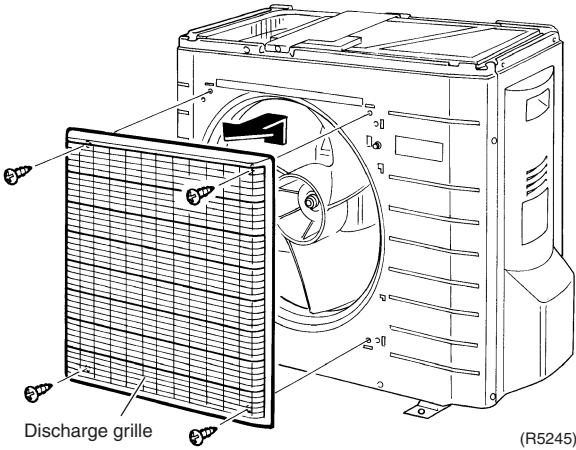
4.1 Removal of Outer Panels

Procedure

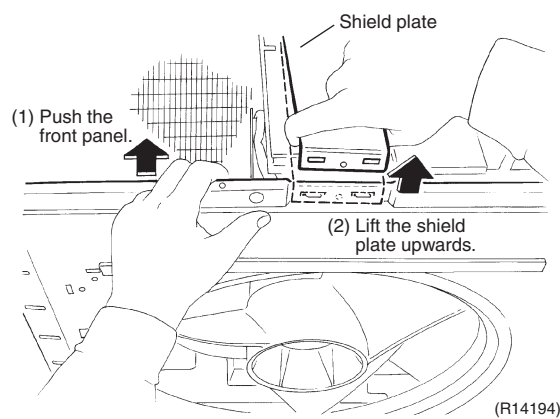
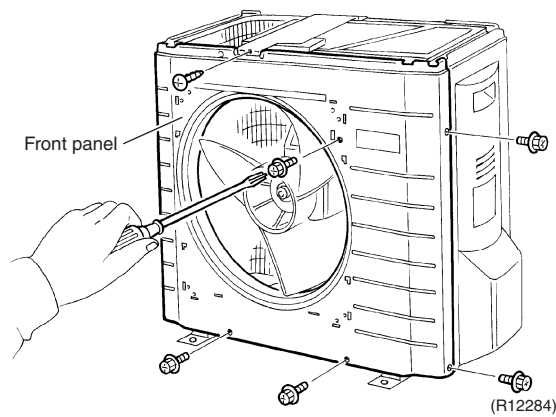
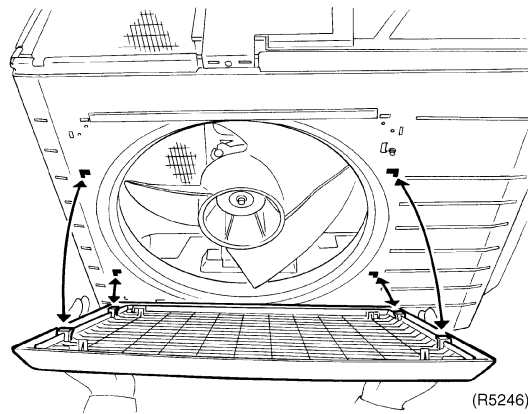


Warning

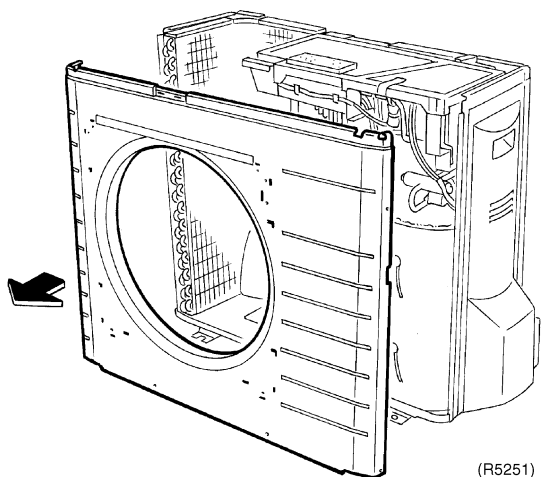
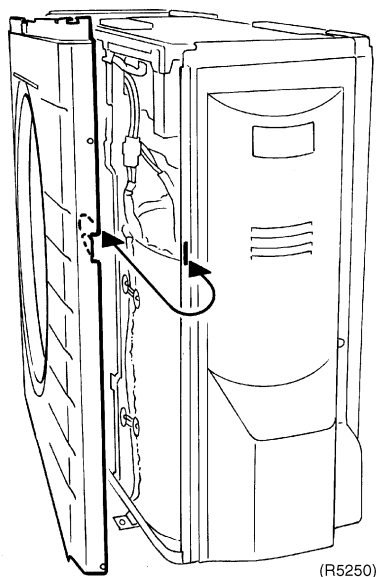
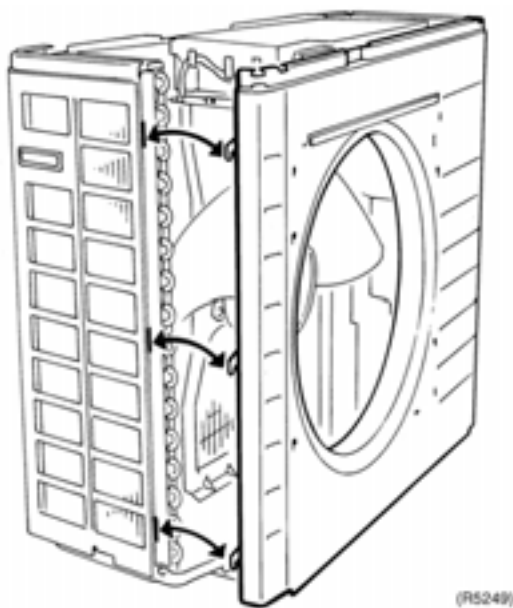
Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

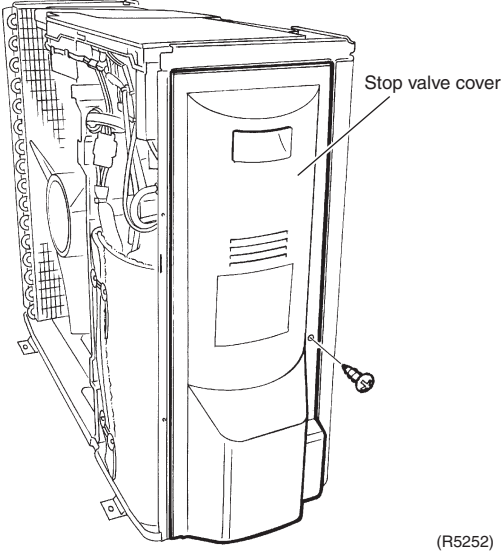
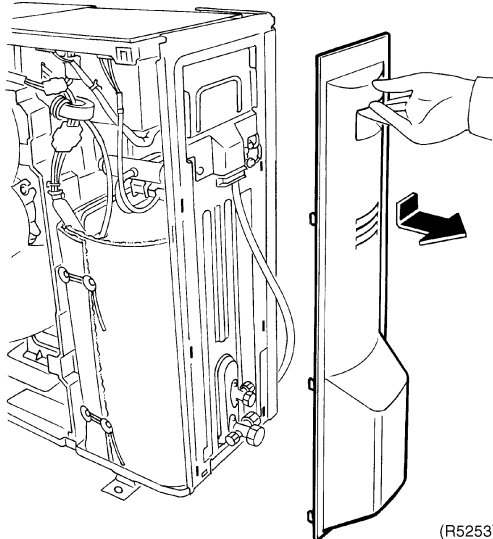
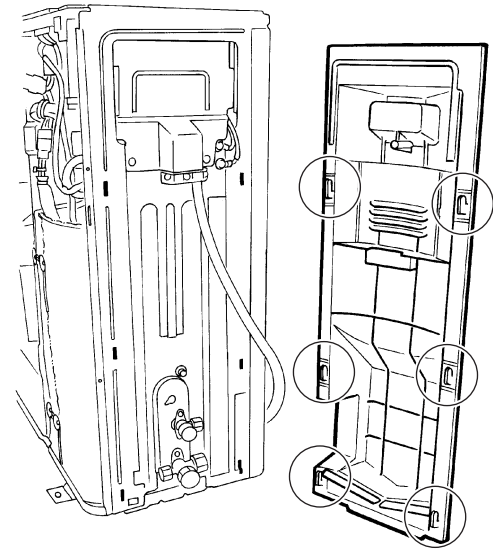
Step	Procedure	Points
1.	Remove the panels.	
1	Remove the 4 screws and lift the top panel.  	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Take care not to cut your finger by the fins of the outdoor heat exchanger.
2	Remove the 4 screws and remove the discharge grille. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Slide the discharge grille upwards and remove it.

Step	Procedure	Points
3	Remove the 6 screws of the front panel.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The discharge grille has 4 hooks.
4	Push the front panel and lift the shield plate to unfasten the hooks.	



Step	Procedure	Points
5	<p>Unfasten the left side hooks, and then the right side hook. Remove the front panel.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Lift the front panel while pushing the left side panel inwards. ■ Lift the front panel and unfasten the right side hook. ■ When reassembling, fit the right side of the front panel first.



Step	Procedure	Points
2.	Remove the stop valve cover.	
1	<p data-bbox="199 286 446 347">Remove the screw of the stop valve cover.</p>  <p data-bbox="965 851 1029 873">(R5252)</p>	
2	<p data-bbox="199 898 462 1019">Pull down the stop valve cover to unfasten the hooks and remove it.</p>  <p data-bbox="965 1444 1029 1467">(R5253)</p>  <p data-bbox="965 2072 1029 2094">(R5254)</p>	<p data-bbox="1093 1489 1444 1556">■ The stop valve cover has 6 hooks.</p>

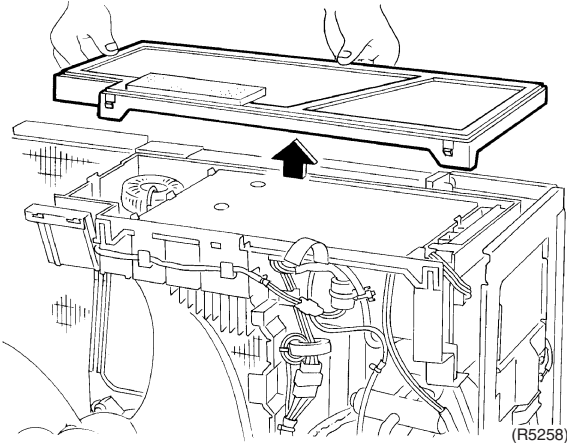
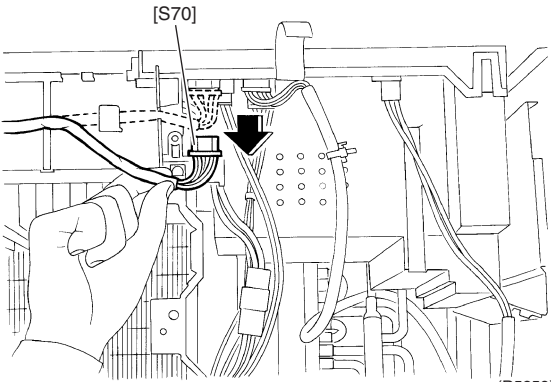
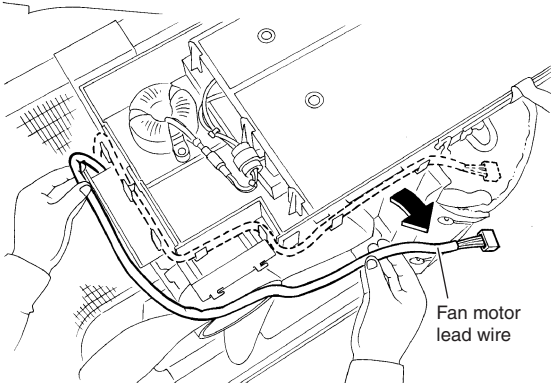
4.2 Removal of Outdoor Fan / Fan Motor

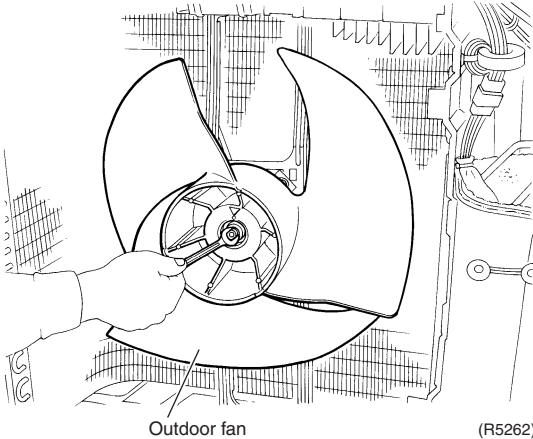
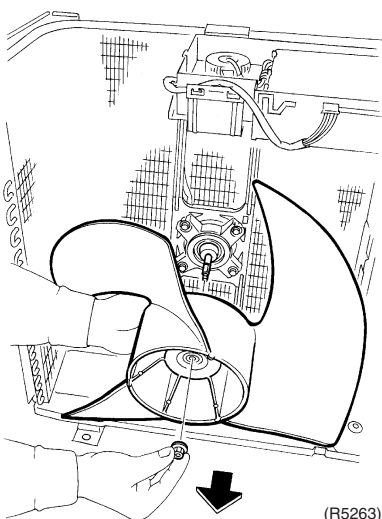
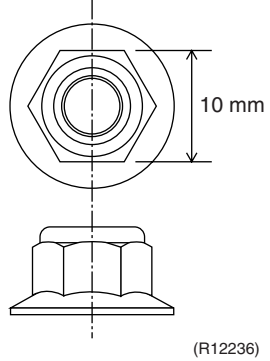
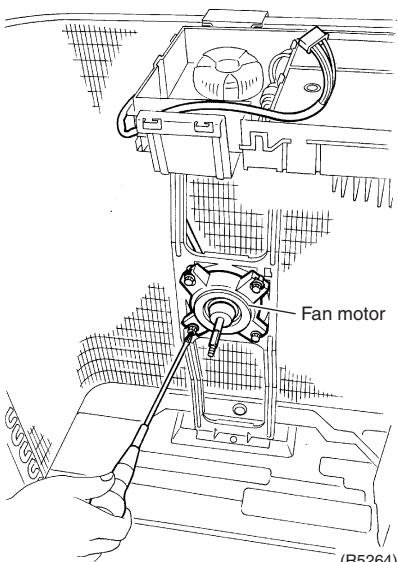
Procedure

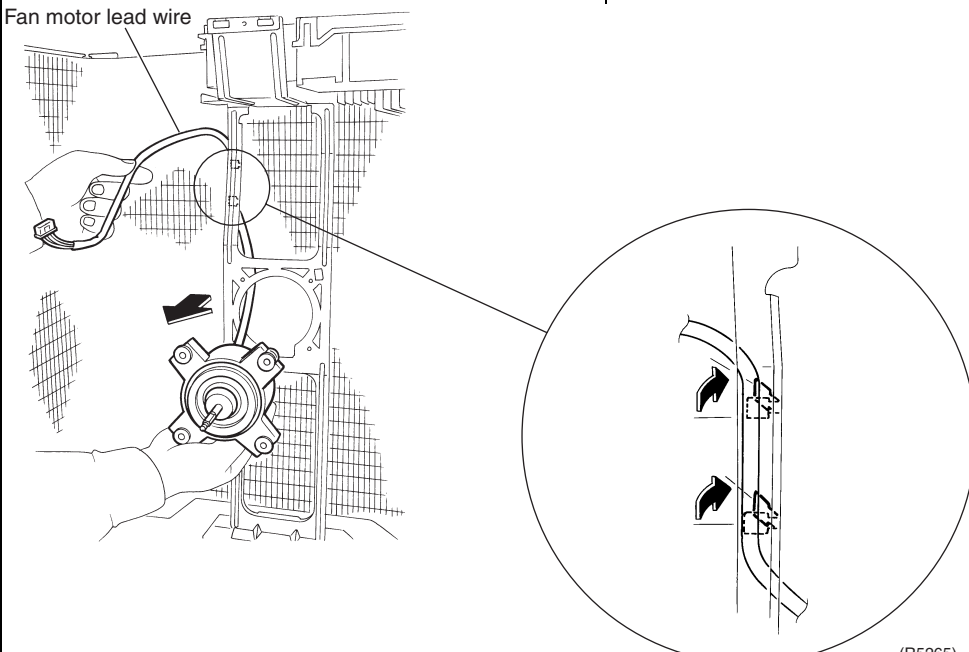


Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Points
1. Remove the electrical box cover.		
1 Remove the screw of the shield plate.	<p style="text-align: right;">(R5255)</p>	<p>Preparation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remove the top panel and the front panel according to the "Removal of Outer Panels". ■ This procedure is not necessary to remove the outdoor fan only.
2 Unfasten the 2 hooks and remove the shield plate.	<p style="text-align: right;">(R12029)</p>	
3 Unfasten the 4 hooks of the electrical box cover and remove it.	<p style="text-align: right;">(R5257)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R5258)</p>	
<p>2. Remove the fan motor.</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p>	<p>1 Disconnect the connector for the fan motor [S70].</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R5259)</p> <p>2 Release the fan motor lead wire from the 7 hooks.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R5260)</p>	

Step		Procedure	Points
3	Remove the washer-fitted nut of the outdoor fan.	 <p style="text-align: center;">Outdoor fan (R5262)</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">(R5263)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The screw has reverse winding. ■ Nut size: M6  <p style="text-align: right;">(R12236)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ When reassembling, align ▼ mark of the outdoor fan with D-cut section of the motor shaft.
4	Remove the lower 2 screws from the fan motor first.	 <p style="text-align: center;">Fan motor (R5264)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Be sure to remove the lower screws first. If the upper screws are removed first, the fan motor, the center of gravity of which is toward the front, may tilt down or fall, getting you injured.
5	Then, remove the upper 2 screws.		

Step	Procedure	Points
<p>6</p>	<p>Release the fan motor lead wire from the 2 hooks and pull the fan motor out.</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">(R5265)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ When reassembling, put the fan motor lead wire through the back of the fan motor (so as not to be entangled with the outdoor fan).

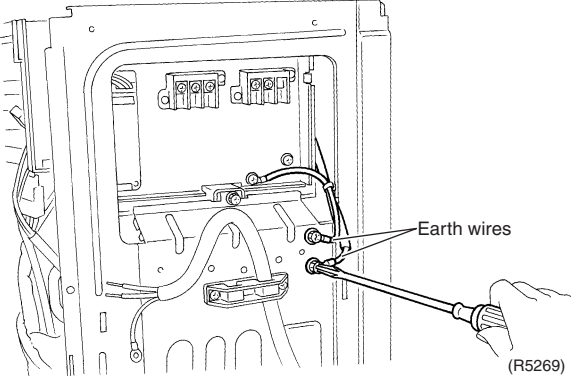
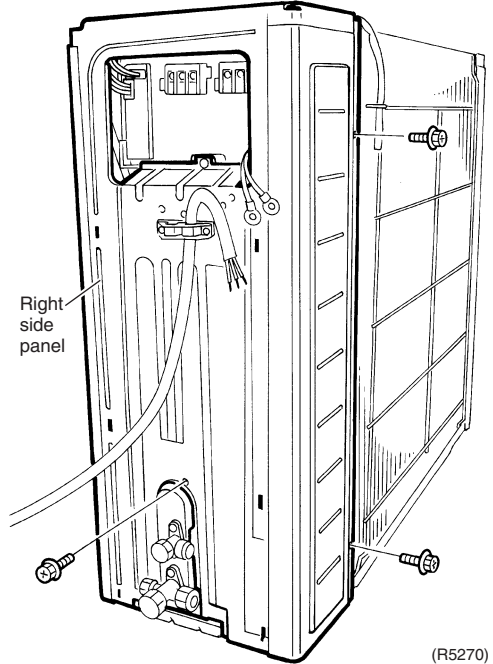
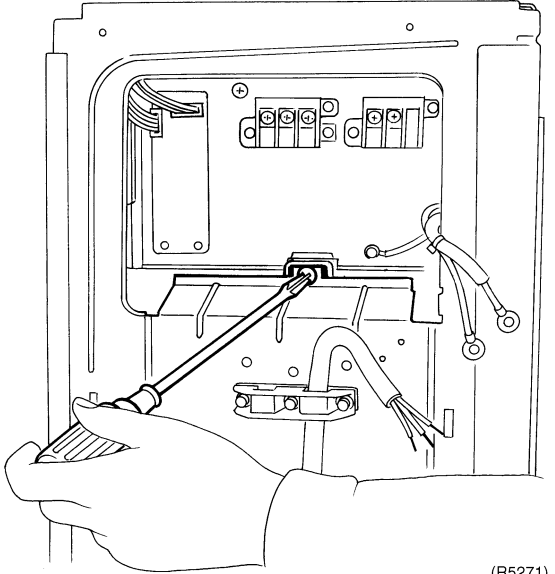
4.3 Removal of Electrical Box

Procedure

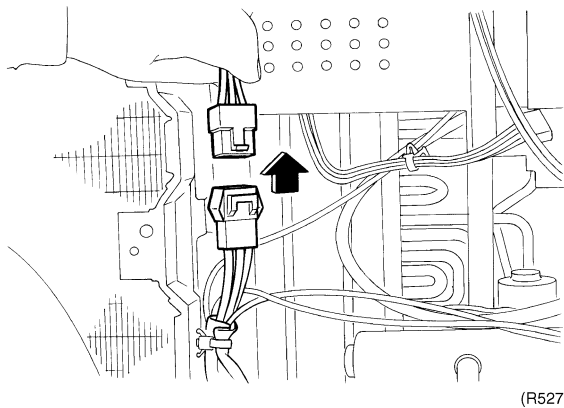
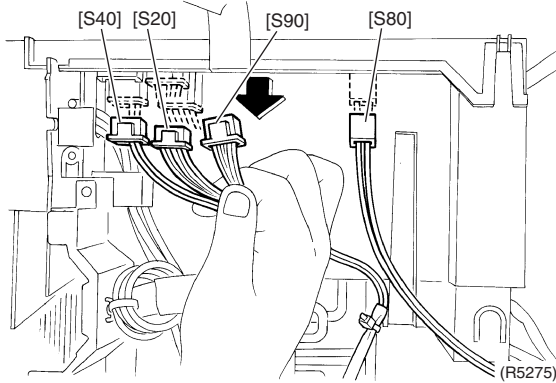
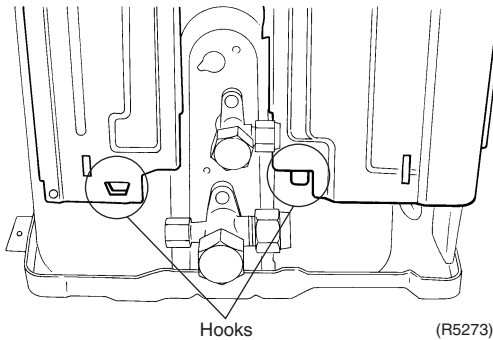
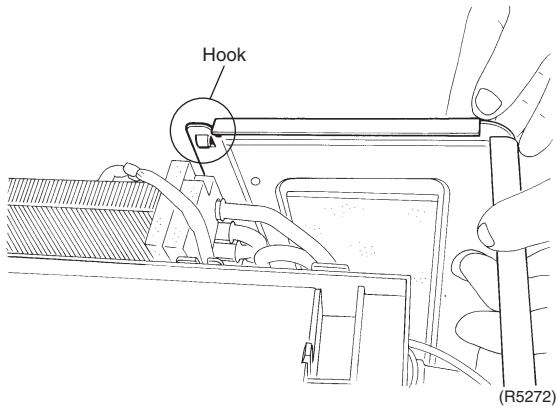


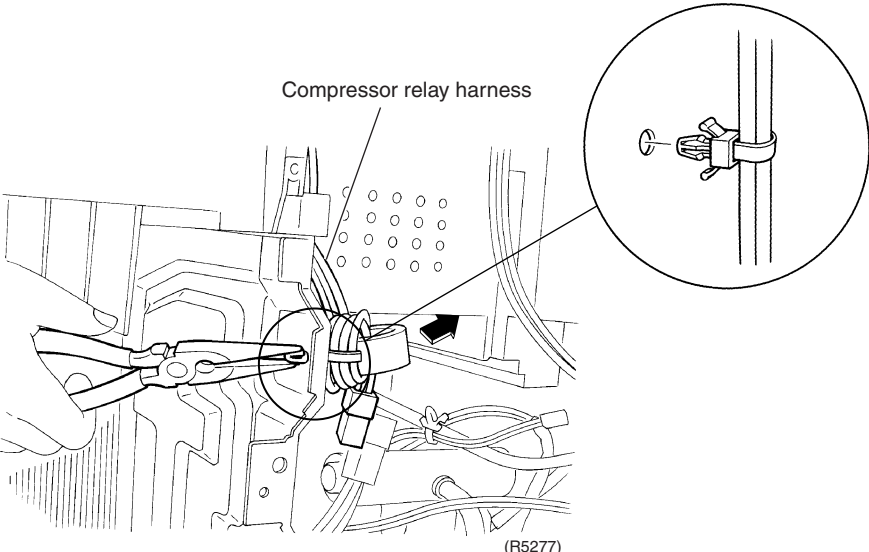
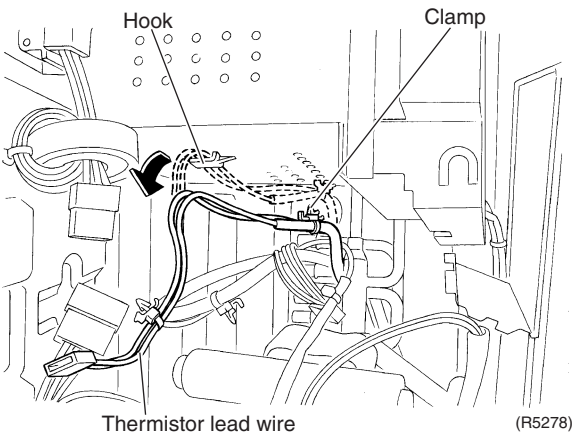
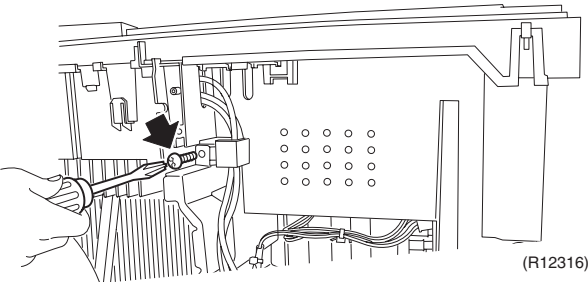
Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

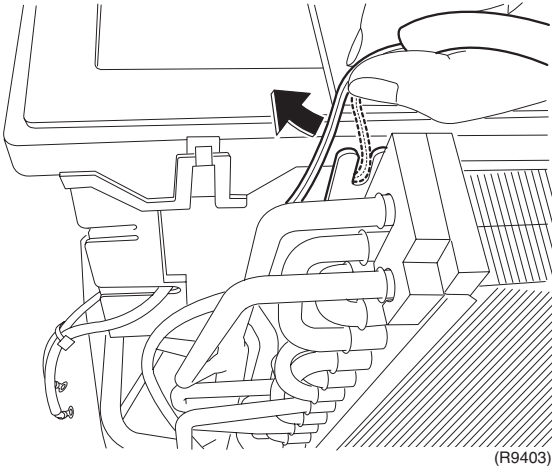
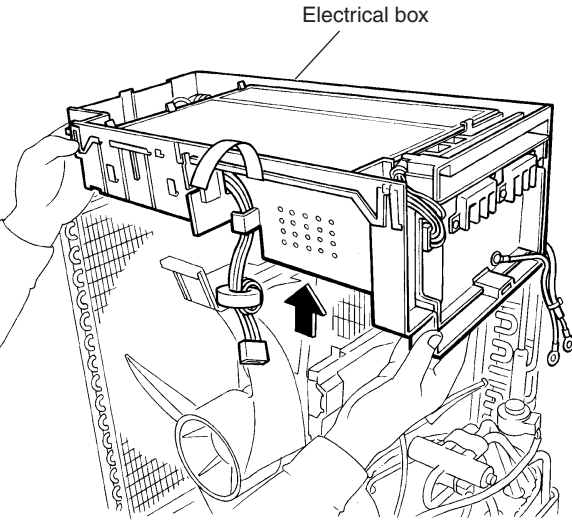
Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
1	Remove the 2 screws of the shield plate.	<p style="text-align: right;">(R5266)</p>	<p>Preparation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove the top panel and the front panel according to the "Removal of Outer Panels".
2	Slide the shield plate upward to unfasten the 1 hook on the bottom left, and then remove the shield plate.	<p style="text-align: right;">(R5267)</p>	
3	Disconnect the 2 power supply cables and the 1 earth wire.	<p style="text-align: right;">(R5268)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
4	Disconnect the 2 earth wires.	
	 <p>Earth wires</p> <p>(R5269)</p>	
5	Remove the 3 screws of the right side panel.	
	 <p>Right side panel</p> <p>(R5270)</p>	
6	Remove the screw of the electrical box.	
	 <p>(R5271)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
7	Unfasten the hooks and remove the right side panel.	■ When reassembling, insert the 2 hooks of the lower part and the 1 hook of the upper back.
8	Disconnect the connectors of the front side. [S20]: electronic expansion valve coil [S40]: overload protector [S80]: four way valve coil [S90]: thermistors	
9	Disconnect the relay connector for the compressor.	



Step	Procedure	Points
10	Release the clamp of the compressor relay harness with pliers.	
11	Detach the clamp and release the thermistor lead wires from the hook.	
12	Remove the screw.	

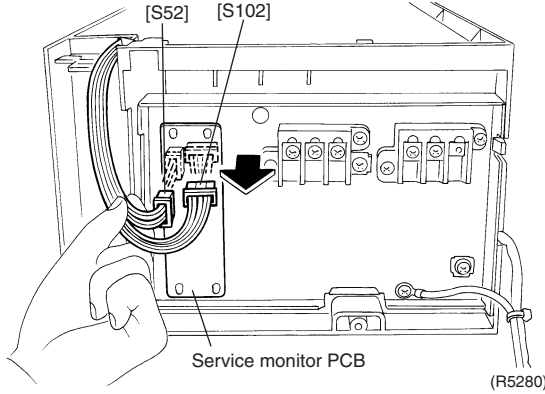
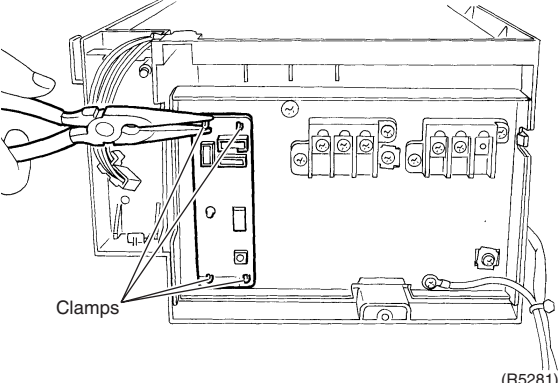
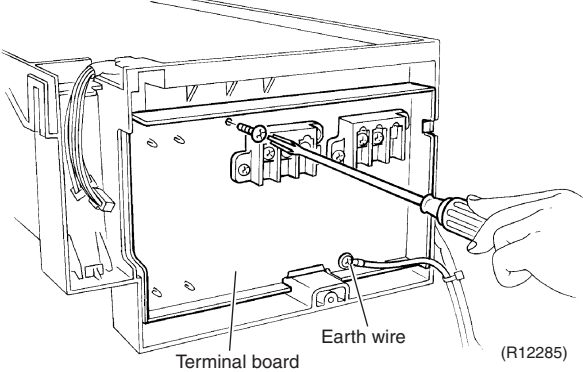
Step		Procedure	Points
13	Release the harness of the outdoor temperature thermistor from the hook.	 <p>(R9403)</p>	
14	Lift and remove the electrical box.	 <p>Electrical box</p> <p>(R5279)</p>	

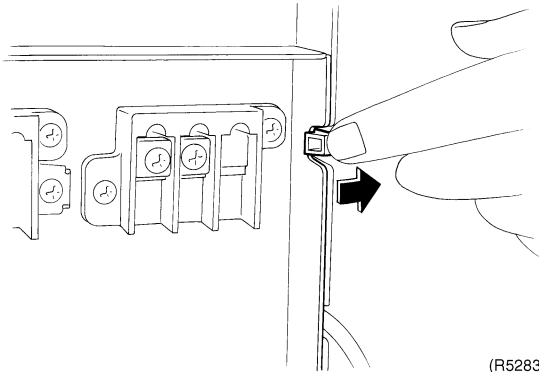
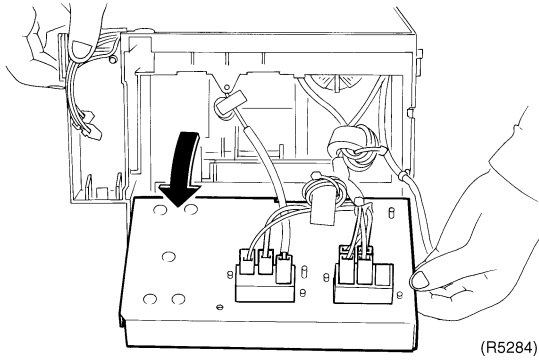
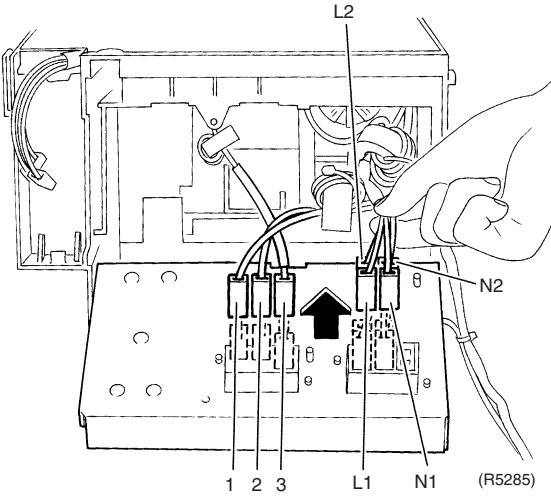
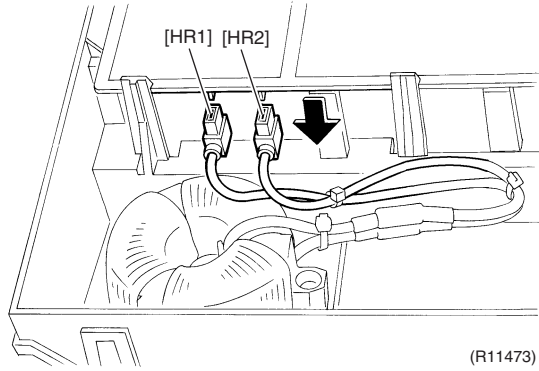
4.4 Removal of PCB

Procedure

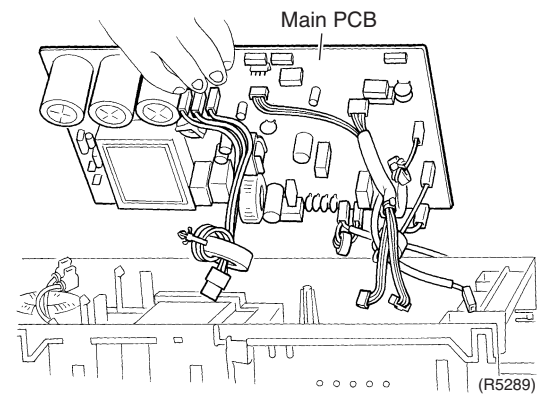
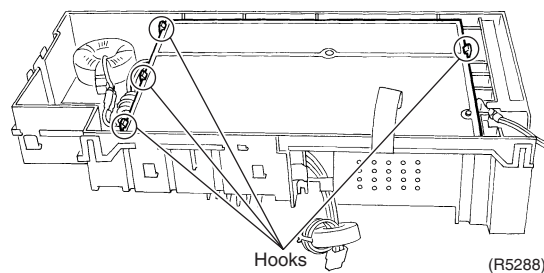
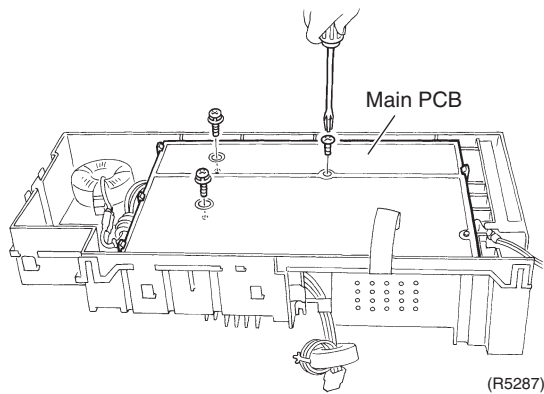


Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
1	Disconnect the connectors from the service monitor PCB [S52] [S102].	 <p>(R5280)</p>	Preparation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove the electrical box according to the "Removal of Electrical Box".
2	Detach the 4 clamps with pliers.	 <p>(R5281)</p>	
3	Remove the screws of the terminal board and the earth wire.	 <p>(R12285)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
4	Unfasten the hook on the right.	
	 <p>(R5283)</p>	
5	Open the terminal board.	
	 <p>(R5284)</p>	
6	Disconnect the harnesses.	
	 <p>(R5285)</p>	<p>1: Black 2: White 3: Red L1: Black L2: Brown N1: White N2: Blue</p>
7	Disconnect the 2 connectors for the reactor [HR1] [HR2].	
	 <p>(R11473)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
8	Remove the 3 screws of the main PCB.	
9	Unfasten the 4 hooks.	
10	Lift up and remove the main PCB.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to page 19 for detail.

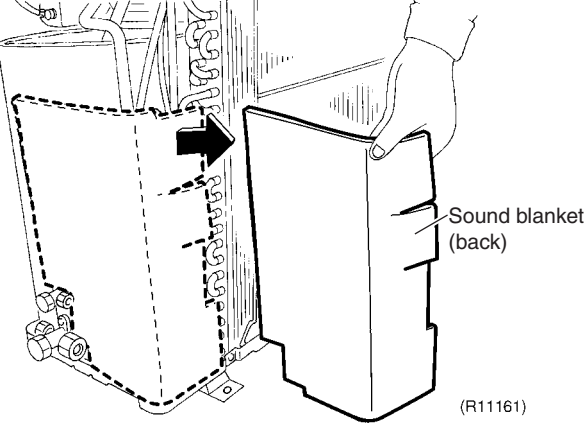
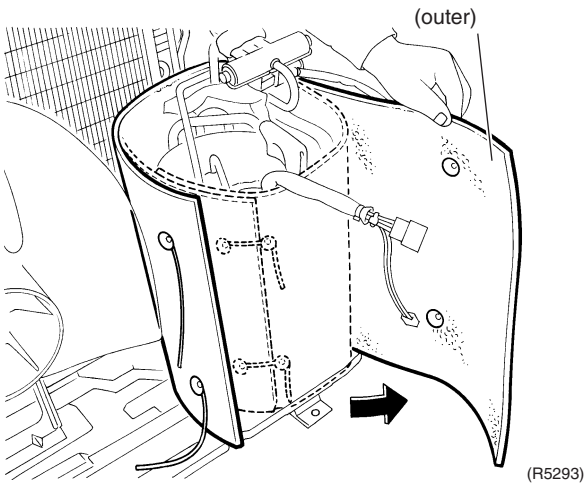
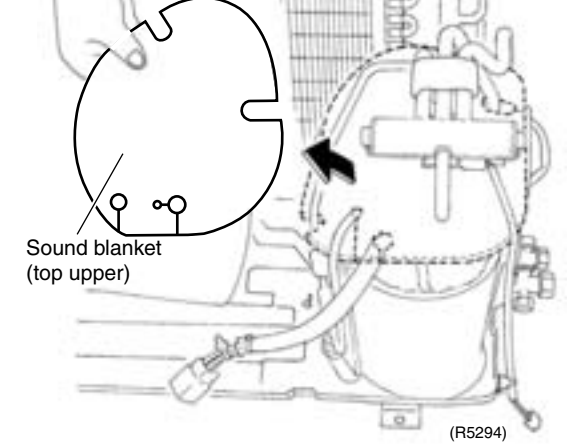


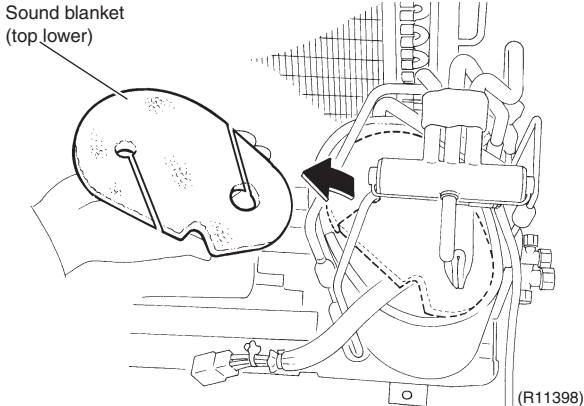
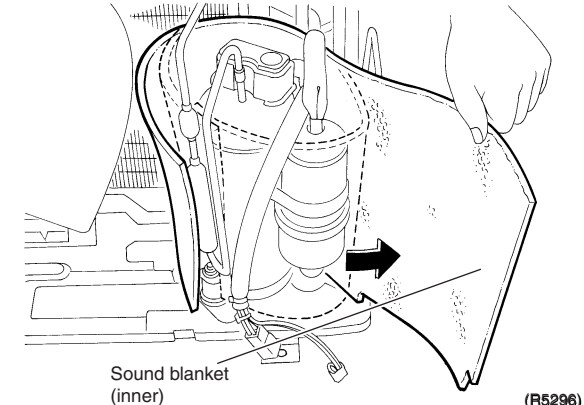
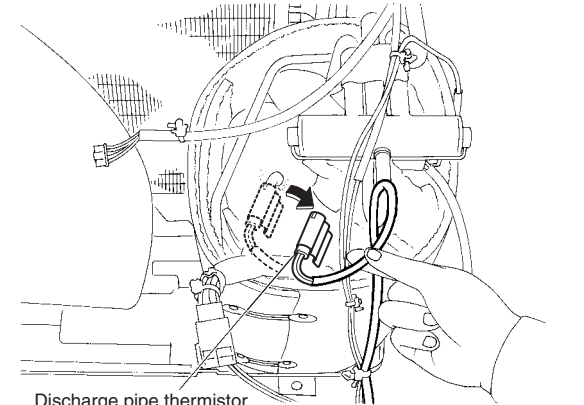
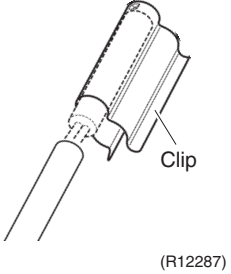
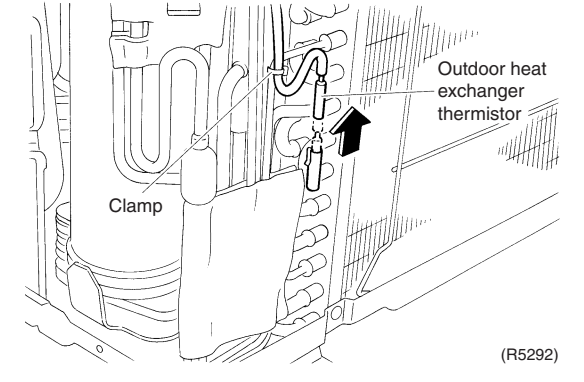
4.5 Removal of Sound Blankets / Thermistors

Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
1	Remove the sound blanket (back).	 <p>(R11161)</p>	
2	Remove the sound blanket (outer).	 <p>(R5293)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Since the piping ports are torn easily, remove the sound blanket carefully.
3	Remove the sound blanket (top upper).	 <p>(R5294)</p>	

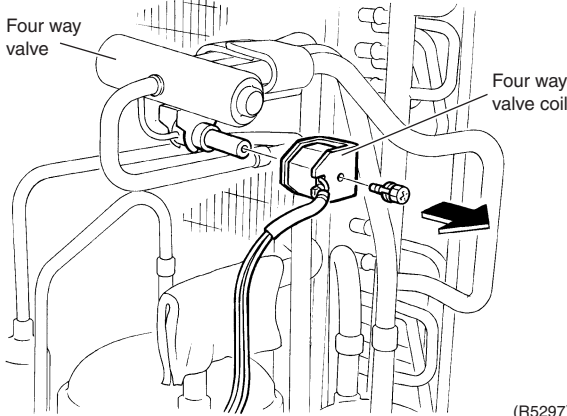
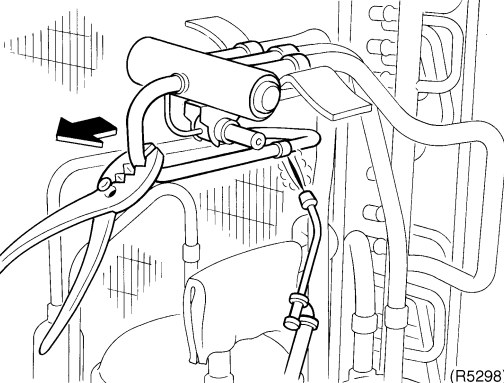
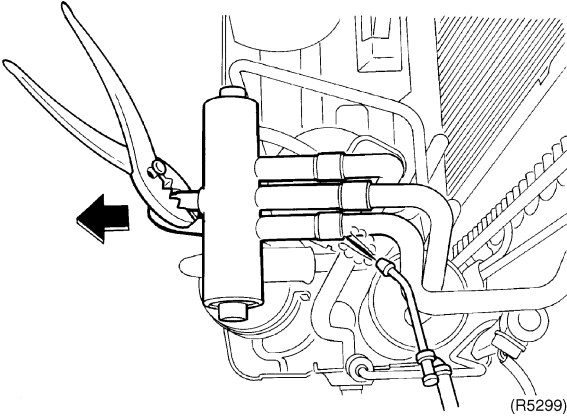
Step	Procedure	Points
4	<p>Remove the sound blanket (top lower).</p> 	
5	<p>Remove the sound blanket (inner).</p> 	
6	<p>Release the discharge pipe thermistor.</p> 	<p>■ Be careful not to lose the clip for the thermistor.</p> 
7	<p>Cut the clamp and pull out the outdoor heat exchanger thermistor.</p> 	

4.6 Removal of Four Way Valve

Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

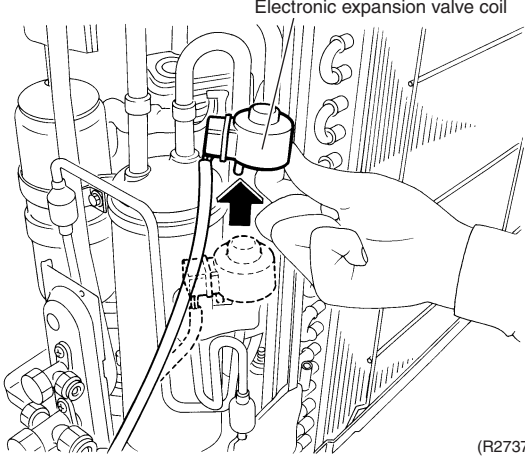
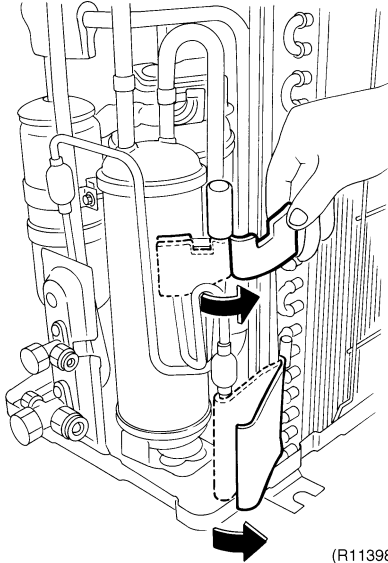
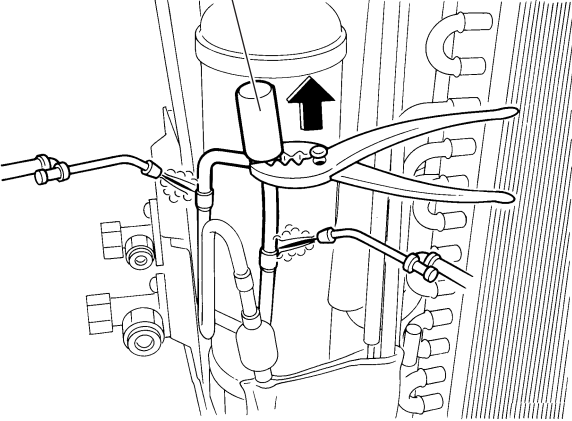
Step	Procedure	Points
1	<p>Remove the screw and remove the four way valve coil.</p>  <p>(R5297)</p>	<p>Warning Be careful not to get yourself burnt with the pipes and other parts that are heated by the gas brazing machine.</p> <p>Warning If the refrigerant gas leaks during work, ventilate the room. (If the refrigerant gas is exposed to flames, toxic gas may be generated.)</p> <p>Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, do not discharge the refrigerant gas in the atmosphere. Make sure to collect all the refrigerant gas.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Before working, make sure that the refrigerant gas is empty in the circuit. ■ Be sure to apply nitrogen replacement when heating up the brazed part. 	 <p>(R5298)</p>	<p>Cautions for restoration</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restore the piping by non-oxidation brazing. 2. It is required to prevent the carbonization of the oil inside the four way valve and the deterioration of the gaskets affected by heat. (Keep below 120°C.) For the sake of this, wrap the four way valve with wet cloth and provide water so that the cloth does not dry.
2	<p>Heat up the brazed part of the four way valve and disconnect.</p>	<p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Do not use a metal saw for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit. ■ When withdrawing the pipes, be careful not to pinch them firmly with pliers. The pipes may get deformed. ■ Provide a protective sheet or a steel plate so that the brazing flame cannot influence peripheries.
3	<p>Heat up every brazed part in turn and disconnect.</p>  <p>(R5299)</p>	

4.7 Removal of Electronic Expansion Valve

Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
1	Pull out the electronic expansion valve coil.	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R2737)</p>	
2	Remove the sheets of putty.	 <p style="text-align: right;">(R11398)</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Before working, make sure that the refrigerant gas is empty in the circuit. ■ Be sure to apply nitrogen replacement when heating up the brazed part. 		 <p style="text-align: right;">(R2739)</p>	<p>Warning Be careful not to get yourself burnt with the pipes and other parts that are heated by the gas brazing machine.</p>
3	Heat up the 2 brazed parts of the electronic expansion valve and remove it.		<p>Warning If the refrigerant gas leaks during work, ventilate the room. (If the refrigerant gas is exposed to flames, toxic gas may be generated.)</p> <p>Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, do not discharge the refrigerant gas in the atmosphere. Make sure to collect all the refrigerant gas.</p>

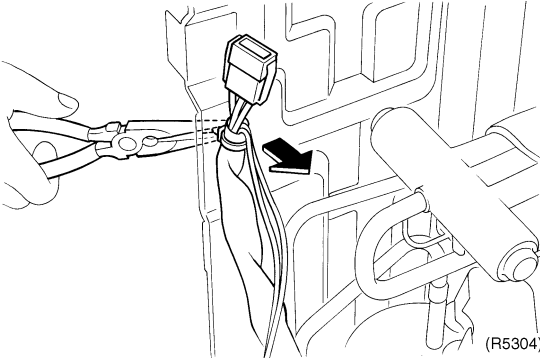
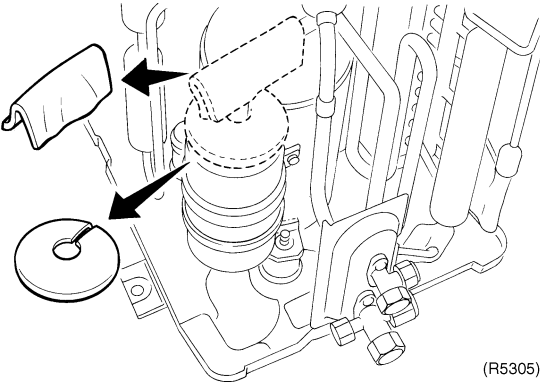
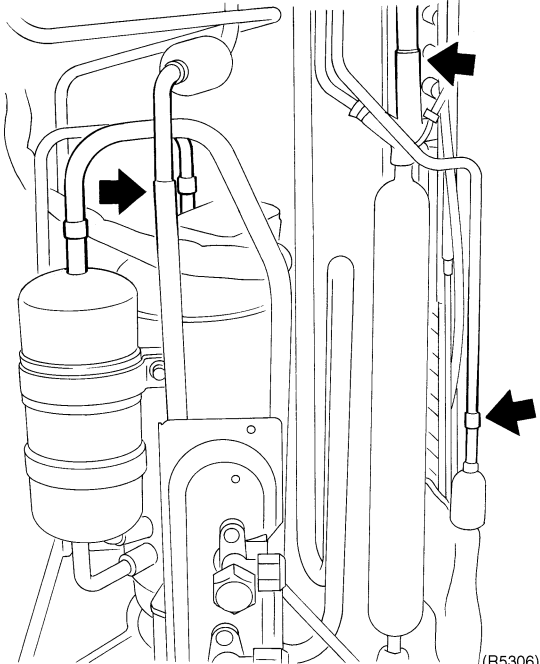
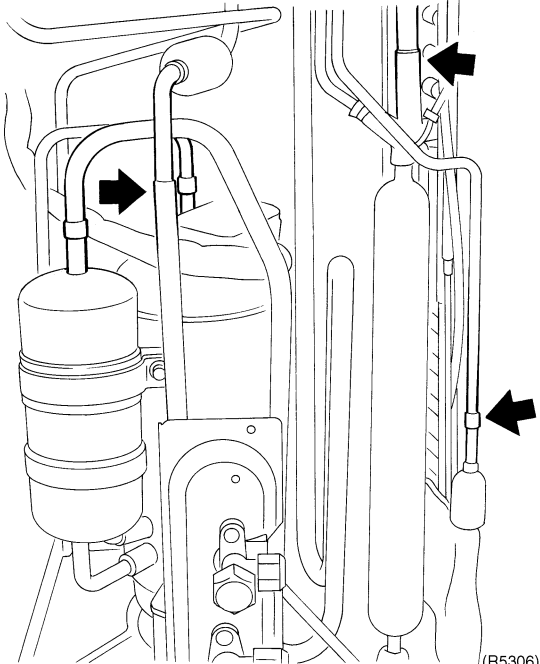
4.8 Removal of Compressor

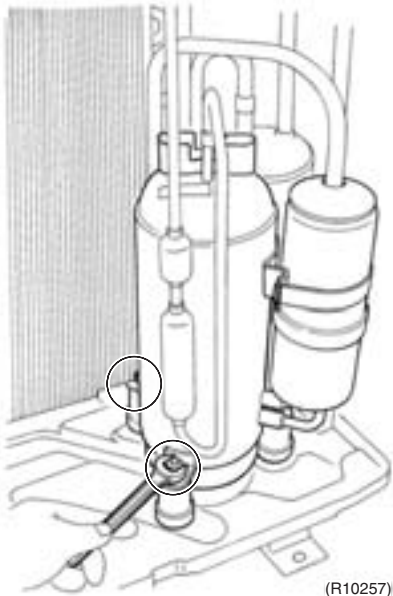
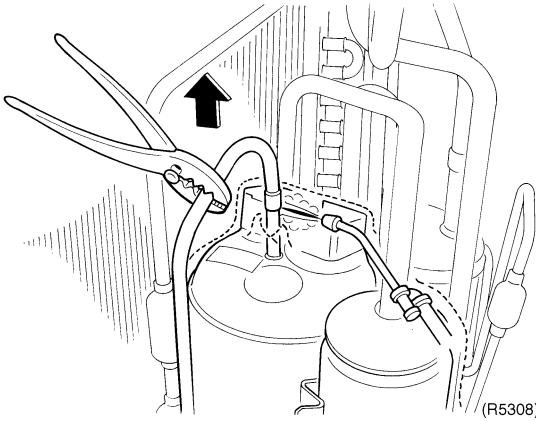
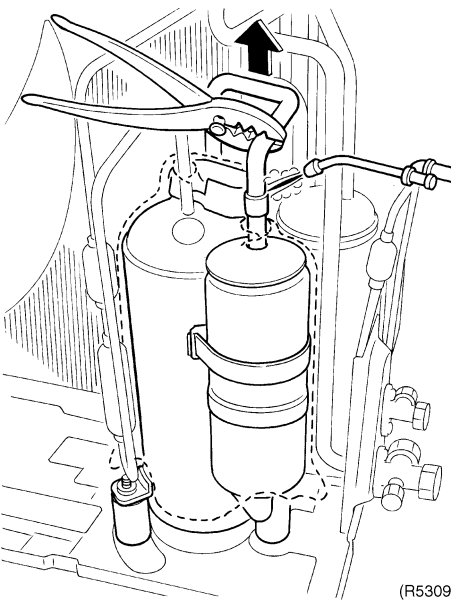
Procedure



Warning Be sure to wait for 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step	Procedure	Procedure	Points
1	Remove the terminal cover.	<p>(R5301)</p> <p>(R5302)</p>	
2	Disconnect the lead wires of the compressor.	<p>(R12204)</p>	

Step	Procedure	Points
<p>3 Release the clamp with pliers to detach the compressor lead wires.</p>	 <p>(R5304)</p>	
<p>4 Remove the putty.</p>	 <p>(R5305)</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Before working, make sure that the refrigerant gas is empty in the circuit. ■ Be sure to apply nitrogen replacement when heating up the brazed part. 	 <p>(R5306)</p>	<p>Warning Be careful not to get yourself burnt with the pipes and other parts that are heated by the gas brazing machine.</p>
<p>5 Heat up the brazed parts indicated by the arrows.</p>	 <p>(R5306)</p>	<p>Warning If the refrigerant gas leaks during work, ventilate the room. (If the refrigerant gas is exposed to flames, toxic gas may be generated.)</p> <p>Warning Since it may happen that the refrigerant oil in the compressor catches fire, prepare wet cloth so as to extinguish fire immediately.</p> <p>Caution From the viewpoint of global environment protection, do not discharge the refrigerant gas in the atmosphere. Make sure to collect all the refrigerant gas.</p>

Step	Procedure	Points
6	Remove the 2 nuts of the compressor.	<p>Cautions for restoration</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restore the piping by non-oxidation brazing. 2. It is required to prevent the carbonization of the oil inside the four way valve and the deterioration of the gaskets affected by heat. (Keep below 120°C.) For the sake of this, wrap the four way valve with wet cloth and provide water so that the cloth does not dry. <p>In case of difficulty with gas brazing machine</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect the brazed part where is easy to disconnect and restore. 2. Cut pipes on the main unit with a tube cutter in order to make it easy to disconnect. <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Do not use a metal saw for cutting pipes by all means because the sawdust comes into the circuit. ■ When withdrawing the pipes, be careful not to pinch them firmly with pliers. The pipes may get deformed. ■ Provide a protective sheet or a steel plate so that the brazing flame cannot influence peripheries. ■ Be careful so as not to burn the compressor terminals, the name plate, the heat exchanger fin.
7	Heat up the brazed part of the discharge side and disconnect.	 <p>(R10257)</p>  <p>(R5308)</p>
8	Heat up the brazed part of the suction side and disconnect.	 <p>(R5309)</p>
9	Lift the compressor up and remove it.	

Part 8

Trial Operation and Field Settings

1. Pump Down Operation.....	239
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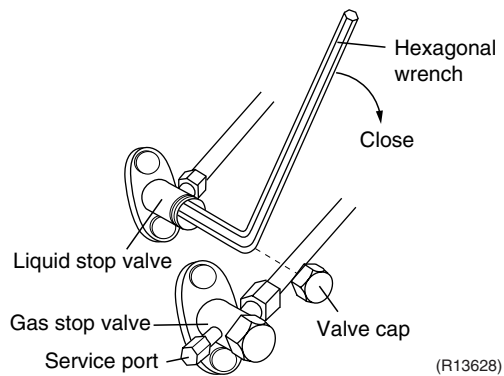
1. Pump Down Operation

Outline

In order to protect the environment, be sure to conduct pump down operation when relocating or disposing the unit.

Detail

- 1) Remove the valve caps from the liquid stop valve and the gas stop valve.
- 2) Carry out forced cooling operation.
- 3) After 5 to 10 minutes, close the liquid stop valve with a hexagonal wrench.
- 4) After 2 to 3 minutes, close the gas stop valve and stop the forced cooling operation.

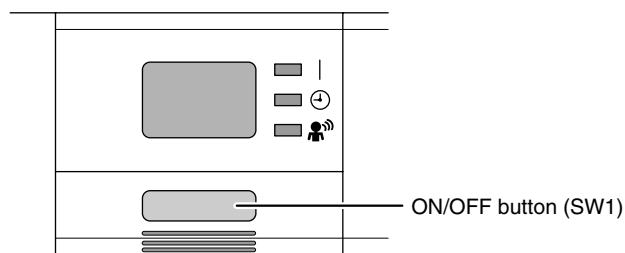


Refer to page 240 for forced cooling operation.

2. Forced Cooling Operation

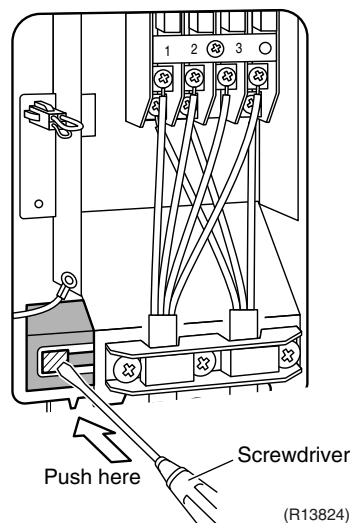
Item	Forced Cooling
Conditions	The forced cooling operation is allowed when both the following conditions are met. 1) The outdoor unit is not abnormal and not in the 3-minute standby mode. 2) The outdoor unit is not operating.
Start	The forced cooling operation is allowed when both the following conditions are met. 1) Press the forced cooling operation ON/OFF button (SW1) on the indoor unit for 5 seconds. 2) Press the forced cooling operation ON/OFF button (SW1) on the outdoor unit.
Command frequency	20/25/35 class: 58 Hz 42 class: 47 Hz 50 class: 66 Hz
End	The forced cooling operation ends when any of the following conditions is fulfilled. 1) The operation ends automatically after 15 minutes. 2) Press the forced cooling operation ON/OFF button (SW1) on the indoor unit again. 3) Press the ON/OFF button on the remote controller. 4) Press the forced cooling operation ON/OFF button (SW1) on the outdoor unit.
Others	The protection functions are prior to all others in the forced cooling operation.

Indoor Unit



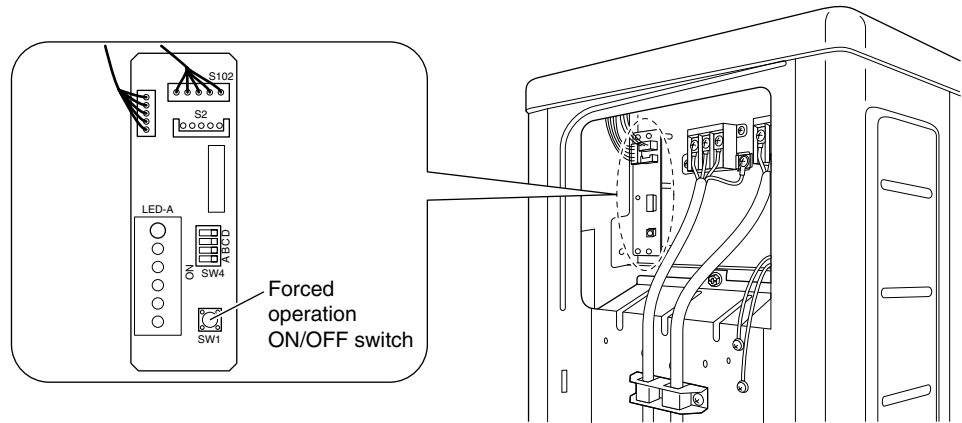
(R14040)

Outdoor Unit (20/25/35 class)



(R13824)

Outdoor Unit (50 class)



(R14176)



Note: 42 class models have no forced operation ON/OFF button on the outdoor unit PCB. Carry out forced cooling operation from indoor unit.

3. Trial Operation

Outline

1. Measure the supply voltage and make sure that it falls in the specified range.
2. Trial operation should be carried out in either cooling or heating mode.
3. Carry out the trial operation in accordance with the operation manual to ensure that all functions and parts, such as louver movement, are working properly.
 - The air conditioner requires a small amount of power in its standby mode. If the system is not to be used for some time after installation, shut off the circuit breaker to eliminate unnecessary power consumption.
 - If the circuit breaker trips to shut off the power to the air conditioner, the system backs up the operation mode. The system then restarts operation with the previous mode when the circuit breaker is restored.

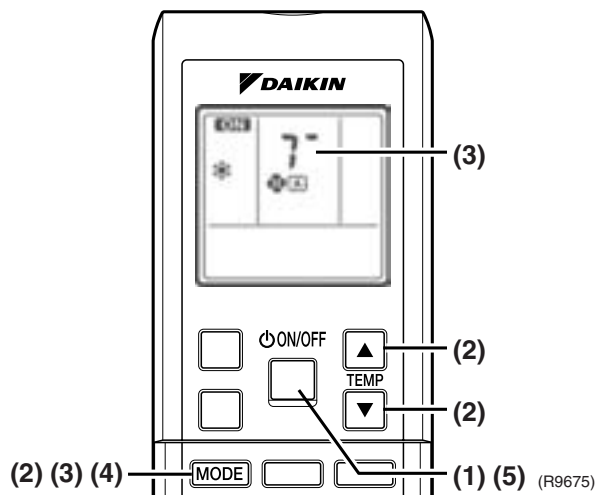
In cooling mode, select the lowest programmable temperature; in heating mode, select the highest programmable temperature.

- Trial operation may be disabled in either mode depending on the room temperature.
- After trial operation is complete, set the temperature to a normal level.
(26°C to 28°C in cooling mode, 20°C to 24°C in heating mode)
- For protection, the system does not start for 3 minutes after it is turned off.

Detail

ARC452 Series

- (1) Press the ON/OFF button to turn on the system.
- (2) Press the both of TEMP buttons and the MODE button at the same time.
- (3) Press the MODE button twice.
(“?” appears on the display to indicate that trial operation is selected.)
- (4) Press the MODE button and select operation mode.
- (5) Trial operation terminates in approx. 30 minutes and switches into normal mode. To quit a trial operation, press the ON/OFF button.

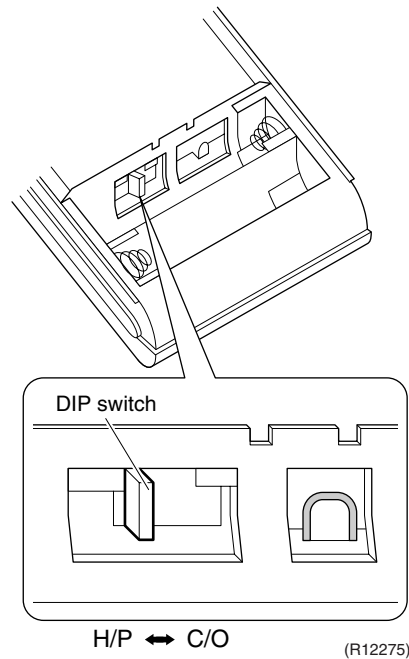


4. Field Settings

4.1 Model Type Setting

ARC452A3

- This remote controller is common to the heat pump model and cooling only model. Use the DIP switch on the remote controller to set the heat pump model or cooling only model.
- Make the setting as shown in the illustration. (The factory set is the heat pump side.)
 - Heat pump model: Set the DIP switch to H/P.
 - Cooling only model: Set the DIP switch to C/O.



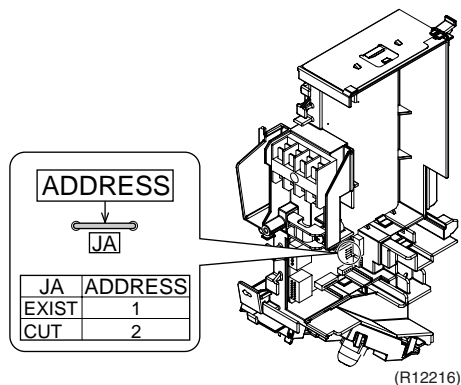
4.2 When 2 Units are Installed in 1 Room

When 2 indoor units are installed in 1 room, 1 of the 2 pairs of indoor unit and wireless remote controller can be set for different address.

Both the indoor unit PCB and the wireless remote controller need alteration.

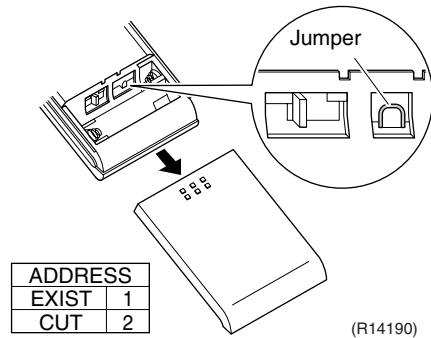
Indoor Unit PCB

- (1) Remove the front grille. (2 screws)
- (2) Remove the electrical box. (1 screw)
- (3) Remove the shield plate. (4 hooks)
- (4) Cut the address setting jumper JA on the control PCB.



Wireless Remote Controller

- (1) Remove the cover and take it off.
- (2) Cut the address setting jumper.



4.3 Standby Electricity Saving

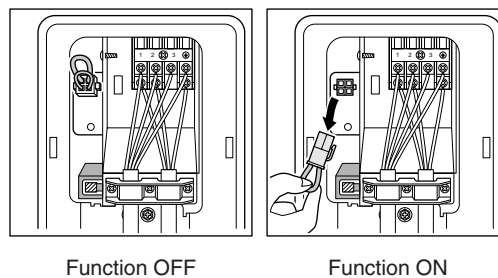
Outline**20-42 Class Only**

This function turns power supply OFF to the outdoor unit and sets the indoor unit into energy-saving mode, thus reducing the power consumption of the air conditioner.

Detail

For 20/25/35 class models, following procedure is required for turning ON the function.

1. Check that the main power supply is turned OFF. Turn OFF if it has not been turned OFF.
2. Remove the stop valve cover.
3. Disconnect the selective connector for standby electricity saving.
4. Turn ON the main power supply.



The standby electricity saving function is turned OFF before shipping.

(R11820)

**Caution**

Before connecting or disconnecting the selective connector for standby electricity saving, make sure that the main power supply is turned OFF.

4.4 Facility Setting Jumper and Switch (cooling at low outdoor temperature)

Outline

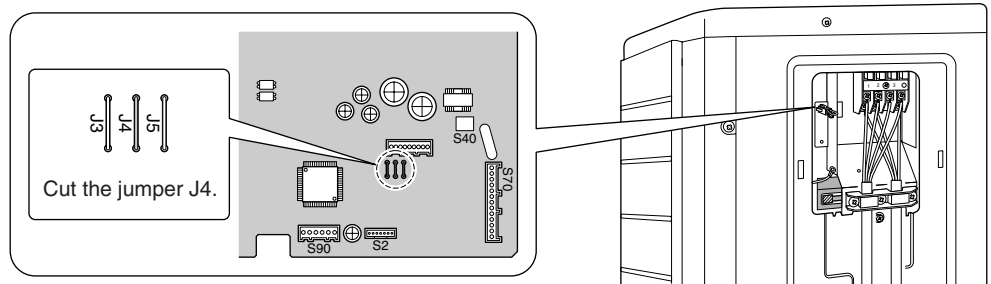
For Cooling Only Model

This function is limited only for facilities (the target of air conditioning is equipment (such as computer)). Never use it in a residence or office (the space where there is a human).

Detail

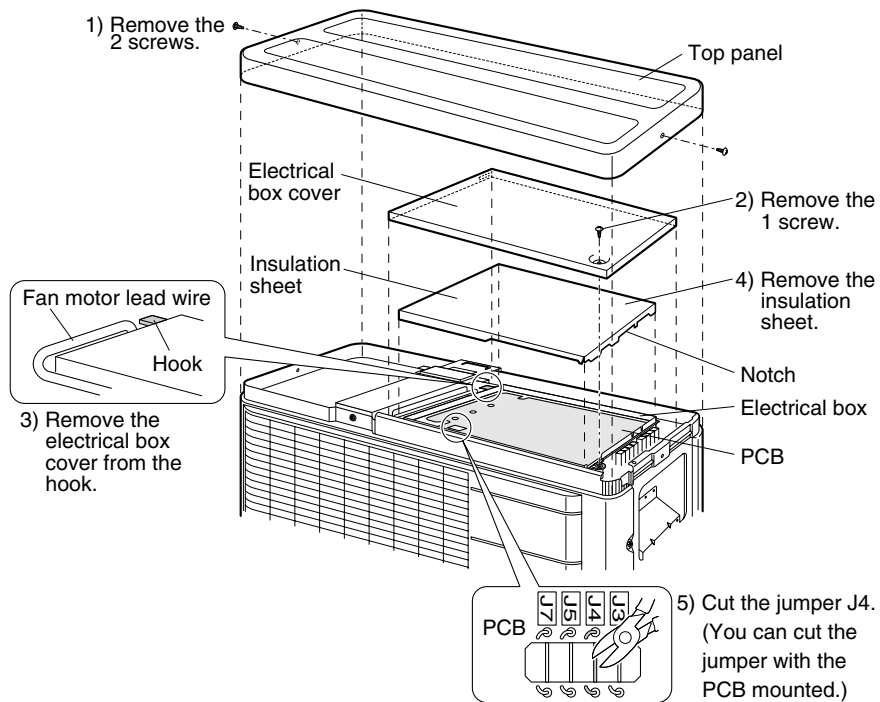
You can expand the operation range to -15°C by cutting jumper or turning on switch on the outdoor unit PCB. If the outdoor temperature falls to -20°C or lower, the operation stops. If the outdoor temperature rises, the operation starts again.

■ **RKS20/25/35J2V1B**



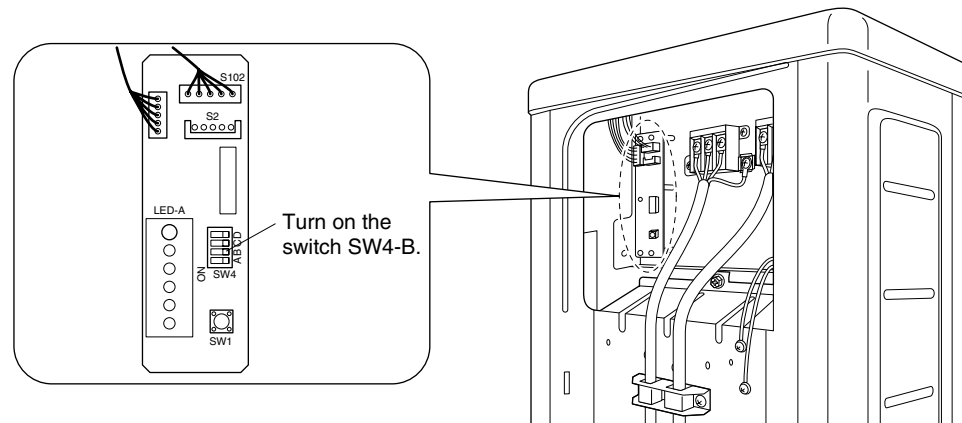
(R12187)

■ **RKS42J2V1B**



(R14267)

■ RKS50J2V1B



(R12186)



Caution

1. If the outdoor unit is installed where the outdoor heat exchanger of the unit is exposed to direct wind, provide a windbreak wall.
2. Intermittent noises may be produced by the indoor unit due to the outdoor fan turning on and off when using facility settings.
3. Do not place humidifiers or other items which might raise the humidity in rooms where facility settings are being used.
A humidifier might cause dew jumping from the indoor unit outlet vent.
4. Cutting jumper sets the indoor fan tap to the highest position. (20/25/35/42 class)
5. Use the indoor unit at the highest level of airflow rate. (50 class)

4.5 Jumper and Switch Settings

Jumper	Function	When connected (factory set)	When cut
JB (on indoor unit PCB)	Fan speed setting when compressor stops for thermostat OFF. (effective only at cooling operation)	Fan speed setting ; Remote controller setting	Fan rpm is set to "0" <Fan stop>
JC (on indoor unit PCB)	Power failure recovery function	Auto-restart	The unit does not resume operation after recovering from a power failure. Timer ON/OFF settings are cleared.
J5 (on outdoor unit PCB of 20-42 class)	Improvement of defrost performance	Standard control	Reinforced control (ex. The frequency increases, the duration time of defrost lengthens.)



For the location of the jumper, refer to the following pages.
Indoor unit; page 12
Outdoor unit; page 15, 17

Switch	Function	OFF (factory set)	ON
SW4-C (on outdoor unit PCB of 50 class)	Improvement of defrost performance	Standard control	Reinforced control (ex. The frequency increases, the duration time of defrost lengthens.)



For the location of the switch, refer to page 19.

5. Application of Silicon Grease to a Power Transistor and a Diode Bridge

Applicable Models

All outdoor units using inverter type compressor for room air conditioner.

When the printed circuit board (PCB) of an outdoor unit is replaced, it is required that silicon grease (*1) is certainly applied to the heat radiation part (the contact point to the radiation fin) of the power transistor and diode bridge.

*1: Parts number of the silicon grease – 1172698 (Drawing number 3FB03758-1)

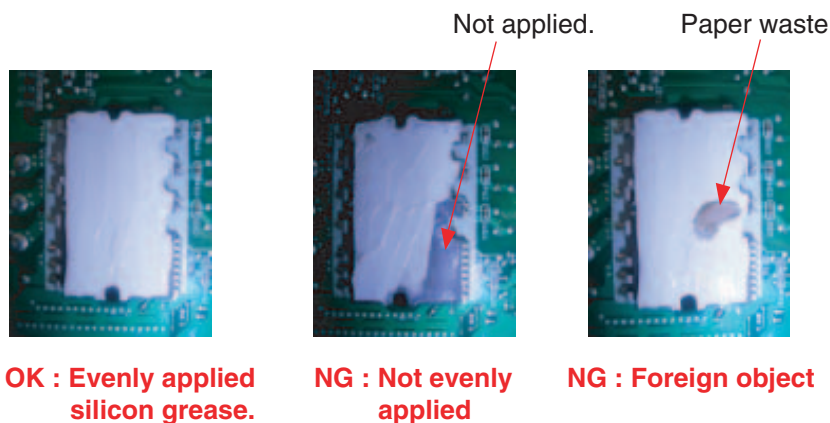
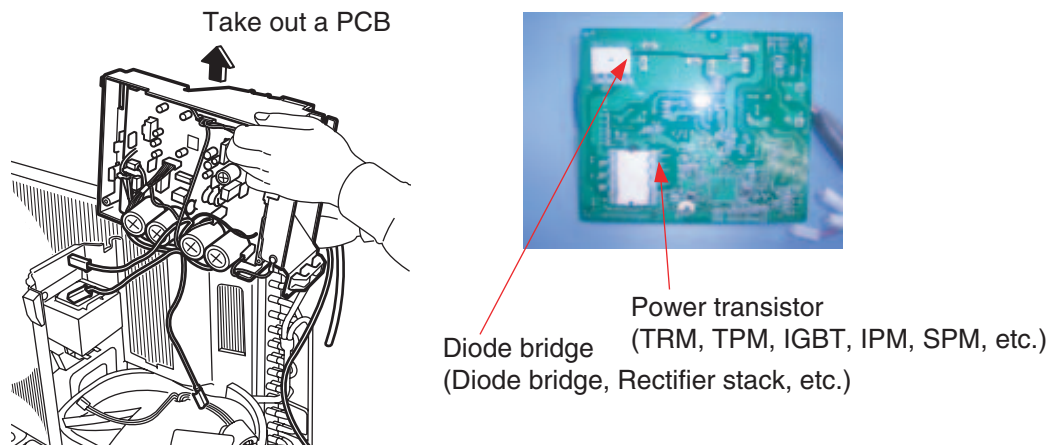
Details

The silicon grease is an essential article for encouraging the heat radiation of the power transistor and the diode bridge. Applying the paste should be implemented in accordance with the following instruction.

Remark: There is the possibility of failure with smoke in case of bad heat radiation.

- Wipe off the old silicon grease completely on a radiation fin.
- Apply the silicon grease evenly to the whole.
- Do not leave any foreign object such as solder or paper waste between the power transistor and the radiation fin, and also the diode bridge, and the radiation fin.
- Tighten the screws of the power transistor and the diode bridge, and contact to the radiation fin without any gap.

<Example>



(R9056)

Part 9 Appendix

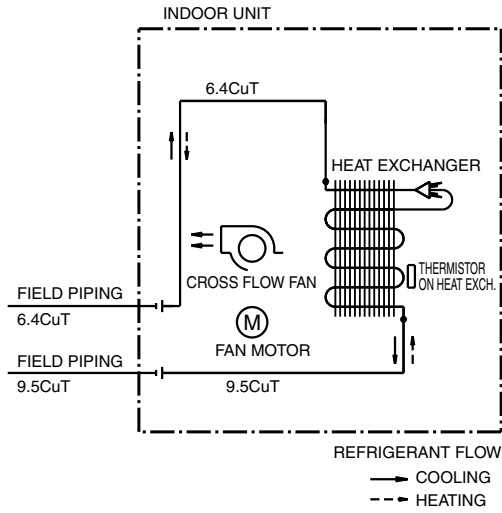
1. Piping Diagrams.....	249
1.1 Indoor Unit.....	249
1.2 Outdoor Unit.....	250
2. Wiring Diagrams.....	254
2.1 Indoor Unit.....	254
2.2 Outdoor Unit.....	254

1. Piping Diagrams

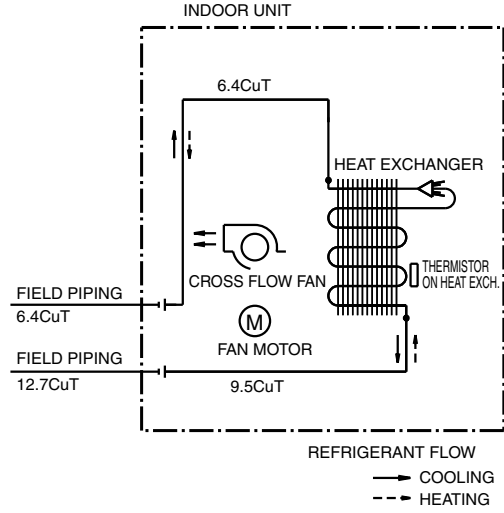
1.1 Indoor Unit

FTXS20/25/35/42J2V1B

FTXS50J2V1B



4D058897E

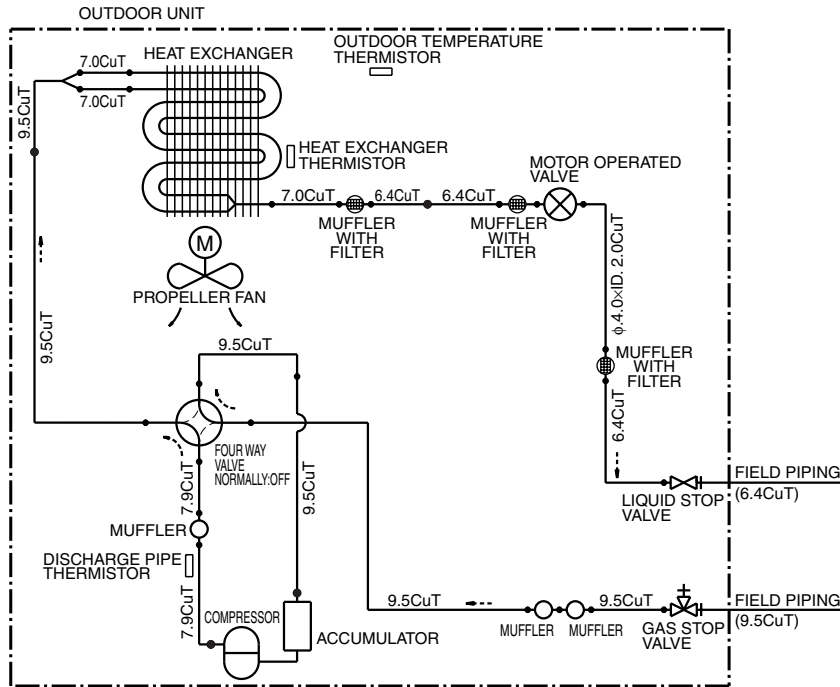


4D058898E

1.2 Outdoor Unit

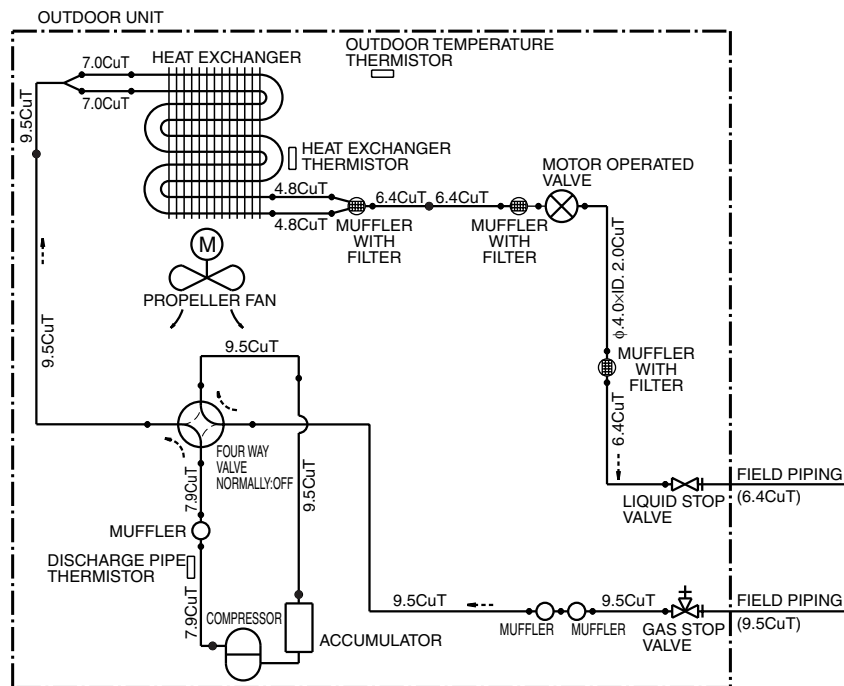
1.2.1 Cooling Only

RKS20J2V1B



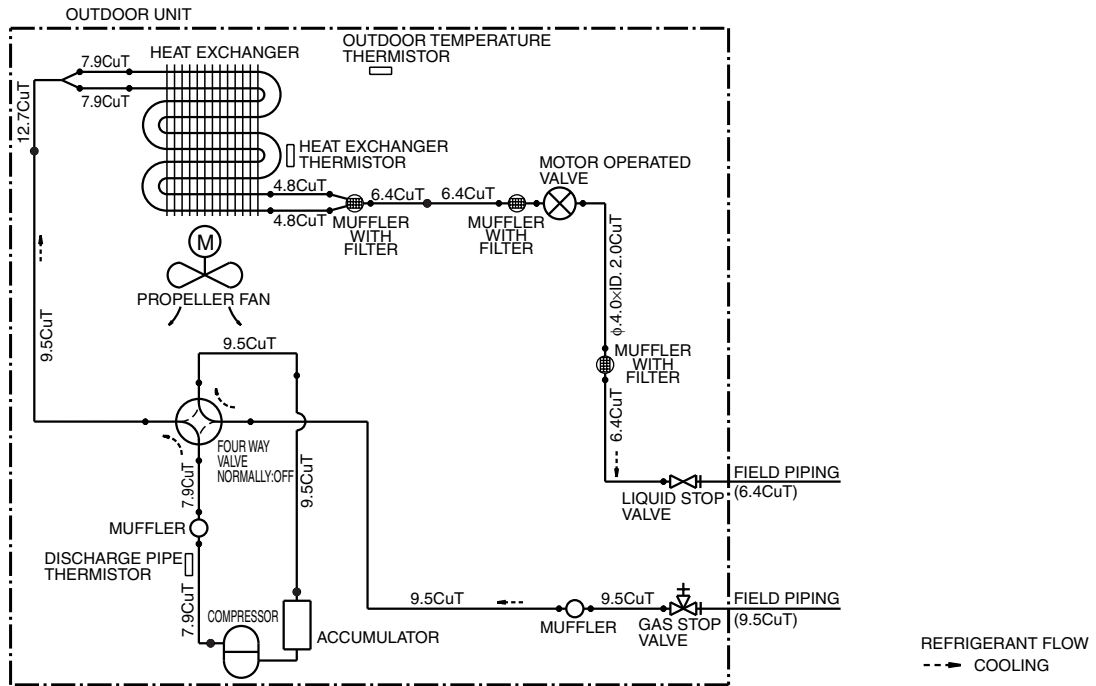
3D059588B

RKS25/35J2V1B



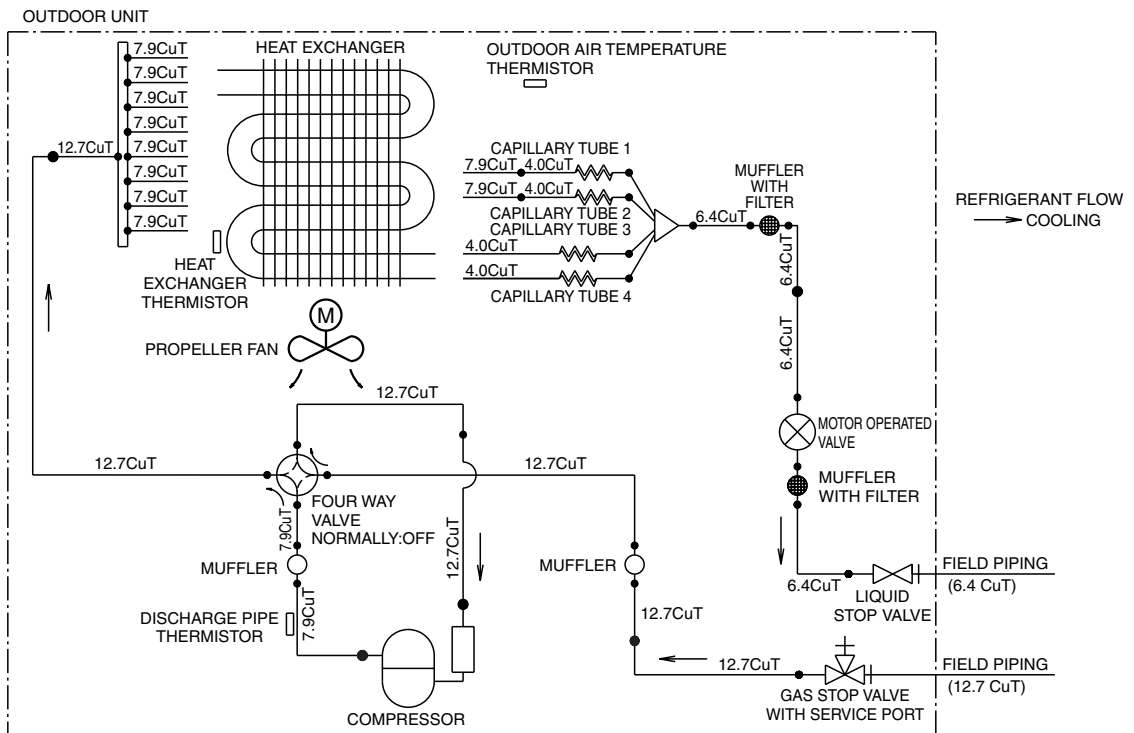
3D059589E

RKS42J2V1B



3D059591A

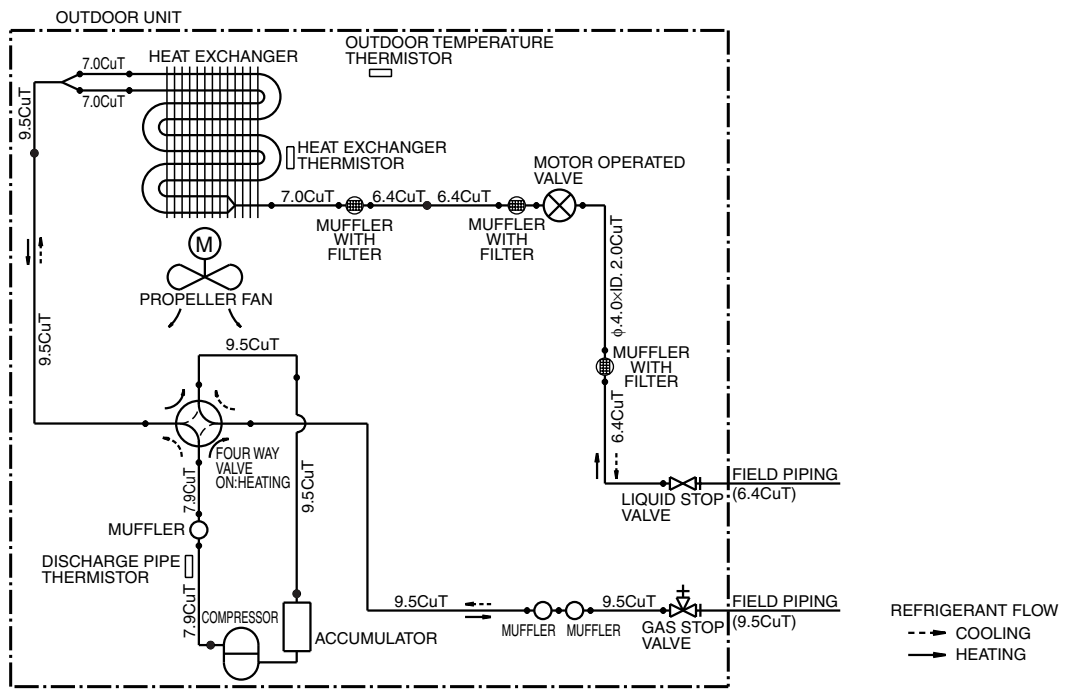
RKS50J2V1B



3D051636Q

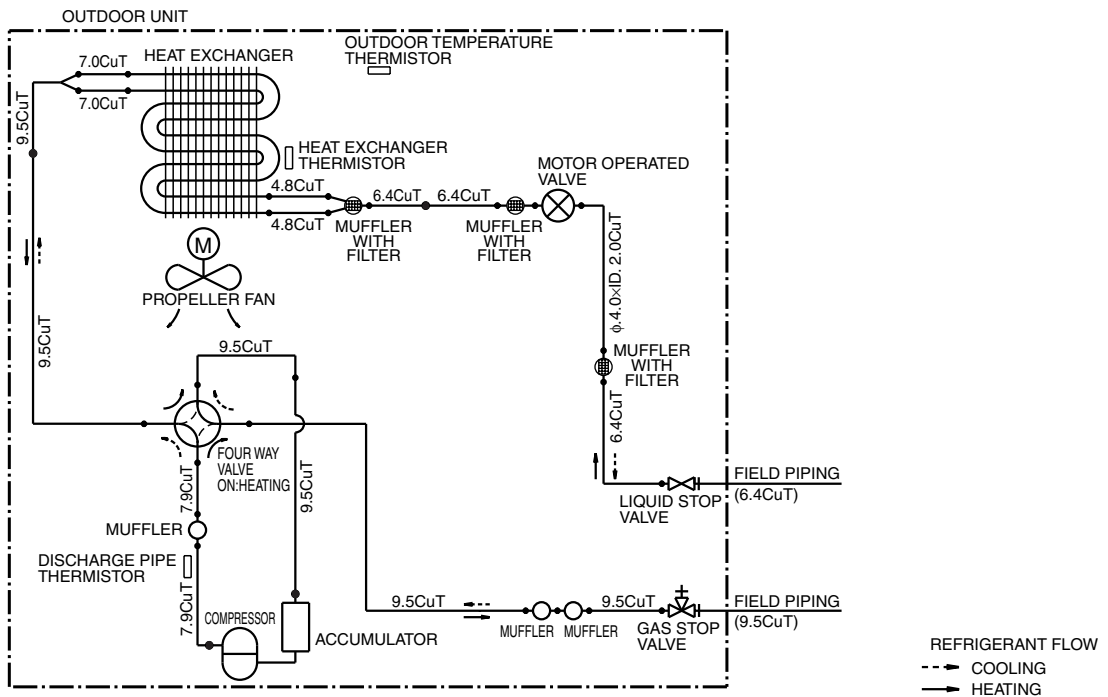
1.2.2 Heat Pump

RXS20J2V1B



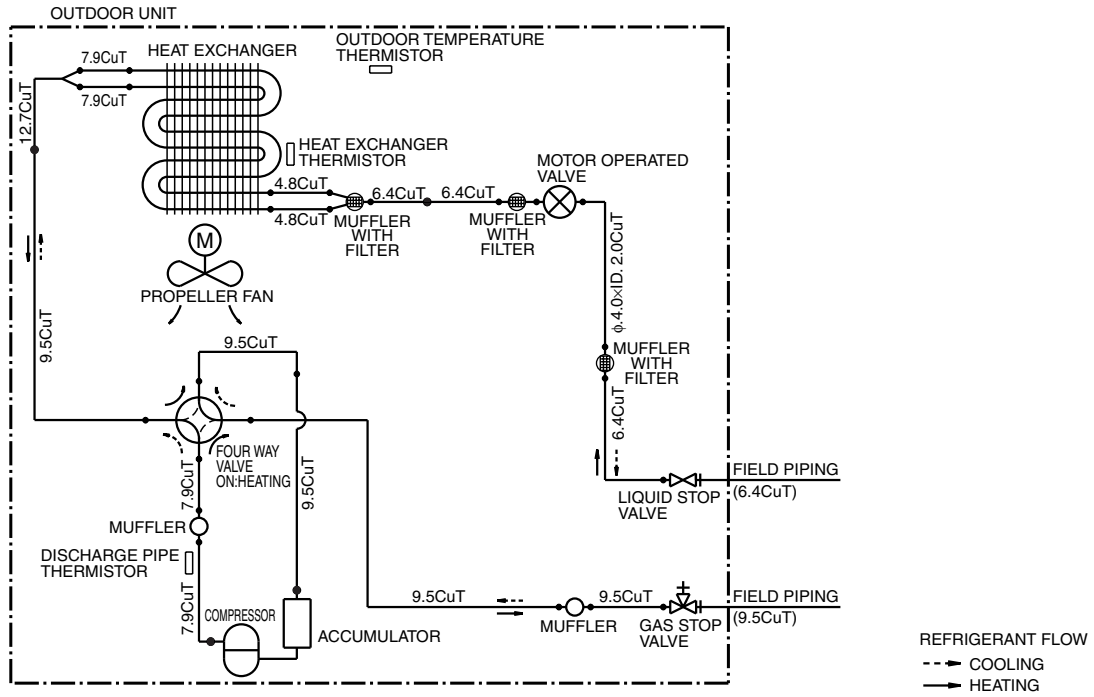
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RXS25/35J2V1B



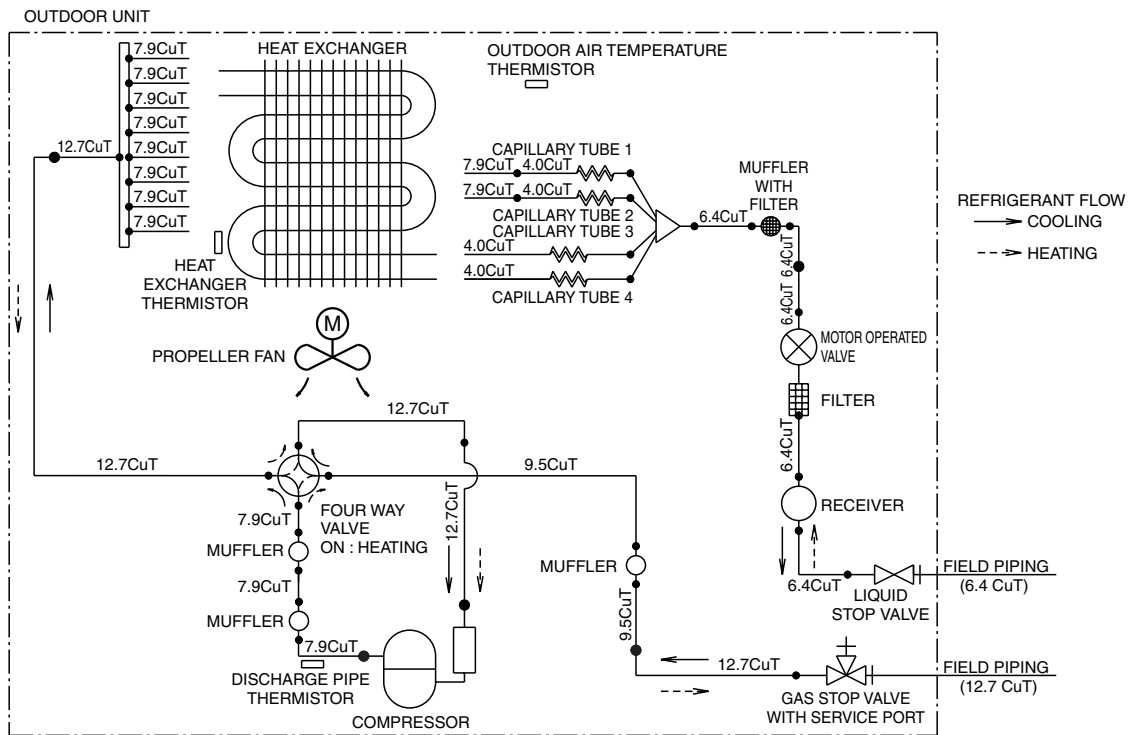
3D059586H

RXS42J2V1B



3D059590B

RXS50J2V1B

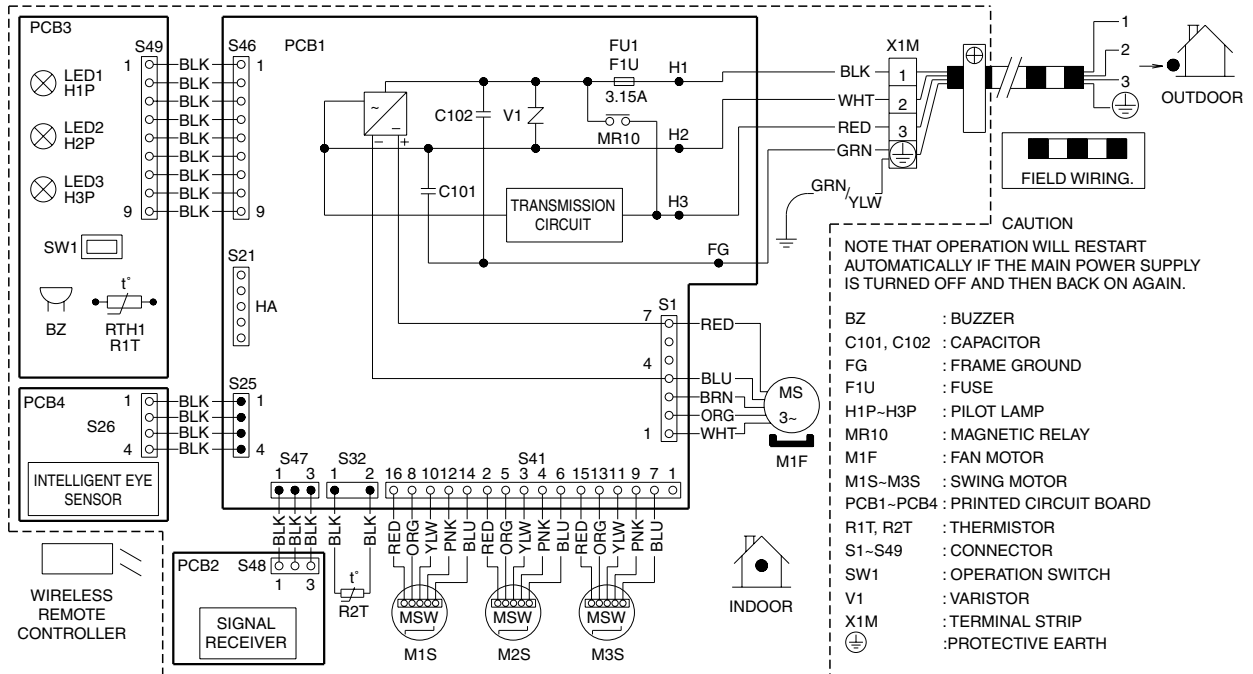


3D051637S

2. Wiring Diagrams

2.1 Indoor Unit

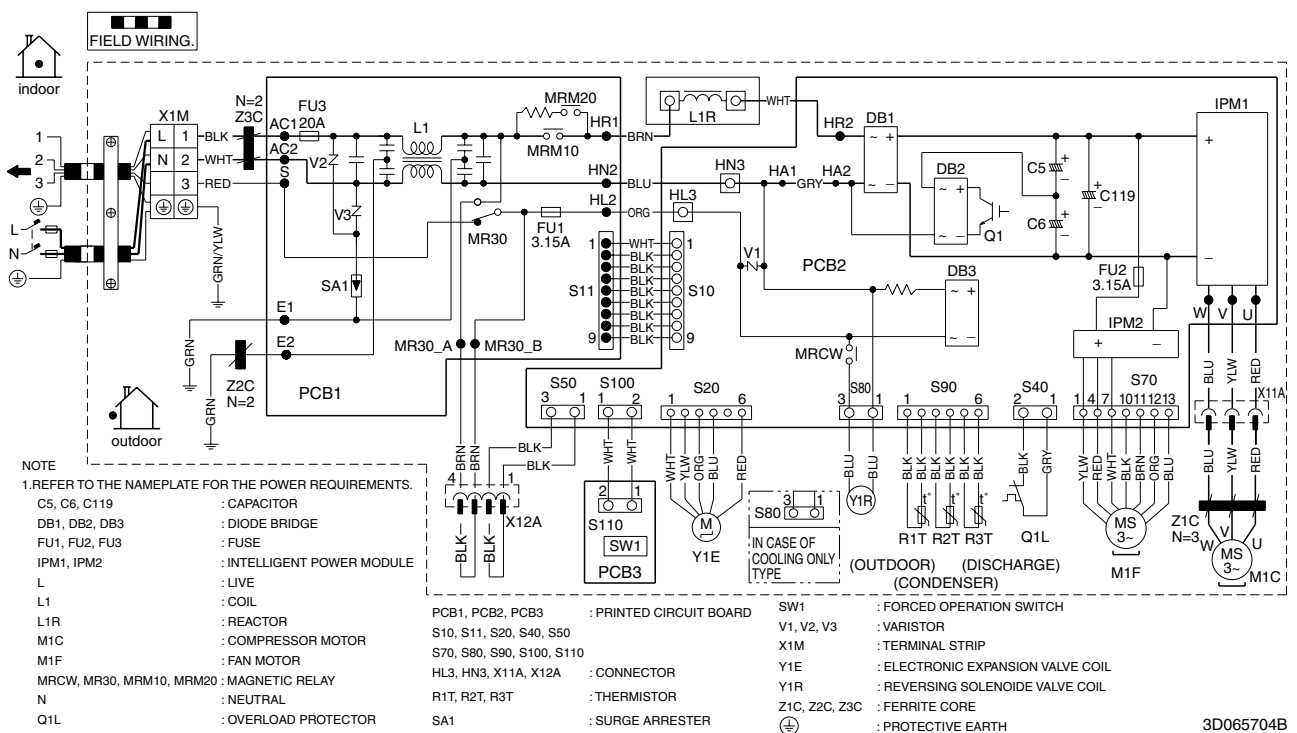
FTXS20/25/35/42/50J2V1B



3D058246D

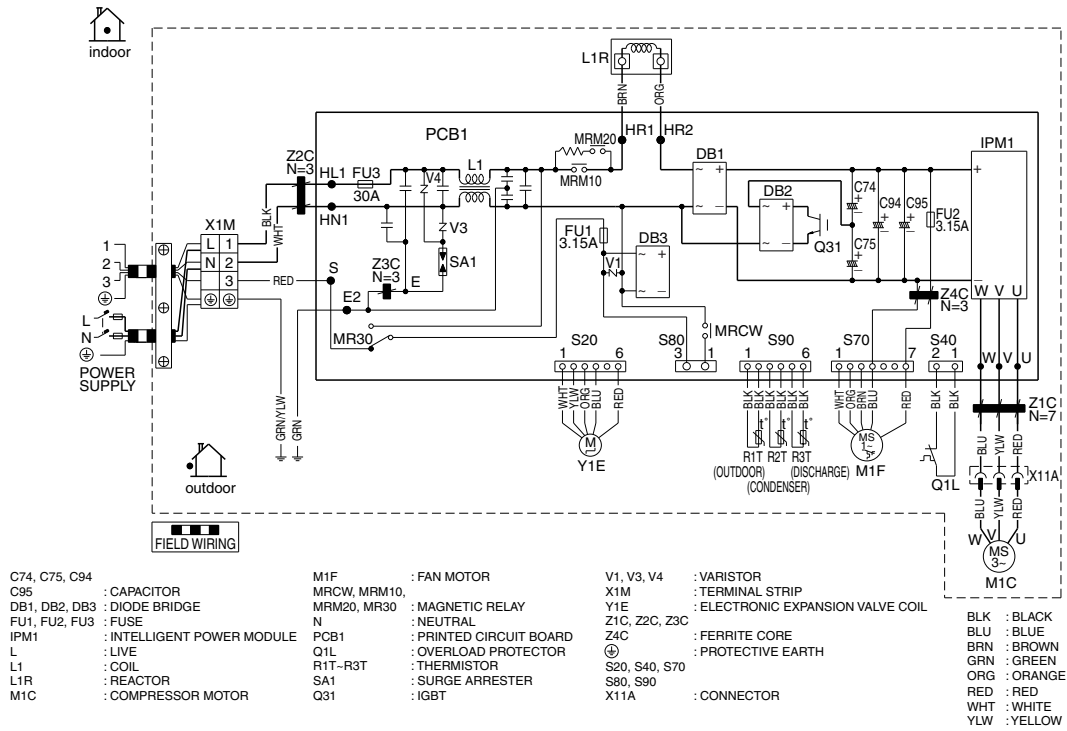
2.2 Outdoor Unit

RK(X)S20/25/35J2V1B



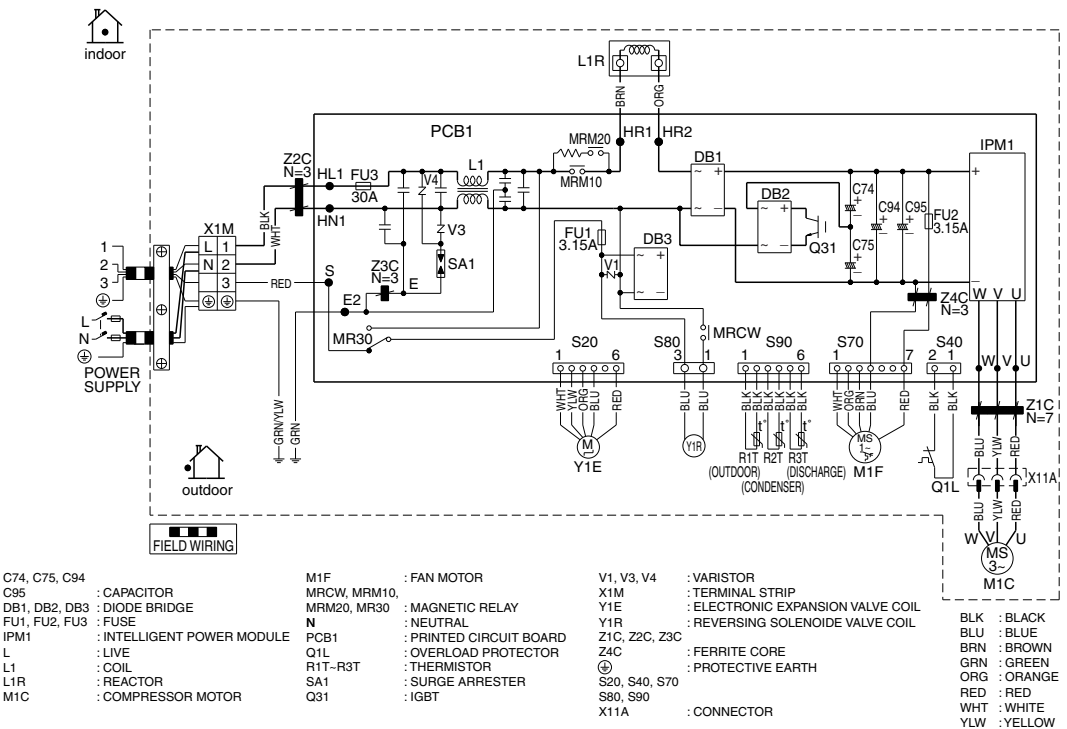
3D065704B

RKS42J2V1B



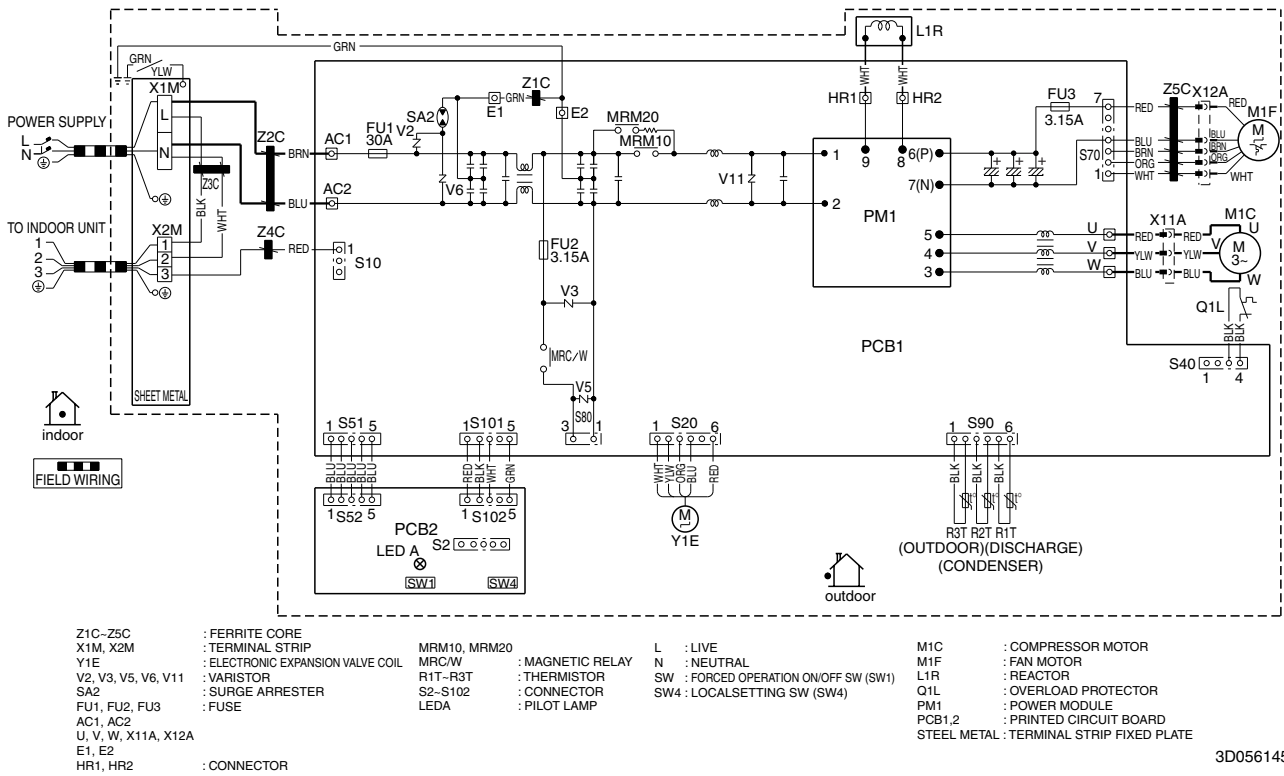
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RXS42J2V1B

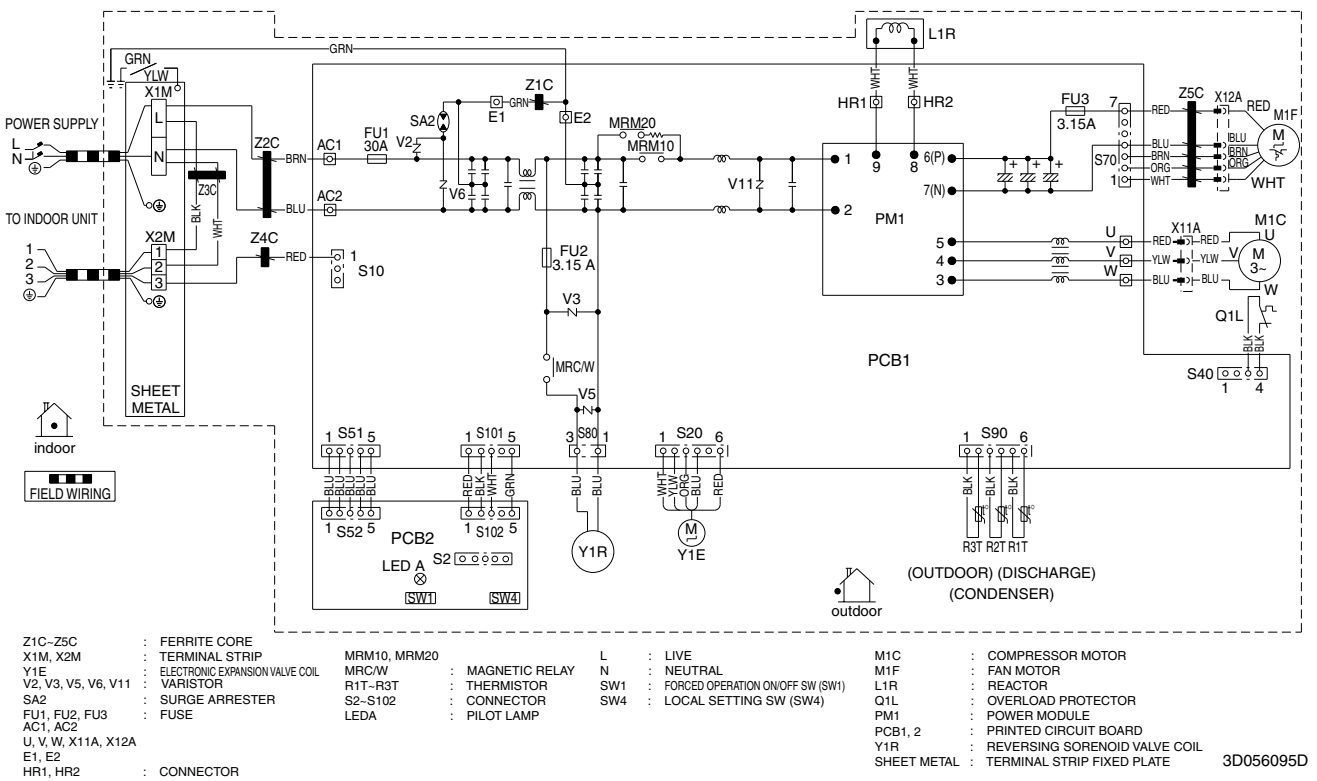


3D059601A

RKS50J2V1B



RXS50J2V1B



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- Ask a qualified installer or contractor to install this product. Do not try to install the product yourself. Improper installation can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire or explosion.
- Use only those parts and accessories supplied or specified by Daikin. Ask a qualified installer or contractor to install those parts and accessories. Use of unauthorised parts and accessories or improper installation of parts and accessories can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire or explosion.
- Read the User's Manual carefully before using this product. The User's Manual provides important safety instructions and warnings. Be sure to follow these instructions and warnings.

If you have any enquiries, please contact your local importer, distributor and/or retailer.

Cautions on product corrosion

1. Air conditioners should not be installed in areas where corrosive gases, such as acid gas or alkaline gas, are produced.
2. If the outdoor unit is to be installed close to the sea shore, direct exposure to the sea breeze should be avoided. If you need to install the outdoor unit close to the sea shore, contact your local distributor.



JMI-0107

Organization:
DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD.
AIR CONDITIONING MANUFACTURING DIVISION

Scope of Registration:
THE DESIGN/DEVELOPMENT AND MANUFACTURE OF COMMERCIAL AIR CONDITIONING, HEATING, COOLING, REFRIGERATING EQUIPMENT, COMMERCIAL HEATING EQUIPMENT, RESIDENTIAL AIR CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT, HEAT RECLAIM VENTILATION, AIR CLEANING EQUIPMENT, MARINE TYPE CONTAINER REFRIGERATION UNITS, COMPRESSORS AND VALVES.



JQA-1452

Organization:
DAIKIN INDUSTRIES
(THAILAND) LTD.

Scope of Registration:
THE DESIGN/DEVELOPMENT AND MANUFACTURE OF AIR CONDITIONERS AND THE COMPONENTS INCLUDING COMPRESSORS USED FOR THEM



EC99J2044

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